

The New York Times

Weather: Sunny, warm today; warm tonight. Partly sunny tomorrow. Temperature range: today 69-88; Wednesday 63-86. Details, page 62.

All the News
is Fit to Print

No. 43,293

© 1976 The New York Times Company

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1976

25 cents beyond 35-mile zone from New York City, except Long Island. Higher in air delivery areas.

20 CENTS

OPEN FIRE STUDENTS RIOT IN SOUTH AFRICA

Begins as Blacks Security Force Seizure of Soweto

REPORTED KILLED

Set a Number of on Fire — Rail Is Sabotaged

ESBURG, Aug. 4—An opened fire at least 100 students in a black suburb of Soweto to break through a cordon barring them from the townships, where they protested the detention of students arrested during the past weeks ago.

in a Johannesburg newspaper reported that at least 100 of those hit by police had died, including a woman who succumbed in a hospital. The police said that there were 100 deaths, but denied that.

statement in Pretoria, Prinsloo, the Police Commissioner, said the only police known of in black men who was shot in his neck. Broken ribs, he said, it was not clear the death was with the disturbance.

Stop Commuters, a strike came during a heavy rain that began at 10 a.m. and continued until 11 a.m. The strike was a protest against the government's plan to stop Soweto's 220,000 commuters from leaving the townships and entering Johannesburg.

gunfire, the station on a rampage. A group of about 100 members of the township council was shot, and a member of the council was killed. The railway was sabotaged, and the station was destroyed, including a station building.

Executes 81 attempt Nimeiry

Aug. 4—Eighty-one were executed at dawn in Sudan after being charged with participating in an attempt to overthrow the government.

in 200 others are involved in the coup in Khartoum, the capital, in which 100 were reported killed. The Sudanese radio, which is controlled by the Sudanese government, said that the broadcast did not mention the rebels.

at verdicts asserted that the accused had received a 10-year sentence in a foreign prison. The Sudanese government said that it would accept common components of the agreement for the 1980's.

At present, the armies are



REAGAN TEAM GOES SOUTH: Ronald Reagan, accompanied by Senator Richard S. Schweiker of Pennsylvania and Mrs. Schweiker, arrives in Jackson, Miss., to confer with the state's Republican delegates. Article is on page 24.

SPENDING REVIEW BACKED IN SENATE

Committee Approves Bill to Restudy Programs at Five-Year Intervals

By EDWIN L. DALE Jr.
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4—The Senate Government Operations Committee approved today legislation, applying to Congress, that would end nearly all Government spending programs unless each one was specifically approved again over a five-year review cycle.

Known as the "sunset" bill, it is the legislative branch counterpart of the "zero-based budgeting" concept embraced by the executive branch of government by Jimmy Carter, the Democratic Presidential nominee.

If enacted, the bill would amount to a revolution in Congressional procedures almost comparable to the Budget Reform Act, which is in full operation this year for the first time. That reform requires Congress to set an overall spending ceiling each year and live with it.

Enactment of the "sunset" bill by both houses of Congress this year is regarded by Congressional staff experts as doubtful but not impossible. Hearings on companion legislation in the House have been conducted by both the Rules

Committee and the Senate Committee on Government Operations. The bill was introduced in the House by Representative James W. Stuckey of Texas.

The details of the agreement were jointly announced today by Defense Secretary Donald H. Rumsfeld and the West German Defense Minister, Georg Leber. They had been quietly pressing the two armies to accept common components in the tanks they are developing for the 1980's.

At present, the armies are

Mystery Disease Search Is Pressed as 2 More Die

By JAMES T. WOOTEN
Special to The New York Times

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 4—Two more deaths were recorded here today as public health officials pressed their laboratory search for an unidentified organism they believe responsible for the deaths of 22 people so far who were associated with a convention in Philadelphia last month.

While researchers said today that they still had not determined the precise cause of the influenza-like infection that hospitalized at least 130 others, they ruled out most bacteria and food or water contaminants. They suggested that the

Lord Thomson Dies; Built Press Empire

Special to The New York Times

LONDON, Aug. 4—Lord Thomson of Fleet, a Canadian who built a vast and influential publishing empire crowned by the Sunday Times, died this morning at Wellington Hospital. He was 82 years old.

Lord Thomson, chairman of the Thomson Organization, was admitted to the hospital a month ago for a chest infection following a cold and a consequent severe stroke. His body is to be flown to Toronto for burial.

Upon the death of Lord Thomson, Lord Goodman, the chairman of the Thomson Organization, was admitted to the hospital a month ago for a chest infection following a cold and a consequent severe stroke. His body is to be flown to Toronto for burial.

The fact that these two principal allies planned tanks that could not use even the same ammunition symbolizes a long-recognized but largely unresolved problem within the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. For years both military and civilian leaders have been warning that the lack of standardization of weapons among the allies was increasing the

cost and lowering the military

CARTER SAYS G.O.P. WILL SELECT FORD

He Sees Lack of Faith in Connally—Believes Trust Is the Dominant Issue

By JAMES RESTON
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4—Jimmy Carter came to Washington today for a little skullduggery with his Presidential campaign staff, and talked optimistically and philosophically about the future.

In an interview with The New York Times, the Democratic Party's Presidential nominee made the following points:

He thought the Republicans would nominate President Ford at Kansas City, but not John B. Connally of Texas for Vice President. On the issue of public trust, he said, "Maybe the only person in the country who has a lower rating in the polls than Connally is Gov. George Wallace."

He thought the "religious" issue had been "substantially alleviated," but that trust in government and government leaders was still the major issue among the people, who he said were giving government "one more chance."

He thought it was "fair" to talk about the "Ford-Nixon Administration"—not, he said, "the dishonesty and the disgrace of Nixon, but Ford's continuation of Nixon's policies, yes."

He was not assuming victory in November, or anything else, but if he won, he would revive "Cabinet government," restore the fireside chats of the Roosevelt era, work for a nonpartisan foreign policy, and try to renew the people's faith in their political leaders.

Mr. Carter acts like a man who has time for everybody. He was up greeting a delegation of milk producers at his hotel before 8 o'clock this morning. He addressed the Democratic Party's National Steering Committee shortly after 9, met editors of the

Continued on Page 22, Column 4

Albany Ready to Approve Court Reorganization Plan

Compromise Package, Except for State Takeover of All Local Costs, Cannot Become Law Before Next Year

By LINDA GREENHOUSE
Special to The New York Times

ALBANY, Aug. 4—The State Legislature, called into special session by Governor Carey, began debate late tonight on a reorganization plan for the state courts that includes centralized court administration, a four-year state takeover of all local court costs and the appointment, rather than the election, of judges on the Court of Appeals.

The package had bipartisan support, and passage was expected. But the debate was a heated one on two levels — on the floor, on the merits of appointing judges to the state's highest court, and behind the scenes, on the implications of the court financing bill — so the session was expected to continue well into the morning.

A month-long partisan deadlock on the package was broken last night when, in a five-hour meeting here, the Governor, the leaders of the Legislature and Chief Judge Charles D. Breitel of the Court of Appeals agreed to link three constitutional provisions together in a single proposed amendment and to let next year's Legislature decide when to put the amendment before the voters.

Governor Carey, at whose insistence last night's meeting and tonight's special session took place, presented the compromise package under the rubric of "court reform."

But a number of legislators, including some who helped devise the compromise, said today that the package was, in the words of Manfred Ohrenstein, the Senate Democratic leader, "the most minimal that you could have put together," more important as election-year symbolism than as a major improvement in the operation of the courts.

Furthermore, tonight's action is only a first step toward actually enacting any of the package, except the state takeover of court costs. That provision is in the form of a bill, which the Governor plans to sign into law quickly.

But the three-pronged amendment, covering central administration, Court of Appeals appointments and a streamlined process of judicial discipline, must be passed again by the Legislature next year and then approved by the voters in a statewide referendum before it becomes part of the State Constitution.

A number of politicians here

Continued on Page 62, Column 4

PUBLIC HOSPITALS ARE HIT BY STRIKE BUT REMAIN OPEN

Minor Incidents of Violence Reported on Picket Lines of Nonmedical Workers

3 STRIKERS ARRESTED

16 City-Operated Institutions Affected Are 'Coping,' Aided by Volunteers

By DAVID BIRD

An 18,000-member union of nonmedical workers, angered by layoffs in the fiscal crisis, struck all 16 municipal hospitals yesterday in the first system-wide walkout at New York City's public hospitals.

All of the hospitals, which had begun earlier in the week to implement contingency plans that limited admissions and shifted the remaining professional staff to emergency service, remained open, mostly offering only sharply curtailed services.

But some of the hospitals — which primarily provide care for the city's poor — found that with the help of volunteers they could even maintain their regular nonemergency clinics.

Court Order Defied

Defying a court order under the Taylor Law prohibiting strikes by public employees, the union, Local 420 of District Council 37 of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, began to set up picket lines Wednesday morning shortly after midnight.

There were scattered reports of violence, and three persons, including Local 420's president, James Butler, were arrested for lying on the street in front of the Bronx Municipal Hospital Center to prevent delivery trucks from entering.

The strike, the second hospital strike here in less than a month, followed a similar walkout by 35,000 nonmedical workers in the voluntary hospitals that ended on July 17 after 11 days. Voluntary hospitals are private nonprofit institutions.

The Layoff Issue

The current strike was touched off last Friday after a task force recommended a compromise under which 1,350 employees would be laid off, 770 fewer layoffs than had been planned by the city to meet the fiscal crisis.

The compromise was accepted by the city, but the union said it could accept no more than the 842 layoffs it had agreed to earlier.

There were no discussions between the union and the city yesterday, and neither side indicated any easing of its position.

Determination and anger were expressed on the picket lines.

"We'll fight," said Gloria Bailey outside Bellevue Hospital, where she is normally a nurse's aide but now wears a

Continued on Page 52, Column 3

NEWS INDEX

Page	Page
Books	29
Bridge	28
Business	45-51
Class	25
Crossword	29
Entertainment	39
Family Style	36
Financial	43-51
Going Out Guide	25
Letters	30
Man in the News	32
Weather	62
News Summary and Index	Page 33



AP TRANSMITS CLEAREST PICTURE YET OF MARTIAN LANDSCAPE: View of windswept sands on the Plain of Chryse is interrupted only by a boom from the lander's weather station. Article on page 34.

sloane's new seating plan:

suede

enriching the shapely silhouette of our imported italian chair



Introducing a new profile in chair design, created by an intriguing contrast of texture and color. Supple, soft, natural suede, the color of rich brown fudge... plus slim, curving lines of silvery, polished steel. Perfect complement to such elegant simplicity: a glass-topped table with circular steel pedestal, a sturdy base that looks as light as air. Adding up to a new design for dining! First floor and all stores. Chair, 189. Table, 399.

For expert decorating assistance, visit our Interior Design Studio. Convenient credit facilities available. We accept the American Express card.

© 1976, W&J Sloane, Inc.

W&J SLOANE

FIFTH AVENUE at 38th
and all suburban stores

Red Cross Evacuates 243 More Wounded Civilians From Beirut

By HENRY TANNER

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Aug. 4—The Red Cross evacuated 243 more wounded civilians from the beleaguered Palestinian camp of Tell Zaitar today.

A Red Cross car was pierced by two bullets when it was caught in a crossfire of automatic weapons on a former soccer field just outside the lines held by the camp's defenders as the wounded were being loaded on 15 trucks. No one was injured.

In Damascus, potentially crucial cease-fire talks took place as the Syrian Foreign Minister, Abdel Halim Khaddam, conferred separately with a Palestinian and Lebanese right-wing Christian delegation.

The talks dealt with putting into effect a Syrian-Palestinian cease-fire agreement reached in

Damascus last week. The agreement set no date for the cease-fire but called for creation of a truce supervision commission consisting of Lebanese, Syrian and Palestinian officers under the auspices of the Arab League.

Egyptian Joins Talks

Dr. Hassan Sabry el-Kholy of Egypt, the Arab League's special envoy in Lebanon, drove to Damascus today to join the talks. He is expected to serve as chairman of the commission and his presence in Damascus gave rise to speculation that the formation of the commission might be imminent.

The political decision for a cease-fire would have to originate in Damascus.

In Ashrafyah, the center of Christian-controlled east Beirut, cease-fire talks went on at the military level today be-

tween Gen. Abdel Hassan Ghoneim, the Egyptian commander of the Arab League's peace-keeping force, and the commanders of the main Christian militias.

General Ghoneim is scheduled to hold similar talks about the military arrangements of a potential cease-fire with Palestinian and Lebanese leftist-Moslem commanders in west Beirut tomorrow.

The leftist radio of west Beirut tonight quoted him as having said he had today the agreement of the right-wing Christian commanders for a cease-fire to begin tomorrow morning. If there is such an agreement, it will have to be confirmed at the political level by the heads of the various factions.

to bring a lull in the war but not yet a solution. There have been more than 50 cease-fire agreements since the beginning of the Lebanese war nearly 17 months ago. They all collapsed, either after a few hours or at best after a few weeks, mostly because the major parties involved had not yet achieved their goals and had the military means to resume fighting.

The same would be true today but some of the major parties appear to favor at least a lull in the war.

In all, 334 wounded were

brought out of Tell Zaitar today, the Arab of the Arab University in Moslem-controlled Beirut. Estimates of the wounded in the camp range from 1,000 to 4,000. Evacuations from the Red Cross camp were suspended Friday when convoys from the Zaitar camp until the refugees could be evacuated.



An unhurt resident of the Tell Zaitar Palestinian camp waving farewell to a wounded friend in Beirut as the Red Cross evacuated the wounded from the camp.

Sadat, Spurring Output, Bars Strikes

By ERIC PACE

CAIRO, Aug. 4—President Anwar el-Sadat, a long-time union member, has told the Egyptians that strikes are not permissible. "I advise you to strikes did not have the blessing of leaders of the labor movement, which has acquired a new chief, Saad Mohammed Ahmed, who is said to support President Sadat's policies.

terms that labor peace and social harmony were needed for progress. Knowledgeable informants said the Government was worried about recent unannounced wildcat strikes.

The informants said the Egyptian military officers, including Mr. Sadat, overthrew the last hereditary monarchy in 1952, legal status was accorded to collective bargaining and to conciliation and arbitration.

The rights and obligations of the labor force of roughly 10 million have been a matter of painful concern to Mr. Sadat and his predecessor, Gamal Abdel Nasser.

After Mr. Nasser and other Egyptian military officers, including Mr. Sadat, overthrew the last hereditary monarchy in 1952, legal status was accorded to collective bargaining and to conciliation and arbitration. Agricultural workers were encouraged to organize, and new trade unions were spurred.

Under present law the right to strike is not excluded, as it was in the past, but the law stipulates so many intermediate phases that striking becomes only an academic possibility. Moreover, Mr. Sadat, a one-time truck driver who belongs to the Land Transport Workers Union, said that present conditions did not permit strikes.

According to an unofficial translation of a speech he made at the headquarters of the sole legal political organization, the Arab Socialist Union, he noted that with general elections scheduled for October, some candidates for Parliament might demand that workers have the right to strike.

"The first and foremost problem of our country is production and more production," he declared. "The interest of the country is above all interests. Therefore, anything that may delay production is an intolerable crime."

In a speech to students at Alexandria he made his call for love to prevail, saying, "It is through love that we can build higher and higher and overcome our problems."

Controversy Aroused in Israel By Talks With Rebel Lebanese

Special to The New York Times

TEL AVIV, Aug. 4—A disclosure that Israeli Army liaison officers have been meeting with rebel Lebanese Moslems allied to the Palestine Liberation Organization has stirred controversy here.

A high official in Jerusalem confirmed in private last night that Israeli held three meetings in the last two months with officers representing the Lebanese Arab Army, a desert force, headed by Lieut. Ahmed Khatib. The meetings were in the pattern of border talks held regularly between representatives of Israel and Lebanon in accordance with the armistice agreement that ended the 1948 war.

Lieutenant Khatib's force of 5,000 to 7,000 men was formed early this year when the Lebanese Army disintegrated into Christian and Moslem elements. The force was part of the Leftist-Moslem-Palestinian coalition that has been fighting Christians and the Syrian Army.

Haim Landau, an opposition member of Parliament, said in an interview today that the Israeli meetings with the breakaway group were "a political blunder."

He said negotiations with Lieutenant Khatib's representatives would legitimize the Palestine Liberation Organization since Lieutenant Khatib was subordinate to the P.L.O. leader Yasir Arafat. Israelis view the P.L.O. as the umbrella organization of Arab terrorist groups.

Officials here said the border talks did not imply recognition of anyone, but merely reflected the fact that Lieutenant Khatib's force was the only credible one in southern Lebanon. They said the meetings had been called to straighten out "current problems of a local nature." But critics said it was not believable that the officers had discussed local problems such as the straying of cattle across the border.

The closest that Lieutenant Khatib's men are to the border is 10 miles, the Israelis said. The meetings had been requested by Lieutenant Khatib through observers of the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization.

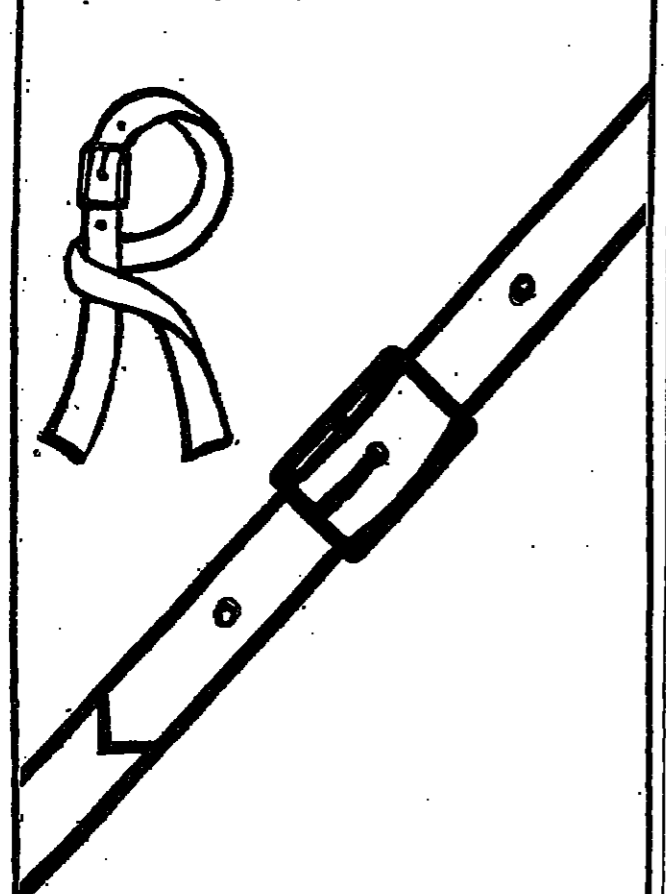
An informed Israeli said the

Moslem forces facing the Syrians were in weak condition, and were concerned about their flanks near Israel. Lieutenant Khatib wanted to learn Israeli attitudes, the source said.

Officials declined to say what had been discussed. Newspapers here said the Lebanese representatives undertook not to interfere with Lebanese villagers near the border crossing into Israel for medical treatment, shopping, work and visits or to sell their tobacco crops.

But Israeli sources said that Lieutenant Khatib's men and their P.L.O. allies were too far from the villages in any case to be able to intervene.

Lebanese who crossed the lines this week to work in an Israeli tobacco sorting plant told reporters they had been threatened by Palestinian guerrillas. Israeli sources said the warnings had been broadcast from Beirut, not made on the spot.



ROBERTA di CAMERINO

offers

SPRING and SUMMER fashions • handbags accessories

1/3 to 1/2 off original prices All Sales Final

ROBERTA di CAMERINO

of VENICE

Olympic Towers Fifth Avenue at 51 St.

355-7600

Cards Welcome

Suit Yourself with Botany 500



Botany 500

Contemporary styling. Luxury fabrics. Finest tailoring. About \$150

At America's best stores. Call (212) 581-6700 for the name of the store nearest you.

SELL YOUR DIAMOND JEWELRY

Free Appraisal Highest Cash Prices Paid in over 45 years

EMPIRE DIAMOND CORP.

Empire State Building (68th Floor) 5th Ave. at 34th St. Phone (212) 664-4777

You dine with history at Luchow's

10 East 44th Street, 4th Fl. NYC

THE NEW YORK TIMES 225 West 43rd St., N.Y.C. 10036 (212) 512-1234

Published daily, except on Sundays and public holidays. Second-class postage paid at New York, N.Y., and at additional mailing offices.

MAIL SUBSCRIPTION U.S. TERRITORIES: Weekly and Sunday, \$12.00 per year; Single copies, 35¢. Outside U.S. and possessions, add postage. Payment in advance. Please allow 4-6 weeks for delivery of first issue.

The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to the use for publication of all news items appearing in this paper and to act as agent for the publication of all other matter herein.

40% SALE! GREAT KOSTA ENGRAVED CRYSTAL

The greatest of Engraved Crystal ever in New York! simply must come and see these beautiful objects in Kosta's famous Crystal Engraved with most tasteful designs. They are one-of-a-kind, others in limited quantity—most are signed!—all from our Kosta Collection. And at startling reductions in prices.

On the clear crystal the master graver, applying his diamond wheel brought to life delicate sprays and blossoms from the kingdom of floral darts. There are and bowls in a delightful profusion of—also a group of charming Pink-Leder Flamingo and even the un-Engraved Aquam. Icebergs—every 40% off. What veloursions of early \$19 to \$98, from only \$70 to \$8.

Also such extraordinary display as Viole Lindstrand's beautiful "Hi and Ophelia" and "Roméo" and reduced from \$9,500 to \$5,700. A masterwork Cathedral Vase with 5 Figures, formerly \$3,115, now only \$1,900. Do not miss this once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to grace your own home with Crystal. None better for impressive to special persons—and for the best!

GEORG JENSEN

601 Madison Ave. at 57th St., New York 10022 • (212) Scarsdale • Manhasset • Philadelphia • Paris We accept all major credit cards.

IT'S THE REAL THING! BOB LE'S ORIGINAL SAFARI HAT FOR TOWN & COUNTRY IS HERE... OUR MINISAFARI

Handcrafted for us alone... in Africa, by one of the world's great hat makers. Perhaps the world's most copied hat.

But the copies never come close to the authentic. If you like hats, you'll love this one. And if you do hats, look at yourself in this one... you'll never be without it. Perfect with all of your sportswear, casual suits, and This is the hat that will make you a fashion standout. Where. With pleated silk paggare band. Impels!

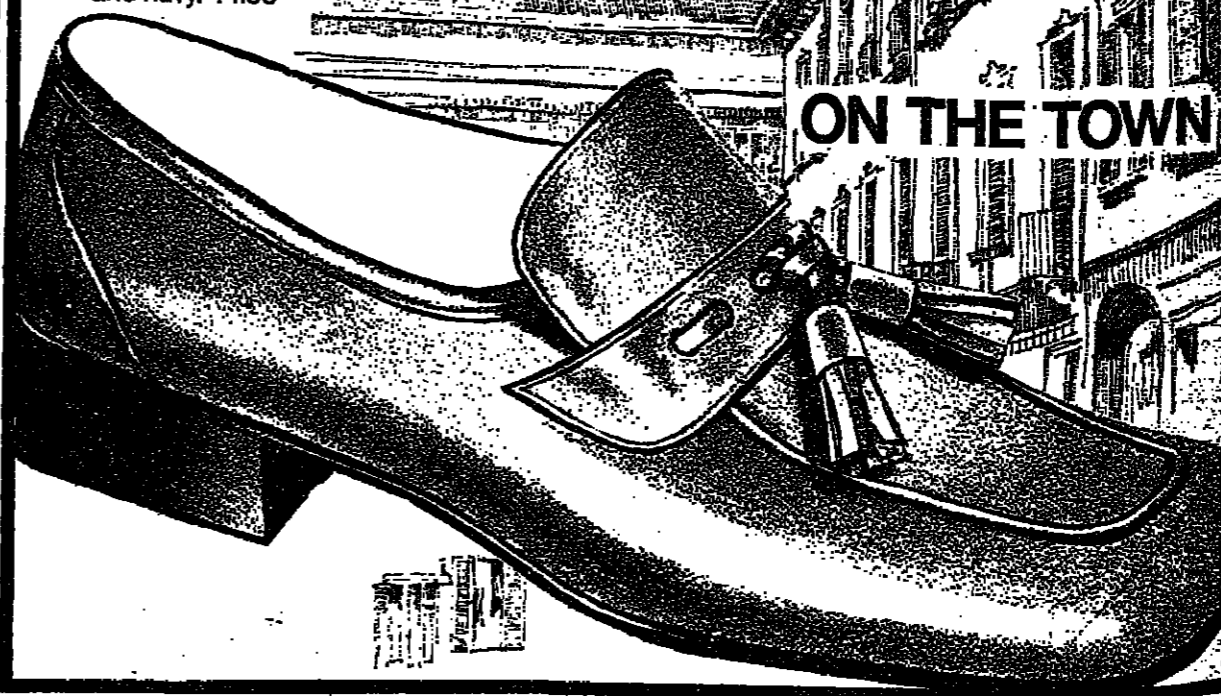
\$40 State Size. Add \$1.50 on Mail Orders. N.Y. Post. Send \$2 to Dept. T For Color-Filled 176 Page Catalog. Open Mon. thru Sat. 10-5.

HUNTING WOLF

16 EAST 53RD STREET, NEW YORK, N.Y.

at wallachs

A fine leather slip-on shoe imported by Wm. Joyce. Contemporary colors of camel and navy. 44.00



For your convenience there are 24 fine stores in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Use your Wallachs Credit Card, American Express, BankAmericard or Master Charge.

South
Saks Fifth
OPEN TONIGHT
UNTIL
8:30

السؤال الثاني

cks Flock to South African Gold Pits Despite Hard Life

N. F. BURNS
of New York Times

South Africa— a land that has fascinated the pursuit of the black man, has a different attraction for the black man, perhaps the attraction of the hard rock gold field, perhaps the bearing region in

350,000 laborers of the adventure of the gold in-folk there is back in conditions of discomfort and wages that run cents an hour, though only 10 the minimum paid ers, is enough to od of migrants and villages hunes away, where of a cash income netic effect that on California's

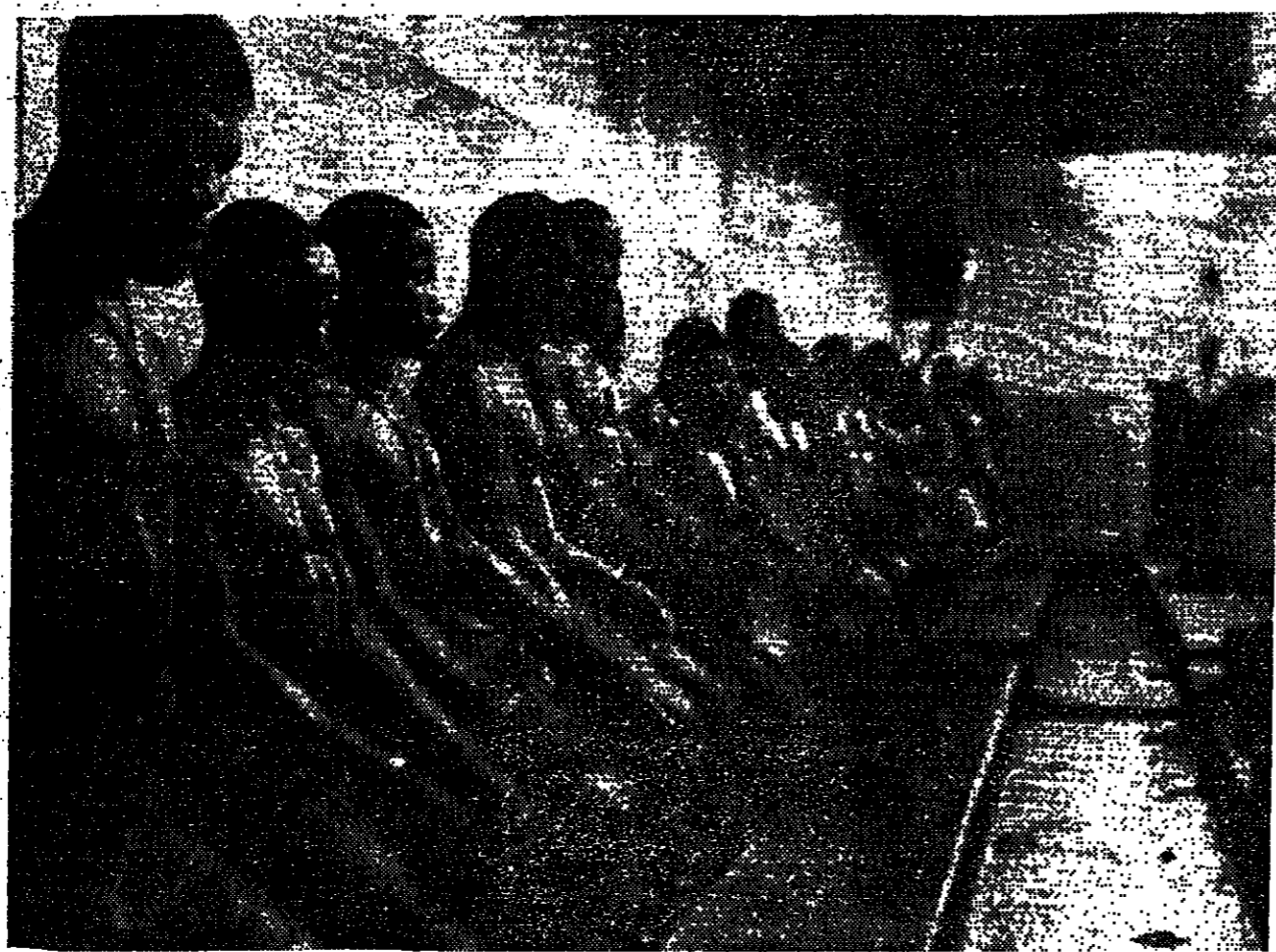
Mahootiana, the other of two, left mountain village black state sur-South Africa, to drilling in 90-de-nd boiling dust slow the surface late Geduld Mine in the Orange

pick up my fam-in haling Eng-crouched at the re he operates a drill. "To pick up I must have

turkish Bath plana, who earns nth, wiped the his brow as he ock temperature, slightly by cold d to the pit face, atmosphere siml- and humidity to ash. comfort is com- / the cramped be pit face, or use of the hard- a rock and the of the gold seam more than four calling is rarely three feet high. eat depths that is mined now- istant danger of Of the 65,000 rs employed in nes operated by American Corp- e Welkom area, led in accidents uries included tures, 20 compu- ve spinal cases paralysis. n attractive pic- ngio American, id-mining com- Western world, llions of dollars r in an attempt- rking and dy-

It has been a particular in- e the chairman rican, Harry F. is one of the rics of apart- South African munity. He has tedly that "the show" for the to fulfill its, racial discrim- time now for fessions to be correspond- ly by the Gov- in-business and he said in a

The officials acknowledge, furthermore, that it could be dangerous to disappoint the expectations of the blacks, which were encouraged by improvements introduced when the gold price shot up to nearly \$200 in 1973. Recent months have found increasing restiveness in the black hostels at the mines, manifested by occasional strikes. Although the strikes are illegal, the mines have been powerless to prevent them—a lesson not lost on



Novices at the Welkom gold mines spend four hours a day for three to five days in an acclimatization chamber, or sweatbox, which reproduces atmospheric pit face conditions. The aim is to prevent death from heat prostration.



The New York Times/Aug. 5, 1976

African laborers from Lesotho and other black enclaves come to work at gold mine at Welkom.

recent speech. Referring to privats enterprise, he ad- led. "In particular those of us who believe in it have to show very clearly that this system is not something which bears the label 'For whites only.'"

Anglo American's gold division reported an after-tax profit of \$54 million last year, company officials say this represented a return on investment of 8 percent, about half what many companies here earn. Moreover, the officials say, the company has been hit hard by the decline in price, now \$112 an ounce after averaging \$165 last year.

The officials acknowledge, furthermore, that it could be dangerous to disappoint the expectations of the blacks, which were encouraged by improvements introduced when the gold price shot up to nearly \$200 in 1973.

Recent months have found increasing restiveness in the black hostels at the mines, manifested by occasional strikes. Although the strikes are illegal, the mines have been powerless to prevent them—a lesson not lost on

black radicals, who have threatened to cripple the economy by closing the mines.

Money is the common grievance among the miners. Since 1971 wages have risen by 165 percent, enough to have pushed experienced workers over \$200 a month, but there is widespread resentment at the higher rewards for whites.

Big Preferential Pay

The preferential pay, running from \$500 to \$1,750 a month, is sustained by a system of "job reservation"—enshrined in law and jealously guarded by the white trade unions—that bars blacks from skilled jobs. The only higher-paying jobs open to them are nonunionized clerical positions, paying up to \$460 a month.

Anglo American has wrung an agreement from the unions permitting black helpers for welders, electricians and mechanics. The unions refuse to permit these "artisans' aides" to work alone, but in practice many do, displaying skills equal to those of the whites.

The company has also embarked on a multi-million-dollar program to mechanize mining, easing the tasks of tunneling, drilling and blasting. However, the technical problems are vast and the basic nature of the job—hot, hard and dangerous—is unlikely to change.

Efforts are being made to reduce accidents by more intensive training. The most rigorous part takes place in an acclimatization chamber, or sweatbox, which reproduces the atmospheric conditions at the pit face. Novices spend 12 to 15 hours in the chamber, which, the company officials say, has eliminated deaths from heat prostration.

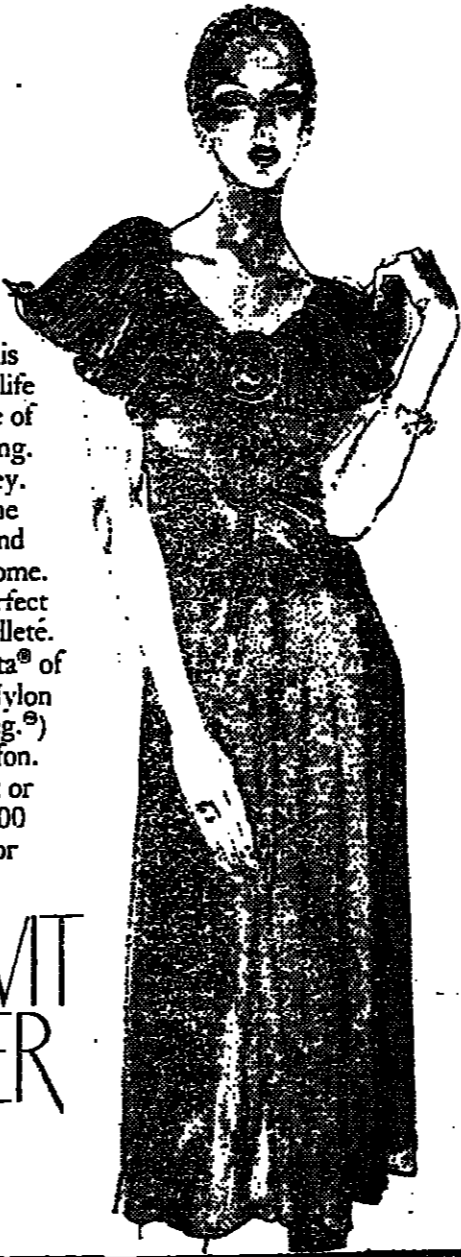
The mining companies be-

lieve that accidents, and unrest would be reduced by a more stable labor force, but the law sets a 3 percent limit on the number of black workers who can have their families at the mines.

Urban blacks, who can earn equal or better pay in the cities, rarely take mining jobs. Even in the black vil- lages, which are mostly primitive and poor, it is a rare man who is prepared to aban-

We love showing off

some of our best crystal. But you're the one who adds the sparkle! Because this is a dress that comes to life as you do. The rustle of rich crystal chiffon pleating. The soft sway of draped jersey. All you really need to shine at quiet little dinners and the round of parties to come. And just for you, one perfect chiffon rose deep in décolleté. Of course it's Nvesta® of DuPont Antron® Nylon (Roselon Ind. reg.®) and polyester chiffon. By Miss Elliette in black or chocolate for 6 to 16 sizes, 80.00 Collection Dresses, Fourth Floor



BONWIT TELLER

Add 1.35 outside delivery area, and sales tax where applicable. Call (212) EL-5-2000 any hour. Fifth Avenue at 56th Street, New York Manhattan Scarsdale Short Hills

Africa Police Fire on Protesters

on Page 1, Col. 1 a school and a on fire. The police said they the students and . However, a needed at mid- solated incidents stone-throwing and aided: of thing is like you never know to happen next." ment reacted by

for the up- banning public ighout the coun- nd of the month ar step after the e rioting in June, ople died. s in Soweto were pointed by the the leaders of is "getting" the to school, and in arents to send d they probably ad to do some- ounter it," said inister, James T.

was referring to in the week, is of Soweto stu- been boycotting d to school. The when the schools weeks ago after ordered at the ak of rioting. nent decision to ools was a con- d in negotiations leaders. The ne- ctive produced to abolish the e of Africans in the issue that set

Nationalist Party are hoping that a more flexible approach will result from a series of cabinet meetings that began in Pretoria yesterday, the first since the rioting. In the past week five of the country's most powerful African papers have urged varying degrees of reform. The editor of Die Transvaler of Johannesburg, Dr. Wimpie de Klerk, who is considered to be influential with Prime Minister John Vorster, led the criticism

with a call for the Government to abandon "window-dressing" reforms and tackle the basic grievances of urban blacks.

Black radicals, prohibited by law from saying so publicly, have warned privately that the violence in Soweto will be recurrent, spreading throughout the country and eventually extending to attacks on white areas. They have said that radicals in the townships will be capable of mounting a campaign of urban terrorism within three to four years.

Saks Fifth Avenue

OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL **8:30**

White Plains, Springfield and Garden City open tonight 'til 9.

NEW YORK • WHITE PLAINS • SPRINGFIELD • GARDEN CITY

Final Summer Sale 1/2 off and more all through

and a brand-new group at 1/3 off

- Selected summer sportswear
- Swimwear
- Dresses
- Junior dresses and sportswear
- Men's sportswear and furnishings
- Fashion accessories
- Lingerie
- Misses' raincoats and suits
- Children's apparel
- Bed and bath fashions
- And more

Join in the savings on every floor

at Lord & Taylor, Fifth Avenue at 39th Street. And at Lord & Taylor, Manhasset, Westchester, Garden City, Millburn, Ridgewood-Paramus and Stamford

Open 'til 8 tonight... White Plains 'til 9.

HONEY B

Our honey combed textures have the right new blend this season: A drawstring jacket of cotton/polyester velvet-brushed denim, honeyed herringbone wool tweed slim skirt and brown/ivory shadow-striped polyester/acetate shirt.

By Ilie Wacs; in sizes 6 to 14; 270.00

See the honey-blend suits in our windows or Coats & Suits, Third Floor

Mail to 754 Fifth Ave., N.Y. 10019 (212) PL3-7300 Please add 2.00 beyond our delivery area.

On the Plaza in New York and White Plains

BERGDORF GOODMAN

Jean-Charles de Castelbajac for Amaraggi

The Castelbajac top-hooded, with a drawstring bottom...but much, much more than just a sweatshirt. Our own painter's pant - revisited, with marvelous style in wide wale corduroy. C'est si bon! Wool/nylon top in red or white, S, M, L, S68. Cotton corduroy pant in almondine, chestnut, duille green or navy, 6-14, S33. Expressions (D.165), Third Floor, Macy's Herald Sq. only. We regret, no mail, phone or COD's.

Macy's

S. AND BONN FIND TANK FORMULA

(Continued From Page 1, Col. 4)

ce in the battlefield, such as guns, ammunition, fuel, engines, tracks and fire-control systems.

Under a new memorandum understanding, the United States Army will redesign the XM-1 tank, before it goes into production, to handle either a 120-millimeter or 105-millimeter gun. The initial production bloc of XM-1 tanks will be armed with a 105-millimeter gun, but at least the XM-1 will be designed so that eventually it can be armed with a 120-millimeter gun developed by West Germany or a rifle-bored 120-millimeter gun being developed by the United States.

West Germany in turn, has agreed to adopt a turbine engine developed for the United States Army after this new tank power plant has passed field tests. In addition, the two nations agreed to standardize fire control, tracks and suspension in their new tanks to use metric sizes for fasteners — nuts, bolts, etc. — in new tanks.

Further Delays Fought
The largest concession appears to have been made by the United States Army, which has been defending its 105-millimeter gun and fighting to prevent further delays in field-testing a new main battle tank. For 13 years the Army has been seeking to develop a new tank. Officers were concerned that further delays for the sake of achieving common characteristics with West German tanks could jeopardize the future of the XM-1 program just as it was finally reaching its developmental stages.

The United States Army had been contending that the 105-millimeter gun was now fairly standard within the alliance that with improved ammunition would be adequate to defeat a Soviet tank threat. West Germany finally prevailed with argument that the 120-millimeter gun was needed to defeat new Soviet tanks, which have guns ranging from 115-millimeter to 122-millimeter.

It is to be resolved whether the 120-millimeter gun finally agreed by the two nations will be rifled, or be rifled, or be rifled, and thus have greater velocity, or be rifled, or be rifled, and thus have greater accuracy at longer ranges.

A Pentagon news conference, Army Secretary Martin R. Anspaugh acknowledged that agreement on common characteristics would lead to a four-month delay in the XM-1 program. An estimate that army officials fear is too optimistic — that about 15 percent of each tank. But he said that the delay and added cost would be offset by standardization and increased combat effectiveness. In 1979, the Army will produce 3,325 XM-1 tanks at an estimated total cost, including research, of \$4.9 billion, which means that each tank will cost nearly \$1.5 million.

KISSINGER PRESSES OLD SEA PARLEY

Secretary of State Alexander Haig, in a message to the president of the Sea Conference called today for "rapid, flexible and cooperative" of the global maritime.

Secretary said that he will attend the conference, held at United Nations headquarters, next week and give it his personal attention at other times throughout the session, which is scheduled Sept. 17.

He appeared to be as impartial of charges from sides that the Ad Hoc Commission had shown little interest and provided scant support for the parley. Kissinger is expected to arrive in New York on Friday, Sept. 3, for the conference, which began its fifth session on Sept. 1. An official said the secretary would confer with representatives of the United States and key representatives of other countries, but probably not address any public meeting.

Secretary's message to the United States and key representatives of other countries, but probably not address any public meeting.

FREE-SCANDINAVIAN BUILD-UP

Scandinavian Commentaries
BOOKE
Now, Aug. 4 (Reuters) Kremlin commentator reacted Western suggestion that Moscow was stepping the pace of its strategic development. Columnist, Konstantin Levitsky, wrote in the Communist daily Pravda that there was a foundation for suggesting that present Soviet attitude toward strategic arms field indicated a change of policy. He said everything being the Soviet Union fitted into the framework of the 1972 agreements between Moscow and Washington. Leonid Brezhnev said constant contact was an essential part of all strategic arms agreements. Defense chiefs have stressed this more recently, he said.

Handwritten Arabic text in a box.

"At least" said Lady Chesterfield, "the silly fellow had the grace to blush"

"I sensed someone had been following me" she whispered in her clipped accent. "But of course I chose to ignore him. It wasn't until I stepped into my favorite restaurant for a spot of tea that the embarrassing incident occurred. He sent the waiter over with a great red rose (American Beauty at that!) then hid behind his menu while I read the note attached.

"An humble tribute" he'd written 'to the lovely lady in the charming red coat.' Then, when I turned to fix him with an appropriately icy stare, we recognized each other.

"It was that bumbling Earl of Plushbottom, up to his old tricks. And, my dear, when he saw that it was I, the wife of Lord Chesterfield, he did indeed turn as red as this coat.

"The only problem now is, how shall I explain to my lord when I cut Plushbottom dead at your dinner party tonight?"

Now, we're repeating this shocking story just to give you a hint of the troubles you'll have when you own this handsome coat. Unexpected roses, mash notes and who knows what other embarrassing compliments?



But you'll handle it all, because you'll feel so smoothly self-assured in this sleek-and-straight new silhouette. Note all the authentic Chesterfieldian touches: cotton velvet collar, fly front, flap pockets, half belt and kick pleat at the back. It is, without a doubt, one of the most important fashion looks in the upcoming coat season.

And the color, American Beauty red, is coming up roses and all over the market.

Lady Chesterfield, yours for the picking, in pure wool melton for sizes 6 to 14. 180.00 in our Americana Coat Shop, third floor.

P.S. Also comes in ebony, if you'd rather the Earl sent black orchids to your table.

B Altman & Co

Americana Coat Shop, third floor, Fifth Avenue, White Plains, Manhasset, N.Y., Short Hills, Ridgewood/Paramus, N.J., St. Davids, Pa.



Handwritten notes and vertical text on the left margin, including "Woods", "in a", "every Thursday", "until", "with & Racquel", "NIS T", "ring of reser", "season beg", "TAKE A", "free-scandinavian build-up", "Scandinavian Commentaries", "BOOKE", "NORSK".

ARGENTINA PURGES MAJOR UNIVERSITY

17 on Faculty Are Held and 31 Sought in a Move to 'Cleanse Teaching Area'

By JUAN de ONIS
Special to The New York Times

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 4—A military investigation of academic "subversion" has led to the arrest of 17 professors and a major purge at the national university at Bahía Blanca.

Gen. Adel Vilas, deputy commander of the Fifth Army Corps, announced the arrests and issued a list of 31 other persons, including three foreigners, who were wanted. The corps is based at Bahía Blanca, a major port city southeast of here.

"Until we can cleanse the teaching area, and professors are all of Christian thought and ideology, we will not achieve the triumph we seek in our struggle against the revolutionary left," General Vilas said.

The arrests of faculty members at the University of the South at Bahía Blanca is called, were considered the most important anti-subversive action in the academic area since the Argentine military took power in March.

Ricardo Bruera, Minister of Education and one of two civilians in the Cabinet, said in an interview that about 3,000 academics, administrators and teaching assistants in national secondary schools had been dismissed since March.

But the arrests for trial on charges of organizing subversive instruction at the university in Bahía Blanca was the first case of this kind disclosed so far.

Most of those arrested were professors in the faculty of economics. Among them are Victor Benamo, a former rector of the university.

Arrest orders have been issued for Gustavo Malek, another former rector, and Roberto Noel Domeco, former rector of the university of Comahue in Rio Negro province.

General Vilas, who commanded antiguerrilla troops in Tucumán province last year, said the arrested professors were responsible for indoctrinating students in Marxist, evolutionary ideas that led to organization of guerrilla forces.

Under the emergency powers now in effect, the arrested persons can be held indefinitely at the disposal of the military authorities or can be tried by military court.

In Córdoba, the Third Army Corps announced the release of eight Jews, including two Israelis, who had been arrested 10 days ago. The Israeli Government had formally requested information on the circumstances of the arrest and detention. At least three of the persons involved were said to be working here for the World Zionist Organization.

Six Uruguayan refugees, who were considered in danger here by United Nations officials, flew to Paris today after having hidden several weeks while waiting visas.

Basque Activists And 3 Communists Released in Spain

MADRID, Aug. 4 (AP)—Three Spanish Communist leaders and six Basque nationalists were freed from prison today, the first effective day of King Carlos' amnesty for political prisoners.

Simon Sanchez Montero and Domingo Alvarez, both members of the Communist Party's Executive Committee, and José Juanue Ruiz, Communist leader in the Basque region of Spain, walked out of Madrid's Carabanchel prison late in the evening. They were greeted by applause from a small crowd waiting outside.

All were jailed for illegal association and propaganda. Sr. Sanchez Montero in May, Sr. Alvarez in February and Sr. Juanue Ruiz last October.

The nine were the first of 50 political prisoners expected to be freed by the royal amnesty. The order was announced last week and became legal today with publication of the decree in the Government's Official Gazette.

Legal sources had said it might be 20 days before any prisoners were released, but the Government apparently decided to begin the amnesty immediately, at least for some prisoners.

In response to the amnesty, private industry began lifting fines and dismissals imposed on workers for political activity.

The voluntary action by private companies came after leaders of the Government's union organization called for offenses to be included in the general pardon for political activity, which was illegal until last month.

The Proceedings in the U.N. Today

Aug. 5, 1976
THIRD CONFERENCE ON LAW OF THE SEA
Committee on seabed regime and Machinery—3 P.M.

Tickets may be obtained at the public desk, main lobby, United Nations headquarters. Tours: 9 A.M. to 4:45 P.M.

FURNITURE SHOW & SALE

Save on these top names and more: Henredon • Selig • Sealy • Drexel • Kroehler • Stearns & Foster • Stratolounger • Purit



Save 10% to 25% on our fine traditional collection. LIVES! AOV CUSTOM COVERED HAND SOFA WITH A MATCHING LOVE SEAT

\$699 Regularly \$775. 10% off. Includes delivery and assembly. Free home trial. 30-day return guarantee. Financing available. Call 1-800-451-1111 for details.

SAVE! 10% OFF! DINNER ROOM. Special for home use. Call 1-800-451-1111 for details.

GIMBELS

Gimbels Broadway at 33rd Street, Gimbels East at 86th Street. Westchester, Paramus, Valley Stream, Roosevelt Field, Bridgeport. Sorry, no mail or phone orders.

ANDREOTTI URGES LIAN AUSTERITY

Leader Leans Toward Hands of Communists

Special to The New York Times
 ROME, Aug. 4—Italy's new
 Minister Giulio Andreotti
 presented a government
 austerity program today that
 includes detailed economic
 measures intended to pull Italy
 out of its economic crisis.
 The program will be debated
 in the houses of Parliament
 next two days before a
 vote scheduled for Friday. It
 is a vote of confidence in
 the Christian-Democratic Gov-
 ernment.
 The Communist Party is ex-
 pected to give oblique support
 to Andreotti by abstaining
 for the first time in a vote on



Giulio Andreotti, Italian Minister of Finance, reading a document in the Italian Parliament yesterday.

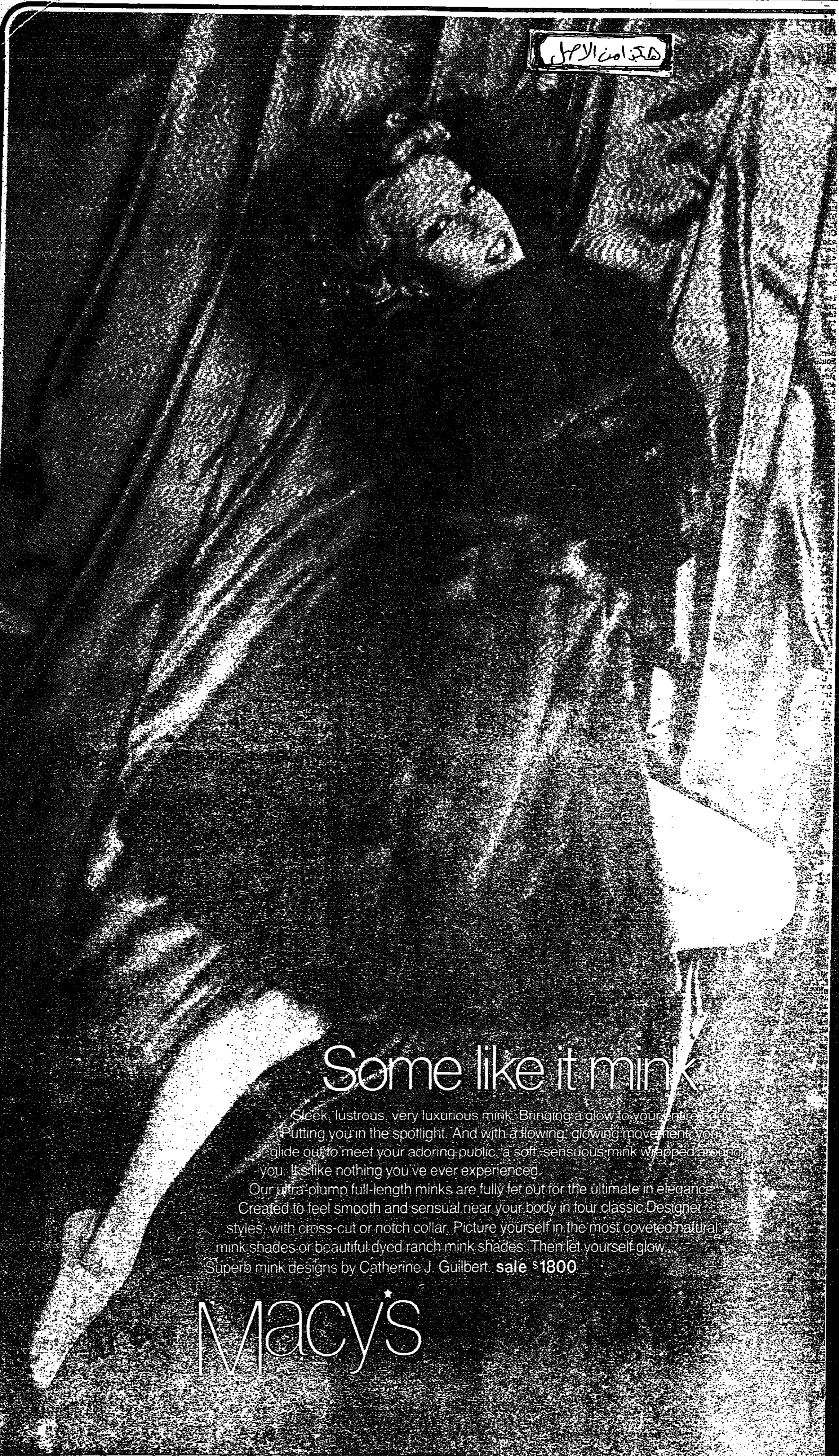
government program. The
 members of Parliament
 are expected to abstain
 today to abstain.
 Andreotti's 80-page pro-
 gram is unusually specific. It
 is believed that the Commun-
 ists, who often accuse the
 Christian Democrats of inac-
 tion, have insisted that it
 include:
 - a program for reform of public
 administration. Mr. Andreotti
 said that the expansion of re-
 gional and local power was
 necessary to carry out the pu-
 blic decentralization de-
 veloped several years ago.
 - a plan to advocate negotia-
 tions with Italy's powerful
 unions to determine how
 to use and personnel in
 administration and to
 draw up plans for public

Collecting Remedies
 Andreotti pointed to sev-
 eral weak spots in public fi-
 nance: the balance of payments,
 a spiraling inflation
 the highest of the in-
 developed countries, and un-
 employment. Dealing with
 these problems, he said, is
 difficult because the
 measures for the first two in-
 creases are putting a
 strain on the economy, which
 is so fragile in fight-
 ing third.
 In answer, Mr. Andreotti
 said he would "reconcile the need
 for a monetary policy that will
 fight against inflation with
 the need to avoid a policy that
 is too restrictive for the
 economic base of the coun-
 try."

Now Concedes Discussed a Ban on Loans to Italians

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 (Reu-
 ters)—The United States con-
 sidered the European allies about
 off economic aid to
 Communists were ad-
 vised by the Italian Cabinet,
 disclosed in a White
 House letter released today.
 The letter said United States
 had discussed the mat-
 ter with French, West German
 and British officials at the eco-
 nomic summit in June in
 Rio de Janeiro, but reached no
 agreement.
 It was the first time the
 issue was admitted publicly
 and discussed withhold-
 ing the Italian Govern-
 ment had included Commu-
 nists in the government later
 by the newly elected
 Christian Democrats did not in-
 clude Communists.
 The letter was written by
 Gen. Brent Scowcroft,
 the National Security
 adviser to the House Interna-
 tional Relations Committee.
 In the letter in response
 to a question being considered
 in the House, urging the White
 House to turn over material
 on an alleged agreement to
 lend to an Italian gov-
 ernment that included Commu-
 nists.

Gen. Scowcroft's letter
 said that contrary to the impression
 given by some press re-
 ports, there was no agreement
 reached by the United
 States with France, West Ger-
 many, Great Britain or any
 other country on the ques-
 tion of loans to Italy if the
 Communists entered the Italian
 government, although the
 issue was discussed at
 a summit meeting in
 Rio de Janeiro.



Some like it mink

Sleek, lustrous, very luxurious mink. Bringing a glow to your nature.
 Putting you in the spotlight. And with a flowing, glowing movement, you
 glide out to meet your adoring public, a soft, sensuous mink wrapped around
 you. It's like nothing you've ever experienced.
 Our ultra-plump full-length minks are fully let out for the ultimate in elegance.
 Created to feel smooth and sensual near your body in four classic Designer
 styles, with cross-cut or notch collar. Picture yourself in the most coveted natural
 mink shades or beautiful dyed ranch mink shades. Then let yourself glow.
 Superb mink designs by Catherine J. Guilbert. **sale \$1800**

Macy's

Fur Salon (Dept. 035), 3rd Fl. Herald Square, Kings Plaza, Queens, Staten Island, Roosevelt Field, Huntington, Smith Haven, Massapequa, New Rochelle, White Plains and
 Colonie. Fur products labeled to show country of origin of imported furs. No charge for monogramming. Free fur storage until November. Sorry, no mail or phone.

GREEN, CAMP, KIDS
 THE FRESH AIR FUND

Labor and Industry Teaming Up in Bangalore to Raise Output Under Mrs. Gandhi's Emergency Rule

By HENRY KAMM
Special to The New York Times

BANGALORE, India, Aug. 1—In this industrial city of two million in the southern highlands, leaders of industry and labor, militantly at odds until a year ago, are united now in praising the results of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's declaration of a state of national emergency in June 1975.



The New York Times/Aug. 5, 1976

The vesting of strong powers in the central Government's hands has all but eliminated strikes in a city where, according to S. C. Rao, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry, about a third of a year's work-days used to be lost because of strikes or lock-outs.

The glow at the Chamber of Commerce is not surprising in view of statistics attesting to a 10 percent increase in production since January. The chief sales executive of a major industrial plant looked pleased when he said: "The workers are at their jobs. They are told to get on with it. They have been

scared. If there is something we don't like, the Government will get on it. We've been assured of that."

The odd element in the harmony is the attitude of the principal union, the once-militant, still Communist-led All-India Trade Union Congress, M. S. Krishnan, the Bangalore leader, who is also a Communist member of the Karnataka (formerly Mysore) State Legis-

lative Assembly, said: "We are exercising voluntary restraint in the larger interest. The working class has accepted the position of no confrontation as far as possible."

Soviet Role Is Denied

Mr. Krishnan represents the pro-Soviet party in the divided Indian Communist movement. Asked whether Moscow's support of Mrs. Gandhi's policies had motivated the union's acquiescence in forswearing the strike weapon, he replied, "That's absolute rot." Similarly, he dismissed as "a damned canard" allegations that his party depended on Soviet financial support.

Mr. Krishnan said the pro-Soviet Communists wholeheartedly backed the emergency because "we have definite information of what would have happened" if Mrs. Gandhi had not acted. He declined to divulge the information but asserted that "the first effort had to be to stem the tide of reaction."

In explaining industry's view, the sales executive, Kumar Mahadevan, of the Kirloskar Electric Company, the leading electrical-engineering concern, was more specific. At the same time he voiced the unease felt by many Indians over the restrictions on freedom, particularly of the press, that are another

aspect of the emergency.

"We must get back to expressing our views," he said, adding hopefully, "I'm convinced that Indira Gandhi sees it like that."

Advantages Described

Mr. Mahadevan, a British-educated engineer who was interviewed at his company's neat plant, which employs 3,000 workers, ticked off the following advantages of the emergency:

• Labor peace makes it possible for Kirloskar to accept orders in the knowledge that delivery will be on schedule.

• The Government's success in keeping prices stable "has

definitely helped us in getting more export orders."

• The Government has instituted urgency in the multitude of public-works projects throughout the country, which its previous lethargy had brought to a near standstill. The drive to another plant of his company, which used to take 10 hours for the 250 miles because of incomplete road projects, now takes six, Mr. Mahadevan said.

• Power generation, which used to be chaotic, to put it mildly, for lack of maintenance, has dramatically improved," he said. "Now we are able to plan our production schedule

property." Other public services

—airlines, railroads, mail and telecommunications—have made "a remarkable recovery," he added.

• Bank service has greatly improved. "As a result of nationalization they had gone to sleep," the executive said, "in line with the general apathy in the public sector."

New Support Apparent

Despite Mrs. Gandhi's professed aim of leading India to Socialism, Mr. Mahadevan said the improved climate for private industry resulted from strong government support that did not exist before.

He said that before the emergency Mrs. Gandhi's Govern-

ment "looked upon us as crooks"—to placate, he explained, not out of affection—and in protection of public sector blocks business efforts to improve. Today they are oriented," he said of most officials.

Reverting to his main subject, Mr. Mahadevan said that of encouraging and unconditional labor for political reasons, Mrs. Gandhi's Government changed from a policy responsible for a lot of

HELP REFRESH AND THE FRESH AIR

Kissinger, in London, Weighing A New Trip to Southern Africa

By BERNARD GWERTZMAN
Special to The New York Times

LONDON, Aug. 4—Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger is considering making another trip to Africa later this month as part of an intensified effort to persuade blacks and whites in southern Africa to agree on a negotiated solution for Rhodesia.

Reporters accompanying Mr. Kissinger on an eight-day, six-nation trip to Europe and South Asia were told today that Mr. Kissinger was also keeping open the possibility of another meeting with Prime Minister John Vorster of South Africa, either on a trip to South Africa or by meeting Mr. Vorster in Europe again.

Mr. Kissinger arrived here tonight on a trip that will take him to Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan, France and the Netherlands.

Reporters were told that whether Mr. Kissinger makes

another trip to Africa—the second one in four months—depends on progress achieved through diplomatic contacts with black African leaders, South Africa, Britain and other European states on a formula to end white minority rule in Rhodesia.

As part of this effort, Mr. Kissinger will confer tomorrow with Prime Minister James Callaghan and Foreign Secretary Anthony Crosland on the African situation before traveling to Teheran for three days of talks.

Mr. Kissinger has said repeatedly that he fears time is running out for a moderate solution in Rhodesia and that unless diplomatic efforts succeed in the near future, a racial war could develop that would inevitably bring into the fight South Africa in defense of the white Rhodesians.



Arthritis? Backaches? Disc Troubles?

Swiss **Lattoflex** knows the way to good sleep

... that's why Lattoflex is not like other beds. Lattoflex adjusts individually to every back. Head, foot and seating adjustments are located at the anatomically correct spot. The unique flexible Lattoflex wood slat spring functions optimally with the Lattoflex mattress. Conforming to body contour, they distribute weight physiologically. Lattoflex is noiseless, easy to clean and light-weight. Lattoflex base-springs fit most beds.

Lattoflex Beds, Convertibles, Mattresses
150 E. 58th St., 15th fl. (betw. 3rd & Lex.)
New York, N.Y. 10022 • (212) 753-5877 • 10:30-5.
Closed Saturdays until after Labor Day!

SONY COLOR

& ALL MAJOR APPLIANCES . . .

We think we can beat any price. Pick up your phone today and call us with make & model number of any major appliance, and we'll supply you with a quote.

21" KV 2101	5519
19" KV 19200	425
17" KV 1711D	375
15" KV 1512	330
12" KV 1204	287

Our Guarantee: If you find a lower price than ours within 30 days of purchase, we will refund the difference in cash.

ANTHONY EVANS CORP.
155 W. 72nd St. Room 402 NYC Tel. 580-8350
Open Monday to Friday 10AM to 6PM
Saturday 10AM to 2PM
Due to our low prices only cash or certified check accepted.

The eyes have it . . . all of Macy's attention

- Eyes examined
- Drs' prescriptions filled
- Contact lenses fitted

Let our experts help you select a new contact lens design from the Gold Eye look.

Use your Macy's charge. Opticals Dept. 256
11th Floor, Herald Square

Macy's

Pre-season

Lord & Taylor

our own Taylord
vested suits
165.99 and 175.99

Regularly 210.00 and 220.00
Extraordinary at regular price, these well-tailored wool and wool-polyester suits are not-to-be-missed now.

In attractive plaids, stripes, solids, enough choices to set you up for the entire season. And seasons on end. Ready now in The Man's Shop, Tenth Floor, Lord & Taylor, Fifth Avenue at 39th Street. And at Manhasset, Westchester, Garden City, Mill Ridge, Ridgewood-Paramus and Stamford

CONSIDERED
LSD PURCHASE

Data Disclose 1953
Obtain \$240,000
for Experiments

Washington Star
INGTON, Aug. 4—The
Intelligence Agency in
discussing purchasing 10
kilos of LSD, enough for
100 doses and worth
\$240,000 for use in its drug
studies with animals
in being, according to
released agency docu-

ments were made
by reporters yesterday
at the National Security Stud-
ies Center. Documents ob-
tained from the Freedom
of Information Act.
The center is a private, non-
profit research organization.
Documents show that the
purchase of 10 kilos of LSD
was intended by agency
officials to establish
a purchase of that
quantity was never made.
The purchase was for the large
purpose of preclude
countries from control-
ling the drug. The documents
do not specify the
of LSD were pur-
chased from the drug's prime
supplier, Sandoz Labora-
tories, Basel, Switzerland, ac-
cording to the documents.
The documents display a
pattern of C.I.A. ex-
periments in the 1950's and
behavior modification
studies through the
use of drugs, radiation and
other methods.

answered Question
Question raised, and left
unanswered by the documents,
is whether many people received
the drug without their knowledge.
Documents link drug ex-
periments recently disclosed by
the center to a C.I.A.-controlled
project that also
involved the Federal
Bureau of Investigation, the De-
partment of Agriculture, the
Department of Narcotics, the Food
and Drug Administration, state
health agencies, hospitals,
universities and privately con-
ducted experiments.

Dr. Seymour Cohen, professor
of psychology at the University
of California, Los Angeles, an
LSD experimenter, said that he
knew of 5,000 doses of the
drug being administered to
beings since testing began
in the late 1940's.
Cohen and another
expert, Dr. Thomas
Snyder, said that an average
dose was 100 micrograms, and
that there are 10,000 micrograms
in a gram.

Dr. R. G. Barron, a former Govern-
ment program officer, said he
was aware that LSD
had been conducted
at the Vacaville
prison, but that
he was unaware, until told
by documents, that the
center had been involved in
the experiments.

Documents also say that
experiments were done on human
beings at such institutions
as the United States Drug
Center in Frankfurt.

Documents do not dis-
cuss whether any dis-
ease happened to the
store of LSD and
equipment.

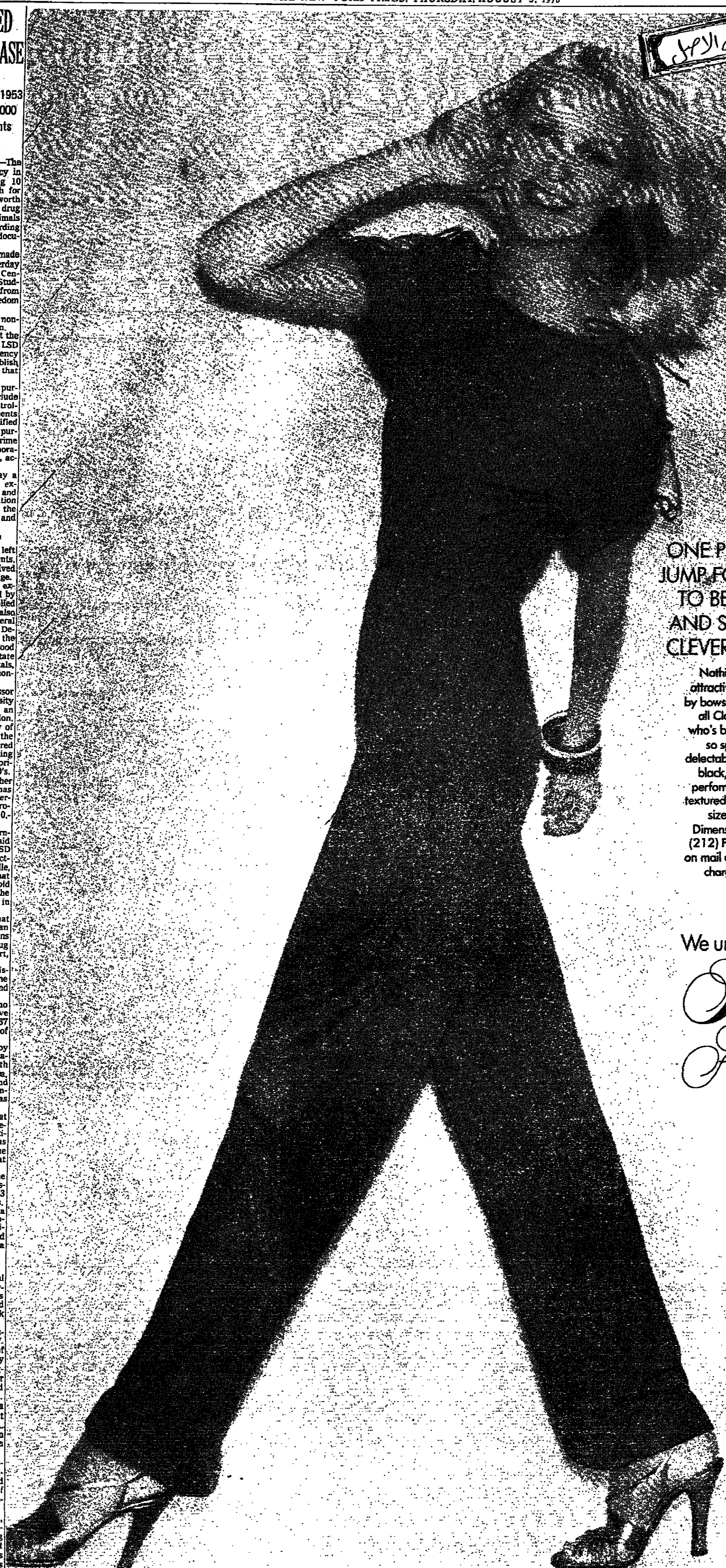
Documents say that no
experiments have
been conducted since 1967
because of lack of full knowledge
of the drug.

19 drugs tested by
the center were sodium penicil-
lins called truth
serum, marijuana,
alcohol, insulin, and
widely used an-
esthetic nerve gas.

Documents indicate that
the project, first code-
named "Artichoke," then "Arti-
choke," involved many citizens
unaware of their
participation or that
they were given drugs.
In the first year, both the
center and the C.I.A. have dis-
cussed persons died in 1953
drug experiments.
A witness taking a
testimony in a glass of Coin-
R. Olson, a biologi-
cal researcher, leaped
to his death from a
hotel window.

In Experiment
Dr. R. G. Barron, a professional
chemist, died after receiving
a derivative as
an Army-sponsored
experiment at the New York
Psychiatric Institute.
Documents released yes-
terday said that Allen W.
Casper was head of
the demonized agency
and their "poor judge-
ment." Olson and other
C.I.A. recently paid
nearly \$1.25 million.
Casper was sued earlier by a
woman by Vice President
Richard Nixon said that 152 C.I.A.
behavior modification
studies were destroyed in
1967.

Documents released yes-
terday said that the shred-
ded files were ordered
by Helms, Director of
Intelligence, shortly be-
fore his resignation.
Documents say that Russian,
Chinese and other intel-
ligence agencies were using
drugs to elicit
information from
American agents
in the late 1940's
and the agency to begin
behavior modification
studies according to the doc-
uments released yes-
terday.



ملابس الابرار

ONE PERFECTLY DRAPED
JUMP, FOR WHEN I WANT
TO BE ALL SLEEKNESS
AND SHOULDERS. VERY
CLEVER, CLOVIS RUFFIN!

Nothing makes me feel more
attractive than being surrounded
by bows—and my six favorites are
all Clovis Ruffin. He's the one
who's been tying up my evenings
so splendidly, lately, in this
delectable draping of jumpsuit. It's
black, or sienna in Klopman's
performance-tested Senessa,™ a
textured knit of Dacron® polyester,
sizes 4 to 14, \$54. Night
Dimensions, Seventh Floor. Call
(212) PL 3-4000. Add sales tax
on mail and phone, 1.25 handling
charge beyond our regular
delivery area.

We understand you at
Saks Fifth Avenue

For your shopping convenience Saks Fifth Avenue will be open tonight until 8:30

Saks Fifth Avenue at Rockefeller Center (212) PL 3-4000 • New York • Open tonight until 8:30 p.m. • White Plains, Springfield and Garden City open tonight until 9 p.m. • New York • White Plains • Springfield • Garden City • Southampton • Chevy Chase • Boston • Atlanta • Pittsburgh • Detroit • Chicago • St. Louis • Houston • Beverly Hills • Woodland Hills • Palm Springs • San Francisco • Palo Alto • La Jolla • Phoenix • Monterey • Miami Beach • Surfside • Ft. Lauderdale • Palm Beach

Handwritten notes and signatures on the left margin, including "Red", "Taylor", and "Lloyd".

School Revision Plan Stirs Furor in Ulster

By BERNARD WEINRAUB
Special to The New York Times

BELFAST, Northern Ireland, Aug. 4—A group of Roman Catholics and Protestants in Northern Ireland, seeking to overhaul the school system that has separated Catholic and Protestant children for 50 years, has stirred an angry debate that pits the Catholic hierarchy against British officials, Protestant clergymen and a strong group of Catholic parents.

The debate touches the roots of some of the most basic problems in the province. It involves parents who contend that the traditional segregated education in Ulster is reinforcing the violent divisions between Catholics and Protestants. The debate has also drawn in British politicians and raised key questions about the social and economic tensions that separate Catholics and Protestants and divide the middle classes of both religions from the poor.

"Education has been a taboo subject for generations; it's the most sensitive subject here," said Brian Garrett, former chairman of the Northern Ireland Labor Party and a supporter of shared schools for Catholics and Protestants. "We've got to face this issue sooner or later. It's madness to say that Catholics and Protestants have to go to work together when we say, in effect, that their children can't learn together."

Schools Shaped in 1920's

The argument has inflamed the Catholic hierarchy, led by Dr. William Philbin, Bishop of Down and Connor, who terms shared schooling unthinkable. He has warned Catholic parents that he would refuse to confirm children who went to state, or Protestant-dominated, schools.

At the center of the debate is an unusual school system, supported financially by the British Government, that retains separate schools for Catholics and Protestants and effectively bars most children, especially those in the ghetto, from meeting their counterparts. The system, whose classes and teachers often reflect conflicting Catholic and Protestant perceptions about Ireland, was shaped in the 1920's with the establishment of Northern Ireland, dominated by a two-thirds Protestant majority.

Almost all Protestant children attend state schools. These are similar to public schools in the United States but have a 50 percent Protestant clergy representation on governing boards. Approximately 97 percent of the province's Catholic children attend parochial schools or "maintained schools," which are also heavily subsidized by the British Government.

By all accounts school segregation—which starts at kindergarten and continues up to university level—was encouraged by clergymen of both religious groups and was a measure of the same distrust and fear that have traditionally marked the relationship between Catholics and Protestants in Ulster.

Although a handful of moderate politicians and parents have urged that the education system be united, the proposal touched off a controversy three weeks ago when Merlyn Rees, the Secretary of State for Northern Ireland and the highest-ranking British official in Ulster, indicated he was willing to tackle the issue and call a conference on shared schools. Mr. Garrett said nearly 50 British M.P.'s and most of the Protestant clergy were supporting such a conference. The Catholic Church has bitterly rejected it.

Ministers May Retreat

There is some evidence now that Mr. Rees and Roland Moyle, the minister responsible for education in Ulster, have been shaken by the controversy and may be drawing back. Nonetheless, Mr. Rees's comments at a private Oxford University seminar on Northern Ireland, touched raw nerves in Ulster and set off an emotional debate.

Mr. Moyle said in an interview that it was difficult to assess what impact the education system had had on the conflict in Northern Ireland. "Long before schools, there was a sectarian clash here," he said. "It is known that British officials have been stung by the

PARIS DEFENSE AIDE QUILTS SPECIAL POST

PARIS, Aug. 4 (Reuters)—Gen. Marcel Rigard, who rose from the rank of private to become France's Secretary of State for Defense, resigned from his post today saying he had finished the job he set himself 18 months ago.

General Rigard moved into the specially created post of Deputy Defense Minister when morale in the armed forces was low and there were rumblings of discontent from career soldiers and conscripts.

"My mission has been accomplished," the general said. "One has to know when to take a new turn." He said his resignation had nothing to do with rumors of a wider Government reshuffle.

General Rigard said that since his appointment, living conditions in the armed forces had improved, highly publicized left-wing agitation had ceased and defense had been re-established as an important national priority.

Judge Accuses F.B.I. of Providing 'False' Data to Social

By ARNOLD H. LUBASCH

A Federal district judge in Manhattan declared yesterday that the Federal Bureau of Investigation had provided "false" information regarding a "crucial" aspect of a major lawsuit by the Socialist Workers Party against the F.B.I. and other Government agencies.

At a court hearing, Judge Thomas P. Griesa cited a written response by the bureau to questions submitted by the Socialist Workers about party documents that informers had obtained.

The bureau said in its response to the party's questions two months ago that one of its informers had obtained material about the Socialist Workers that was available to the party's members and was distributed to the public.

But the F.B.I. answers failed to disclose that the informer, who was later identified as Timothy Redfean, had ob-

tained some material by burglarizing the party's offices in Denver.

Judge Griesa said that the omission of this important information raised the possibility that "there might be widespread misrepresentations" in the bureau's answers, and that the full information might not be known until the party received the files on informers.

"Haste Was Not Excuse"

John S. Siffert, a lawyer for the Government who sought to delay turning over some files on informers, conceded that "discrepancies" existed, but he said that the bureau had responded to the questions in "great haste" to expedite the procedures.

"Haste was not excuse," Judge Griesa replied. "I can draw no other conclusion than that the person making that answer intentionally omitted materials that were unfavorable to the Government when he tried

to summarize that file." "Let's face it," the Judge continued. "Let's not waste time talking about haste. That was absolutely inexcusable."

The judge stressed that the omitted information had come to light only because Mr. Redfean had been arrested in Denver, where he disclosed that he was an F.B.I. informer, and that he had burglarized the offices of the Socialist Workers as recently as July 7.

"Without the somewhat fortuitous July activities of Mr. Redfean, leading up to the disclosure of those documents," Judge Griesa said, "this falsity in these answers would not have been known."

Illegal Activity Charged

"I can't imagine anything more important for this case," the judge said, referring to the answers that the F.B.I. had submitted about the activities that its informers conducted against the Socialist Workers.

The party, a leftist group that says it has 2,500 active members, is suing the F.B.I. and other agencies for \$37 million in damages for allegedly conducting illegal activities against the party and its members.

As a part of the procedures to discover evidence for a trial of the suit, Judge Griesa has ordered the F.B.I. to turn over several files on informers to the party's lawyers.

The Redfean file, the first one that the F.B.I. released, contained documents disclosing

that the informer had burglarized the party's offices in Denver before the burglary, according to Leonard Din, a lawyer for the party.

The F.B.I., which has Mr. Redfean's file in Denver, is scheduled to provide additional files of informers under the orders. But the judge heard further arguments on the Government's request to postpone delivery of the files.

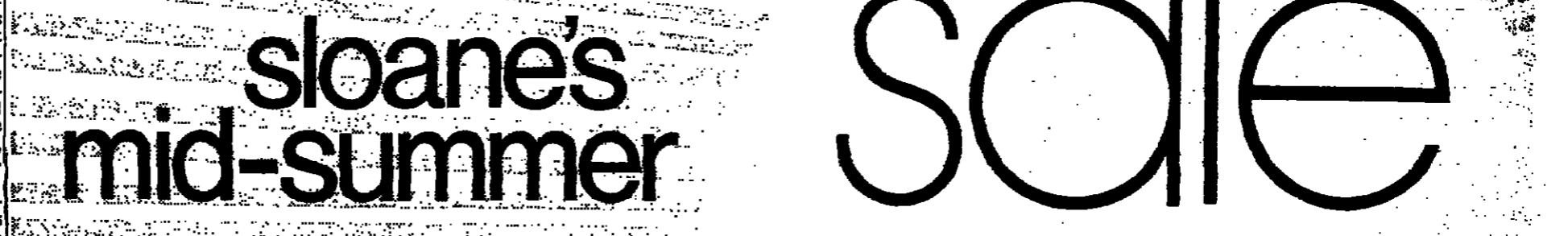
L.R.A. Says It Planted Bombs in Northern Ireland Resort

LONDONDERRY, Northern Ireland, Aug. 4 (Reuters)—The Irish Republican Army said tonight that it had planted 10 bombs that devastated the center of the coastal resort of Portrush last night.

A statement issued by the L.R.A. in Londonderry, North-

ern Ireland's second city, said, "A flying freedom fighters' another blow at British interests."

Portrush is 30 mi. Londonderry. Thousands of vacationers were in the town when the bombs were planted last night but were given and there were



sloane's mid-summer

plush, cotton velvet sofa and love seat at incredible savings

550.

sofa/love seat duo



You must act fast to cash in on this fantastic value. See our plush, cotton velvet 87" sofa and matching 65" love seat. You get both for only \$550! The look is a comfortable loose pillowback and front ball casters for a floating base. Coil spring suspension gives real quality support. We like it in beige and brown... you will too.

Convenient credit facilities available. We accept the American Express card.

For contemporary living environments, consult our Interior Design Studio on Four and all stores. Or call 695-3800, ext. 270.

Chrome and glass tables, brass accents 100. each
Three-piece wall system, brass hardware, 700.
Second Floor, Fifth Avenue and all suburban stores.

© 1976, W & J Sloane, Inc.

W&J SLOANE  **FIFTH AVENUE at 38th**

garden city • manhasset • white plains • paramus • short hills • red bank • jenkintown • stamford

Fifth Avenue • daily 10 to 6 • Thurs. 'til 6 • Short Hills, Stamford, White Plains, Garden City, Manhasset • daily 9:30 to 5:30 • Monday & Thurs. 'til 9 • Jenkintown & Red Bank • daily 9:30 to 5:30 Wed. & Fri. 'til 9 • Paramus • daily 9:30 to 9:30 • Sat. 'til 6

Vatican Defrocks Italian Priest Who Joined Communist Party

ROME, Aug. 4 (UPI)—The Vatican today defrocked a Communist Italian priest for disobedience in challenging papal primacy and favoring divorce and abortion.

The Vatican said the Rev. Giovanni Battista Franzoni was "reduced to lay status" because his "attitudes caused and continue to cause profound disturbance among the people of God."

Critic of Vietnam War

Father Franzoni, 48 years old, joined the Communist Party in June despite church rules forbidding priests to join political parties. He was suspended from all priestly functions two years earlier because he supported Italy's law permitting divorce.

The priest resigned in July 1973 as abbot of St. Paul's Outside the Walls monastery and

basilica in Rome to work among the urban poor.

Franzoni has repeatedly disobeyed the legitimate ecclesiastical authorities in an ostentatious and public way," the Vatican said in announcing the decision to defrock him.

The Vatican spokesman, Msgr. Romeo Panciroli, said Father Franzoni had "erred in his attitude toward several sacraments, including confession, marriage and holy orders."

"He favors abortion and explicitly denies the primacy of the Pope's teaching and authority," Monsignor Panciroli added.

Father Franzoni was one of Rome's most popular and controversial priests. When he preached at St. Paul's, the sermon was broadcast to overflow crowds who could not get inside the basilica.

سكنا من الامم

Data to S

SHOWS HAYS JUDGE AS AIDE

Representative Received
in Consultant Fees
in Montana Bench

HARD D. LYONS
The New York Times
INGTON, Aug. 4—An
made of the finan-
of the House Admin-
committee under the
ip of Representative
Hays has found that
former Representa-
committee consultant
im \$30,000 although
his period of service
state judge in Mon-

mer Representative
tant, Judge Arnold
tte, said in a tele-
view today that for
s last year he got
onth as a committee
while at the same
ng as a judge in
Second Judicial Dis-
salary of \$25,000 a

committee investiga-
dge Olsen said they
ny illegality regard-
ments.
sen said he viewed
tree payments "as
ler of a retailer that
me" under a
s contract arranged
ys, an Ohio Demo-

ally, the new staff
of the committee,
installed after Mr.
ster as committee
ix weeks ago, said
find little evidence
lsen had performed
ervices for the com-

n case is at least the
ving former employ-
House Administra-
nittee who had been
oll but who are said
one less than exten-
nts of work for the

egislation Asserted
h Ray was a commit-
t salary of \$14,000
ough, according to
t, she did virtually
be Mr. Hays's mis-
conceding a liaison
Ray, Mr. Hays has
she did no meaning-
r the committee. It
angement with Miss
to Mr. Hays's out-
committee's chairman,
omy, the Columbi-
Ohio, Democratic
also was on the
staff, at a salary
year, although he
d Washington.

en, who served in
of Representatives
until his defeat in
d that he had per-
sive services for
ee by monitoring
e legislation that
e Federal Election
over which Mr.
e House Adminis-
nittee had jurisdic-

left Washington
home district and
able for comment.
s press secretary,
n, said Mr. Olsen
tensive work for
s and the commit-

bers on the com-
heir search of the
uncovered only
is signed by Mr.
f which was a let-
ys enclosing some
ature about the
several other per-
r with the long
story of the elec-
d they could not
lsen's involvement

aid he had worked
d on the elections
ppointed and con-
t state judge in

Acts to Keep Tax Credit Intact at 10%

The New York Times
TON, Aug. 4—The
tonight to make
nt tax credit per-
rate of 10 percent.
is one of the most
the several pro-
e tax law that are
oviding incentives
s to invest in new
od equipment.

on on the statute
te 7 percent since
s raised to 10 per-
ly temporarily, in

followed a long
e tax bill that saw
ce of almost no
to the versions ap-
ne Senate Finance

ment that was ac-
sored by Senator
its, Republican of
ould give artists
for part of the
r own works that
: to tax-exempt
s, such as mus-
versities.
e defeated by a
: the efforts of the
ction to eliminate
bill a provision
the Finance Com-
man, Russell E.
isiana, that would
tions an extra 2
oints on the in-
edit if they used
provide stocks to
ees.

PLEASURE
SH AIR FUND

the best of blacker

It's all here. His use of only the most luxurious fabrics. Cut, tailored to that fine line of perfection. Then eased, into truly beautiful clothes. Like a jacket of hopsacking... shaped, so it touches every curve. A skirt, flaring... into the softest shadowy plaid. And a sweater, angora and wool. The fabrics... all from France. Everything else... uncompromising Stanley Blacker.

His jacket, all wool hopsacking... with suede patches and leather buttons. Beige or brown, 170.00.

The skirt... heathery shetland wool in beige or brown plaids. 100.00.

The cowl sweater, with ribbed neck and sleeves. Beige or brown. 46.00.

Everything for sizes 6 to 14.

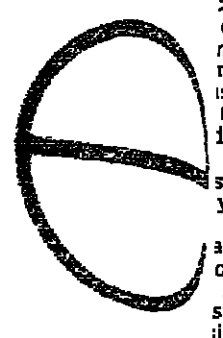
Place Elegante Sportswear, Third Floor, New York. Also available in Fresh Meadows, Stamford, Bergen County, Short Hills, Garden City and White Plains.

Handwritten note in a box: 55-2000 10/11



bloomingdale's

1000 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y. Open late Monday and Thursday evenings.



le savin



JE a

Coal-Leasing Reform Bill Enacted Over Ford Veto

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 (UPI)—The House gave President Ford his 10th veto setback today by overriding his action to kill legislation on reform of coal leasing.

The vote, along with similar action in the Senate yesterday, was a major victory for environmentalists who had been trying for several years to update the 1920 leasing law.

The measure, which now becomes law, primarily affects Western states where large reserves of coal lie beneath public lands.

In vetoing the bill, Mr. Ford said that it would hinder domestic coal production by providing "administrative roadblocks."

The 316-to-85 House vote was 48 votes more than the two-thirds majority needed for an override. Sixty-seven Republicans joined with 249 Democrats in voting to override; 16 Democrats and 69 Republicans voted to sustain.

Just before the vote, Representative Morris K. Udall, Democrat of Arizona, told his colleagues that the bill was "vital to the West" and that the Administration had been misled on its provisions.

"These coal barons would tear up the West the way they tore up West Virginia," he said, adding that the Administration "time after time has been a wholly owned subsidiary of the coal interests."

The bill contains provisions aimed at preventing speculation by requiring lessees to

initiate commercial coal production within 10 years or lose the lease. Currently, there is no limitation.

Other provisions establish a deferred bidding system to encourage smaller companies to seek leases; sets a minimum royalty to the Government of 12½ percent of the coal's value, as against the present royalty of 5 cents per ton; provides for readjustment of leasing terms every 10 years; limits control of leased lands by one company to 100,000 acres nationally, and increases from 37½ percent to 50 percent a state's share of leasing royalties.

The National Coal Association called the overriding of the veto "a giant step backward." It said in a statement: "The override of the President's veto of the Federal Coal Leasing bill is a giant step backward in the nation's struggle to gain energy independence. While the coal industry agrees with Congress' desire to increase the state-share of Federal coal leasing revenues, other onerous provisions of this measure will bring about tragic and totally illogical delays to the development of our nation's rich coal resources located in the West."

There are currently more than 500 Federal coal leases, most of them in Western states, covering 16 million tons of coal reserves. Of those leases, however, only 59 were producing coal at the beginning of the year.

Accounting Office Finds Local Abuse In Revenue Sharing

By ERNEST HOLSENDOLPH
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4—The Government has failed to head off discrimination and misuse of revenue-sharing funds because it has relied on the states and localities to police themselves, the General Accounting Office said today.

The G.A.O., which is an investigating arm of Congress, said that the 39,000 state and local governments should be open to outside auditing so that they may be held accountable for their use of more than \$6 billion annually in the program.

Meanwhile, House-passed legislation to extend revenue sharing beyond its Dec. 31 expiration is lagging in Congress, despite urgent pleas from local governments for action. The delay has been caused by the Senate Finance Committee's preoccupation with tax legislation.

Congressional and other sources say that action is unlikely until after Labor Day, which will put the legislators up against an Oct. 2 deadline, when both Houses are scheduled to adjourn until Jan. 20.

Because it does not have the

manpower to conduct its own audit of local use of revenue-sharing funds, the Office of Revenue Sharing issued in 1973 a guide for states' independent auditors to assess how the money was being spent.

The G.A.O. said that its review of 117 audits conducted under the present system showed laxity in certain areas, particularly the assessments of how well the localities observed the civil rights provisions of the revenue-sharing law.

The law says that localities may not spend Federal money for programs or activities that discriminate against citizens by race, religion or other criteria.

Some states and independent public accountants complained that they "lack the expertise to audit compliance matters," the G.A.O. reported.

In an unrelated development, an affiliate of the United States Civil Rights Commission has charged that poor and minority people in Michigan are having less influence over the way that Federal community development dollars are spent than they had under older programs, such as Model Cities.

The Michigan advisory committee to the commission, in a study of eight communities, found that poor and minority people were scarcely represented on committees that help decide how the money is spent.

COUNTRY FUN FOR KIDS
AID THE FRESH AIR FUND

adidas
from head
to toe

SUN VISOR
SOCKETS
SHIRT
SLIP
JEANS

of the total
adidas
store

JUTLER
OWENS

You will Always Find the Carpeting
You Want by Name: You Trust,
at Well Below the Usual Retail

**WHATEVER YOU NEED IN CARPETING
YOU WILL FIND AT A.B.C.
THE LARGEST CARPET STORE IN
THE U.S.A.**

Save as you select from over 1,000 rolls of elegant new designs, from hundreds of REMNANTS DESIGNER AREA RUGS, AND ORIENTAL RUGS.

A.B.C. has been making friends in the carpet business since 1937. A.B.C. has become the Largest Carpet Store in the Country.

YOUR SELECTION TODAY CAN BE INSTALLED TOMORROW

Super Carpeting From **\$4 TO \$12** SQ. YD.

Values From \$8 to \$30 Sq. Yd.
THERE'S ONLY ONE A.B.C. CARPET

A B C
carpet co.

OPEN TODAY
THURSDAY
9 A.M. to 6 P.M.
MON., TUES., WED.,
FRI 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.
SAT. 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

A.B.C. Carpet
WAREHOUSE
265 W. Fordham Rd.
(at Major Design Exp.)
BRONX
OPEN MON.
10 a.m. to 8 p.m.
TEL: 365-8400
FREE PARKING

881 BROADWAY
CORNER E. 18th St.
MANHATTAN
Tel: 677-6970
Free Parking Available at 20th St.
George (Enter 5th & 6th Ave.)



at wallachs

Get ahead of the season and save!

Our Barrister vested sharkskin suit is a great value. The fabric is Dacron® polyester and wool and comes in grey and blue. Fashionably vested for fall.

Now 149.90 (After Labor Day, the regular price will be 175.00)

wallachs For your convenience there are 24 fine stores in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Use your Wallachs Credit Card, American Express, BankAmericard or Master Charge.

سكرا من الاصل

Handwritten signature or initials in a box.

**BUDGET REVIEW
KID IN SENATE**

From Page 1, Col. 2
... and the new Budget
... bill approved today
... exemption from the auto
... rmination, or "sunset,"
... only a few programs
... insurance type, such as
... security, where individ-
... dinate to a retirement
... benefit.
... even longstanding "en-
... programs such as

veterans' combat-related dis-
ability benefits would be subject
to review every five years,
though there is little expecta-
tion that cash payments now
received by individuals will be
taken away.
More likely to be modified
or possibly terminated would
be some of the more than 1,000
grant programs, often through
state and local government,
that deliver services of various
kinds.
The committee report on the
bill will begin as follows:
"The purpose of S.2925, as
amended, is to close the gap
between Congress and the re-
sults of its legislative work-

the actual performance and ac-
complishments of Federal pro-
grams paid for out of the
Federal budget."
The bill sets up a schedule
of "functional" programs—
health, education, income se-
curity, veterans, agriculture,
natural resources—for review
and possible termination every
five years. Under an amend-
ment adopted today, the reform
itself would have to be re-
enacted by Congress after five
years of experience. If it was
not re-enacted, the old proce-
dures would resume.
The bill must now be consid-
ered by the Senate Rules Com-
mittee. It must also be con-

sidered by the Finance Commit-
tee because one of its provisions
requires a five-year review
cycle of "tax expenditures,"
that is, special tax deductions,
exemptions or exclusions that
are aimed at achieving results
in such areas as mining and
health or home-ownership out-
lays by taxpayers.
The chief sponsor of the
legislation was Senator Ed-
mund S. Muskie, Democrat of
Maine, who is chairman of the
subcommittee of Government
Operations that drafted the bill.
Senator Muskie's perception of
the need for "sunset" grew as
a result of his other role as
chairman of the new Senate

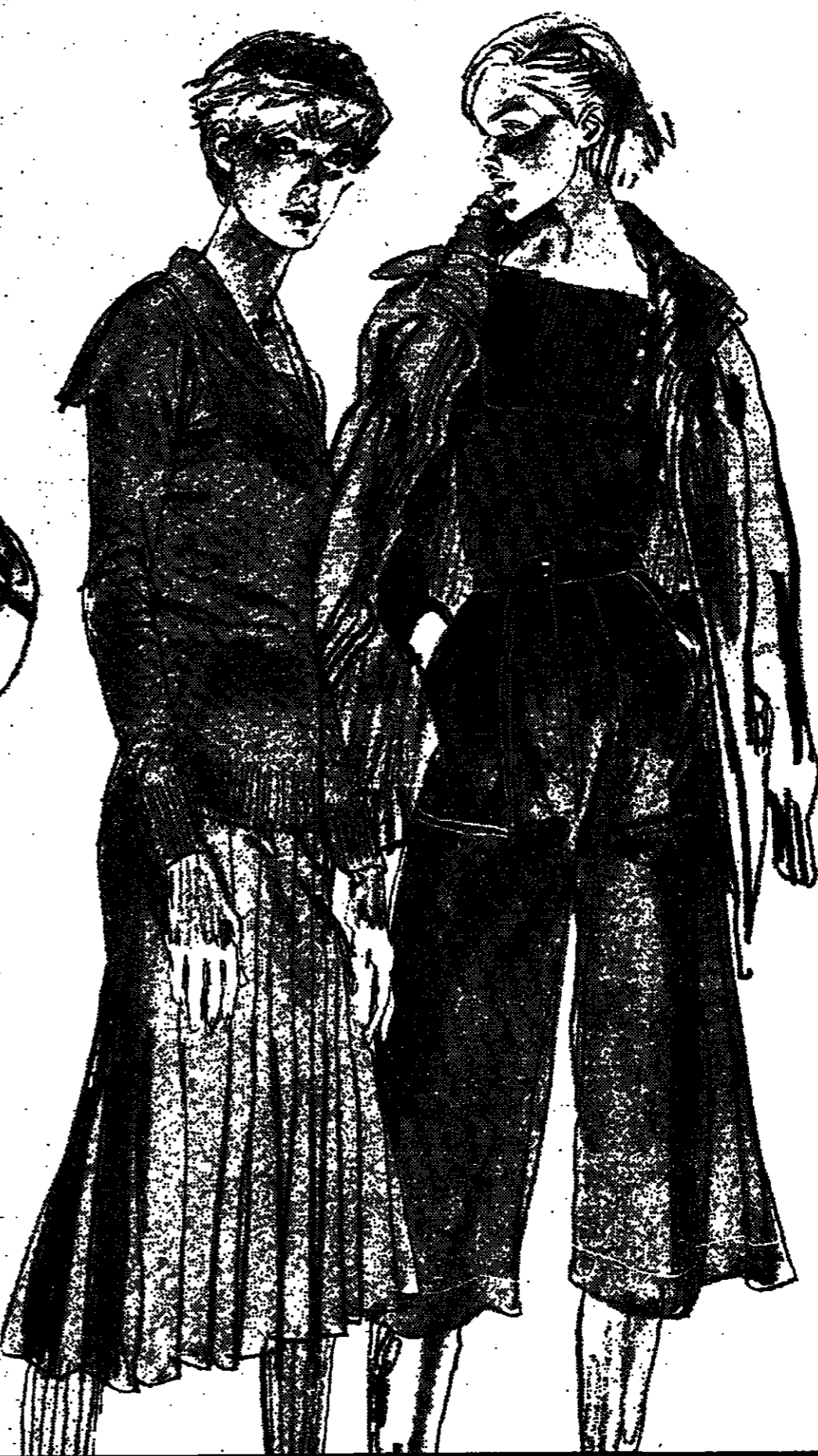
Budget Committee.
The committee report on the
bill says, "The committee
would like to state at the outset
that S.2925 does not require the
re-enactment of the entire Uni-
ted States code every five years.
Rather it only affects those pro-
visions of law authorizing the
expenditure of funds. Accord-
ingly, substantive provisions of
law—antitrust, civil rights, oc-
cupational safety laws, etc.—
are not affected by the termina-
tion provisions... the focal
point of the termination and re-
view process in S.2925 is in-
tended to be those provisions

vide budget authority for the
delivery of services or goods
by the Federal Government."
The term "sunset" apparently
arose as a verbal counterpart
to "sunshine" legislation, which
relates to the conduct of Gov-
ernment business in the open.
Both terms originated in the
states, not Washington. Colora-
do has just enacted the first
state sunset law.
The committees that handle
the basic legislation would con-
duct the reviews, with help
from the Office of Management
and Budget, the General Ac-
counting Office and the new
Congressional Budget Office.

The Ford Administration has
been lukewarm to the legisla-
tion, though not overtly op-
posed. Paul H. O'Neill, deputy
director of the Office of Man-
agement and Budget, told the
House Budget Committee last
week that he feared it could
produce "mountains of paper-
work" with few substantive re-
sults in cutting back ineffective
programs.
However, there was also
much skepticism about the
radical Congressional budget
reform. While it remains to be
fully tested, there is now much
more optimism than there was
a year or two ago, both in and
out of Congress, that it will
work in restraining the Con-
gressional "propensity to
spend" under its old procedures
of passing bills one at a time
with no control over the total.
The committee report on the
"sunset" bill says that the
number and complexity of
Federal programs, the great
increase in "uncontrollable"
outlays and the "rapid growth
in the number of Federal pro-
grams with permanent appro-
priations" have made the new
system of review necessary.
**COUNTRY FUN FOR KIDS
AID THE FRESH AIR FUND**



When your list of things-to-do
runs to three opening nights a week,
shouldn't your clothes lead the soft life?
Cathy Hardwick says yes!



DRAWINGS BY JIM HOWARD

With an exquisitely easy separates collection that combines
sophistication with simplicity. Clothes that go anywhere,
do anything, anytime. All designed with the elegance
you've always had. Sweaters that wrap you in the deep-pile softness
of lambswool, nylon and angora. Skirts and pants tailored
to perfection. Here: The long wrap coat over the soft cowl and
pleated front pant. Topped by the matching turned-up brim hat.
The longsleeved sailor pullover with the all-around pleated skirt.
The ¾ length coat sweater over the boatneck sweater and slim culotte.
Sweaters for S, M or L sizes. Skirts and pants for 4 to 12 sizes. Hat, one size.
All in taupe or black. The collection priced from 30.00 to 104.00.
Seventh Floor Sportswear, Fifth Avenue at 56th Street, New York
CATHY HARDWICK arrives today, August 5th, with her dazzling
Separates Collection. Come see her and a showing of the collection at 6:30 p.m.
More in our Fifth Avenue windows, too!

**BONWIT
TELLER**

Bonwit Teller charge accepted, of course. We also honor American Express, BankAmericard and Master Charge cards.
New York Manhattan Scarsdale Short Hills Boston Troy Chicago Oak Brook Philadelphia Wynnewood Jenkintown Beverly Hills Palm Beach

Introducing body smoothers by givenchy® for round-the-clock®

Shaped with Lycra® spandex by DuPont®. Sheer pantyhose with gentle, beautiful support from the master couturier, Hubert de Givenchy. Created to hug your body...and fit your legs with perfection...and sleek you under everything you wear. For the smoothest, most elegant look for fall, why begin with anything else? Givenchy Body Smoothers in Demi (s), Trim (m), Model (m/l), and Stately (xl). All sheer sandalfoot in Le Greige Taupe (light grey taupe), Beaucoup de Black, Le Beige Bare (medium beige), Le Paris Tango (suntan), Le Creme de Cocoa (light beige), Le Toffe (medium-brown). Demi-toe with reinforced panty and toe in Le Beige Bare, Le Toupe Perfect (dark grey taupe), Tres Blanc (white), Le Paris Tango, Le Creme de Cocoa, Le Toffee. 5.95 each. Pantyhose. Main Floor. Available at all fashion branches. Mail and phone orders filled on 2 pair or more. We regret, no C.O.D.'s.



bloomingdale's

1000 Third Avenue, New York. 355-5900. Open late Monday and Thursday evenings.

Some Flood Victims Face More Anguish

By GRACE LICHTENSTEIN
Special to The New York Times

LOVELAND, Colo., Aug. 4 — Sometimes, the first few days after a flood are worse than the disaster itself. Today was one of anguish for Mike Watson, of foreboding for Dencey Lloyd, relief for Robert E. Lindsay, and grief for others.

As baking sunlight dried out the muddy wreckage in Big Thompson Canyon, rescue workers continued to discover new victims of the flash flood Saturday night. The county sheriff said at midday that the death toll had reached 100. Some rescue teams were using dogs in the search for bodies.

Survivors kept a vigil, often tearfully, at the old Loveland Hospital, now serving as the morgue, while homeowners began salvaging what they could of their property. Hospital officials estimated that some 800 people were still missing.

One of them was Cheryl Watson, Mike Watson's former wife. She was last seen driving in a car along the flood route with a friend whose body has already been identified.

"We were still close," Mr. Watson, a musician who lives in Loveland, said at the hospital. Like others, he was hoping against hope that she would still be found alive.

He had been playing at a local club Saturday night when he heard about the flood. He knew Cheryl was supposed to be going to a dance in the canyon. He managed to reach friends who told him that they had turned their own car around when the sudden downpour that caused the flood hit, but had seen Cheryl and her companion continue on.

Mr. Watson had called the hotel they were to have gone to and at first was told by someone there that she was safe. Relieved, Mike drove to the hotel over back roads as the flood receded, only to learn she had never been there.

Mike and Cheryl have a 3-year-old daughter. "I was always just a daddy. Now I've got to be a father," he said. "We were divorced three months ago. But then we started seeing friends again." He started to weep. "We were supposed to have a date this week."

Inside the hospital a computer lent by the local office of the Hewlett-Packard Company was being used to match descriptions of the missing with those of the dead.

Mr. Watson checked in with a volunteer worker sitting at one of the two reception tables. "Still missing as of 11 A.M.," the volunteer reported after checking some papers. Mike nodded numbly.

Many of those with friends or relatives still unaccounted for had spent three days without sleep trying to track down the missing. Dencey Lloyd of Lewiston, Idaho, and her brother-in-law, who were sitting quietly in an outer waiting room, still could not locate Mrs. Lloyd's mother, Helen Jenkins of Denver.

Mrs. Jenkins had been spending the weekend with friends in a cabin in the canyon. They were last seen preparing to drive away from the flood waters. The cabin itself had been dragged from its foundations and had been slammed into a neighbor's house.

"I'm not ready to handle the fact that she is gone," Mrs. Lloyd said, keeping control of her voice. "But we can't sit here forever. I guess it's better to know positively or negatively than to be kept hanging."

This was not the first time Mrs. Lloyd had experienced sudden bereavement. "I've been there before. I lost my husband in a plane accident off the coast of Japan. That's what's going through my mind. Yeah, I feel picked on," she said.

Dr. Michael Charney had also been through disasters before. He is the deputy coroner and a professor at Colorado State University who is a disaster specialist.

"For sheer horror this is the worst I've seen," he said, noting the number of bodies and the difficulty in identifying them. Most had been stripped of their clothing by the torrent and had been badly battered.

Dr. Charney had accompanied many of those who had to view a corpse. He pointed to a dazed, crying man being assisted by a clergyman.

"He identified his baby daughter yesterday," Dr. Charney said. "And today his wife. He didn't want to look at the body. He identified the rings but when I showed him a picture he said, 'No, the hair's not that dark.' It got matted in the water. He is still waiting on another daughter. Much as I hate to do this," Dr. Charney continued, "we have to have a correct, positive identification."

At the disaster control center in Loveland, Robert Lindsay was waiting on line to get a pass allowing him into the canyon to continue cleaning up his land. (The authorities started requiring passes after some looting was reported.)

His house had been spared, Mr. Lindsay said. But three cars, a truck, a tractor and a guest house had been swept away. While removing debris, he had found the body of an unknown girl among the trees.

In spite of it all, he was happy. "My son had been missing for 12 hours," he exclaimed. "But they finally found him." He had been stopped at a roadblock Saturday night and told he couldn't get home. They found him sleeping in his car.

New French Cut

Higher armhole
Tapered sleeves
Fitted chest
Fitted waist

Very virile

Custom made
\$15.00 to \$28.50

Custom minimum: any four
American Express/Master Charge

The Custom Shop
Suits

Telephone 562-8995
50 W. 57th St., New York, N.Y. 10019
MAD. CH. 445 7th Fl. 204-115 2nd Fl.

PRE-FALL SHOWING OF PURE WOOL VESTED SUITS



Field Brothers of course

Tailored in advance of the season, Dean Peterson's new luxurious multi-toned Donegal tweeds for the elegant MAN IN WOOL. Substantial pre-season savings on these new fashion vested suits. "Wool. In a Class by Itself." August value priced \$145.



The sewn-in Woolmark label is your assurance of quality-tested fabrics made of the world's best... Pure Wool.

PURE WOOL
Kings Highway, Brooklyn · Rego Park off Queens Blvd. · Roosevelt Field, In New Jersey — Woodbridge Center and Paramus Park Shopping Center

JACK-OF-ALL-FOODS

Magic Mill can chop, slice, blend, shred, knead. Has 6½-c. blender jar, 5-qt. covered bowl, funnel, pusher; 4 stainless blades, double wire whip beater arm, mixer-kneader arm with dough hooks,

recipe book. ½-hp. 250.00. Electrics, fifth floor, Fifth Avenue, (212) MU9-7000, branches.

P.S. A demonstrator will be in our Fifth Avenue store today and Saturday, 12-2.



BAltman & Co

MALPIN INVENTORY SALE

BELOW OUR ORIGINAL WHOLESALE COST

Rolleiflex SL35

Simplicity is its Genius



6-piece outfit

With original telephone lens List Price
Rolleiflex SL 35 body 258.00
50mm 1.8 lens 72.00
135mm Carl Zeiss Tole Tessor
German telephone lens 198.00
electronic flash 39.95
skylight filter 9.95
lens shade 6.95
584.85

• through-the-lens metering
• focal plane shutter speed
• 27 1/1000 second
• fully interchangeable lenses
• self-timer
• ultra lightweight body

SEE LOW PRICE \$209.95 For complete outfit

CAMERA SPECIALS

ROLLEI A110 Pocket Camera \$179.95
CANON FTBN 209.95 w/50mm 1:1.8
YASHICA ELECTRO 104.95 35SSN 5 piece outfit
YASHICA TL ELECTRO 139.95 w/50mm 1:1.8 lens
MONEYWELL PENTAX SP1000 149.95 w/50mm 1:2 lens

CALCULATOR SPECIALS
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS SR50A 44.95
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS SR50 44.95
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS SR52 21.95
HEWLETT PACKARD HP 21 109.95
HEWLETT PACKARD HP 22 124.95
HEWLETT PACKARD HP 22 137.95

SUPER SPECIAL
MINI TA SRT 202 \$229.95 w/50mm 1:1.8 lens

PHONE & MAIL ORDERS
(212) 564-2568

MALPIN

CAMERA & ELECTRONICS, INC.

50 WEST 37TH STREET NY, NY 10018

LIMITED QUANTITIES - PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT ANY NOTICE.
MASTERCARD & AMERICAN EXPRESS
CERTIFIED CHECK OR MONEY ORDER ONLY
CASH AND CASH HANDLING AND SHIPPING.
TOP DOLLAR PAID FOR TRADE IN
OPEN MON thru SAT 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.
SUN 10 A.M. to 6 P.M.

BONWIT TELLER

No one has to tell you what makes a bright breezy loungeur indispensable. You may be out in the garden, or off on a hundred errands in town. Or sitting with a good book when the doorbell rings. Fine. You're perfectly at ease in the Model's Coat inspired from handcrafted batik designs. In a border print with black or rich rust predominating. Pure, crisp cotton for P,S,M or L sizes, 21.00 Loungewear Third Floor

Add 1.35 outside delivery area, and sales tax where applicable. Call (212) EL 5-2600 any hour. Fifth Avenue at 56th Street, New York. Manhattan Scarsdale Short Hills

سكزا من الاصل

**OF HUGHES
VINGHEAD SUMMA**

**Named Chairman of
—His Law Partner
Gets a Position**

ALLACE TURNER
1 to The New York Times
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4—
rice Lummis, 47 years
ouston lawyer who is
of the late Howard R.
was named chairman
of the Summa Cor-
today.



United Press International
am Rice Lummis

man of the executive
e of Summa
ices of president and
airman were vacant in
es's lifetime. Company
n had explained that
on was so that Mr.
the sole stockholder,
ll the positions if he

ummis was one of three
mbers added to the
board, which was ex-
rom five members to
two other new mem-
Milton M. West Jr.,
been Summa's tax
nd William E. Rankin,
lent and treasurer.

st, like Mr. Lummis,
r in the Houston law
drews, Kurth, Camp-
es. Sources familiar
nt developments in
ffairs have pictured
sas relying heavily
st's advice.

kin is a longtime em-
Hughes enterprises
old positions with
rcraft, Hughes Hel-
Summa.

ssues Statement
any spokesman at
he following state-
r. Gay:
e actions the repre-
of the estate of How-
oin with Summa's
it in reaffirming a
continuity for the
tions of the corpora-

umis was quoted as
will be as active in
ffairs as I can find

r four directors of
holdovers, like Mr.
re Chester C. Davis,
continue as chief
adine Henley, who
ue as senior vice
nd John Holmes and
r. Mr. Holmes and
were members of a
ff of "executive as-
ho traveled with Mr.

mis and Mr. West
r. Gay, Mr. Davis,
enley on the execu-
tee.

Summon Managers
ny spokesman said
rector would spend
wo days discussing
state of affairs of
empire. The direc-
sked the managers
hes hotels and cas-
ar before them with
forecasts.

here on the agenda
plan to discuss the
a Hughes will, the
said. Up to now, a
arch has failed to
any will that the
up and Mr. Hughes's
lieve that he signed.

ree dozen wills have
with the county clerk
as. One of these has
red for probate.
side Summa, have
ctors are confident
pose all of the wills

sense of a valid will,
s came forward as
ntative of his moth-
nette Gano Lummis,
old aunt and closest
relative of the late

backing of Summa
Mr. Lummis was
by a Delaware
re the company is
is temporary admin-
Summa affairs.
ssumption of a posi-
hority was not con-
sual.

it is the view of
hat the naming of
the board suggests
mong Mr. Hughes's
relatives that they
r representation on

FRESH AIR FUND
REAL GRASS

SAVE on three easy-care broadlooms

**Lustrous "Triple Crown"
now sq. yd. installed* 16.25**

Reg. 19.00. Sturdy Acrilan® acrylic face yarns by Monsanto, in shadings that mask soil, are easy to spot clean, keep fresh. 16 fashionable colors like cream, celtic green, mistletoe; cadet red, henna, aquamist, charcoal, and more. 12' and 15' wide. Also in room-size rugs bound all around.

	Reg.	Sale	Save
12x9'	188.00	155.00	33.00
12x10.6'	218.00	179.50	38.50
12x13.6'	278.00	228.50	49.50
12x15'	308.00	253.00	55.00
15x9'	233.50	192.25	41.25
15x10.6'	270.75	222.62	48.13

**Plush "Classic" now sq. yd.
installed* 16.75.**

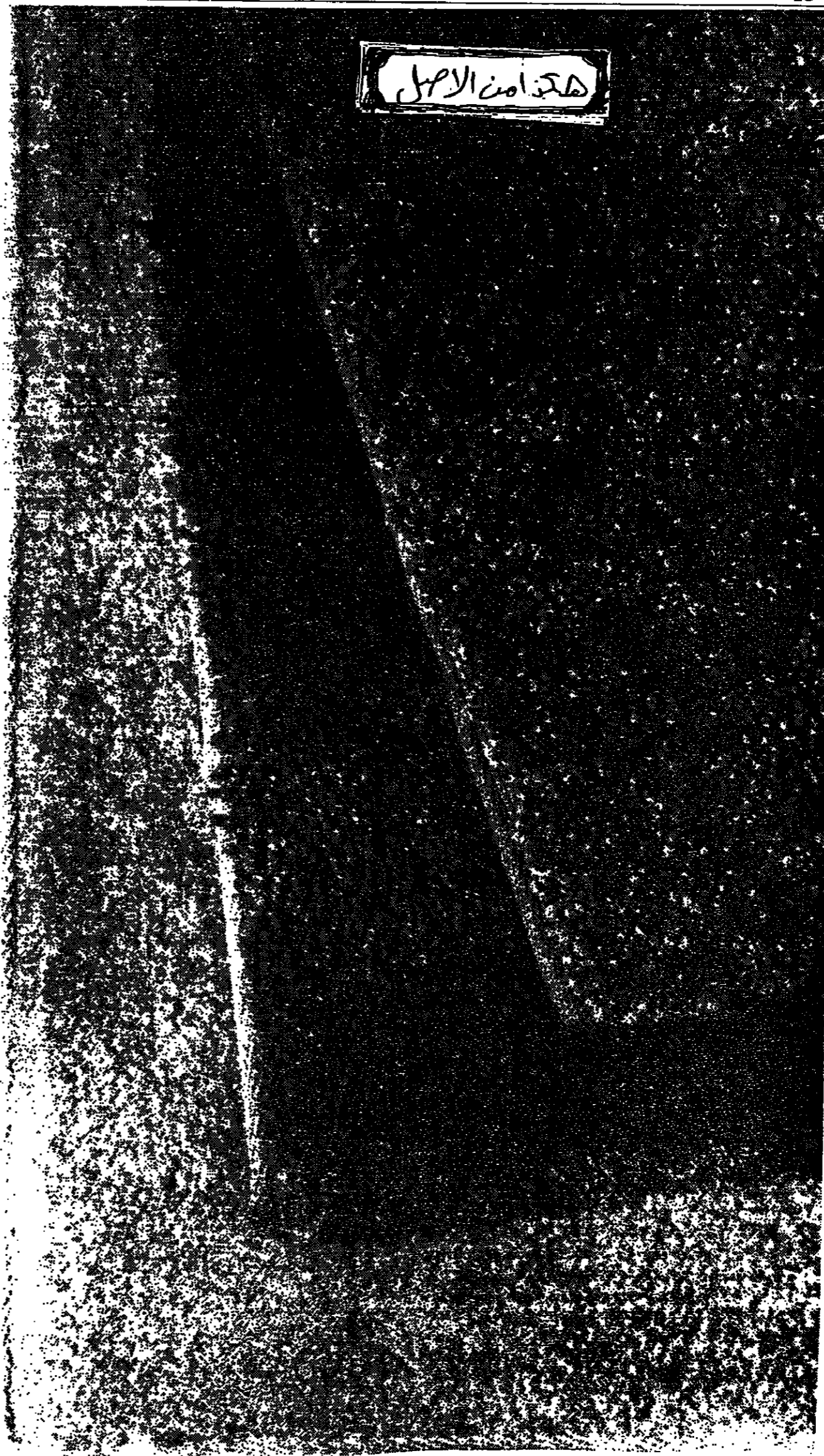
Reg. 19.00. Saxony-textured heat set Monsanto plyed nylon face yarns achieve a carpeting that's long-wearing, hides footprints, sheds soil. 12' wide. 18 glowing colors like suede, straw, light teak, others. And in room-size rugs bound on four sides.

	Reg.	Sale	Save
12x9'	188.00	161.00	27.00
12x12'	248.00	212.00	36.00
12x13.6'	278.00	237.50	40.50
12x15'	308.00	263.00	45.00

**Super twist "Rampart"
now sq. yd. installed* 18.25**

Reg. 22.00. Beautiful nylon carpeting made to take wear and tear, easy to maintain. 15 dramatic colors like canyon copper, buckskin, Roman gold, parsley green, sea foam, more. 12' width. Also in room-size rugs bound all-round.

	Reg.	Sale	Save
12x9'	224.00	179.00	45.00
12x10.6'	260.00	207.50	52.50
12x12'	296.00	236.00	60.00
12x13.6'	332.00	264.50	67.50
12x15'	368.00	293.00	75.00



Handwritten text in a box: "Moroccan design"

*Installed tackless over our rubberized waffle pad or our "Soft Touch" sponge lining on normal flat surfaces. Sales end August 31st. Altman Broadloom, fifth floor, Fifth Avenue and branches.



**Save 28% and 33% on this
imported wool rug with its
Moroccan design hand-carved
in fashionable earth tones.**

The beauty and versatility of rugs designed by the tribesmen of North Africa are legendary. We've had this handsome geometric repeat of a design handwoven in India, of sturdy, extra heavy native wool of the top quality. Even the wool fringes are handmade. The neutral, natural tones of the earth and the desert are captured in copper, brown or black design hand-carved on ivory background. Choose from 3 room-size rugs, all off regular prices through August 31st.

8x10' reg. 695.00 **now 495.00**
9x12' reg. 895.00 **now 595.00**
10x14' reg. 1195.00 **now 795.00**

Altman Oriental Rugs, fifth floor,
Fifth Avenue, White Plains
and Short Hills.

Use our Deferred Payment Plan.
and take months to pay for purchases
of \$100 or more.

B. Altman & Co

SHOP EVENINGS AT ALL ALTMAN STORES...FIFTH AVENUE THURSDAY TILL 8...DAILY, 10 TO 6

Monday through Friday, Ridgewood/Paramus 9:30 to 9:30; Monday and Thursday, White Plains and Manhasset 9:30 to 9; Short Hills 9:30 to 9:30; St. Davids, Monday and Wednesday, 9:30 to 9:30.

Harris Jury Is Out a 5th Day; Defendants Encouraged

By MARCIA CHAMBERS
Special to The New York Times

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 4—The jury in the trial of William and Emily Harris, grappling with 22 possible verdicts on assault, robbery and kidnapping charges, began a fifth day of deliberations today without sending any word on its progress.

By day's end the jurors had completed more than 30 hours of work since they received the case last Friday. At 5 P.M. they returned to the hotel where they have been sequestered. Earlier, the two defendants sent word from their jail cells across the street from the courthouse that they were "encouraged" by the length of the deliberations.

Leonard Weinglass, the chief defense attorney, elaborated in an interview. "When we started this case, most people thought it was an open-and-shut case," he said. "But now we feel the

jury must be paying close attention to the evidence." The defense, conceding the facts of the case, has contended that the charges against the Harrises are in excess to the crimes they purportedly committed on May 18, 1974, when they fled from a sporting goods store here after Patricia Hearst admitted opening fire to free them from near arrest on shoplifting charges.

In flight, the Harrises and Miss Hearst, who will be tried separately, allegedly stole two automobiles and kidnapped the owners. The Harrises have argued that the cars were merely "borrowed" at gunpoint and later returned, and that the kidnapping victims were not really kidnapped.

In his instructions on the law, which the jurors have had read back to them, Judge Mark Brandler of Superior Court told them that they could also consider lesser offenses, besides

those in the indictment. For example, instead of arriving at a verdict on first-degree robbery of the automobiles, the jury could decide whether the Harrises had violated a section of the state's motor vehicle code that makes it a felony to take another person's car without his consent.

The jury may also consider whether the Harrises intended to rob one of their victims, Frank R. Sutter, when they held him captive for more than six hours. Kidnapping with the intention of robbery carries a mandatory life prison term here, but the jury has also been given the option of weighing the Sutter charge on kidnapping alone, which carries up to 25 years in prison.

Special to The New York Times
SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 4—Patricia Hearst will testify before a Federal grand jury here

Aug. 12. The Scranton Times reported today. The jury is investigating charges stemming from Miss Hearst's stay at a farmhouse near here in the summer of 1974 while she was the object of a nationwide search by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

United States Attorney S. John Cottone, of the Middle District of Pennsylvania, refused to comment on the newspaper article. In her San Francisco trial on bank robbery charges, Miss Hearst testified that Jack Scitt, a sports activist and a native of Scranton, and his wife, Micki, drove her to a secluded farmhouse at South Canaan, a rural community 40 miles from here.

Mr. Cottone has said on several occasions since that he would like to get Miss Hearst to testify before the grand jury here.



Like a gentleman's, but softer

For nights in the study, our Victorian paisley and stripe robe, 55.00

And the nightshirt of nightshirts. White with ruffled jabot, brown-white ribbon trim. 35.00

By Chevette in polyester surah, the silk feel-alike, sizes P, S, M.

Fourth Floor
lingerie
Lord & Taylor—
WI 7-3300

And at all Lord & Taylor stores

B&B Lorry's Clean Sweep Sale

The Most Spectacular Savings We've Ever Offered On Men's Famous Brand Apparel*. Savings So Fantastic That If You Can Beat The Values In This Clean Sweep Sale We Will Gladly Refund Your Money. **

SAVE UP TO 50% AND MORE

Famous Brand Men's Suits

Regular to \$185

\$79 & \$89

Famous Brand Sport Coats

Regular to \$125

\$39 to \$59



FAMOUS BRAND MEN'S SLACKS

Regular to \$40

\$19 to \$25

FAMOUS BRAND LEISURE SUITS

Regular to \$125

\$39 to \$69

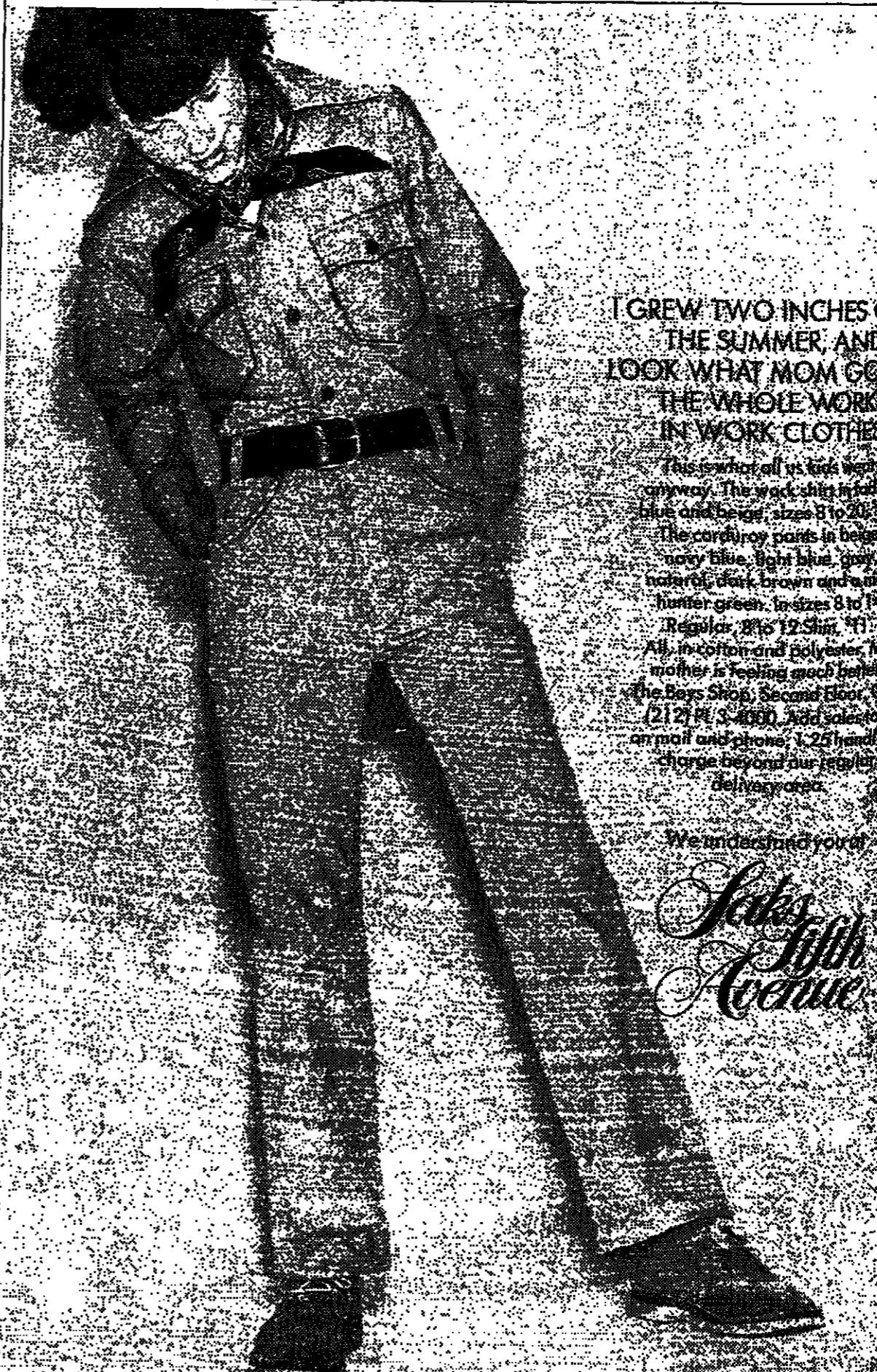
SPECIAL GROUP
MEN'S FURNISHINGS & SPORTSWEAR
15% to 30% OFF

B&B Lorry's

Manhattan: Fifth Avenue at 43rd Street—Broadway at 38th Street
Queens: Jamaica—Fresh Meadows The Bronx: Metropolitan Avenue
Long Island: Roosevelt Field, West Whitman Center,
South Shore Mall—Mid-Island Shopping Center
New Jersey: Woodbridge Center—Garden State Plaza
Brooklyn: Kings Plaza Shopping Center—442 85th Street
Westchester: 2550 Central Avenue, Yonkers—The Mall, New Rochelle

*SPECIALLY SELECTED GROUPS

** Refunds on unaltered garments within ten days only.



I GREW TWO INCHES
THE SUMMER AND
LOOK WHAT MOM GO
THE WHOLE WORK
IN WORK CLOTHES

This is what all us kids wear
anyway. The work shirt in
blue and beige, sizes 8 to 20.
The corduroy pants in beige,
navy blue, light blue, grey,
tan, dark brown and
hunter green. In sizes 8 to 18.
Regular fits 12-34, 11-17.
All in cotton and polyester. If
mother is feeling much better,
The Boys Shop, Second Floor,
2127 S. 4th St., 400. Add postage
or mail and phone: 1-23 head
charge beyond our regular
delivered price.

We understand you
Saks Fifth Avenue

NEW YORK • WHITE PLAINS • SPRINGFIELD • GARDEN CITY

صكنا من الامم

NEWSMEN GIVEN
JAILING REPRIEVE

Court Will Decide on
Granting a New Hearing

Special to The New York Times
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4—
California Supreme Court
today stayed a Fresno
Superior Court judge's order
that would have jailed indefi-
nitely four newsmen on The
Los Angeles Times who have refused
to disclose their sources for a
series of articles about municipal
corruption.
The court said it was issuing
the stay so it could have time
to decide if it should grant the
newsmen a hearing on the issue
of whether a "reasonable likelihood
of disclosure" would make them talk.
The court has steadfastly main-
tained that they will not, and
that they should not be
jailed to indefinite confine-
ment.
The court also asserted that such jail-
ing constitutes a "coercive"
act, rather than a "punitive" sen-
tence, and that the five-day
stay by another California
judge, William Farr, after an
order of an indefinite sen-
tence and is thus prohibited.
The four had been scheduled
to be jailed at 5 P.M. today.
The men — George F.
Jim Bort, city editor,
of Rosato and William K.
son, reporters — were ordered
to jail by Superior Court
Judge Hollis Best in April 1975
on 3 counts of contempt.
They were to remain there
if they disclosed their source
in news articles about bribery
charges against a city council.
The articles were based
on grand jury testimony.
The state Appellate Court, up-
per of the original 73 find-
ings of contempt. The Califor-
nia Supreme Court denied an
order for a hearing and the
United States Supreme Court
denied certiorari. The four men
rely on a California
shield law that
protects reporters to keep their
sources confidential. But the
appellate court held the law did
not apply to questions posed
by the judge. However, the four
did not spend any time in jail
because they have been
granted a series of stays while
awaiting appellate review.
The day's appeal relies on a
decision issued by a state court
in the case of Mr. Farr, now
reporter with The Los An-
geles Times. He refused to tell
his source for an article
about the Charles Manson mur-
der, written while he was
in jail for The Los Angeles
Examiner.
Initially, Mr. Farr was
sentenced to an indefinite term in
jail. He served 45 days before
former Associate Justice of the
Supreme Court, William O.
Jennings, ordered him released
on appeal. Later, Mr.
Farr's case was resolved by his
sentencing to an additional
30 days in jail.

Venezuela Holds Legislators
for Snapping of American

CARACAS, Venezuela, Aug. 4—
Two left-wing Con-
gressmen have been arrested
today for snatching the kid-
naping of an American busi-
nessman, William F. Niehaus,
an informant spokesman said
today.

Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.
Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.

Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.

Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.

Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.

Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.

Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.

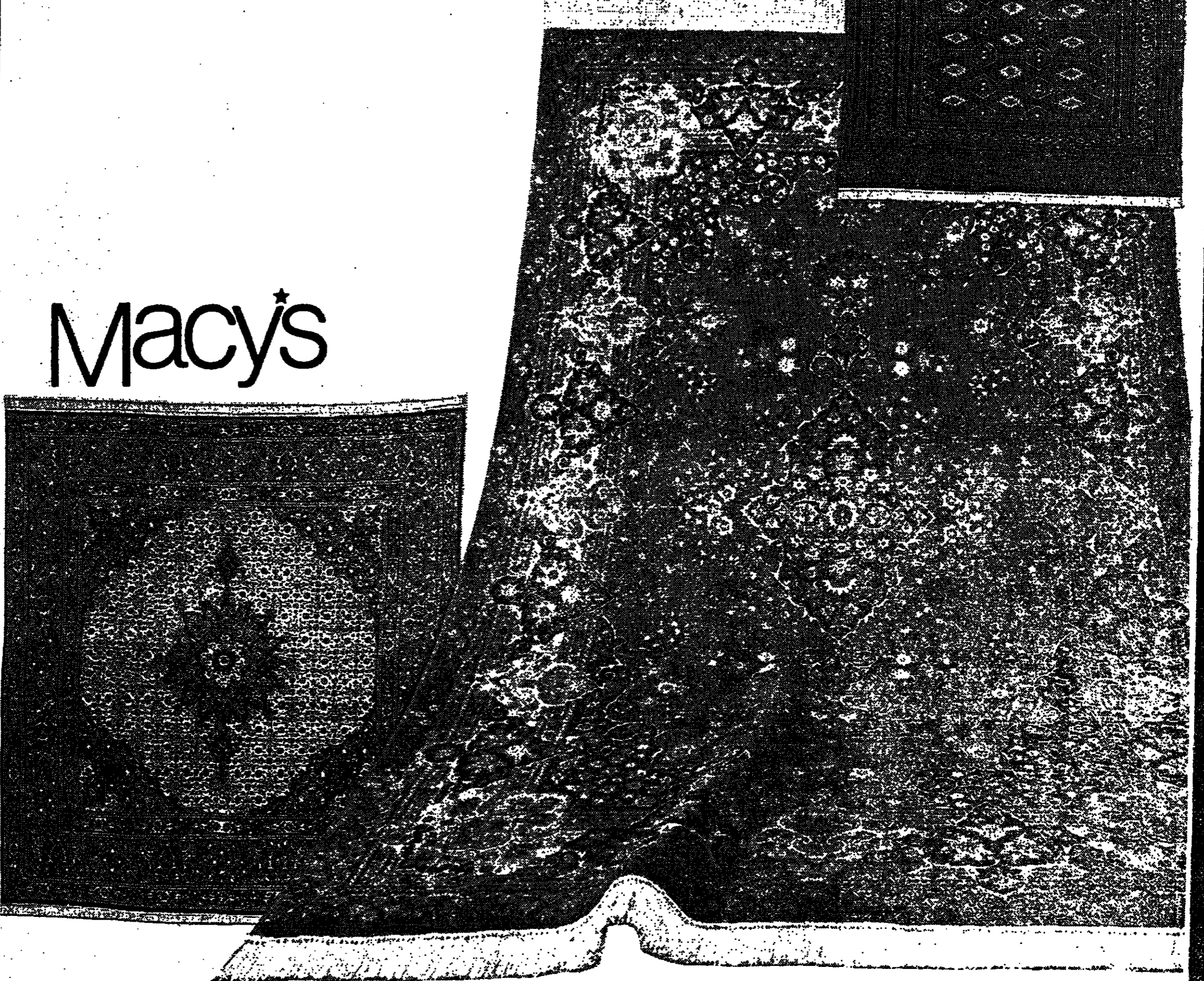
Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.

Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.

Niehaus, 44 years old,
of Ohio, was abducted
by masked gunmen at
his urban Caracas residence
last night, the
man said.

Sale - Thurs... Fri... Sat... over \$1,000,000 worth of new and used genuine Orientals

Macy's



Select from these Oriental treasures:

Assorted New Scatterers & Runners

Type	Size	Condition	Sale
Pakistan	5.3x2.8	N	179
Dargoon	5.2x2.5	N	179
Fine Pakistan	5.2x2.9	N	219
Fine Pakistan Pray	5.3	N	239
Serehend	6.9x2.8	N	259
Sarok	2.10x2.10	N	239
Fine Pakistan Cauc	5.4x3	N	279
Kerman Pst	4.2x3	N	259
Serehend	7x2.8	N	259
Hamadan	7x4.2	N	259
Fine Pak. Prayer	5.10x4	N	359

**Just 11 Bukaras
sale \$59
Approximately 2x3 size**

Fine Pak. Pray	6x4.2	N	359
Kerman	6.8x4.4	N	359
Fine Pak. Ok Bl	6.8x4.4	N	419
Fine Pak	6.8x4.1	N	419
Fine Pak	6.8x4.2	N	419
Pakistan	5.8x4.2	N	419
Kerman	7x2.6	N	429
Hamadan	6.8x4.2	N	449
Pakistan Bl	6.8x4.4	N	479
Fine Pak. Lt. Gr	6.4x4.2	N	459
Fine Pak. Pr	6.4x4.2	N	459
Fine Pak. Pray	6.8x4.3	N	459
Fine Pak. Ivory	6.8x4.5	N	459
Fine Pak	6.8x4.6	N	459
Fine Pak. Ivory	6.4x4	N	459
Fine Pak. Ivory	6.7x4.2	N	459
Fine Pakistan	6.2x4.5	N	459
Pakistan	6.2x4.3	N	459
Indo-Sarok Ivory	6.2x4.9	N	459
Fine Bukara	6.2x5.2	N	529
Alghan	5.2x4.1	N	799
Kerman Lt. Bl	12x7.7	N	899
Kerman	19.6x2.8	N	1199
Jozan	7.8x4.6	N	1299
Kerman	19.5x2.8	N	1399
Kerman	22.9x2.10	N	1549
Fine Kum Silk	7x4.8	N	6299
Fine Kum Silk	7x4.8	N	6929

**Just 8 Antique
Chinese Rugs
sale \$299
Approximately 2.4x4.8
size, Washed.**

Tabriz	9.9x7	E	2299
Tabriz Rust	9.6x6.1	E	2409
Kerman Lt. Bl	11.2x3.8	E	2499
Tabriz	12.3x5.5	E	2519
Yalameh	10x7.4	E	2569
Tabriz Hunting	10.3x7.2	E	2629

**Just 6 Bukaras
sale \$269
Approximately 4x6 size**

Bukara	9.4x6.9	E	1649
Bukara Ivory	8.2x5.2	E	1659
Meshkin	11.6x9.3	E	1679
Meshkin	11.6x9.5	E	1679
Kerman Rosa	9.10x7.8	E	1749
Mir-Sarok	10.7x7.7	E	1499
Herz	12x6.6	E	1499
Meshkin	12x6.9	E	1589
Kerman	10.4x8	N	1659
Ardebil	11x8.4	E	1699
Ardebil	11.2x7.10	E	1649

New and Used Large Size Rugs

Type	Size	Condition	Sale
Fine Pakistan Bukara	12x10.3	E	1649
Bakhtary	10x10.8	E	1699
Pakistan Bukara	13.7x10.3	E	1749
Meshkin	14x9.4	E	1749
Herz	13.3x9.9	E	1649
Bakhtary	12.2x10.7	E	1949
Bakhtary	13.6x10.9	E	1949
Herz	13.6x9.6	E	2149
Ardebil	11.6x10.4	E	2149
Kerman	14x10	E	2249
Meshkin	15.8x12	E	2249
Khorassan	18.4x12.2	G	2359
Meshkin	14x10.5	E	2519
Mahal	16x10.7	E	2629
Mahal	17.3x10.9	E	2729
Deluxe Pak	14.5x10.5	E	2729
Oushak	14.6x12.5	G	2729
Meshkin	15x10.6	E	2849
Joshagan	15.8x10.8	E	2859
Kerman	12x10	N	3099
Sarok	13.3x10.3	E	3249
Ardebil	16.3x10.10	E	3349
Bakhtary	15.7x13.6	E	3499
Kerman	14.2x9.9	E	3849
Kashan	13.10x9.10	E	3849
Tabriz Rust	17x10.6	E	3999
Bakhtary	16.2x10.9	E	4059
Tabriz Rust	15x10.6	E	4199
Chinese Ming	16.6x10.5	G	4199
Kerman	16.9x10	N	4399
Tabriz Hunting	12.10x9.7	E	4449
Kerman	16x12	N	4899

New and Used, Room-Size Rugs

Type	Size	Condition	Sale
Pakistan Caucasian	9x5.5	F	539
Fine Pakistan Bukara	7.10x5.2	E	579
Meshkin	7.10x5.6	E	579
Meshkin	8.8x5.5	F	599
Pakistan Blue	8.8x5.8	E	599
Indo-Herz	9.10x6.8	N	679
Indo-Herz	9.8x6.6	N	679
Kum	10x7	F	699
Alghan	7.5x7.7	E	699

Every authentic Chinese Rug Approximately 9x12 size 20% off sale price

Kerman	14.9x10	N	4999
Meshkin	19.5x12.5	E	4879
Tabriz Lt. Bl	13.4x12.1	E	4999
Kerman Lt. Bl	16x11.8	N	5249
Fine Tabriz	15.7x10.2	E	5599
Kashan	13.9x9.5	E	5999
Kashan	13.6x10	E	5999
Kerman	18.7x10.7	E	5999
Del. Pak. Buk. Ivory	22.10x16	E	6249
Kashan Ivory	14.8x10.6	E	6719
Fine Tabriz	16x11.3	E	7139
Tabriz	12.8x12	E	7559

Just 11 India Rugs 30% off sale price Assorted patterns, sizes and qualities. Look for the Blue Tag!

Tabriz	13.10x10.5	E	10499
Very Fine Tabriz	19.5x12.10	E	12489
Fine Tabriz	21.9x13	E	16069
Fine Kashan	16.7x10.2	E	6299

Just 76 Rugs 25% off sale price Assorted patterns, sizes and qualities. Look for the Red Tag!

Kashan	7.2x4.6	N	1299
Jozan	7.3x4.6	N	1299
Tabriz	12.3x9.5	N	1349
Jozan	7.4x7.7	N	1399
Tabriz Rust	15.6x9	N	1549
Mood	16.10x2.6	N	1569
Fine Kashmir silk wrap	5.2x2.7	N	3299
Fine Kashmir silk wrap	5.2x2.7	N	3499
Silk Kum	5.2x2.7	N	3849
Silk Kum	7.2x4.7	N	6049
Fine Kashmir silk wrap	7.6x3	N	6149
Nam	8.4x5	N	6299
Fine Pak	12.7x5	N	16069

Just 6 Bukaras sale \$269 Approximately 4x6 size

Bukara	9.4x6.9	E	1649
Bukara Ivory	8.2x5.2	E	1659
Meshkin	11.6x9.3	E	1679
Meshkin	11.6x9.5	E	1679
Kerman Rosa	9.10x7.8	E	1749
Mir-Sarok	10.7x7.7	E	1499
Herz	12x6.6	E	1499
Meshkin	12x6.9	E	1589
Kerman	10.4x8	N	1659
Ardebil	11x8.4	E	1699
Ardebil	11.2x7.10	E	1649

Just 11 India Rugs 30% off sale price Assorted patterns, sizes and qualities. Look for the Blue Tag!

Tabriz	13.10x10.5	E	10499
Very Fine Tabriz	19.5x12.10	E	12489
Fine Tabriz	21.9x13	E	16069
Fine Kashan	16.7x10.2	E	6299

Just 76 Rugs 25% off sale price Assorted patterns, sizes and qualities. Look for the Red Tag!

Kashan	7.2x4.6	N	1299
Jozan	7.3x4.6	N	1299
Tabriz	12.3x9.5	N	1349
Jozan	7.4x7.7	N	1399
Tabriz Rust	15.6x9	N	1549
Mood	16.10x2.6	N	1569
Fine Kashmir silk wrap	5.2x2.7	N	3299
Fine Kashmir silk wrap	5.2x2.7	N	3499
Silk Kum	5.2x2.7	N	3849
Silk Kum	7.2x4.7	N	6049
Fine Kashmir silk wrap	7.6x3	N	6149
Nam	8.4x5	N	6299
Fine Pak	12.7x5	N	16069



eye openers

our fabulous collection of contact lenses, eyeglasses, eyeframes

eyeframes for every occasion...and to match your every mood. Created by the most famous names in fashion and offering a bold, new look. Come in and see for yourself. Of course, you can have your eyes examined and contact lenses fitted. Opticals, 8th floor, New York only.

blomingdale's
1375 Avenue of the Americas, New York, 10020-2322
Monday and Tuesday evenings

Two More Dead From Mystery Disease As Hunt for Unknown Cause Is Pressed

Continued From Page 1, Col. 4

Dr. Lattimer's treatment technique, but earlier in the day they had said that their investigations had not yet reached a point at which they were willing to disregard the possibility of any infection.

"Not enough is known for us to rule out anything," Dr. Leonard C. Bachman, Pennsylvania's Secretary of Health, said in a briefing at which he announced the death of Mrs. Ida Disque, a 55-year-old Philadelphia woman who was the 22d victim.

At a morning briefing, Dr. Bachman had added the name of James Sykes, a 78-year-old resident of Pittsburgh, to the growing list of fatalities among the nearly 10,000 Pennsylvanians who attended the American Legion's State convention in Philadelphia, July 21-24.

Mr. Disque, the second female victim, had joined in some convention functions with her husband. Similarly, Mrs. Marie Tucker, also of Philadelphia, attended several of the meetings with her husband. She died Sunday.

In Philadelphia and here in the state capital, as in scores of other communities across Pennsylvania, doctors' offices were flooded today with calls from anxious patients with real or imagined symptoms.

Although city officials and state authorities said there was no evidence of panic, several local medical associations said their physicians were reporting a drastic increase in the number of calls from patients.

Dr. Bachman also reported that his office here in Harrisburg "gets a call every five minutes" with another rumor or another report, all of which are investigated by at least 100 state and Federal medical "detectives" who have fanned out across the state to control the outbreak.

Meanwhile, Dr. Bachman's office was also receiving information from other states that he carefully described as "sketchy and incomplete," an effort on its part to avoid any suggestion of a "breakout" of the disease from the circle of Pennsylvanians who attended the convention.

He said he had learned that earlier in the day an airline pilot who lives in Orange County, Calif., was hospitalized there with similar symptoms after he had stayed in one of the convention hotels during its sessions.

He also said that his office had been informed of a case with "some similarities" in Marietta, Ohio, but that he was unaware of any link with the convention.

Dr. Bachman said he was "uncertain" whether a New Jersey truck driver who delivered food to a Philadelphia hotel after the legionnaires left was included on the list of 153 persons his office has now defined as victims of the disease.

If it is included, the New Jersey case—one of six now under observation there—would be the first out-of-state instance of the disease.

It would not, however, be the first case in which someone not directly associated with the convention had been infected.

Andrew W. Harnack, who drove a bus filled with young musicians from his hometown of Monessen to Philadelphia on Friday, July 23, was never in any of the convention hotels and did not participate in any of its activities, according to a fellow bus driver, George Kessler.

Mr. Harnack, a 47-year-old bachelor, died Monday. As an employee of charter bus company, he had made the 10-hour drive to Philadelphia with 50 children of the Keystone Cadet Junior Drum and Bugle Corps and 25 adults, stayed about six or eight hours while the youngsters marched in the Legion parade, and then driven the group to Atlantic City, N.J., where they were from North Belle Vernon, Pa., a Pittsburgh suburb. Parents there have now formed a telephone system used to flash any sign of illness in their families. So far, three children have shown "flu-like" symptoms, according to Gertrude Tretter, who was a parent chaperone on the trip.

"It's really quite scary," she said, "especially after Mr. Harnack died."

Dr. Lattimer, the Allentown

physician, explained today in a telephone interview that he was making no claim to a diagnosis of the source of the infection by his treatment of his three cases as ornithosis.

The 36-year-old graduate of Temple University and Jefferson Medical School in Philadelphia said he simply believed the disease fitted his diagnosis.

"The most important thing is that it is treatable," he said. "I cannot say for certain that tetracycline is responsible for the progress made by my patients or whether they would have recovered without it."

But he said that to delay treatment of victims until a firm determination of the cause had been made would threaten their lives.

"Untreated, we know what will happen," he said.

Ornithosis is a disease caused by a virus in birds not of the parrot family, such as domestic fowl, ducks, pigeons and many other wild birds. It is transmitted to humans through droppings and feathers.

Dr. Lattimer said today that it could also be carried through the air-conditioning or ventilation systems of houses or institutional buildings.

Philadelphia's downtown area is home to a substantial population of pigeons, many of which congregated at the ornate City Hall and in its vicinity, the area in which the legionnaires spent much of their time at their convention.

It Atlanta today, Dr. David I. Sencer, director of the Center for Disease Control, said that, with a continuing absence of evidence that the disease had been transferred to members of the victims' families, the chances are lessened that



Richard Wells of Turnersville, N.J., is cared for by nurse in a New Jersey hospital. A truck driver, he delivered goods to one of the Philadelphia hotels where American Legionnaires now, stricken by illness were staying.

the disease is swine influenza, he said, "but we're eliminating that possibility. The first results of specimens ruled out food or water contacts as a source of the infection."

Dr. Sencer and Dr. Bachman said today.

Bill on Flu Vaccine Insurance Ga...

By HAROLD M. SCHEMCK JR. Staff Writer of The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4—A bill designed to end the impasse over insurance protection for flu vaccine manufacturers has passed a health subcommittee of the House of Representatives and goes tomorrow to the full House Commerce Committee.

A Senate health subcommittee will also hold hearings tomorrow on the mysterious outbreak of illness that has killed a number of people in Pennsylvania.

The cause of the outbreak among American Legionnaires in Pennsylvania is still unknown. Flu is among the many possibilities that disease experts are testing in attempts to solve the mystery.

Concern over the outbreak has added impetus to Congressional and Ford Administration efforts to get the flu vaccine program past the insurance hurdle before Congress recesses next week for the Republican National Convention.

No Connection Asserted

Government officials have emphasized that there is no known connection between the outbreak in Pennsylvania and the President Ford met today with F. David Matthews, Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, to discuss the flu vaccination program and the situation in Pennsylvania. The White House press secretary, Ron Nessen, stressed that the two matters were considered separate. Mr. Nessen said Mr. Ford still planned to go to Philadelphia Sunday for the Roman Catholic World Eucharist Congress.

The bill that goes before the House Commerce Committee tomorrow would provide that all suits for injury connected with the swine flu vaccination program be filed against the Federal Government. The Government would then be free to sue anyone connected with the vaccination program whose negligence caused the injury that lead to the original suit.

This arrangement, an aide of the House Commerce Committee said today, would be likely to eliminate many baseless "nuisance" suits against vaccine manufacturers or doctors, nurses and health officials involved in the flu vaccination program.

One major insurance company, Aetna Life and Co., today notified the Department of Health, Education and Welfare that it would provide liability insurance for manufacturers under an arrangement such as that filed in the House bill.

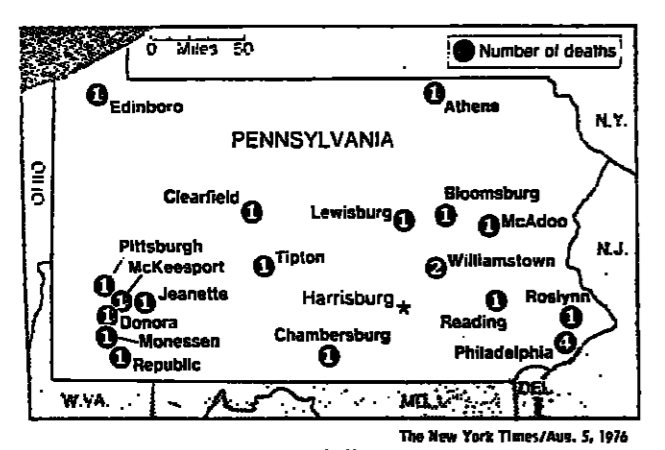
Private insurance companies have been unable to negotiate liability insurance coverage satisfactory to the four manufacturers of flu vaccine.

The question of how to deal with the liability problem has been under discussion for weeks by the Administration, the drug companies and the insurance companies. The manufacturers have produced an estimated total of 100 million doses of bulk vaccine, but are reluctant to provide vaccine for the Government program without liability coverage that they consider adequate.

Health experts have been hoping to get the nationwide vaccination program started soon after Labor Day. The effect could be seriously delayed if the liability insurance problem is not solved soon.

Representative Paul G. Rogers, Democrat of Florida and chairman of the health subcommittee that produced the bill, said today that he hoped Congress would approve the bill before both Houses adjourn Wednesday for the Republican convention.

The Senate has not drafted a separate bill to deal with the problem, but an aide to Senator Edward M. Kennedy, Demo-



Mystery Disease Victims

- Special to The New York Times
- PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4—Following is a list of the persons who have died as a result of the mysterious flu-like disease that affected some visitors to Philadelphia for the state American Legion convention in late July. The names, listed by date of death, were compiled by the State Health Department.
- TUESDAY, JULY 27
BRENNAN, Ray, 61, Athens, Pa.
- FRIDAY, JULY 30
WEN, Frank, 60, Clearfield, Pa.
WARD, William, 82, Bloomsburg, Pa.
- SATURDAY, JULY 31
JAGGAGIANI, 78, Republic, Pa.
- SUNDAY, AUG. 1
DANISHEFSKY, Charles, 49, McAdoo, Pa.
DOLAN, James, 39, Williamstown, Pa.
HAFER, Elmer, 37, Lewisburg, Pa.
HARVEY, Frank, 54, McKeesport, Pa.
REUBEN, Abraham, 82, Donora, Pa.
TUCKER, Marie, 48, Philadelphia, Pa.
- MONDAY, AUG. 2
BYERLY, Louis, 39, Jeannette, Pa.
DISQUE, Ida, 55, Philadelphia, Pa.
HORNACK, Andrew, 47, Monessen, Pa.
KILLEY, John Jr., 60, Roslyn, Pa.
RALPH, John, 42, Williamstown, Pa.
SEIDEL, Charles, 82, Reading, Pa.
STRICKER, Frank, 80, Philadelphia, Pa.
SYKES, James, 78, Pittsburgh, Pa.
WALDOW, Ben, 82, Philadelphia, Pa.
WILLIAMS, Meade, 53, Edinboro, Pa.

HOUSE TO RECEIVE BILL ON NEW RIVER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 (UPI)—The House Rules Committee voted today to give the full house a chance to vote on a bill to block construction of a dam on the New River after the bill's author apologized for suggesting that lobbyists had not let it up.

The committee, which refused to send a similar bill to the floor in the last Congress, approved it this time by a vote of 10 to 6.

The legislation would overturn a Federal Power Commission decision to grant the Appalachian Power Company permission to build the dam near the Virginia-North Carolina border on the New River.

The dam would flood an area designated by the state of North Carolina and the Interior Department as a National Scenic and Wild River, which is to be preserved in its natural state.

The committee decision to see the bill came after freshman Representative Stephen L. Jaul, Democrat of North Carolina, apologized for suggesting that some committee members had bowed to pressure from labor and power company lobbyists to block the bill.

Bicyclist Injured by Glass

TRENTON, Aug. 4 (UPI)—A youth was injured critically yesterday when he accidentally crashed through a glass door in his bicycle at the New Jersey State Library. The youth, William Watkins, 16 years old, of Trenton was trying to hide from a friend when he lost control of his bike, the authorities said.

Schreiber's Death Is Laid To Hospital Clerical Error

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 4 (UPI)—Tat B. Schreiber, an executive of MCA Inc. and a Republican Party fund raiser, died as a result of a clerical error by a blood bank technician at the university of California Hospital, a spokesman said today.

Mr. Schreiber, 68 years old, died June 14 at U.C.L.A. Hospital after undergoing surgery for a urologic disorder. The operation went well, but he was given two units of the wrong type of blood the next day.

A coroner's report had indicated that the blood type given Mr. Schreiber was type B. His own blood type was O.

Dr. George Smith, director of clinical laboratories at the hospital, said that the error was discovered shortly after the second transfusion. It was found that the error had occurred when the clerical workers wrote on Mr. Schreiber's record the blood type of another patient.

The other patient was listed as needing Mr. Schreiber's blood type, but that error was found before the other patient had to have a transfusion.

Mr. Schreiber was a major contributor to U.C.L.A. and a national co-chairman of the President Ford Committee.

Panel Backs Pact With Spain

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 (UPI)—A resolution authorizing \$1.22 billion to finance a military base treaty with Spain was approved unanimously today by the House International Relations Committee. The aid is in exchange for the use by United States forces of Spanish air and naval bases for five more years.

سكس من الاصل

Medical Detective ackles 'Weird' Case



Associated Press
15 A. Payne as he was being interviewed by Dr. Stephen Thacker at Chambersburg Hospital.

By LAWRENCE K. ALTMAN
Special to The New York Times

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., — "Hello, I'm Dr. Stephen Thacker with the Department, and I am the medical team investigating this weird dis-

ease. The introduction at Chambersburg Hospital, year-old Dr. Thacker, a white gown and mask, sat down today with A. Payne as he was being interviewed by Dr. Stephen Thacker at Chambersburg Hospital.

At 1 A.M. yesterday, Dr. Thacker said, he was ordered to Harrisburg, where he spent yesterday recording information that other epidemiologists had collected. Today, the roles were reversed, and Dr. Thacker was out in the field.

He got up at 8 this morning after four hours of sleep, put on a light orange shirt and green corduroy pants and rented a car to drive to several hospitals in this central Pennsylvania area.

By 9 A.M., he was interviewing patients and doctors at the Spirit Hospital in Camp Hill. Then he went to Carlisle Hospital.

When he arrived here, he first went to Dr. Howard L. Hoffman, a pathologist who directs the hospital's laboratories and who supervised the autopsy last Saturday on Charles Chamberlain, a 48-year-old Legionnaire.

"He had a very severe pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs)," Dr. Hoffman told Dr. Thacker and a visiting physician.

Dr. Hoffman gave his report to Dr. Thacker, who began to leaf through it to check off on a sheet whether Mr. Chamberlain had had such symptoms as fever, chills, muscle aches, cough, shortness of breath, abdominal pain, vomiting, diarrhea or constipation.

Then Dr. Thacker recorded whether Mr. Chamberlain's doctors had noted that their patient had a rash, his peak temperature, what were their chest findings, abdominal findings and heart findings on the basis of physical and laboratory examination. Then Dr. Thacker recorded the results of several laboratory tests involving the patient's kidneys and blood system.

"Today, we're focusing on interviewing just patients and not making any home visits to see family members," Dr. Thacker said.

Then he called the Health Department in Harrisburg to report on the eight patients whose medical records he had abstracted and whom he had interviewed.

"If we get clues from these results today, then perhaps we will design another questionnaire and look for new information later," Dr. Thacker said. When he returned the chart to Dr. Hoffman, the pathologist asked, "Any big breakthroughs?"

"No," Dr. Thacker said.

graduate of Mount Sinai Medical School in New York who has just finished his family practice residency at Duke University. He joined the Epidemic Intelligence Service, the Center for Disease Control's elite corps of epidemiologists, because of his interest in community medicine.

Two days ago, he reported for his first day of work as an epidemiologist in the District of Columbia Health Department in Washington on loan from the Center for Disease Control.

At 1 A.M. yesterday, Dr. Thacker said, he was ordered to Harrisburg, where he spent yesterday recording information that other epidemiologists had collected. Today, the roles were reversed, and Dr. Thacker was out in the field.

He got up at 8 this morning after four hours of sleep, put on a light orange shirt and green corduroy pants and rented a car to drive to several hospitals in this central Pennsylvania area.

By 9 A.M., he was interviewing patients and doctors at the Spirit Hospital in Camp Hill. Then he went to Carlisle Hospital.

When he arrived here, he first went to Dr. Howard L. Hoffman, a pathologist who directs the hospital's laboratories and who supervised the autopsy last Saturday on Charles Chamberlain, a 48-year-old Legionnaire.

"He had a very severe pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs)," Dr. Hoffman told Dr. Thacker and a visiting physician.

Dr. Hoffman gave his report to Dr. Thacker, who began to leaf through it to check off on a sheet whether Mr. Chamberlain had had such symptoms as fever, chills, muscle aches, cough, shortness of breath, abdominal pain, vomiting, diarrhea or constipation.

Then Dr. Thacker recorded whether Mr. Chamberlain's doctors had noted that their patient had a rash, his peak temperature, what were their chest findings, abdominal findings and heart findings on the basis of physical and laboratory examination. Then Dr. Thacker recorded the results of several laboratory tests involving the patient's kidneys and blood system.

"Today, we're focusing on interviewing just patients and not making any home visits to see family members," Dr. Thacker said.

Then he called the Health Department in Harrisburg to report on the eight patients whose medical records he had abstracted and whom he had interviewed.

"If we get clues from these results today, then perhaps we will design another questionnaire and look for new information later," Dr. Thacker said. When he returned the chart to Dr. Hoffman, the pathologist asked, "Any big breakthroughs?"

"No," Dr. Thacker said.

appellate judges said. "Omission of such guidelines is not based on any failure to consider the problem in depth.

"It is based upon the conviction that genuine constitutional desegregation cannot be accomplished within the school district boundaries of the Detroit School District."

The comment referred to the appellate court's previous order that desegregation in Detroit include both city and suburban schools. But that decision was thrown out by the Supreme Court, which limited Detroit desegregation plans to city schools alone.

The appellate judges said that they would like to reject more of the present Detroit desegregation plan but that they felt it would only be an "exercise in futility" because of "the law of this case as established by the Supreme Court."

2. Arrested in Drug Case
ELIZABETH, N.J., Aug. 4 (UPI)—A clothing-store operator and his wife have been arrested on charges of possession of three and a half pounds of cocaine valued at \$150,000.

Pedro Padron, 22 years old, of Elizabeth and his wife, Joan, 28, were allegedly using their store for drug transactions, the Union County Prosecutor's office said yesterday. The authorities said the cocaine seizure was the largest ever in the county.

COOL, GREEN, CAMP, KIDS
SUPPORT THE FRESH AIR FUND

Judge Told Segregation School Areas

(UPI)—A federal District Court judge in Detroit said that desegregation of three black-Detroit schools involving 83,000 students were left "virtually intact" by a previous appellate court decision.

The appellate judges, who were segregating Detroit schools, said that they felt it would only be an "exercise in futility" because of "the law of this case as established by the Supreme Court."

2. Arrested in Drug Case
ELIZABETH, N.J., Aug. 4 (UPI)—A clothing-store operator and his wife have been arrested on charges of possession of three and a half pounds of cocaine valued at \$150,000.

Pedro Padron, 22 years old, of Elizabeth and his wife, Joan, 28, were allegedly using their store for drug transactions, the Union County Prosecutor's office said yesterday. The authorities said the cocaine seizure was the largest ever in the county.

COOL, GREEN, CAMP, KIDS
SUPPORT THE FRESH AIR FUND

FRIGIDAIRE RED-HOT SUMMER SALE

We've made it possible for our dealers to offer you Sensational Savings during this once-a-year Sale!

FRIGIDAIRE'S BIGGEST AND BEST—100% "FROST PROOF" TOP FREEZER-REFRIGERATOR

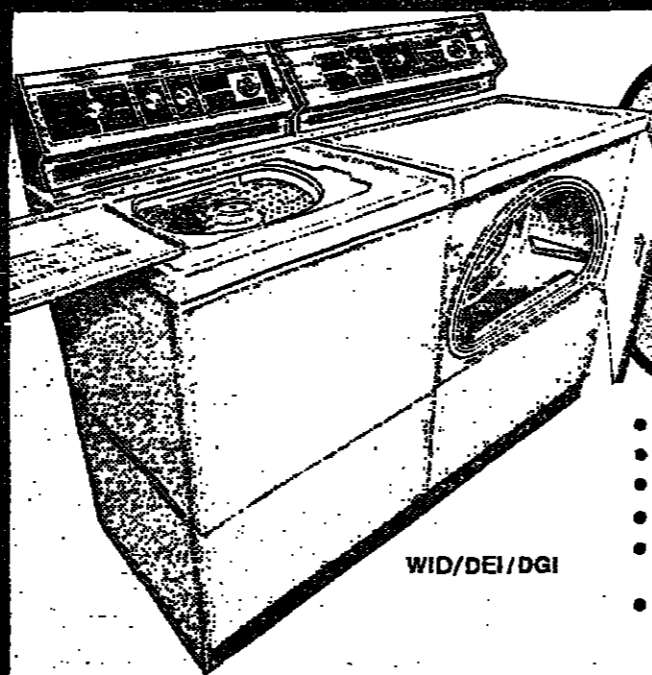


SAVE UP TO \$30

- 20.6-cu-ft refrigerated space including 5.94 cu ft freezer compartment
- Flowing Cold Meat Tender keeps most meats up to 7 days
- Ready for automatic ice maker when you are (at extra charge)

BONUS COLOR
for the price
of white
save up to an
additional
\$10

FRIGIDAIRE. MOST DELUXE HEAVY DUTY WASHERS AND MATCHING BIG CAPACITY DRYERS.



SAVE UP TO \$60

- 1-piece to 18-pound capacity washer
- Heavy Duty motor
- Pampers knits, with gentle Knits cycle
- Matching dryer lets you dry up to 18 pounds
- Provides special cycles for knits, and permanent press items
- Automatic Dry cycle turns off the heat when clothes are dry

BONUS
ON THE PAIR
Hurry...
Frigidaire
Summer Sale
ends August 16th

HURRY TO YOUR PARTICIPATING FRIGIDAIRE DEALER AND SEE ALL OTHER FRIGIDAIRE SUMMER SALE SPECIAL VALUES.

NEW YORK NEW YORK CITY American Home Cr. Argus Radio BBB-Blum & Knop BBB-DSC Electronic BBB-Ultra Screen Bolin Radio & Appt. Bumstine Drake Bros. J. E. & Sons Friendly Frost International Sols Macy's Sunset Appt.	FOREST HILLS J. Rifon Inc. J. HOLLIS Savona JACKSON HGTS Friendly Frost JAMAICA Friendly Frost Macy's J. W. Mays Sunset Appt. LAURELTON Gale-Rand LONG ISLAND CITY BBB-Bright Radio Friendly Frost MASPETH Lefkowitz OZONE PARK Friendly Frost REGO PARK Sunset Appt.	GREAT NECK Great Neck Appt. HOWELL Mervin Las-Loo HEMPSTEAD Friendly Frost Times Square Stores HICKSVILLE Major Appt. LAWRENCE Times Square Stores LEVITOWNS Joy's Times Square Stores	BAYSHORE Friendly Frost Macy's Masters CENTEREACH Masters COMMACK P. C. Richard & Son DEER PARK Edye Joy's E. HAMPTON No. Main St. Appt. EAST MORICHES Eastern LI Appt. EAST NORTHPORT Fischer's Friendly Frost HAMPTON BAYS Sullivan Bros. HUNTINGTON STA. Friendly Frost Macy's Trotter Appt. LAKE GROVE Friendly Frost LINDENHURST Joy's MELVILLE Times Square Stores MIDDLE ISLAND P. C. Richard & Son NO. PATCHOGUE Sullivan Bros. PATCHOGUE Friendly Frost P. C. Richard & Son RIVERHEAD Times Square Stores SMITHTOWN Sullivan Bros. SOUTH HAMPTON South Hampton Appt.	Orange County FLORIDA Blick Church Appt. MIDDLETOWN Lloyd's NEWBURGH Alpha Appt. Criswell Farm. Lloyd's NEW WINDSOR Schwartz Rockland County MANUET Appliance City Barbarger's Dickson's Value Cr. NYACK Rockland Farm. PEARL RIVER Masters SPRING VALLEY Masters Silver City Appt. Tracy Horn STONY POINT S. Blumhaus Sullivan County LIBERTY Boston Bros. Ulster County ELLENVILLE Edwin E. Hoer Appt. KINGSTON J. Scholze SAUGERTIES Herman L. Snyder Westchester County ELMSFORD Masters HARTSDALE Consumer Appt. HAWTHORNE Berger Appt. MAMARONECK Mamaronock Gas & Elec. Ralph's Elec. MOHEGAN LAKE Bill Levy Masters MT. VERNON Wm. Cooper & Son County TV & Appt. Plymouth's TV & Appt. NEW ROCHELLE Macy's Ralph's Elec. OSSING Curry's Home Style A. L. Mays	PEEKSKILL Mammoth Radio Tracy Horn PORT CHESTER Tippett's Electronics SCARSDALE Scarsdale's Appt. Cooper Appt. WHITE PLAINS Lafort Bros. Macy's YONKERS Mammoth Radio Curry's ALL STORES Gambel's Rosen's Stalling Sunset Appt. Tracy Horn CONNECTICUT Fairfield County BRANFORD Friendly Frost BRIDGEPORT George B. Clark Friendly Frost ALL STORES Gambel's Maid Hat Appt. Waters's Dept. Store Yonkers Home DARIEN Fairfield Electric Calvary TV DANBURY Campanella Appt. Scotzy Rofrig. Zamel Bros. FAIRFIELD Bonny Electric Maid Hat Appt. GREENWICH Partidge & Rockwell Friendly Frost HAMDEN Friendly Frost MILFORD Friendly Frost NEW CANAAN Maid Hat Appt. NORWALK Atorio's Inc. H. R. T. Appliance Zamel Bros. STAMFORD County TV Downe-Smith Stoll's Inc. WATERBURY Friendly Frost WESTPORT Newark Sales Plymouth Gas WILTON Wholesale Appliance	NEW JERSEY Berogen County BERGENFIELD Arco Electronics ENGLWOOD BBB-Gowen Bros. Flynn Appt. FAIRVIEW Unesco Appt. GARFIELD Mr. G. Auld GLEN ROCK BBB-Glen Rock Appt. HASBROUCK HTS Tracy Horn Inc. Lodi Hemerson Sales LINDEN PARK BBB-Clawick & Tertute Appt. NEW MILFORD Harvey Home Cr. NO. ARLINGTON Kurt's Appt. ORADEL L-B Appt. PARAMUS Barbarger's Blick Church Appliance Friendly Frost Gambel's Tracy Horn RIDGEWOOD BBB-Pariser SADDLE BROOK Rooney Appt. WESTWOOD Flynn Appt. WYCKOFF Corbin Appt. TEANECK All Make Appt. WOODRIDGE BBB-Hy & Appt. Passaic County CLIFTON BBB-Central Appt. LITTLE FALLS Scotzy Appt. PASSEIC BBB-Lou Goodman Frank's Appt. Walden Furniture PATERSON BBB-Universal Appt. Brown's Appt. WAYNE BBB-Hy. Vow Elett. Barbarger's Friendly Frost WILLOWBROOK B. Meyers
---	---	--	--	---	---	--

A Puzzling Portrait of Key Coast Kidnapping Suspect

By WAYNE KING

Special to The New York Times
 SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4 — When 24-year-old Fred Woods, the last to be arrested of the three young men charged with the kidnapping and entombment of 26 schoolchildren, was taken into custody in Canada a week ago, he was dressed, as a Canadian official put it, "like an amateur cowboy"—high-heeled boots, faded brown denim suit and a rancher's hat saucily curled over long brown sideburns.

When five members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police placed him under arrest, he remarked, "I'm really sorry I'm going to miss this on the news tonight."

When he was taken to his cheap hotel to pick up his single suitcase of belongings, he reintroduced himself to the desk clerk. "I'm sorry," he said. "I'm not Ralph Snider [the false name he had registered under]. I'm Frederick Woods. From now on, I'll introduce myself as Frederick Woods."

The bravura performance was another ill-fitting piece in the puzzling portrait of a wealthy, privileged young man who, evidence indicates, is the central figure in a crime that is being even by California standards.

It was at the Woods estate, called The Hawthornes, in wealthy Portola Valley, that the authorities found a draft of the kidnapping ransom note demanding \$5 million from an undesignated source.

It was a man identified from photographs as Frederick Newhall Woods, who allegedly purchased, using a false name, the vans used in the kidnapping.

It was at the gravel quarry owned by Mr. Woods's father, Frederick Nickerson Woods 3d, that the children were held in a buried moving van for 18 sweltering hours before they managed to dig their way out.



Frederick Newhall Woods with Songel Nichols, whom he married in 1971. They were divorced one year later.

The middle name, Newhall, is one of prominence and wealth. A relative said that the family can trace its ancestry to six Mayflower pilgrims, including John Alden and William Bradford, the Governor of Plymouth.

The Newhall Land and Farming Company commands huge investments in real estate, agriculture, cattle, oil, and gas. Through his relationship with the family, Mr. Woods stood to inherit, according to one source, one thirty-sixth of the fortune.

Conflicting Picture
 It is an exaggeration to say that there seemed to be two Fred Woods—the shy, unsocial young man who seemed to seek solace in the old cars and other possessions he surrounded himself with on the family estate, and the cocky, wise-cracking "cowboy" accused of kidnapping—but two aspects of his personality emerge from conversations with those who knew him casually and those who knew him well.

These include two people who, arguably, knew him best—a woman whose year-long marriage to him ended in divorce, and a young woman who was his girlfriend after his marriage.

Others knew him casually, for he had few close friends and among the casual acquaintances were schoolmates, neighbors, the young mechanic who helped him restore the old cars he sold as a business venture, some relatives and some family friends.

From these accounts, it appears that Mr. Woods was shy, but occasionally bold and venturesome, blushing, almost embarrassingly friendly and self-effacing, yet capable of sharp hostility toward those he felt encroached on what was his. He was wealthy and lavished money on the things he wanted, his possessions, but stingy in all else.

Boysish Charm
 He had boyish charm that enabled him, when he could overcome his shyness, to enter into intimate relationships with women, but the relationships seemed to end quickly, and over these relationships there was the same quick, jealous guarding that caused him to ward off intruders on his family estate with a shotgun, and on at least one occasion, with gunfire.

His father, a 1938 graduate of Stanford University and a native of Massachusetts, is owner of the California Rock and Gravel Company, and of the gravel quarry where the bus and children were buried. The company reported gross sales of \$15 million last year, and the young Mr. Woods is reported to hold stock in the company.

As a youngster, little is known of Fred Woods. A grammar school classmate said that he was "a little different," shy, awkward—"people made fun of him."

California law forbids the release of school records, but Mr. Woods reportedly did not do well in school, did not care for it.

He attended public school at Portola Valley's Woodside High School, the kind of school that "people lie, cheat and steal to get into," said a neighbor, and it was there that he met James Schoenfeld, also charged with the kidnapping. Mr. Woods also met Songel Nichols, who was to become his wife.

Their was a union of shared insecurity, according to the young woman who remarried after her divorce from Mr. Woods in 1972, after only a year of marriage. She is now getting a second divorce.

Herself the product of a tangled and traumatic home situation, housed in a foster home, she said that Mr. Woods "found her a person alone—and he took me in."

Their marriage, in the Calvary Baptist Church in Redwood City, was unpretentious and the wedding album portrays nothing except a normal American couple.

There are snapshots of the young bride with her wedding gifts, listed in red ink on a separate page—towels, Pyrex bowls, blankets, place mats, kitchen canisters, Tupperware, an electric iron, a card and check \$25.

Other photos show the couple at Disneyland where they went on their honeymoon. Mr. Woods gawky, gangling, white socked, his suit ill-fitting on a skinny frame, vestiges of acne still on his face.

A copper penny is taped to a page, date 1971, and the inscription reads "our lucky penny."

On a final page is a snapshot of a puppy. Scrawled above it are the words, "Our first baby. Dog-dog."

But there were no children, and that set the stage in part for the young couple's breakup.

"He was born with a silver spoon in his mouth," said his former wife, whose name is now Padgett and who is now living in Georgia. "But he was lonely, and it was lonely living with him."

She had friends Mrs. Woods had her friends by the cottage on the big estate where they lived; her new husband had none. "If we had anyone at our house that he invited, it was always his family or relatives," she said.

To his young bride, Mr. Woods seemed inordinantly possessive, "a collector, he hoarded things." Scattered across the aging estate were scores of automobiles, fire engines, buses, vans, a hundred or more.

Fred Woods's favorite was a 1952 Chevrolet, restored to perfection, but any car was likely to strike his fancy. He did not, in those days, hunt, camp, fish, watch or participate in sports, although he enjoyed watching automobile races on television. He liked police programs, among his favorites were "The Rookie," and also "Mad Squad," his former wife said. The couple had a \$50-a-week allowance from the family, adequate because they paid no rent or utilities, but the young husband would never buy things for the home.

When they were married, Mr. Wood was a salesman at a paint store, but lost the job. "If he did a good job, he'd brag about it to his father, but when he lost his job as a salesman, he didn't want to tell it to his father or me," his former wife recalled.

The young man constantly sought to please his father, she said, but always felt inadequate. "Mr. Woods expected too much of him and he couldn't live up to it," she said.

The young man wanted no

one near the estate, his former wife said, and once he fired a shotgun over the heads of some youngsters who played in an old caboose on the estate, she said.

Mrs. Padgett said she had lived with Fred Woods for some time before she learned that he had a younger sister, Wendy, who was retarded and kept in an institution. "He told me once he was ashamed of her," she said. "He said he was afraid people would make fun of him."

One other incident struck his former wife as unusual. "One evening coming home from work [from his father's rock quarry], he went by the field to count the horses, because one was stolen the week before. And he found this man's body. He came home and told me about it and was all excited. I asked him if he felt funny, finding a dead man, and he said no, he was excited. He kept the newspaper clips, because his name was in the papers for finding the body."

No record of such an incident could be found in the records of appropriate police or medical officials, and a check of newspapers disclosed nothing involving Mr. Woods.

The marriage ended abruptly in early 1972, when Songel simply told her husband that she was leaving him.

Part of the reason for that, she said, was that Fred Woods had a vascular blockage that prevented the couple from having children, although she said they had normal marital relations. "He just said he preferred not to be around children," she said.

Girl Friend's Recollection
 "He was bitter about it, about the way his marriage had broken up," said a 20-year-old woman who was Fred Woods's girlfriend until about 10 months ago, when she broke off her relationship with him. "He just said she just left him, no discussion, no nothing."

The young woman, who asked not to be identified, lives with her parents in a well-to-do section of a town near Portola Valley.

She said that she had begun dating Fred Woods in late 1974—she said his mother

put him up to calling and that the relationship had been an intimate, if a factory one.

"We were just incompatible," she said. "He interested in anything went [on dates] over to the estate, and in the time it was choreing horses, moving. At the time—he's really working—he's from time to time he would lean on him, I out and get a job for months, and that we parently appease his. It was not that he keeps a job, as much as he want to work didn't want to work former girl friend."

As for Mr. Woods' relationship with his former girlfriend said he of only one happy time.

"He'd mention if they'd taken to Baja, nia. He said it was beautiful, and you really be out there I mean, alone. Th just miles and miles eryl."

One major point incompatibility wi Woods, the young said, were his race. "He'd drive by th [Woodside High] a say, 'I want there was new, and he has funny view of integ said, 'they'—the really tore the plac."

"And I'd say he liberated about we had a girlfriend whi seeing me, but he c me until he broke u when we broke up."

The young wo that they seldom we dates, and that Fr was "very, b t ways." He'd bu t didn't need—flash teries, maybe—bec were cheap. He'd b he didn't need."

Almost alone am who knew Fred Wc the young woman did not find the image unsurprising, always swaggerin said, "And what w teristic of him? smile, sort of a s "It's why I really that I not see my fr friend. He wanted control. And posse

one near the estate, his former wife said, and once he fired a shotgun over the heads of some youngsters who played in an old caboose on the estate, she said.

Mrs. Padgett said she had lived with Fred Woods for some time before she learned that he had a younger sister, Wendy, who was retarded and kept in an institution. "He told me once he was ashamed of her," she said. "He said he was afraid people would make fun of him."

One other incident struck his former wife as unusual. "One evening coming home from work [from his father's rock quarry], he went by the field to count the horses, because one was stolen the week before. And he found this man's body. He came home and told me about it and was all excited. I asked him if he felt funny, finding a dead man, and he said no, he was excited. He kept the newspaper clips, because his name was in the papers for finding the body."

No record of such an incident could be found in the records of appropriate police or medical officials, and a check of newspapers disclosed nothing involving Mr. Woods.

The marriage ended abruptly in early 1972, when Songel simply told her husband that she was leaving him.

Part of the reason for that, she said, was that Fred Woods had a vascular blockage that prevented the couple from having children, although she said they had normal marital relations. "He just said he preferred not to be around children," she said.

Girl Friend's Recollection
 "He was bitter about it, about the way his marriage had broken up," said a 20-year-old woman who was Fred Woods's girlfriend until about 10 months ago, when she broke off her relationship with him. "He just said she just left him, no discussion, no nothing."

The young woman, who asked not to be identified, lives with her parents in a well-to-do section of a town near Portola Valley.

She said that she had begun dating Fred Woods in late 1974—she said his mother

put him up to calling and that the relationship had been an intimate, if a factory one.

"We were just incompatible," she said. "He interested in anything went [on dates] over to the estate, and in the time it was choreing horses, moving. At the time—he's really working—he's from time to time he would lean on him, I out and get a job for months, and that we parently appease his. It was not that he keeps a job, as much as he want to work didn't want to work former girl friend."

As for Mr. Woods' relationship with his former girlfriend said he of only one happy time.

"He'd mention if they'd taken to Baja, nia. He said it was beautiful, and you really be out there I mean, alone. Th just miles and miles eryl."

One major point incompatibility wi Woods, the young said, were his race. "He'd drive by th [Woodside High] a say, 'I want there was new, and he has funny view of integ said, 'they'—the really tore the plac."

"And I'd say he liberated about we had a girlfriend whi seeing me, but he c me until he broke u when we broke up."

The young wo that they seldom we dates, and that Fr was "very, b t ways." He'd bu t didn't need—flash teries, maybe—bec were cheap. He'd b he didn't need."

Almost alone am who knew Fred Wc the young woman did not find the image unsurprising, always swaggerin said, "And what w teristic of him? smile, sort of a s "It's why I really that I not see my fr friend. He wanted control. And posse

put him up to calling and that the relationship had been an intimate, if a factory one.

"We were just incompatible," she said. "He interested in anything went [on dates] over to the estate, and in the time it was choreing horses, moving. At the time—he's really working—he's from time to time he would lean on him, I out and get a job for months, and that we parently appease his. It was not that he keeps a job, as much as he want to work didn't want to work former girl friend."

As for Mr. Woods' relationship with his former girlfriend said he of only one happy time.

"He'd mention if they'd taken to Baja, nia. He said it was beautiful, and you really be out there I mean, alone. Th just miles and miles eryl."

One major point incompatibility wi Woods, the young said, were his race. "He'd drive by th [Woodside High] a say, 'I want there was new, and he has funny view of integ said, 'they'—the really tore the plac."

"And I'd say he liberated about we had a girlfriend whi seeing me, but he c me until he broke u when we broke up."

The young wo that they seldom we dates, and that Fr was "very, b t ways." He'd bu t didn't need—flash teries, maybe—bec were cheap. He'd b he didn't need."

Almost alone am who knew Fred Wc the young woman did not find the image unsurprising, always swaggerin said, "And what w teristic of him? smile, sort of a s "It's why I really that I not see my fr friend. He wanted control. And posse

put him up to calling and that the relationship had been an intimate, if a factory one.

"We were just incompatible," she said. "He interested in anything went [on dates] over to the estate, and in the time it was choreing horses, moving. At the time—he's really working—he's from time to time he would lean on him, I out and get a job for months, and that we parently appease his. It was not that he keeps a job, as much as he want to work didn't want to work former girl friend."

As for Mr. Woods' relationship with his former girlfriend said he of only one happy time.

"He'd mention if they'd taken to Baja, nia. He said it was beautiful, and you really be out there I mean, alone. Th just miles and miles eryl."

One major point incompatibility wi Woods, the young said, were his race. "He'd drive by th [Woodside High] a say, 'I want there was new, and he has funny view of integ said, 'they'—the really tore the plac."

"And I'd say he liberated about we had a girlfriend whi seeing me, but he c me until he broke u when we broke up."

The young wo that they seldom we dates, and that Fr was "very, b t ways." He'd bu t didn't need—flash teries, maybe—bec were cheap. He'd b he didn't need."

Almost alone am who knew Fred Wc the young woman did not find the image unsurprising, always swaggerin said, "And what w teristic of him? smile, sort of a s "It's why I really that I not see my fr friend. He wanted control. And posse

put him up to calling and that the relationship had been an intimate, if a factory one.

"We were just incompatible," she said. "He interested in anything went [on dates] over to the estate, and in the time it was choreing horses, moving. At the time—he's really working—he's from time to time he would lean on him, I out and get a job for months, and that we parently appease his. It was not that he keeps a job, as much as he want to work didn't want to work former girl friend."

As for Mr. Woods' relationship with his former girlfriend said he of only one happy time.

"He'd mention if they'd taken to Baja, nia. He said it was beautiful, and you really be out there I mean, alone. Th just miles and miles eryl."

One major point incompatibility wi Woods, the young said, were his race. "He'd drive by th [Woodside High] a say, 'I want there was new, and he has funny view of integ said, 'they'—the really tore the plac."

"And I'd say he liberated about we had a girlfriend whi seeing me, but he c me until he broke u when we broke up."

The young wo that they seldom we dates, and that Fr was "very, b t ways." He'd bu t didn't need—flash teries, maybe—bec were cheap. He'd b he didn't need."

Almost alone am who knew Fred Wc the young woman did not find the image unsurprising, always swaggerin said, "And what w teristic of him? smile, sort of a s "It's why I really that I not see my fr friend. He wanted control. And posse

put him up to calling and that the relationship had been an intimate, if a factory one.

"We were just incompatible," she said. "He interested in anything went [on dates] over to the estate, and in the time it was choreing horses, moving. At the time—he's really working—he's from time to time he would lean on him, I out and get a job for months, and that we parently appease his. It was not that he keeps a job, as much as he want to work didn't want to work former girl friend."

As for Mr. Woods' relationship with his former girlfriend said he of only one happy time.

"He'd mention if they'd taken to Baja, nia. He said it was beautiful, and you really be out there I mean, alone. Th just miles and miles eryl."

One major point incompatibility wi Woods, the young said, were his race. "He'd drive by th [Woodside High] a say, 'I want there was new, and he has funny view of integ said, 'they'—the really tore the plac."

"And I'd say he liberated about we had a girlfriend whi seeing me, but he c me until he broke u when we broke up."

The young wo that they seldom we dates, and that Fr was "very, b t ways." He'd bu t didn't need—flash teries, maybe—bec were cheap. He'd b he didn't need."

Almost alone am who knew Fred Wc the young woman did not find the image unsurprising, always swaggerin said, "And what w teristic of him? smile, sort of a s "It's why I really that I not see my fr friend. He wanted control. And posse

TEAMSTERS FILE \$14 MILLION SUIT

CHICAGO, Aug. 4 (UPI)—A \$14 million civil damage suit was filed in Federal District Court today against three insurance companies, two other corporations and a trust fund by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, charging the companies tried to defraud the union of more than \$7 million in life insurance premiums.

The suit, filed by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, National American Life Insurance Company, Baton Rouge, La.; Great Pacific Company, Phoenix; National Pacific Corporation, Los Angeles, and a trust fund called Cetecka, with headquarters in California.

The suit also named five officers of the companies—C. Robert Barton and Richard K. Halford of Old Security; John A. Boden of Great Pacific; Family Provider, National Pacific and National American; Joseph Hauser of Great Pacific; National Pacific; Family Provider; National American; and Cetecka; and Melvin J. Wyman of Great Pacific and National American.

The suit charged that Old Security submitted the low bid to provide life insurance coverage for 180,000 members of the Teamsters Central States Health and Welfare Fund, then used the premiums as "high risk venture capital" instead of investing it.

A Teamster spokesman said that the life insurance coverage

How to Bake 10-Take 4 Bakers,

KNOWLESVILLE, Aug. 4 (AP)—A woman whipped up an angry day that Grand never attempt.

It weighed 10 was 16½ feet in if Grandma was it, here's the recipe:

Take 4½ tons sugared apples; 850 quarts of apple water; 2,150 pounds and spices; cinnamon and nutmeg.

Place ingredients dough crust; weigh pounds, and bake pie tin weighing pounds.

Use tractor to into a 20-square-foot concrete blocks concrete metal sheets and fuel from two prop.

Bake four hours.

The pie-baking wa light of the Great Junior Fair held this western New's munity.

started last May and fund was to pay premiums of \$1.50 said the fund paid \$1.57 million before the scheme "to defraud a cred.

The suit asked for of the \$7 million in plus \$7 million in dam

SECURITY TIGHT AS 3 SUSPECTS IN MASS ABDUCTION APPEAR IN COURT

By LES LEDBETTER
 Special to The New York Times
 CHOWCHILLA, Calif., Aug. 4 — The three suspects in the kidnapping of 26 schoolchildren and their bus driver last month made brief court appearances today as police sharpshooters watched from nearby roofs and those entering the tiny justice court were searched.

Frederick Newhall Woods and James L. Schoenfeld, both 24 years old, were formally arraigned on 27 counts of kidnapping and 16 counts of robbery, with Judge Howard C. Green ordering them held on bail of \$1 million each.

The third suspect, Richard Schoenfeld, 22, who was arraigned last week, today sought a reduction in his \$1 million bail, but Judge Green rejected the plea.

Mr. Woods and James Schoenfeld entered pleas of not guilty, as Richard had a week ago.

The tight police security resulted from threats that had been made against the suspects in an area of California in which personal retribution has been common.

"But these people aren't mean people—it'd be an outsider who'd cause trouble," said Mary Eicher, who brought a daughter, Patty, 8, and two grandchildren, Christina and Christian, 4, to the Chowchilla Justice Center, where the courtroom is.

"I wanted to see them boys

as did the other two suspects. Mr. Woods was arrested in Canada and the older Mr. Schoenfeld in Menlo Park, Calif.

While rejecting the bail plea, Judge Green granted most defense pretrial discovery motions and said he would rule on two disputed motions by late Friday afternoon, the scheduled starting time.

Throughout the court session this morning, the three friends, all from relatively wealthy families, seemed attentive and yet apart from the proceedings.

Richard Schoenfeld, in the same blue, short-sleeved knitted shirt and tan jeans and tan, pointed boots he wore last Thursday, told the charges against them and the possible punishments all three face.

When he stood, he stood slightly slumped over.

The slight, sandy-haired man seemed withdrawn, somewhat frightened by the severity of the accusations. His eyes moved slowly from side to side, never seeming to focus.

James Schoenfeld, on the other hand, was poised. He sat or stood straight. He spoke clearly. "Yes, I do," he said each time Judge Green asked if he understood the proceedings. His eyes were always forward and steady.

He wore a white, red and gray striped shirt and gray slacks and seemed more robust than his brother and confident of his ability to handle the situation.

Mr. Woods was in ill-fitting blue knit shirt and an ill-fitting blue and an ill-fitting blue on blue tie. The defendant, with dark brown sideburns and a slight moustache, had a row pale face, often smused by much of a past the scheduled starting time.

He looked at his feet all the time as the prosecution and defense looked at him. He looked at the judge each time "yes" to a question, being taken out of the room with his friends, grin cross his face in punishment.

Afterward, Joan, former legal secretary and daughter, was mapped and held in an Alameda County before they and the dug their way free, slo from her seat in the of the courtroom next to Joan, whose d was also kidnapped.

"I don't know if I'm thing about this any Mrs. Brown said. "I'm But I want to see the happen."

Defense lawyers said further motions for bail tion, a change of would be made when it is moved to a superior after indictment or a inary hearing.

for myself," she said.

Bertie Hargis, on the other hand, stayed at work at the Western Auto Store a block away.

"Hang them and get it over with," Mrs. Hargis, a physical education instructor at the local high school, said almost casually as she showed a lack of interest now that the suspects involved have been arrested.

At the 40-minute hearing, Judge Green ordered James Schoenfeld and Mr. Woods held under bail at the Alameda County jail in Oakland until a preliminary hearing on Aug. 26 or their indictment by a Madera County grand jury before then.

Richard Schoenfeld's motion to have his bail reduced to \$50,000 was offered on the ground that he had not fled

for myself," she said.

Bertie Hargis, on the other hand, stayed at work at the Western Auto Store a block away.

"Hang them and get it over with," Mrs. Hargis, a physical education instructor at the local high school, said almost casually as she showed a lack of interest now that the suspects involved have been arrested.

At the 40-minute hearing, Judge Green ordered James Schoenfeld and Mr. Woods held under bail at the Alameda County jail in Oakland until a preliminary hearing on Aug. 26 or their indictment by a Madera County grand jury before then.

Richard Schoenfeld's motion to have his bail reduced to \$50,000 was offered on the ground that he had not fled

for myself," she said.

Bertie Hargis, on the other hand, stayed at work at the Western Auto Store a block away.

"Hang them and get it over with," Mrs. Hargis, a physical education instructor at the local high school, said almost casually as she showed a lack of interest now that the suspects involved have been arrested.

At the 40-minute hearing, Judge Green ordered James Schoenfeld and Mr. Woods held under bail at the Alameda County jail in Oakland until a preliminary hearing on Aug. 26 or their indictment by a Madera County grand jury before then.

Richard Schoenfeld's motion to have his bail reduced to \$50,000 was offered on the ground that he had not fled

for myself," she said.

Bertie Hargis, on the other hand, stayed at work at the Western Auto Store a block away.

"Hang them and get it over with," Mrs. Hargis, a physical education instructor at the local high school, said almost casually as she showed a lack of interest now that the suspects involved have been arrested.

At the 40-minute hearing, Judge Green ordered James Schoenfeld and Mr. Woods held under bail at the Alameda County jail in Oakland until a preliminary hearing on Aug. 26 or their indictment by a Madera County grand jury before then.

Richard Schoenfeld's motion to have his bail reduced to \$50,000 was offered on the ground that he had not fled

for myself," she said.

Bertie Hargis, on the other hand, stayed at work at the Western Auto Store a block away.

"Hang them and get it over with," Mrs. Hargis, a physical education instructor at the local high school, said almost casually as she showed a lack of interest now that the suspects involved have been arrested.

At the 40-minute hearing, Judge Green ordered James Schoenfeld and Mr. Woods held under bail at the Alameda County jail in Oakland until a preliminary hearing on Aug. 26 or their indictment by a Madera County grand jury before then.

Richard Schoenfeld's motion to have his bail reduced to \$50,000 was offered on the ground that he had not fled



Last call to save in Altman's Summer Clearance for Men

Save on Summer suits now 49.90 to 99.90

Reductions from our stock for final clearance. Assorted styles, fabrics, colors and patterns. Alteration charges on all reduced clothing. Main floor.

Save on dress shirts now 5.90

Clearance of short-sleeved polyester knit shirts with full-cut body. Sizes 14½ through 17, not every color in every size. Main floor.

Save on young men's sportswear now 3.90, 5.90 and 7.90

Final clearance at greatly reduced prices on an assortment of casual wear for Summer. Sixth floor.

Save on Summer shoes now 9.90, 14.90, 24.90

Final clearance. Main floor

Save on designer Summer sportswear "Mark of the Lion"

sport fashions in an assortment now 19.90 to 39.90.

Main floor, Fifth Avenue, White Plains and Manhasset only.

Jaeger sportswear clearance. Sports coats now 89.90. Slacks now 29.90.

Main floor, Fifth Avenue and Manhasset only.

Men's Store, Fifth Avenue and branches except where stated otherwise.

No mail or phone, no C.O.D. Size, style and color assortments are good, but incomplete.

B Altman & Co

551 من الامن

Good Deal Check

WE MIDU

إلى الأبد

Death of Winner in Missouri Senate Primary Roils Democratic Politics



Supporters of Representative Jerry Litton who came to Spain headquarters in Kansas City to celebrate victory Tuesday night grieved at news of his death.

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7
 B. Wheeler, of Kansas City, polled 10,541.
 Beyond the confusion over who will replace Mr. Litton as the nominee, there is the question of whether he was the legal winner since he died before his victory was certified by the Secretary of State, as required by law.
 James C. Kirkpatrick, the Secretary of State, a Democrat, said that he believed Mr. Litton could be declared the winner since the voters had acted and the polls had closed. But a Republican first assistant Attorney General, D. Brook Bartlett, said that his office would have to research the matter for a legal determination.

Up to Democrat's Panel
 The 60-member Democratic state committee will meet — at least 15 days before the Nov. 2 general election, according to law — to choose a nominee. It does not have to choose the runner-up, or any losing candidate. In 1932 and 1948, the committee passed over runners-up after the deaths of elected nominees.
 Mr. Hearnes is reportedly well-connected among members of the committee, but his administration was investigated by a grand jury looking into misuse of funds. The jury also investigated Mr. Hearnes's personal finances, but took no action against him.
 One St. Louis Democrat said that the committee would have to choose a strong candidate against the young and aggressive Republican nominee, Attorney General John C. Danforth, 40 years old, and that Mr. Hearnes, 53, might not be that person. It is also expected that Mr. Litton's supporters will demand a strong voice in the selection.

The race to succeed Senator Symington had been watched nationally. He is retiring after 24 years in the Senate and as a member of two of the most powerful committees in Congress, Foreign Relations and Armed Services. No other Senator is serving those two committees. Senator Symington was also Secretary of the Air Force under President Truman.
 The twin-engine Beechcraft, a Baron, crashed about 9:25 P.M., shortly after take-off, Kelsie of which he was host.

Reeter, Livingston County sheriff, theorized that the plane was attempting to return to the airport when it crashed and burned in a soybean field.
 The weather was clear as the plane took off for Kansas City, about 80 miles southwest of Chillicothe. Aboard were Mr. Litton, 39, his wife, Sharon, 38; their two children, Linda, 13 and Scott, 12, and the pilot, Paul Rupp Jr., and his son, Paul 3d. They planned to join hundreds of Mr. Litton's supporters for a celebration, including his victory statement, at the Hilton Plaza Hotel. Mr. Rupp had been the candidate's pilot through the campaign.
 For a while, the authorities delayed reportedly the crash because of the difficulties identifying the badly burned bodies.
 While the crash report was delayed Litton supporters continued celebrating in Kansas City and at the Chase Park Plaza Hotel here. There was concern that Mr. Litton was late in coming to Kansas City from such a short flight.
 Mr. Litton's top staff aides got the word shortly before 10, but kept putting off questions from reporters — "Hoping beyond hope that the worst wasn't true, not to cause confusion though," one aide commented.
 The fatal crash was unofficially confirmed by Sheriff Reeter at about 12:45 A.M., and became official about 48 minutes later. The celebrating smiles turned to grief and tears at the Hilton and at the Chase Park Plaza.
 The other candidates in the Senate race immediately closed down their headquarters and sent their workers home. Mr. Hearnes called radio and television stations for interviews and to offer his condolences. Representative Symington, shaken and in tears, remarked, "It's a time for grief and nothing else."
 He was not available to reporters the rest of the night. Mr. Litton had come from nowhere to end up as his party's nominee. He was not as well known as the former Governor or Representative Symington.
 Mr. Litton, a journalism graduate of the University of Missouri, was popular in Northwest Missouri, partly because of a television interview program, "Dialogue with Litton,"

Rags-to-Riches Story
 Jerry Lon Litton's life was a classic rags-to-riches story. He was born May 12, 1937, in a small wooden house without plumbing or electricity in rural Lock Springs, Mo., not far from Chillicothe.
 His father, Charley, now 68, had had a series of crippling farm accidents that kept him idle for several years. His mother helped by selling milk from the family's 17 cows. There was a series of financial reverses.
 Jerry Litton, however, was a success from the start. By the time he graduated from Chillicothe High School he had saved \$15,000, from his work on a farm he leased and as a radio announcer.
 While a student at the University of Missouri, he persuaded his father to invest in Charolais cattle, an ancient French breed. Father and son took out a \$20,000 loan, and later bought 500 acres for what

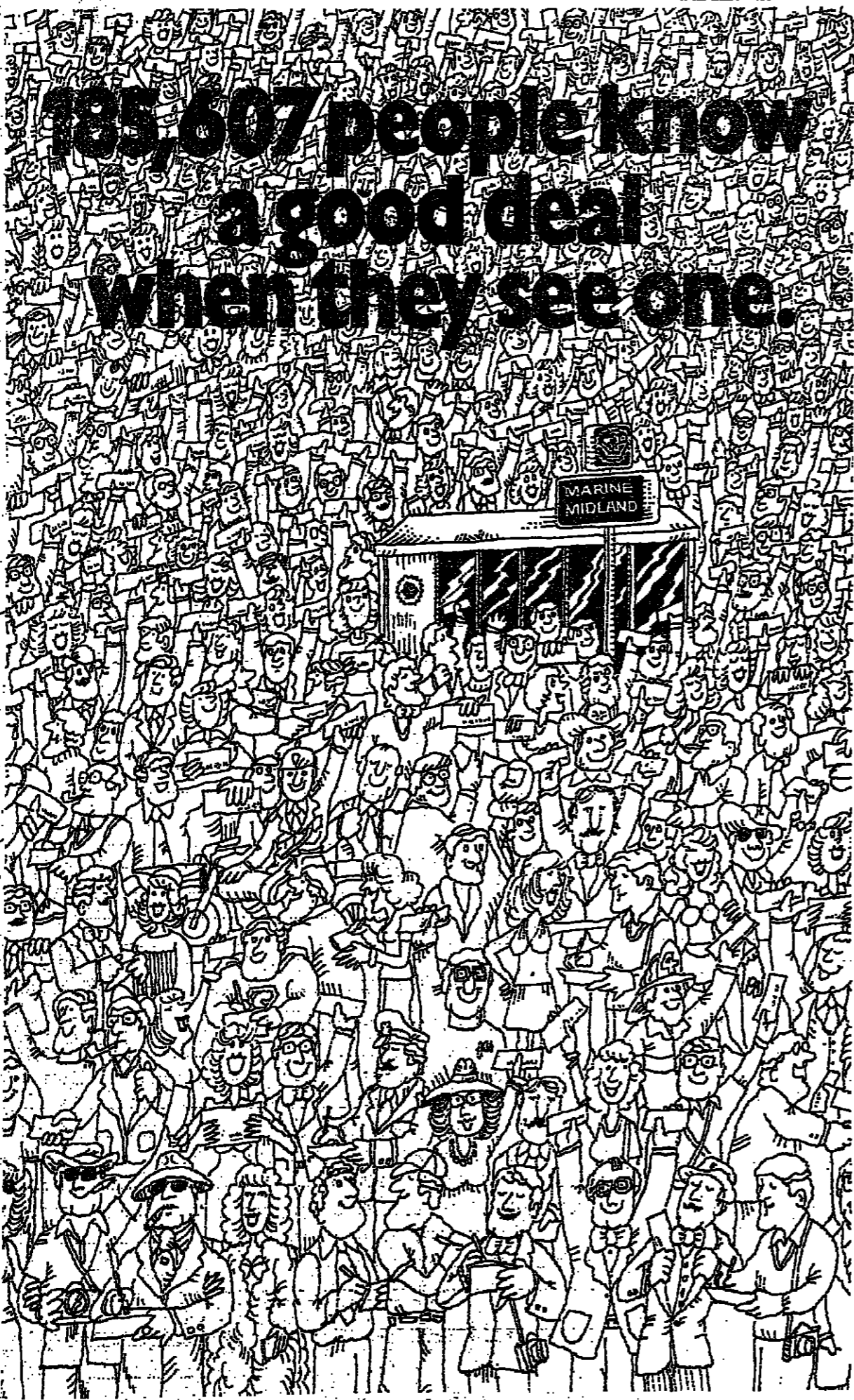
became the Litton Charolais ranch.
 Many ranchers credit Mr. Litton with transforming cattle breeding into a highly developed science. By using a computer that helped to determine which animals were genetically superior, the Litton operation produced cattle that set records for weight, progeny and quality.
 A half interest in one bull sold for \$168,000, and Mr. Litton put out a magazine for cattlemen. Early in 1974, a year after he entered the House, Mr. Litton, with his father, sold their ranch for \$3.8 million.
 When Mr. Litton resolved to run for a vacant House seat in 1972, he was a decided underdog. But he won the primary and the general election, and was easily re-elected in 1974.

Many of his Missouri colleagues, considering him a publicity seeker, disliked him, but he ignored their criticism. It is questionable that he could have won the Senate nomination yesterday if it were not for the Supreme Court ruling that removed the limitation on a candidate's expenditure on his own campaign. This allowed him to spend an estimated total of \$950,000; the limit before the ruling was about \$350,000.

Symington Withdraws
 ST. LOUIS, Aug. 4 (UPI) — James Symington bowed out of contention to replace Jerry Litton as the Democratic nominee for the United States Senate. "That's the end of the trail," Mr. Symington said. "It's only right. The people spoke and I bow to their will."

Quarter Portrait Hung
 LANTA, Aug. 4 (AP) — Two years after he left former Gov. Jimmy Carter's official portrait is now in the State Capitol. Carter family, busy campaigning for the Democratic presidential nominee gave the Building Authority the portrait last week.

2 to Campaign on Bicycles
 TUCSON, Ariz., Aug. 4 (UPI) — The United American Party's Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates, Frank Taylor and Henry Swan, plan a bicycle campaign in the Northwest beginning Aug. 11. They told a news conference yesterday that they would travel in nine states.



Good Deal Checking is working.
 From the day we started Good Deal Checking, people stopped paying monthly maintenance charges. They also stopped paying a charge for each check they used. No matter how many checks they wrote. That's a good deal.
 To get that, people keep at least \$200 in their checking account. Or \$200 in a savings account, which earns the highest interest allowable. That's a good deal, too.
 When you get right down to it, people keep switching to Marine Midland because Good Deal Checking is a good deal.

MARINE MIDLAND BANK

Radio Shack® CB 1¢ SALE!

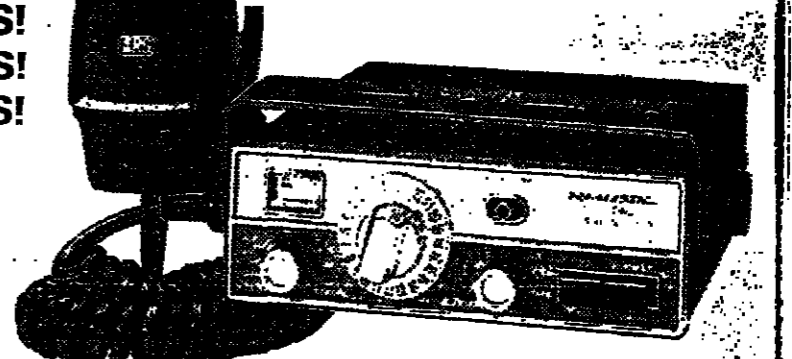
BUY EITHER OF THESE LOW-PRICED REALISTIC® RADIOS AND GET YOUR ANTENNA (Reg. \$11.95 to \$34.95) FOR A PENNY!



MODEL TRC-56 (above)
 TELEPHONE-TYPE MOBILE CB
179⁹⁵
 21-153
 PLUS 1¢ FOR ANTENNA!

MODEL TRC-24C (right)
 COMPACT-TYPE MOBILE CB
159⁹⁵
 21-145
 PLUS 1¢ FOR ANTENNA!

SAVE UP TO \$34.94 WITH THIS 1¢ SALE COUPON
 Present this coupon with purchase of TRC-56 or TRC-24C CB radio and take your choice of any one Archer mobile CB antenna for only 1¢ more!
 Offer expires 8/29/76
 Offer Good at Participating Radio Shack Stores and Dealers



GET YOUR "EARS" AT RADIO SHACK!
 When you get into the fun, safety and utility of CB, get with the brand with 16 YEARS EXPERIENCE — our famous REALISTIC brand. Realistic is sold and serviced everywhere in the USA and Canada. Realistic is the brand with EVERYDAY LOW PRICES that start many dollars below most brands because we take the "discount" off before the price goes on. Now save even more at Radio Shack! because any of our participating locations will give you any one Archer CB mobile antenna for a penny when you buy a Realistic TRC-56 or TRC-24C at the same time and hand in the above coupon. Act now and save from \$11.94 to \$34.94. You'll be glad you bought Realistic (and Archer!) instead of Brand X, believe us!

FULL-FEATURED CB RADIOS:

- Noise Blanker and Automatic Noise Limiter Circuits!
- All-Crystal All Channel FCC Type Accepted Models!
- Illuminated SIF Meters with Modulation Indicator!
- 12 Volts DC Negative or Positive Ground Operation!

... and you can **CHARGE IT** At Radio Shack

JUST 5 OF RADIO SHACK'S 16 ARCHER® MOBILE CB ANTENNAS — ONE IS RIGHT FOR YOU!

ONLY 1¢ WITH TRC-56 OR TRC-24C
18 INCH GUTTER MOUNT
1795
 21-909

- Center-Loaded, Whip and Spring!
- Adjustable Top Whip, 10' Coax Cable!

ONLY 1¢ WITH TRC-56 OR TRC-24C
40 INCH ROOF MOUNT
1995
 21-925

- Can Also Be Used on Trunk Deck!
- Base-Loaded Coil, 16' Coax Cable!

ONLY 1¢ WITH TRC-56 OR TRC-24C
102 INCH BUMPER MOUNT
1995
 21-915

- Whip, Dual Chain, Bracket!
- With Hardware, Vinyl Chain Cover, Gutter Clip!

STILL TIME TO ENTER!
 DEADLINE FOR ENTRIES IS 8/31/76
\$100,000 IN CASH PRIZES TO BE AWARDED IN
THE 1976 REALISTIC CB SONG SEARCH™
 Hurry for Details at Participating Radio Shack Stores!

44 INCH NO-HOLE TRUNK MOUNT
2195
 21-908

- Mounts on Center or Sides of Trunk Lid!
- Base-Loaded Coil, Solderless Connections!

ONLY 1¢ WITH TRC-56 OR TRC-24C
TWIN TRUCKERS DUAL ANTENNA
3495
 21-942

- Stainless Steel Upper and Lower Rods!
- 17' Dual Phasing Harness!

RADIO SHACK'S 1976 PRICES ON AVERAGE ARE WITHIN 1% OF RADIO SHACK'S LOW 1975 PRICES!

- THERE ARE MORE THAN 120 RADIO SHACK STORES IN THE NEW YORK AREA. CHECK THE WHITE PAGES OF YOUR PHONE BOOK FOR ONE NEAR YOU OR SHOP AT ONE OF THESE RECENTLY OPENED LOCATIONS:
- CEDARHURST** Effective 8/5/76 • 544 Central Ave.
 - MERRICK** • 1690 Sunrise Hwy. 1/4 Mile E. of Meadowbrook Pkwy.
 - PORT JEFFERSON** • Three Roads Plaza Rt. 112 & 347 near Canal Rd.
 - RIVERHEAD** • Harrow's Shopping Center 1070 Old Country Rd. & Route 6
 - SMITHTOWN, L.I.** • 71 Rt. 111 at Rt. 25
 - WEST HEMPSTEAD** • 492 A Hempstead Turnpike Cherry Valley Shopping Center
 - CEDAR GROVE, N.J.** • Pilgrim Plaza—Rt. 23
 - ELIZABETH, N.J.** • 203-05 Broad St.
 - FT. LEE, N.J.** • Linwood Plaza—Rt. 9W
 - HACKENSACK, N.J.** • Rt. 17 & Summit Ave.
 - LINDEN, N.J.** • 1007 W. Saint George Ave.
 - WEST NEW YORK, N.J.** • 6135 Bergen Line Ave.
- Most items also available at Radio Shack Dealers. Look for this sign in our neighborhood.
- Radio Shack DEALER**
- A TANDY CORPORATION COMPANY

Merns Announces the continuation of our great "Endless Summer" sale.

The nicest part about this "Endless Summer" sale is we add new, low priced items every day. So come in and help us celebrate summer. If you haven't discovered Merns yet, today is the day.

- 321 Half-sleeve body shirts. This is the famous label shirt you've bought for \$12 everyday in our stores. Solids and fancy prints. Hurry. **\$4**
- 211 Leisure suits. Some of our finest. Texturized polyesters with epaulets and four pocket styling. These are \$80 values. Good color selection while they last. **\$29**
- 275 Jeans. Lots of colors...yellow, green, blue and rust. Terrific cut. Regularly \$22. **\$7**
- 311 Short sleeve dress shirts. Magnificent group. Some imported from Italy. Plaids, checks and vivid patterns. Regularly \$12 to \$16. Now \$6 each. **3 for \$15**
- 310 Lightweight suits. Texturized polyesters and dacron and polyesters. Solids, plaids and stripes, too. True values to \$135. Now. **\$59**
- 244 Shoes. That's right, sensational imported shoes that we normally sell from \$29 to \$44, and are true values to \$70. Now one low price. Hurry (Madison Ave. only). **\$19**
- 102 Jump suits. Short sleeves and 100% cotton, these jump suits are beautifully detailed and should sell for \$35. 8 colors. Now. **\$16**
- 259 Lightweight slacks. A group of solid and fancy slacks that are perfect for summer. Regularly to \$19. **\$10**
- 249 Knit shirts. All short sleeves, most are acrylics. Fancies and solids that sold to \$15. Now one low price. **\$5**
- 306 Cabana sets. 100% nylon. Scenics and plenty of extraordinary prints. Our low price was \$18. Now. **\$10**
- 672 Ties. Some are pure silk. Values to \$8.90. Don't be fooled by the low price **\$2**
- 382 Matching muslin jeans and tops. Two shirt styles...slit chest and buttons, too. Four terrific colors. At this price it's getting an outfit for the price of the top or bottom. **\$12**
- 433 Designer suits. The biggest names in men's fashion from France and England. Most stores sell them for \$170 and more. Buy 2 at this price. **\$99**
- 199 Nylon swim trunks. World famous maker. You'll recognize the label. Brief boxer styling which normally sells for \$9. **\$4**
- 425 Lightweight casual suits. Some are vested. Some double breasted. Cottons and cotton blends. The perfect group for business or pleasure. Regularly to \$79. Now. **\$49**
- 91 Casual vested gabardine suits. Cotton and polyester blend. Four perfect colors. Regularly \$100. Not all sizes in all colors. **\$29**
- 205 Designer shirts. Many famous labels that sell around town from \$18 to \$35. Don't miss this. **\$9**
- 133 Long sleeve body shirts. You'll recognize the famous labels. Normally from \$12 to \$14. **\$6**
- 300 Lightweight vested suits. Normally sell for \$175. Great selection, stripes, plaids, and solids. These polyester and wool suits are a bargain at. **\$79**
- 311 Leisure suits. Cotton duck. Western styling with patch pockets and leather trim. Values to \$125. Now one low price. **\$10**

Discover Merns

75 Church Street (corner Vesey St.) Evenings till 6:30—Thursday till 8:00
525 Madison Ave. (bet. 53rd and 54th) Evenings till 6:30—Thursday till 8:00
Both stores open until 6 PM Saturday.
Master Charge, Citicard and BankAmericard honored.

CARTER PLEDGES CAMPAIGN UNITY

Promises No Disharmony Between Presidential and Local Drives

By LINDA CHARLTON
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 — Jimmy Carter told a newly appointed Democratic campaign steering committee today that there would be "no disharmony and no division of effort" between his Presidential campaign and the national effort to elect Democrats to statehouses and Congress.

Mr. Carter spoke at the first meeting of the Democratic National Committee's National Campaign Steering Committee—whose 47 members include the wives of the Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates, Mayor Richard J. Daley of Chicago and Leonard Woodcock, president of the United Automobile Workers. His appearance began a day in Washington that also included newspaper and magazine editorial-board interviews.

Warns of Overconfidence

Mr. Carter, in a low-key and businesslike speech that sounded more like that of a board chairman than a politician, told the group that he was "available to help in every possible way" with the nationwide voter-registration effort. Most new voters, he said, are believed likely to "vote Democratic."

He urged the committee members, "Don't be dominant or arrogant but be aggressive." And he suggested that the group might set up similar local steering committees around the country.



Jimmy Carter and Robert S. Strauss, chairman of Democratic Party's National Committee, share a laugh during conference that followed their meeting in Washington. At left is Walter F. Mondale, the Vice Presidential candidate.

The Democratic Presidential Committee chairman, Robert S. Strauss, who set up the steering committee earlier this week to coordinate Democratic campaigns around the country, told Mr. Carter, who spoke just for the party to run a campaign across part of the country, "I don't know where we're going or when we're going, but we're going," he said. Mr. Carter and Mr. Mondale were the guests of honor at the dinner during which both

Carter Says G.O.P. Will Select Ford; Sees Trust as Major Issue

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

Scripps-Howard newspaper chain in mid-morning, and had lunch with the editorial board of The Washington Star.

Later he took questions from the editorial board of U.S. News and World Report, at a fund-raiser for Tom Maloney, the Democratic senatorial candidate from Delaware, and spent the evening with the Democratic Study Group, before flying back to Georgia.

Awkward questions don't seem to bother him. In the Times interview, he was asked why he suddenly began attacking the Republicans yesterday in New Hampshire, and tying them to the same school I went in New Hampshire, and tying them to the same school I went in New Hampshire, and tying them to the same school I went in New Hampshire.

Well, he said, maybe it was a tactical mistake. He had prepared a careful speech on the importance of the American family, and then, he had nullified its effect by delivering a speech at a party rally in which he scolded the Republicans.

Mr. Ford was no Nixon, he said, but adding, "I don't see any change in Ford's attitude toward government, or his lack of leadership in transportation, public welfare, the Post Office or agriculture. Ford is such a weak leader—in my opinion, he has been just a quiescent extension of the policies of Nixon."

Answers Doubts of Jews When Mr. Carter was asked about the controversy among Jews about his religion, he replied that he had tried to answer their doubts, and suggested that maybe in the process leaders of the Jewish community "have learned a little more about Southern Jews."

"If there's one trestle within our church," he said, "it's the separation of church and state. Another thing: We believe in what we call 'the sainthood of the believer,' that each worshiper has a direct relationship to God, and the pastor of a church has no right to interfere in that relationship. Also, each Baptist Church is autonomous. There's no hierarchy."

Sees Restoration of Faith "A lot of very strong advocacy groups would come to me and say, 'This is something we really want, but we don't want to create a disturbance'."

Mr. Carter said he thought there was now a revival of optimism in the nation, but it should not be overestimated. "In many ways," he said, "there's an attitude—maybe it's an over-simplification—but people seem to be saying they're going to give government one more chance."

And, he added, "if there should be any more lying, or scandal, or betrayal of trust on my part or the part of other leaders, it would be a devastating blow. Because our people have been so desperately hurt, I think they've been searching for a way to give up their own little selfish interest for the common good of the nation, and I think this was demonstrated in a little way at the Democratic Convention."

Tennessee Goes to Polls Today To Pick Sen. Brock's Opponent

Special to The New York Times

NASHVILLE, Aug. 4—Tennessee voters select tomorrow a Democratic nominee for the United States Senate to oppose the incumbent Republican, Bill Brock, in the November election.

Mr. Brock is unopposed in the Republican primary, and thus the Senator's supporters are free to back John Jay Hooker, Jr., a Nashville lawyer and businessman, in the Democratic primary. There is no barrier to crossover voting in Tennessee primaries.

Mr. Hooker, twice defeated in bids for the Governor's office, is regarded by many of Mr. Brock's friends as the more vulnerable of the two front-runners in the Democratic primary.

The other is James R. Saffer, a Nashville lawyer and former state Democratic chairman. Seven candidates are listed on the ballot, and five have waged active campaigns. Mr. Hooker acknowledges that more Democrats oppose his nomination than favor it.

But with the anti-Hooker vote divided among four active op-

ponents, Mr. Hooker has been reported to be a slight favorite in public opinion polls, though most politicians regard the contest between him and Mr. Saffer as very close. Tennessee does not have a runoff.

Almost nothing in the way of issues has developed in the Democratic primary. Mr. Hooker's campaign has been conducted almost exclusively by television and telephone and through the endorsement of such national figures as Muhammad Ali and Senator Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota.

Mr. Saffer has run a campaign emphasizing organizational efforts and handshaking tours.

Apartment from the Senate race, most attention focuses on the Democratic race in the Fourth Congressional District, where Representative Joe L. Evins of Smithville, is retiring after 28 years in the House. Nine candidates are seeking the Democratic nomination, which is equivalent to election, since the Republicans are making no attempt to win the seat.

I think we're seeing a concentrating on the campaign, and approaching it in a "mathematical way." We have evolved a formula with several factors in it," he said, "the number of delegates, the results of opinion polls at this point, etc. We just run every state through that formula and then decide how to allot our time—two days to Illinois, two to Massachusetts, four to New York, or whatever. After that, it's very difficult to change in a campaign. Where I can't go, Fritz (Mondale) will concentrate. The general proposition is I'd go where I'm strongest and Mondale would go where he's strongest."

Problems to Change In the next few weeks, Mr. Carter's campaign problems would change, he said, explaining that in the primaries he could "leap-frog" a small staff from one key primary state to the next, but now he had to put together a much larger staff that could operate effectively in all 50 state same time.

Mr. Carter said he planned to make a speech every week or after the Republican election on unemployment, transportation, a formula and then mail and the trains run. He was asked twice about poor mail service, and when he questioned, he usually they were post office employees who were ashamed of their performance. It was part of a responsibility, he said, correct these things.

So saying, he answered other questions on matters at other news but the main purpose was to put together a organization that could November.

Meanwhile, he said, he was staff that could operate effectively in all 50 state same time.

Doubleday Book Shops

Best Seller Guide

This week's best sellers of all publishers in Doubleday Book Shops coast to coast.

August 5, 1976

FICTION

1. DOLORES, Jacqueline Susann..... \$ 6.95
2. THE DEEP, Peter Benchley..... \$ 7.95
3. THE EYE OF THE TIGER, Wilbur Smith..... \$ 7.95
4. TRINITY, Leon Uris..... \$10.95
5. THE LONELY LADY, Harold Robbins..... \$ 9.95
6. TOUCH NOT THE CAT, Mary Stewart..... \$ 8.95
7. THE FAMILY ARSENAL, Paul Theroux..... \$ 8.95
8. A GOD AGAINST THE GODS, Allen Drury..... \$10.00
9. THE TALISMAN, John Godey..... \$ 8.95
10. CROWNED HEADS, Thomas Tryon..... \$ 8.95

GENERAL

1. THE FINAL DAYS, Bob Woodward and Carl Bernstein..... \$11.95
2. PASSAGES, Gail Sheehy..... \$10.95
3. LYNDON JOHNSON AND THE AMERICAN DREAM, Doris Kearns..... \$12.50
4. A MAN CALLED INTREPID: The Secret War, William Stevenson..... \$12.95
5. THE FIRE CAME BY, John Baxter and Thomas R. Atkins..... \$ 7.95
6. SINATRA: An Unauthorized Biography, Earl Wilson..... \$ 9.95
7. SCOUNDREL TIME, Lilian Hellman..... \$12.95
8. THE MONSTERS OF LOCH NESS, Roy P. Mackal..... \$12.50
9. WORLD OF OUR FATHERS, Irving Howe..... \$14.95
10. THE CONTROL OF CANDY JONES, Donald Bain..... \$ 8.95

BOOKSELLERS' CHOICE

1. FIRE AND ICE, Andrew Tobias..... \$10.00
2. HURRY UP, AMERICA, AND SPIT, Pearl Bailey..... \$ 5.95
3. FINDING MY FATHER, Rod McKuen..... \$ 7.95
4. THE PILOT, Robert P. Davis..... \$ 7.95
5. OF MINNIE THE MOOCHER AND ME, Cab Calloway and Bryant Rollins..... \$ 9.95

724 Fifth Avenue at 57th Street
673 Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street
14 Wall Street

Scarsdale: 744 White Plains Road
Paramus: The Fashion Center
Garden City: 988 Franklin Avenue

Both Fifth Avenue shops are open until midnight.
American Express • BankAmericard • Master Charge • Carte Blanche • Diners Club

سكزا من الاصل

Higan's Senate Race s Riegle Against Esch

By AGIS SALPUKAS

For whites was not o.k. for a black man. But some campaign observers thought that Mr. Austin beat himself by running a campaign, largely defensive campaign. Mr. Austin, a distinguished-looking man of 63, had achieved a high degree of voter recognition, and at one point held a lead of 30 percentage points over Mr. Riegle.

While Mr. Riegle campaigned from early morning to late at night, supported by 3,000 volunteers, most of them young, and put his name before voters in television spot ads that at one point were costing him \$25,000 a week. Mr. Austin spent most of his time defending himself for benefiting from the patronage system.

At first, Mr. Austin's aides refused to open the books on the contributions. When the issue did not die they conducted an audit that showed that more than \$1 million had been contributed to the Democrats through the system.

With 98 percent of the vote counted, the results in the Democratic race were as follows: Mr. Riegle, 318,284 votes, or 44 percent; Mr. Austin, 209,910, or 29 percent; James O'Hara, a Congressman from Utica, 168,875, or 23 percent, and James Elsmar, a lawyer from Birmingham, 32,021, or 4 percent.

The results in the Republican race were as follows: Mr. Esch, 209,810, or 44 percent; Thomas Brennan, a former Michigan Supreme Court justice, 129,155, or 27 percent; Robert Huber, former Congressman from Troy, 82,793, or 18 percent, and James Baker, a businessman from Ann Arbor, 51,330, or 11 percent.

What was even more damaging to Mr. Austin, according to some voters, were the gifts he received that totaled \$4,830 in value, and included the installation of an air-conditioning system at his house at a cost of \$2,850.

By mid-July Mr. Riegle released a poll that showed him only 3 percentage points behind Mr. Austin. Mr. Austin and his



Donald W. Riegle Jr. in Detroit yesterday after his victory over Richard A. Austin in Senate race.

Campaign staff said that poll was biased because it had been conducted by Riegle volunteers.

Rep. Hansen Wins Again
BOISE, Idaho, Aug. 4 (AP)—Representative George Hansen, a Republican, who was fined \$2,000 after pleading guilty to a campaign finance reporting violation last year, will defend his seat in November against a freshman state legislator. He beat too little-known challengers in yesterday's primary.

The Democratic nomination was won by Stan Kress, a 32-year-old school superintendent and farmer from Firth, who was elected to the State Senate two years ago.

Political Unknown is Victor
TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 4 (AP)—A political unknown who stumped the 25 counties of Kansas' Fifth Congressional District, has apparently won the Democratic nomination to oppose veteran Representative Joe Skubitz in November.

Virgill Leon Olson, a 41-year-old Chautauque surveyor, held a 299-vote lead in complete but unofficial returns from yesterday's primary election. He was ahead of Kay Cain, a Wichita State University associate economics professor, and John Barnes, an aircraft company employee from Cherokee.

Delegate Shift Often Prompted by Local Political Maneuvering

By FRANK LYNN

Angered by Bronx Republican organization pressures on him after he switched from President Ford to the uncommitted status, Daniel Fernandez, a Bronx delegate to the Republican National Convention, is likely to jump to Ronald Reagan today when the Californian meets with New York delegates in Brooklyn.

But Mr. Reagan lost a New York delegate to President Ford two weeks ago because Brooklyn Republicans refused to endorse a Democratic state senator who the delegate, Adele C. Haines, felt deserved bipartisan endorsement.

These flip-flops make the point that, in many cases, local political maneuvering rather than the merits of the Presidential candidates may determine how a delegate votes at the convention in two weeks.

Mr. Reagan and the Brooklyn Republican chairman, George L. Clark Jr., the leading Reagan supporter here, are hoping for more switches today, when Mr. Reagan meets a small group of uncommitted delegates at Brooklyn Republican headquarters, 16 Court St., and then meets a larger group of delegates, mostly already Reagan supporters, at a cocktail party at the Brooklyn Club.

After that, Mr. Reagan will

go to New Jersey for similar political proselytizing. The delegations in New York and New Jersey are overwhelmingly pro-Ford. The 154 New York delegates as of now are divided: Mr. Ford, 128; Mr. Reagan, 18; uncommitted, 8.

Senator Clifford P. Case, chairman of the New Jersey delegation, reported to the President after a check on that delegation, that 60 were "firmly" committed to the President and seven were uncommitted. This assessment is similar to that of a New York Times survey of the delegation.

The experience of Mr. Fernandez, one of the uncommitted New York delegates who meet Mr. Reagan today, points up local maneuvering that often obscures national considerations.

Mr. Fernandez, one of two Puerto Ricans in the New York delegation, switched from supporting President Ford to uncommitted status 10 days ago because he was dissatisfied with Ford Administration's cuts in social welfare programs.

Conceding that there was often waste and inefficiency in such programs, Mr. Fernandez

said, "It is incomprehensible to me why the recipients and not those directly at fault should be penalized."

He said he was referring to "incompetent" program administrators.

Within hours after his switch was publicized in The New York Times, Mr. Fernandez said he was told by Ralph Giordano, vice chairman of the Bronx Republican organization, that his change of heart had angered President Ford, the Republican state chairman, Richard M. Rosenbaum, and the party's Bronx chairman, John D. Calandra.

Mr. Fernandez, a lumber dealer, contended that this anger had been translated into difficulties in his dealings with unspecified state and city agencies and a warning by Joseph Cascione, chairman of the Bronx Republican law committee, that he "might not have time" to defend Mr. Fernandez from challenges of his designating petitions as a Bronx Candidate for State Senate.

Mr. Fernandez said he capitulated last Friday and wrote to Mr. Rosenbaum, again endorsing Mr. Ford, but that on Monday, nevertheless, he was removed from the ballot by the Board of Elections after the Republican organization did not defend his petitions.

"He wanted to dance alone, let him dance alone all the way," said an obviously irritated Mr. Calandra, who denied, however, that he had "anything to do" with any bureaucratic harassment of Mr. Fernandez.

Reagan Found Sympathetic
"What do I know about his contracts; I think that's why he's going back and forth," said Mr. Calandra, and "he's trying to sell his wares to the highest bidder."

Among those who contacted Mr. Fernandez after his switch was Mr. Reagan.

"He seems sympathetic to the Hispanic community," said Mr. Fernandez.

In Brooklyn, Mrs. Haines, a co-owner of a weekly newspaper who is a former Republican district leader, said that she had switched from Mr. Reagan to the President to protest local Republican refusal to endorse a new Democratic State Senator, Thomas Bartosiewicz.

dorsing Mr. Ford, but that on Monday, nevertheless, he was removed from the ballot by the Board of Elections after the Republican organization did not defend his petitions.

"He wanted to dance alone, let him dance alone all the way," said an obviously irritated Mr. Calandra, who denied, however, that he had "anything to do" with any bureaucratic harassment of Mr. Fernandez.

Reagan Found Sympathetic
"What do I know about his contracts; I think that's why he's going back and forth," said Mr. Calandra, and "he's trying to sell his wares to the highest bidder."

Among those who contacted Mr. Fernandez after his switch was Mr. Reagan.

"He seems sympathetic to the Hispanic community," said Mr. Fernandez.

In Brooklyn, Mrs. Haines, a co-owner of a weekly newspaper who is a former Republican district leader, said that she had switched from Mr. Reagan to the President to protest local Republican refusal to endorse a new Democratic State Senator, Thomas Bartosiewicz.

Noting that it would be unlikely that a Republican could defeat Mr. Bartosiewicz, Mrs. Haines said that she was willing to "settle for a half a loaf" by endorsing the Democrat and thus having some representation in the State Senate.

She said that she had told Mr. Clark that "you better get on the ball and do something or I'm going over to Ford."

Mrs. Haines said that Mr. Clark had been unable to persuade party leaders in the Greenpoint area to endorse Mr. Bartosiewicz. She endorsed the President two weeks ago.

New Carter Staff Member
MANCHESTER, N. H., Aug. 4 (UPI)—Rufus Youngblood, the former Secret Service agent who shielded Vice President Johnson in the Dallas motorcade in which President Kennedy was shot to death on Nov. 22, 1963, has joined Jimmy Carter's campaign staff. Mr. Youngblood, 42, is living in Savannah, Ga., and will handle logistics for the Atlanta campaign office. The announcement was made here yesterday by Jody Powell, Mr. Carter's press secretary.

De-tarred but not de-tasted.

Only 7 mg. tar

Want low tar and good taste, too? Here's Pall Mall's famous tobacco taste made extra mild by the Air-Stream Filter.

De-tarred to only 7 mg., all Pall Mall Extra Mild is lower in tar than 97% of all cigarettes sold today.

Lower in tar than all the Lights

	tar mg/cig	nicotine mg/cig
Pall Mall Extra Mild	14	0.9
Pall Mall Extra Mild	14	0.9
Pall Mall Lights	13	0.8
Pall Mall Lights	13	0.8
Pall Mall Milds	13	0.8
Pall Mall Lights	12	0.9
Pall Mall	11	0.7
Pall Mall	9	0.7
Pall Mall Golden Lights	8	0.7
Pall Mall Extra Mild	7	0.6

All brands, lowest...tar 1 mg. nic. 0.1 mg. av. per cigarette by FTC method.



PALL MALL EXTRA MILD Lower in tar than all the Lights

Warning: The Surgeon General Has Determined That Cigarette Smoking Is Dangerous to Your Health.

7 mg. "tar", 0.6 mg. nicotine av. per cigarette by FTC method.

5th Rumanian Asks Asylum, As Does Ethiopian Journalist

MONTREAL, Aug. 4 (Reuters)—Another Rumanian athlete and an Ethiopian journalist applied for political asylum in Canada today, bringing to seven the number who have filed such applications during and since the Olympic Games here. Neither of the new applicants was identified.

A Canadian immigration officer said the journalist made his application in Montreal and the Rumanian applied through the Immigration Department's Ottawa offices. Four other members of the Rumanian team have asked for asylum. A Soviet diver, Sergei Nemtsanov, asked for asylum last week, touching off a heated Soviet protest.

THE WORLD'S LARGEST RECORD, TAPE & AUDIO DEALER

SAM GOODY, INC.

We honor Drivers Club • American Express • BankAmericard • Master Charge on purchases of \$5 or more.

HI GOOD BUDDY, CATCH THESE SENSATIONAL CITIZENS BAND SAVINGS!

A UNIVERSAL Portable CB-Radio

Mount with Built-in Speaker

• Hi-impact, molded A.B.S. case • 4" dynamic 8 ohm speaker w/plug • Deluxe brushed chrome trim • Plated hardware • Foam cushion mounting • Quick connect, plug-in wiring harness with 2 amp fuse

Model 90-003

NOW! ONLY 19⁹⁵

GRANADA CB-7/27

23 Channel Mobile Transceiver

Reg. \$129.95

NOW! ONLY 99⁹⁵

HUSTLER

CB MOBILE ANTENNAS AND ACCESSORIES

NOW! TAKE 15% OFF OUR REGULAR STORE PRICES

These offers good thru August 5, 1976. Mail Orders Accepted—See instructions below.

XTAL XCB-7

Deluxe 23 Channel Mobile Transceiver

Regularly \$169.95

NOW! ONLY 129⁹⁵

HY-GAIN 681B/670

23 Channel Mobile CB Transceiver

Regularly \$139.95

NOW! ONLY 119⁹⁵

This offer good thru August 5, 1976. Mail Orders Accepted—See instructions below.

2 Great Timing Ideas from KINGSPONT

AM/FM STEREO DIGITAL

CLOCK RADIO

Model 2201

NOW! ONLY 39⁹⁵

AM/FM ELECTRONIC

CLOCK RADIO

Model KP-2

NOW! ONLY 49⁹⁵

These offers good thru August 5, 1976. Mail Orders Accepted—See instructions below.

MEMOREX MRX₂ Cassettes

SPECIALLY PRICED!

Buy 1 60 minute Cassette at our regular price and get the 2nd at Less than... 1/2 price.

Regularly \$2.39 Each Cassette

NOW! THE SPECIAL 2-PACKAGE 2⁹⁹ EACH 2-PACK

You must buy the Special 2-Pack to take advantage of this Special Offer.

This offer good thru August 5, 1976. Mail Orders Accepted—See instructions below.

To Order by Mail—Send to: SAM GOODY, Inc. 46-35 54th Road, Maspeth, N.Y. 11378—Records and Tapes: Add \$1.25 for the first two LPs or Tapes and 25¢ each additional LP or Tape. FOREIGN ORDERS: Add \$3 for the first two LPs or Tapes; 50¢ each additional LP or Tape. Give name and/or number of each item, and please list alternatives. When ordering Tapes, specify 8-Track Cartridge or Cassette. Audio Equipment: Unless billed to a charge account, payment must be made in advance. Shipments in U.S.A. by United Parcel Service. Shipping costs are collect. Credit Cards: Diner, Club, American Express, BankAmericard or Master Charge (\$5 minimum). Please give card number and all other information on card. Sorry, no phone orders. • N.Y. City residents add 8% Sales Tax; other N.Y. State residents add tax as applicable. • Please do not send cash by mail.

• ROCKETEER CENTER, N.Y.C.—51 West 51 St. • East Side, N.Y.C.—3rd Ave. at 43rd St. • West Side, N.Y.C.—236 West 49th St.
 • BROOKLYN, N.Y.—Kings Plaza Ctr. • Rego Park, Queens—9121 Queens Blvd. • Valley Stream, L.I.—Green Acres Ctr.
 • HUNTINGTON, L.I.—Walt Whitman Ctr. • Smithtown, L.I.—Smith Haven Mall • Massapequa, L.I.—Sunrise Mall • Yonkers, N.Y.—Cross County Ctr.
 • EATONTOWN, N.J.—Monmouth Mall • Paramus, N.J.—Garden State Plaza • Woodbridge, N.J.—Woodbridge Ctr. • Livingston, N.J.—Livingston Mall
 • WAYNE, N.J.—Wayne Hills Mall • Pennsauken, N.J.—Loehmann's Plaza • Voorhees, N.J.—Echelon Mall • Delaware County, Pa.—Springfield Mall
 • CORNWELLS HEIGHTS, Pa.—Neshaminy Mall • Plymouth Meeting, Pa.—Plymouth Meeting Mall • Exton, Pa.—Exton Squares
 • PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—1125 Chestnut St. • Philadelphia, Pa.—306 Chestnut St. • Philadelphia, Pa.—Roosevelt Mall
 • ARLMORE, Pa.—Arlmore West Ctr. • RALEIGH, N.C.—Cranberry Valley Mall • WESTPORT, Conn.—275 E. State St.

SCHWEIKER VOTES PUT IN NEW LIGHT

Reagan, in Mississippi, Says Senator Is Less Liberal Than Ratings Suggest

By JON NORDHEIMER
Special to The New York Times

JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 4—Ronald Reagan and his running mate, Senator Richard S. Schweiker of Pennsylvania, took pains today to try to explain to Mississippi delegates that the Senator was not personally as liberal as his voting record in Congress might indicate.

At their first news conference together, both men glossed over the Senator's support of many measures sponsored by the liberal bloc in Congress, and they both agreed that Mr. Schweiker at heart believed that the private sector and not the Federal Government should be leading the way in vital areas of public concern such as full employment and national health care.

It was Mr. Reagan's first public appearance since he joined the Republican Party with the announcement nine days ago that he had selected the 50-year-old Pennsylvania as his choice for Vice President.

Denies Backtracking

He said he had not backtracked on his committee to choose a running mate philosophically compatible with his own conservative views. He also said that the liberal "label" that had been attached to Mr. Schweiker's name in his 16 years in Congress was misleading despite the Senator's high rating by liberal groups such as Americans for Democratic Action and the Committee on Political Education arm of organized labor.

Mr. Reagan said he and Mr. Schweiker agreed on many issues vital to Americans in this election year and were united in their opposition to issues such as forced busing, gun control and abortion on demand.

"If you simply abide by labels you ignore some basic facts," he said at the news conference before carrying the same message to a closed meeting of Mississippi delegates disturbed by his choice. "I have said I would choose someone who I believed was basically philosophically compatible with me, and I have not violated that particular principle."

Offers Own Yardstick

He dismissed ratings of the two liberal groups as misleading, and offered his own test of Mr. Schweiker's political philosophy: a ranking prepared by the Washington News Letter Political Intelligence, purportedly based on an analysis of six years of votes in the Senate. He contrasted Mr. Schweiker's score (77.3) with that of Senator Walter F. Mondale (96.6), the Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate.

"He comes out so far away from Mondale on the other that they are at opposite ends of the pole," Mr. Reagan said. Actually, the ranking made Mr. Schweiker the sixth most liberal Republican in the Senate. The Senator at the "opposite end of the pole" from Mr. Mondale was Mr. Reagan's longtime friend and political ally from North Carolina, Senator Jesse A. Helms (2.0).

Some New Phrases

If Mr. Schweiker was rapidly changing his positions, it was apparent that he had won some concessions from the man heading the ticket. In an opening statement, when Mr. Reagan told of seeking a platform at the Republican National Convention in Kansas City, Mo., in two weeks that "meets the challenge laid down by the Democrats," he added some new phrases that had been absent in his political vocabulary this year.

"In a few days the Republican Party will have an opportunity to make it clear that it offers a more progressive, more humane, more effective approach," he said. Significantly, Mr. Schweiker later in the news conference referred specifically to this passage, saying it summed up his attitude about what the Reagan-Schweiker candidacy was all about — "more humane, more progressive."

The pair will meet with Republican delegates Thursday and complete the week's tour by attending a convention of West Virginia Republicans in Charleston on Saturday.

Clarke Reed, the silver haired chairman of the Mississippi Republican Party, was on hand to greet Mr. Reagan when his chartered DC-8 jet landed here about 2 P.M. Mr. Reed had been one of those conservative Southerners who defected to the Ford camp after Mr. Reagan announced his selection of Mr. Schweiker.

The two men shook hands and exchanged greetings briefly at the ramp to the plane on this sweltering afternoon, but the meeting was frosty compared with the camaraderie of previous encounters between the two.

About 200 people greeted the running mates as they moved along an ornate fence to shake hands with Mr. Schweiker wearing a dark blue suit in the Mississippi sun, freely perspiring. A few signs mentioned both men, but most of the placards held aloft greeted Mr. Reagan only.

At the news conference, the Senator displayed considerable bounce and alacrity in fielding

Tally of G.O.P. Delegates

Following is the latest state-by-state delegate tally for the Republican Presidential nomination, as compiled by The New York Times:

State	Delegates	Ford	Reagan	Uncommitted
Alabama	37	0	37	0
Alaska	17	0	2	0
Arizona	29	2	27	0
Arkansas	27	10	17	0
California	167	0	167	0
Colorado	31	4	25	0
Connecticut	35	35	0	0
Delaware	17	13	1	3
Florida	66	43	23	0
Georgia	48	0	48	0
Hawaii	19	15	1	3
Idaho	21	4	17	0
Illinois	101	81	12	8
Indiana	54	9	45	0
Iowa	36	18	17	1
Kansas	34	29	4	1
Kentucky	37	19	18	0
Louisiana	41	4	36	1
Maine	20	15	4	1
Maryland	43	43	0	0
Massachusetts	43	28	15	0
Michigan	84	55	29	0
Minnesota	42	32	10	0
Mississippi	30	0	0	30
Missouri	49	18	29	4
Montana	20	0	20	0
Nebraska	25	7	18	0
Nevada	18	5	13	0
New Hampshire	21	18	3	0
New Jersey	67	60	0	7
New Mexico	21	0	21	0
New York	128	0	128	0
North Carolina	54	25	28	1
North Dakota	18	10	5	3
Ohio	97	90	6	1
Oklahoma	36	0	36	0
Oregon	30	16	14	0
Pennsylvania	103	76	10	17
Rhode Island	19	19	0	0
South Carolina	36	7	24	5
Tennessee	43	31	22	0
Texas	109	0	109	0
Utah	20	0	20	0
Vermont	18	18	0	0
Virginia	51	12	34	5
Washington	38	7	31	0
West Virginia	28	11	7	10
Wisconsin	45	45	0	0
Wyoming	17	2	9	6
Dist. of Columbia	14	14	0	0
Guam	4	4	0	0
Puerto Rico	8	8	0	0
Virgin Islands	4	4	0	0
TOTAL	2,259	1,108	1,027	124

Connally Criticizes Carter As Vacillating Candidate

By JAMES P. STERBA
Special to The New York Times

CLEVELAND, Aug. 4—John B. Connally today called Jimmy Carter a "maybe I would and maybe I wouldn't" candidate and said that Ronald Reagan could learn something about setting from the Democratic Presidential nominee.

Displaying his scrappiness as a campaigner, the former Treasury Secretary and Texas Governor went on the offensive for President Ford and lashed out at critics who say he would be a liability as Mr. Ford's running mate.

He said that everyone had heard about Mr. Ford's pardon of former President Richard M. Nixon, but that a similar "Congressional pardon" had been obscured. He said many of the people in Congress who say he is tainted by Watergate and his indictment in the milk fund scandal had used a legislative maneuver last year to avoid similar indictments.

Although he faced the ordeal of indictment and acquittal, he said, many Congressmen guilty of accepting illegal contributions quietly voted last year to reduce the statute of limitations for similar offenses to three years from five.

Blames Democrats

Mr. Connally called Mr. Ford's record "very outstanding" and said that the major cause of the country's problems was the Democrats' control of both houses of Congress for nearly three decades.

He came to Cleveland to speak at an Ohio Republican fund-raising dinner. He urged Republicans to stop their "internal cannibalism" and "stop this civil war" or face defeat in November.

He said that he did not know much about Mr. Carter but said that Mr. Carter was "well programmed" in carrying the Democratic banner.

"He's getting briefed as fast as he can on how the government functions," Mr. Connally said. As usual, Mr. Connally declined to say whether he would accept the No. 2 spot on the ticket with Mr. Ford. If he did, he said, "obviously I'm going to be like any other Vice President. I suppose I'll do what I'm asked to do or told to do. That's the re-son the job doesn't appeal to me."

Asked about Mr. Carter as a possible President, he said: "I feel about him like he feels about most issues—maybe he would and maybe he wouldn't. I think we have to wait and see what he stands for. I think I'm confused like everyone else."

Mr. Connally said that Mr. Carter had run against Washington but that when he chose Senator Walter E. Mondale of Minnesota as his running mate, he chose a man who "by his actions, by his votes, is responsible for the mess."

A Niece of Connally Is a Backer of Carter

Special to The New York Times
WACO, Tex., Aug. 4 (UPI)—Jeanine Hicks is a Carter backer and she's John B. Connally's niece.

"They say blood is sometimes thicker than politics, but I'm going to vote Democratic in November even if Uncle Johnny is on the Republican ticket," says Miss Hicks.

"My views on Jimmy Carter aren't going to change unless something drastic changes between now and then."

Miss Hicks is publications coordinator for the Texas State Technical Institute. The office where she works is on the institute's John Connally campus, named for the former Texas Governor.

"I'm not surprised people are talking about Uncle Johnny for Vice President," says Miss Hicks. "All my life, he's been a political man, so it's nothing new or unexpected."

"I'm pretty sure he knows I'm a Carter delegate, but I haven't talked to him about it. He's been pretty busy, but I'm pretty sure he'd respect me for my feelings."

Choice of Schweiker Appears to Keep Alive Reagan's Chance

By R. W. APPLE JR.
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4—When Ronald Reagan disclosed that he had chosen Senator Richard S. Schweiker as his proposed running mate, the Californian's chief strategist, John P. Sears, said the selection would temporarily make all hard tabulations of Republican delegate strength worthless.

As things turned out, he was right, and that may have been the most important benefit to Mr. Reagan from his bold strategic stroke.

Just before the Schweiker announcement, the tabulations kept by The New York Times, The Associated Press and other news organizations showed President Ford on the verge of assembling the 1,130 committed delegates needed for nomination. It seemed certain that the belated momentum Mr. Ford was showing would put him over the top in only two or three days.

The result would have been to set off a stampede to the President, the Reagan strategists concluded; unless they could somehow interrupt Mr. Ford's steady progress toward 1,130 on the nightly television news shows, and the front pages of newspapers, the nomination game was finished.

An attempt to disrupt the situation by threatening credentials battles or floor fights on the platform was rejected by the Reagan camp for two reasons: because it could not be developed quickly enough to affect the delegate count, and because of what Mr. Sears sometimes calls "Sears's first law."

Confusing the Picture

That law states that "you never do the same thing in politics twice," largely because it will not sell to the electorate, and floor fights on procedural issues have been used by underdogs at several recent conventions.

So the Schweiker designation was seized upon as a device to confuse the picture and thus to buy some time.

In that limited sense, it has worked. No independent count by any of the news organizations gives Mr. Ford enough votes for the nomination 10 days after Mr. Reagan fired off his bombshell.

The strategy also gave Mr. Reagan additional maneuvering room for a final effort to pull out a victory.

It silenced talk of a Ford-Reagan ticket, which had been seriously undercutting the former Governor's sales pitch to uncommitted delegates. It stilled apprehension in some segments of the party that he would write off the Northeast if he was nominated. It called into question, in the minds of some delegates, polls showing that Mr. Ford would be the stronger candidate against the Democrats.

There were terrible risks, and at least some of Mr. Reagan's aides knew it. "I risked one of them asked rhetorically the other evening: 'Sure there was risk, but the real risk was to sit here and do nothing. We were beaten if we didn't move.'"

It still appears probable, but by no means certain, that Mr. Reagan will be beaten. But he will have the chance, it appears, to carry his fight all the way to the convention floor without decisive indications of a Ford victory in the news media creating a bandwagon effect for the President.

Justice Marshall Will Get The Family of Man Award

The annual Family of Man Human Relations Award of the Council of Churches of New York City will be presented to Justice Thurgood Marshall of the United States Supreme Court, it was announced yesterday.

In addition Dr. William F. May, chairman of the American Can Company, will receive the council's business and industry award, and the Rev. Dr. Sandy F. Ray, pastor of the Cornerstone Baptist Church in Brooklyn and president of the Empire State Baptist Convention, will receive the Clergyman of the Year prize.

The awards dinner will be held Nov. 3 at the New York Hilton Hotel.

and Western states, but there have been more defections than a many trying to catch up can afford.

Today, for example, Ray W. Edwards of Collinsville, Va., whom The Times had listed as a Reagan supporter, endorsed Mr. Ford. He said in a telephone interview that the selection of Mr. Schweiker "totally shocked me," particularly after he read a magazine account of the Pennsylvanian's ties to labor.

In South Carolina, three other Reagan supporters—Carroll A. Campbell Jr., Henry Taylor and M. Lee Blackburn—said they were reassessing their positions. They said they were ready to switch to Mr. Ford if Mr. Schweiker was unable to produce converts to Mr. Reagan in big Northeastern states.

But despite claims from the President Ford Committee that all three were now uncommitted, only Mr. Taylor said he had gone that far.

The really crucial erosion in Mr. Reagan's Southern base has taken place in Mississippi, but it is not yet clear that he will lose its 30 votes, which are to be cast under a unit rule. He and Mr. Schweiker visited the state this afternoon in an attempt to salvage the situation.

At the same time, the selection of Mr. Schweiker was begun to pay limited dividends in the North, though not yet of the magnitude needed by the Californian.

The picture in Pennsylvania has been thoroughly confused, with no fewer than 17 delegates there now describing themselves to Times interviewers as uncommitted.

James A. Baker, 34, Mr. Ford's chief delegate-hunter, conceded at a breakfast meeting with reporters that Mr. Reagan might well pick up some of the Pennsylvania uncommitteds as well as some in Illinois as a result of the Schweiker gamble.

And Senator Clifford P. Case of New Jersey, a Ford man while reaffirming his prediction that all 67 of that state's delegates would back the President, added that only 60 were willing

to make public commitments because of the 1975 grain embargo. Finally, there have been a few movements elsewhere from the President to uncommitted 10 days after his surprise announcement and 10 days before the opening of the convention, but which would probably not have taken place had a Ford bandwagon been rolling by this juncture.

One such switch was discovered today in Minnesota, where Gene Smith, a farmer from Montevideo in the southwestern part of the state, said he had decided within the last week to detach himself from

Mr. Ford's candidacy, largely because of the 1975 grain embargo. The situation for Mr. Reagan, 10 days after his surprise announcement and 10 days before the opening of the convention, but which would probably not have taken place had a Ford bandwagon been rolling by this juncture.

Of the 124, 18 are willing to state publicly that they lean to Mr. Ford, and there are doubtless enough others who privately lean that way to give the President more than 1,130 if all of them vote their leanings on news media.

the convention's first ball. To win, therefore, Mr. must hold Mississippi capture all of the uncommitted delegates who lean to all of those who are undecided, and must somehow away some of the delegates who now describe the all while avoiding defections.

That is a tall order. Mr. Reagan faced when he had decided within the last week to detach himself from

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

of them vote their leanings on news media.

END OF SUMMER SALE

Designer suits, sport coats, slacks
leisure suits haberdashery, leather jac
FAMOUS BRANDS & INTERNATIONAL DESIGN
TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION

Reduced 50%

DESIGNER SUITS
Vested and non-vested Reg. \$145 to \$335
NOW \$72⁵⁰ to \$167⁵⁰

DESIGNER SPORT COATS
Reg. \$25 to \$200
NOW \$47⁵⁰ to \$100

DESIGNER LEISURE SUITS
Reg. \$85 to \$105
NOW \$42⁵⁰ to \$92⁵⁰

FAMOUS LABEL
TIES - SHIRTS
SPORT SHIRTS
Reduced 50%

SLIGHT CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS ON 50% SALE
WE FIT EVERY MAN SIZES 36 TO 60
ALL MAJOR CREDIT CARDS ACCEPTED OR USE RICHFIELD CHARGE PLAN



Richfield clothes

KINGS PLAZA SHOPPING CENTER
BROOKLYN, N.Y.
(212) 951-7800

FIVE TOWNS SHOPPING PLAZA
WOODMERE, L.I.
(516) 295-5930

Open Monday thru Saturday 10 am to 9:30 pm

"At Hirsch Photo, I don't manage the books, I manage the store."

Mario Hirsch

Hey, let's face it, I'm as interested in making a buck as the next guy. But the way I figure it, my books won't keep showing a profit if my customers keep seeing red. So I do everything I can to make sure they're tickled pink.

You see, at Hirsch Photo there's no such thing as absentee ownership. I'm there every day from 9:00 in the morning to 6:00 at night. Five days a week. If you've got a complaint to make all you have to do is look for the handsome man with thinning hair. Now don't get me wrong, this isn't a one man operation, either. Because I've got a sales staff that knows as much about cameras (well, almost as much) as I do.

It's not easy knowing the latest developments in the camera business. Take for instance the Vivitar line. Most people only associate them with great lenses. Well, let me tell you they're no flash in the pan when it comes to other photographic equipment. In fact I've just added their great new line of 35mm cameras, electronic flashes, filters, tripods and tele-converters. It's a perfect example of being on your toes.

You see, right now my store's got a terrific name. Mine. And I aim to keep it that way.

Hirsch Photo

Hirsch Photo, 630 9th Avenue (bet 44th and 45th Streets)
New York, N.Y. 10036. Tel. 265-4735. Open 9-6 Mon-Fri.

Weekend
On the Beach
For Off Broadway Stage, It's Another On Season...
Carnegie Hall's Concert Lineup Is Its Biggest Ever...
From Downtown to Fairfield the Rock Clubs Are Booming...
Hunting The Best Art Book
Greek Cabarets Changing

Every Friday in The New York Times

LEGAL

NOTICE OF PROPOSED BANK MERGER

Notice is hereby given that the BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, New York, New York, has made application to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20563, for written consent to merge with BANKERS TRUST OF SUFFOLK, N.A., Suffolk, New York.

All offices of the above-named banks would continue to be operated.

This notice is published pursuant to Section 18(c) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
280 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10017

BANKERS TRUST OF SUFFOLK, N.A.
115 East Main Street
Fairfax, New York 11722

Reagan's... SALE... Reduced... LEISURE... SPORTS... TIES... SPORTS... Reduced... Chfield



Residents of Brewerton, N.Y., visit the New York Bicentennial Barge

Centennial Barge Is Popular Upstate

By JOHN S. WILSON
The Duplex, a small two-level club at 55 Grove Street, just west of Sheridan Square, whose upstairs room was a busy showcase for new talent until it closed three years ago, reopened this week, picking up where it left off as a setting for new faces.

Josie O'Donnell, the room's first act, is not precisely a new face, because she has a long show-business career behind her in nightclubs, in musicals and as a straight actress. But Miss O'Donnell has been away from show business for the last 10 years, rearing her three children, so her appearance is a return, rather than a debut.

Her years of experience are evident in the aplomb with which Miss O'Donnell moves through a program that takes her from slapstick comedy to sentimentality and on out into the tension-filled world of Jacques Brel. She has a sparkling pixie face with a generous grin, a nose that has the saucy slide and rise of a roller coaster and eyes that fill with dancing lights.

highway, would have been clogged with cars.

About half a million people have seen the exhibits since they opened in Manhattan on June 3.

The peak for Manhattan visitors was 20,562 on Sunday, June 6, with the lowest, 5,184, in Brooklyn the next day.

By contrast, 21,052 persons went through the barge in one day in Albany, although it was the day before the Fourth of July holiday. But near the end of July on successive days, 15,432 and then 13,755 saw it in Scotia and 13,424 and 10,728 viewed it in Fondra.

When they weren't tugging at children or waving at passing cruisers and small boats on the canal, the people read signs along the top deck while waiting to go below.

Called an "Expensive" Exhibit

The first exhibit to greet the visitors on the lower deck of the converted railroad barge is a straw dummy hanging by its neck from a pole. It represents the effigy of the acting Royal Governor of New York City then, Cadwallader Colden. A similar effigy, according to the display, was hung by a "whistling, howling mob" that later burned the Governor's coach.

thought the whole thing was a waste of money.

"Why don't they just print a book about?" she said, "I would buy that." She said she was interested in history, "but this seems like a lot of expense, doesn't it to you?"

Some exhibits were accompanied by films. A crowd of young boys stood in awe with their mouths open at one film in which a Revolutionary private explained that his comrades favored the musket over the Kentucky rifle because loading was not as time-consuming in the heat of battle, and then showed how cartridges were bitten open, powder poured into the flash pan and down the barrel, the paper-covered bullet rammed home and the flint struck.

Mrs. Eleanor West of North Syracuse, standing in the hot sun at the exit, said she and her husband had enjoyed it. "I think it is very worthwhile," she said, "for me it was a review of my history. It's been a long time since I was in school, and I have forgotten so much."

Terry Gallagher, 14, and a summer recreation director in the Syracuse suburb of DeWitt, agreed as she and three other counselors tried to keep an eye on two dozen 5- to 7-year-olds clustered around her with their lunch pails.

"I like it a lot," she said. "But I think it was a little too long for kids this age." One of the children was asked to name her favorite exhibit. Beth Tracy shrugged, looked back at the barge and smiled. "The big wagon wheel, I guess," she said. "Where are we going to have lunch?"

Josie O'Donnell Singing at Duplex; Comeback for Both

By JOHN S. WILSON
The Duplex, a small two-level club at 55 Grove Street, just west of Sheridan Square, whose upstairs room was a busy showcase for new talent until it closed three years ago, reopened this week, picking up where it left off as a setting for new faces.

Josie O'Donnell, the room's first act, is not precisely a new face, because she has a long show-business career behind her in nightclubs, in musicals and as a straight actress. But Miss O'Donnell has been away from show business for the last 10 years, rearing her three children, so her appearance is a return, rather than a debut.

Her years of experience are evident in the aplomb with which Miss O'Donnell moves through a program that takes her from slapstick comedy to sentimentality and on out into the tension-filled world of Jacques Brel. She has a sparkling pixie face with a generous grin, a nose that has the saucy slide and rise of a roller coaster and eyes that fill with dancing lights.

Some exhibits were accompanied by films. A crowd of young boys stood in awe with their mouths open at one film in which a Revolutionary private explained that his comrades favored the musket over the Kentucky rifle because loading was not as time-consuming in the heat of battle, and then showed how cartridges were bitten open, powder poured into the flash pan and down the barrel, the paper-covered bullet rammed home and the flint struck.

Mrs. Eleanor West of North Syracuse, standing in the hot sun at the exit, said she and her husband had enjoyed it. "I think it is very worthwhile," she said, "for me it was a review of my history. It's been a long time since I was in school, and I have forgotten so much."

Terry Gallagher, 14, and a summer recreation director in the Syracuse suburb of DeWitt, agreed as she and three other counselors tried to keep an eye on two dozen 5- to 7-year-olds clustered around her with their lunch pails.

"I like it a lot," she said. "But I think it was a little too long for kids this age." One of the children was asked to name her favorite exhibit. Beth Tracy shrugged, looked back at the barge and smiled. "The big wagon wheel, I guess," she said. "Where are we going to have lunch?"

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

THEATER UNIT GIVES CITY NEW SWEEPERS

The League of New York Theaters and Producers, which has been a leader of the drive to improve midtown Manhattan, donated a Bushman sweeper to the city and the Department of Sanitation. Presentation of the sweeper was made yesterday in Shubert Alley by Gerald Schoenfeld, chairman of the Mayor's Midtown Citizens' Committee, to Anthony T. Vaccarello, Commissioner of Sanitation. Among those present for the occasion were Celeste Holm, who tested the vehicle by driving it around the alley, and Joseph Kipness, restaurateur and member of the league's urban environment committee. Expressing his gratitude at what he hoped would be the beginning of a clean sweep for Broadway, Commissioner Vaccarello said the sweeper had cost more than \$5,000. "It is highly appreciated in the light of the department's lack of capital funds," he said. "We have over 5,000 pieces of rolling equipment badly in need of repair."

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

Events Today

- Film: MOVIES IN THE PARK: a series of spots, 10:30-11:30 P.M. Park, Queens, 16th Street and Underhill Road, 9 P.M.
- Music: NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Connetquot Park, Queens, 8:30; MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alicia de Larrocha, pianist, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8:00; GUGGENHEIM MEMORIAL CONCERT—GOLDMAN BAND, Forest Park, Queens, 8:00; LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East Side Playhouse, 324 East 74th Street, 8:00; NEW YORK CHORAL SOCIETY SUMMER SING, Cami Hall, 165 West 57th Street, 7:30; SINGERS EXPRESS, 30th Street, 7:30; NEW YORK GRAND OPERA, MacDougal Hall, 100 West 42nd Street, 8:00; ROSEMARY'S "THREE SISTERS WHO ARE NOT SISTERS," New York University Theatre, 100 University Street, 8:00; HAROLD VICK AND FRIENDS, WITH SHIRLEY SCOTT, Grand's Tomb, Riverside Drive North between 122d and 126th Streets, 7:00; DANCE: BALLET HISPANICO OF NEW YORK, 200 West 42nd Street, 8:00; CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL THEATER, 100 University Street, 8:00; NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, 8:00; NICHOLAS DANCE THEATRE, Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 45th Street, New York State Theatre, "Giselle," 8:00; DANCE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET BUT DANCE THEATRE, 330 Avenue between 9th and 10th Streets, Queens, 8:30; THOMAS HOLY DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Museum of Natural History, 8:00; SALLY BOWDEN, Construction Company Dance Studio, 36 LaGuardia Place, 8:00.

The British are coming!



You can see their sails, almost catch the glint of the sun on their muskets, in your mind's eye as you stand on the river bank at the beautiful Boscobel Restoration.

This was loyalist country then, and it doesn't take much imagination to envision yourself in post-Revolutionary America once you step inside the authentically restored home of eighteenth-century Loyalist landowner States Dyckman. Browse among priceless antique treasures, then stroll through 36 acres of fruit groves, gardens and velvet lawns.

For information call (914) CO 5-3638 or (212) LO 3-7444. Open daily except Tuesday.

BOSCOBEL RESTORATION, INC.
Garrison-on-Hudson, N.Y. 10523
8 miles north of the Bear Mt. Bridge—Rte. 9D

TONIGHT AT 8:00

LAST 3 DAYS! Ends Sat. Eve.

AMERICAN BALLET THEATRE

Due to an injury, MIKHAIL BARYSHNIKOV will NOT dance tonight as previously announced. Tonight at 8:00: GISELLE—Tcheretzky, Nagy, van Hamel, Smith, Tom's Eve, at 8:00 LA BAYADERE—D'Antonio, Gelvar, at MIDNIGHT—van Hamel, Nagy, PAS DE DEUX—To be announced; THE RIVER—Parsons, Fritz, D'Antonio, van Hamel, Young, Nabal, Wilson, Carter. Programs and casting subject to change. For Patron Seat information call (212) 265-0900. See Theater Directory for ticket information.

NEW YORK STATE THEATRE 87-47-2

LAST WEEKS!

TONIGHT at 8 P.M.

"PAL JOEY" IS AN IRRESISTIBLE DELIGHT. IF WESTERN UNION EVER PUTS OUT A LUSTROGRAM, IT SHOULD HIRE JOAN COPELAND TO DELIVER IT."

—Kalem, Time Magazine

RODGERS & HART'S PAL JOEY

ALL SEATS \$9.95
CIRCLE IN THE SQUARE
60TH ST. WEST OF BROADWAY
Change tickets on all major credit cards
CIRCLE CHARGE: 581-0720

Music: Miss de Larrocha's Mozart

appears in the Hall Series

AL HENAHAN
A few virtuosos who are somewhat bluish in an intimate with their lutenist-hint of showman-mobyness. Each of this power as so in our day Segovia, the softest of the guitar. Larrocha is an anglican, one who has an esthetic dis- audience as a those finest per- sonal become a onal communion and the individ-

Miss de Larrocha's piano is a beautiful one, a beautiful one, a beautiful one. Her tone is a beautiful one, a beautiful one, a beautiful one. Her tone is a beautiful one, a beautiful one, a beautiful one.

One could spend a lot of space exclaiming over Miss de Larrocha's quicksilver runs and other technical feats, but finger magic was not the point of this recital. Like many other Mozart pianists, she tended to let final movements run away at

pianist's restraint kept from seeming merely plaintive or melancholy. The last pages took on a grandeur that one does not expect in Haydn's keyboard music.

Three Mozart sonatas that followed managed to sustain this high level of keyboard mastery and expressiveness. Miss de Larrocha ran into a slight snag in one measure of the exposition of Sonata No. 12 in F (K. 332), but wiped out the flaw in taking the repeat of that section. In the Adagio she played a more florid version than is usually heard nowadays, apparently using some edition based on the first edition rather than Mozart's autograph.

However, there is not much doubt that Mozart himself ornamented his sonatas imaginatively, and Miss de Larrocha's handling of the embellished line was most elegant and tasteful. She also played an augmented version of the Rondo finale in the Sonata No. 15 in C (K. 545), a movement that can in fact seem awfully short in some performances.

TONIGHT AT 8 P.M. clark center DANCE FESTIVAL THE MALL

LOUIS JOHNSON DANCE THEATRE August 13, 14, 15 TICKETS: \$4.00-10.00 Advance Only Telephone Reservations: 777-0140

THE MALL/33 W. 42nd ST

Haydn's Andante and Variations Given

giddy tempos; but most of the time the attention was focused inside the music, not on its surfaces.

The Adagio of the Sonata No. 17 in D (K. 576), one of the simplest movements Mozart ever wrote, was a taxing experience. It takes a great composer to say profound things so plainly, and few virtuosos know how to deal with such simplicity as well as Miss de Larrocha.

There were, of course, encores: a Bach chorale, Mom-pou's "El Secreto," and one of the Spanish Dances of Granados.

TONIGHT AT 8 P.M. DIVINE IN THE OUTRAGEOUS COMEDY HIT WOMEN BEHIND BARS

WILD AND BLAZING SEXUAL PERVERSITY CHICAGO YU 9-2020

THE MALL/33 W. 42nd ST

\$100,000 in Gems Stolen From Dealer in New York

A diamond dealer carrying a case that he said contained \$100,000 in loose polished stones was set upon in a midtown building by a thief who made off with the case, the police of the Midtown North Precinct reported yesterday.

Los Sobel, the dealer, said he was on the 14th floor of a building at 36 West 47th Street waiting for an elevator. The assailant darted from behind, he said, seized his diamond case and fled down a stairway.

NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC FREE OUTDOOR CONCERTS

TONIGHT AT 8:30 CONNETQUOT PARK, QUEENS

PREVIEW TONIGHT AT 8 LET MY PEOPLE COME

SEE CRYSTAL CAVE

BROADWAY

PULITZER PRIZE FOR DRAMA 1976

ALL CHORUS LINE

AMERICAN BALLET THEATRE

LET MY PEOPLE COME

Black Leader Will Meet with Kissinger on Hiring

By THOMAS A. JOHNSON
Special to The New York Times

ON Aug. 4—Vernon E. Jordan, Jr., executive director of the Urban League, says that he would meet with Secretary of State Henry Kissinger in September to discuss ways in which the national rights organization might help in the State Department's recruitment of blacks and other group members.

Mr. Jordan said he would try to identify minority groups who might be interested in State Department jobs and also said he would suggest ways for the Department to take affirmative action in hiring.

Mr. Kissinger's appearance caused mixed feelings among the more than 8,000 delegates and visitors to the four-day meeting, which ends today.

The group was mostly supportive of Mr. Kissinger's policy regarding Africa, which includes aiding the economic development of black Africa and urging an end to apartheid and a start on black majority rule in southern Africa.

However, the audience, which consisted mostly of black professionals, was vividly and audibly affected by Kissinger's responses that some blacks said her agencies in black



Vernon E. Jordan Jr.

recruiting was the "complicated" examinations and the difficulties in finding qualified blacks. He also said, in a voice that was tinged with anger, that he did not look to see if a prospective ambassador was black or white before assigning him to a foreign country.

Response is Mixed

The Kissinger appearance caused mixed feelings among the more than 8,000 delegates and visitors to the four-day meeting, which ends today.

The group was mostly supportive of Mr. Kissinger's policy regarding Africa, which includes aiding the economic development of black Africa and urging an end to apartheid and a start on black majority rule in southern Africa.

However, the audience, which consisted mostly of black professionals, was vividly and audibly affected by Kissinger's responses that some blacks said her agencies in black

Books of The Times

To Keep You in Suspense

By CHRISTOPHER LEHMANN-HAUPT

THE HAMLET WARNING, By Leonard Sanders. 280 pages. Scribner's, \$7.95.
THE JIGSAW MAN, By Dorothea Bennett. 256 pages. Coward, McCann & Geoghegan, \$8.95.

It had to happen sooner or later, as Theodore B. Taylor, the nuclear physicist, has warned us in John McPhee's "The Curve of Binding Energy." A terrorist group gets hold of fissionable material as well as the technical skill to build nuclear devices, and it uses them to blackmail the world. Good thing then that the first time it happens is in Leonard Sanders' "The Hamlet Warning," a doomsday thriller by the editor of the book review of The Fort Worth Star-Telegram. This way it hasn't really happened yet, but the threat of its possibility seems even more dire than when Mr. Taylor, the physicist, warned that any competent physicist could bring it about.



Dorothea Bennett Leonard Sanders

Materializing From Nowhere
And this way we can enjoy its happening—or its almost happening—because Mr. Sanders has contrived the most elaborate tale out of the threat of it. No, neither Jan Fleming's "Goldfinger" nor his "Thunderball" anticipates "The Hamlet Warning" because in both these James Bond thrillers the atomic weapons are acquired by the villains from countries that already have them, whereas in "The Hamlet Warning," the device materializes out of nowhere.

That's the intriguing part of Mr. Sanders' plot. Everyone is going violently about his business—el Jefe, trying to run a benevolent dictatorship over the Dominican Republic; Ramon el Rojo leading a revolution against el Jefe's regime; the Central Intelligence Agency nosing into everyone else's business. And out of nowhere comes this tip that Santo Domingo will shortly be incinerated by a device 10 times as strong as the Hiroshima bomb, as a demonstration of what will soon happen to the United States if President Travis J. Robertson doesn't knuckle under to some terrorist demand. Out of absolutely nowhere comes the threat! Even the Russians express concern.

So of course what has to be done is that the nuclear needle must be found in the haystack of Santo Domingo. And the man for the job is naturally el Jefe's American chief of security, former C.I.A. man and soldier of fortune named Loomis, who is so tough and resourceful that he can stand up to el Jefe's radical, movie-star niece. (Niece: "Please don't say you liked my films. I think I might throw up.") Loomis: "I didn't think a single one of [them] had enough substance to merit your attention, or mine." Niece, eyes widened in mock surprise: "I knew film critics were hired mercenaries. But I didn't know hired mercenaries were film critics.") Somehow or other, Loomis ends up getting

his bomb, and we readers end up with fingernails chewed all the way back to our armpits.

What happens in "The Jigsaw Man," by English mystery writer Dorothea Bennett, probably has occurred in previous spy thrillers—the K.G.B., the Soviet intelligence and security agency, disguises one of its former English operatives, one Philip Kimberly, and sends him back to England to secure a compromising file that he has stolen and hidden, knowing that once the file is in Russian hands he might as well be dead. Kimberly offers it to the English in exchange for freedom and a bank account in Switzerland. But the method Miss Bennett employs to disguise her antihero is unusual—she has the K.G.B. carve away Kimberly's excess blubber on an operating table and send him back to England literally as a shadow of his former self.

Redemption via Identification
Also, Miss Bennett's dialogue, whether clipped or cockney, is extraordinarily lively. And she has the most confounding ability to make her plot twist and turn, and to manipulate the reader's sympathies back and forth—at least until she tries to redeem Kimberly in our eyes, after he has murdered some of the nicest people in the novel, by having him identify with Christ at a Good Friday communion service. ("There had to be human sacrifice. The people who had been in his [Kimberly's] way had, of necessity, been swept aside. . . . In the church, he'd thought that he himself was Jesus Christ. That was not really so—though of course he had himself been crucified.")

But by the time this occurs the pace of events has reached such a pitch that Miss Bennett could probably have gotten away with anything. After all, it no longer matters whom we like or dislike, or even who's on the Russian side or the English. The fascinating thing is simply to see how Miss Bennett will untangle the mess—which she does with wit and élan, and a satisfying measure of suspense.

FORDHAM AT TARRYTOWN

Offers three Graduate Programs in Social Service, Education and Business Administration. Fall 1976

Fordham University's new Graduate Center at Marymount's 60-acre campus in Tarrytown will begin classes September, 1976 for students from Westchester, Rockland and Putnam counties, northern New Jersey and southern Connecticut. The Fordham Graduate Center at Tarrytown will offer the Master's Degree in all three fields. Courses credited toward a Professional Diploma or Doctorate in Education will also be offered. Most courses are also open to non-matriculating students. Classes will be held afternoons, evenings and Saturdays.

For further information mail this coupon or phone 9:00 am to 5:00 pm: (914) 631-3200 or (212) 931-8670.

Fordham Graduate Center
Marymount College
Tarrytown, NY 10591

Social Service
 Education
 Business Administration

Name _____
Address _____ Zip _____
Home Phone _____ Business Phone _____

Boats Save 4 in Plane
OCEAN CITY, N.J., Aug. 4 (UPI)—Four Harrisburg, Pa., men were rescued from Great Egg Harbor yesterday when their single-engine plane plunged into the bay during a landing attempt. The pilot, Clyde Parker, 29 years old, of Newark; Thomas E. Reese Jr., David Kireta, 18 years old, said of East Orange and Marcus Sheffey, 37, of Old Bridge, plane and forced it into the water. Witnesses testified that three robbed the Heritage Bank and North of teller's cash at gun-point in 1974 and fled in a Gary Miller and Bruce Horning-stolen auto.

3 Guilty in Bank Robbery
NEWARK, Aug. 4 (AP)—A Federal jury has convicted three men in a \$70,000 Sayreville bank robbery. Found guilty here yesterday were Clyde Parker, 29 years old, of Newark; Thomas E. Reese Jr., David Kireta, 18 years old, said of East Orange and Marcus Sheffey, 37, of Old Bridge, plane and forced it into the water. Witnesses testified that three robbed the Heritage Bank and North of teller's cash at gun-point in 1974 and fled in a Gary Miller and Bruce Horning-stolen auto.

"A treasure chest of information and provocative opinion...rich in anecdote, source material and Michener's own sardonic commentary."

Michener delights us!
—ROBERT LIPSYTE
New York Times Book Review

James A. Michener Sports in America

\$12.50
RANDOM HOUSE

WORD PUZZLE

- Edited by WILL WENG
- 46 Sequester
 - 48 d'hôtel
 - 50 Lie in
 - 51 Partner of frankincense
 - 52 Discolored, as by a burn
 - 55 Founder of Taoism
 - 58 Item on a military shoulder
 - 66 Jumble
 - 62 Arias
 - 63 Proof mark
 - 64 Mastery, in Scotland
 - 65 Lothario
 - 66 Beloved, in Spain
 - 67 "tricks?"
 - 11 Kind of agent
 - 12 Look over
 - 13 Drill command
 - 18 Curtain fabric
 - 22 Nurture
 - 24 "fideles"
 - 26 Singer Lopez
 - 27 Father of Atalanta
 - 28 Boudoir chitchat
 - 29 Riotous
 - 30 Uneven
 - 31 Hindu garments
 - 34 French thirst-quencher
 - 37 Slow one
 - 40 Seemingly
 - 43 Without pause, in music
 - 44 Words with bed and rise
 - 47 Annie of song
 - 49 Basra's land
 - 51 Still's partner
 - 52 Worker's power
 - 53 Portico
 - 54 Conveyance
 - 56 Novice: Var.
 - 57 Oodles
 - 58 French seasons
 - 61 Last letter, to British

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

Y	O	R	K	M	A	N	T	E	P	I	A	C	I	A
E	D	E	N	A	L	I	G	N	E	I	B	O	N	E
S	I	N	E	M	E	D	I	C	I	O	N	I	C	
S	O	T	T	A	B	O	R	N	E	T	S	O	I	S
S	P	I	A	R	K	L	E	S	I	T	R	I	N	S
C	A	P	E	S	P	E	E	C	S	I	A	R	E	S
A	G	I	A	H	I	R	I	H	A	D	I			
P	I	A	R	R	S	O	M	A	R	P	I	N	I	A
E	N	T	I	C	I	E	D	E	S	W	I	T	H	E
W	O	R	D	I	N	E	S	P	I	A	R	K	L	E
A	B	E	D	E	I	T	R	O	P	O	L	I	S	
U	R	A	L	E	T	E	D	I	O	F	L	A	N	E
N	A	V	E	T	E	N	O	F	E	I	C	I	E	
T	V	I	E	R	I	O	T	S	D	E	I	A	D	

Get the new book that tells how to combat it:

POLITICAL TERRORISM
The Threat and the Response
By FRANCIS M. WATSON
At bookstores \$10. LUCE

SPANISH REMEDIAL ENGLISH
Daytime classes start Aug. 2
All Spanish classes are graded on a pass/fail basis. Students who pass are eligible for credit on their college record. Classes are held at the Marymount College campus in Tarrytown, N.Y. For more information, call (914) 631-3200 or (212) 931-8670.

THE LANGUAGE LAB
7th & 3rd Streets, New York 10022

PACE UNIVERSITY
FALL SEMESTER COMMENCES:
Sept. 1—Pleasantville (914) 769-3788
Sept. 8—White Plains (914) 949-9494
Sept. 17—N.Y. City (212) 285-3323

"One of the best books of the year." —Philadelphia Inquirer

THE LARDNERS
My Family Remembered
By Ring Lardner, Jr.

"A wonderful book" (Newsweek) about the famed American humorist and his four remarkable sons.

Harper & Row
10 E. 53rd St., New York 10022

Illustrated, \$12.95 at bookstores

The bestseller everyone's reading—including Jimmy Carter

Doris Kearns LYNDON JOHNSON & THE AMERICAN DREAM

Harper & Row
10 E. 53rd St., New York 10022

2nd printing • Book-of-the-Month Club Selection • \$12.50

"Will keep your grandchildren laughing until the 21st century." —N.Y. Times Book Review

MY KAPLAN! MY KAPLAN!
by LEO ROSTEN

The hilarious misadventures of HAYMAAN KAAPALAAAN, America's most famous night school student, completely rewritten and greatly enlarged. "A masterpiece of humor."
—Philadelphia Bulletin
\$10.95 at bookstores

Harper & Row
10 E. 53rd St., New York 10022

New National Bestseller!

Loretta Lynn
Cool Miner's Daughter

by LORETTA LYNN with George Vecsey
It's funny, sad, intense, but what makes it Loretta Lynn herself. —Publishers Weekly
4th Printing/\$7.95
A Bernard Geis Associates book.
Regnery

The Weekend College at Marymount Manhattan: A Plan For All Seasons

If you want a college education, but find it impractical to attend school during the week, Marymount Manhattan has the solution. Our Weekend College. We offer majors in business management, psychology, sociology, plus liberal arts electives.

You can attend classes every weekend or alternate weekends and you can begin your studies in any season. We are open year-round in five sessions: Fall, January Intersession, Spring, June, and July/August. In any case, you'll enjoy small classes in a pleasant, easily-accessible upper east side location.

For complete information about our weekend program, just mail us this coupon. Or better still, call us. Our number is (212) 472-3800 ext. 555.

The Weekend College at Marymount Manhattan

Please send me information on the Weekend College.

mail to: Name _____
Address _____
City _____ Zip _____
Telephone (day) _____
(evening) _____

The Office of Admissions
Marymount Manhattan College
221 East 71 Street
New York, New York 10021

"They don't make orphans like they used to."

"We're an endangered species," says Danny Gineberg, a 12-year-old refugee from The Maimonides Home For Jewish Boys in Brooklyn.

To help prevent the closing of the home, Danny seeks out middle-aged Charlie Saptstein—one of the home's legendary athletic heroes.

A beautiful and tender friendship develops between the two—out of love, death, hope. And Danny "comes to know who he is through the living and dying of his older friends."

An Orphan's Tale is a "memorable, bittersweet story of a life."
"Neugeboren spins such a subtle, fragile web that we are willingly drawn in and of course you don't have to be Jewish to like it."
"Rich in characterization and detail... a tale of life that transcends religion, creed, and time."
—Publishers Weekly
—The New York Times
—San Francisco Examiner

AN ORPHAN'S TALE
by Jay Neugeboren
\$8.95 at book and department stores

Holt, Rinehart & Winston

The New York Times

Founded in 1851
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher 1896-1925
ARTHUR HAYS SULZBERGER, Publisher 1925-1961
ORVILLE D. DRYFOOS, Publisher 1961-1963

ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER
Publisher
JOHN B. OAKES, Editorial Page Editor
FRED HECHINGER, Assistant Editorial Page Editor
A. M. ROSENTHAL, Managing Editor
SEYMOUR TOPPING, Deputy Managing Editor
ARTHUR GELB, Assistant Managing Editor
PETER MILLONIS, Assistant Managing Editor
JACK ROSENTHAL, Associate Editor
CHARLOTTE CURTIS, Associate Editor
CLIFTON DANIEL, Associate Editor
MAX FRANKEL, Associate Editor
TOM WICKER, Associate Editor

Politics of Cynicism

American voters have no way of casting a ballot for a Presidential nominee without automatically voting for his running-mate as well. Given that aspect of the electoral system, they have a right to expect a certain philosophical compatibility between the two men who head a party's ticket. They should be able to choose a President who believes, say, in a totally free-market economy, big defense and no public works programs for the jobless without having to vote for a Vice President who believes in an effective government presence in the market-place, a reduction in defense spending and Federally provided jobs for the unemployed. After all, today's Vice President will be tomorrow's President, as four of the last six occupants of that office have demonstrated.

Yet if Ronald Reagan wins the Republican nomination, his choice of Senator Richard S. Schweiker as his running-mate will confront Republican voters with precisely that dilemma of philosophical compatibility. The differences between the two men are not confined to these few issues, major as they are. Where a President Reagan would oppose divestiture of the oil companies ("we have enough anti-monopoly laws in this country to handle

any monopoly situation") a potential President Schweiker would, on his record, move to shrink the power of the big oil companies. Where Mr. Reagan would eliminate farm price supports and keep organized labor at arm's length, Mr. Schweiker would bring to the highest office a voting record in favor of price supports and of such solid agreement with labor that the A.F.L.-C.I.O. enthusiastically supported him in his last Senate race.

How do these strangest of political bedfellows justify their present sleeping arrangements? Governor Reagan's manager blandly ignores his candidate's repeated expressions of contempt for such "marriages of convenience," explaining in the simple way of tacticians that "the political reality is that Senator Schweiker can help us beat Carter in the fall." As for the Senator, he expects to have no trouble in shedding his long-held positions or repudiating his record, in the campaign or in office, because he will no longer be representing a generally liberal and pro-labor state; as a Vice Presidential candidate, he says, "I am now changing constituencies."

Only the naïve expect politics to be without a measure of expediency, but in the aftermath of Watergate only the cynical will readily swallow that much of it.

The Crime of Bribery

The Ford Administration's plan to discourage corporate bribery abroad falls short of the meaningful sanctions essential to stamp out these improper though long established business practices.

The bill submitted to Congress this week relies almost solely on a disclosure requirement: Any payments to foreign officials by companies in pursuit of business opportunities must be reported to the Federal Government. Under specified conditions, this information could then be made available to foreign investigative bodies and, eventually, to the public.

To be sure, disclosure does act in itself as a strong deterrent against many types of improper payments. But another bill sponsored by Senator Proxmire, chairman of the Banking Committee, goes further to declare the payment of bribes illegal under United States law, with appropriate criminal penalties.

The Administration's reasoning in resisting a criminal prohibition is unconvincing. It would indeed be difficult to enforce in many cases, but so would disclosure requirements. Any firm bent on continuing payoff relationships with foreign authorities or buyers could manage to conceal the payments, and the Government would have a difficult time establishing that an unreported payment had in fact occurred. Further, to argue that

any criminal prohibition should await internationally accepted rules, so that all exporting nations would have to operate under the same strictures, is to put off effective action to some far, indefinite—and perhaps unattainable—future.

Theodore C. Sorensen, whose New York law practice involves advising corporate clients on just these questions, makes a strong case for criminal prohibition in the current issue of Foreign Affairs quarterly. Mr. Sorensen argues that many corporate officials would actually welcome such legislation because it would make it easier for them to resist pressures.

As more and more leading American companies come forward these days to give the Securities and Exchange Commission details of improper and often illegal payments over years past, it is no longer possible to look upon the well publicized cases as isolated transgressions. A large part of world commerce seems to rest on the shabby foundation of bribery and routine payoffs: once such practices get started, it is difficult for any company to pull back on its own volition.

For its own protection, the business community—to say nothing of the broader public—needs the strongest possible Government sanctions against the corruption of everyday commerce.

Strikes and the Law

The illegal strike of municipal hospital workers against the sick and a sick city is another tragic consequence of the persisting failure of public officials to uphold the state's Taylor Law, which was designed to prevent such potentially disastrous walkouts by public employees.

Union leaders have brazenly defied a court injunction against the strike and have even openly threatened violence, seemingly confident that they will not be punished for their acts. They need not look far for reassurance.

Only last month, New York's Corporation Counsel pleaded with a State Supreme Court Justice and the state's Public Employment Relations Board to show leniency in dealing with an illegal five-day teachers' strike last fall. The city official, who was supported by the Board of Education, argued that the law-breaking United Federation of Teachers was entitled to consideration because of the "sacrifices" it has made during New York's fiscal crisis.

In fact, the five-day strike resulted in a contract that penalized students with a shorter school day and imposed such new burdens on a near-bankrupt city that the pact was rejected by the Emergency Financial Control Board—and still has not been approved.

How much more must the sick, the young and other victims of illegal public strikes suffer before the city, the courts and such other relevant agencies as the Public Employment Relations Board enforce the law?

Philadelphia Puzzle

Because American mortality statistics are normally low, it seems unlikely that chance alone can account for the tragic occurrence of 22 deaths and the hospitalization of at least 130 people among those associated with an American Legion convention in Philadelphia last month. Attention to this phenomenon has been heightened by earlier warnings of the possibility of a swine flu epidemic.

In an atmosphere of understandable concern, two usually obscure medical specialties, that of the pathologist and the epidemiologist, now move to center stage. The pathologists seek to find the cause of death and illness, analyzing tissues obtained at autopsy and also studying blood, urine, and saliva and other fluids from those who are sick or who have recovered. Every possibility is investigated, including chemical, bacterial, viral, fungal and other possible causes. The epidemiologists are the detectives of modern medicine. They search for some common factor linking the victims that might explain their illness.

The classic triumph for epidemiology came in 1849 when the English physician, John Snow, noticed amidst the confusion of a London cholera epidemic that the victims had all drunk from the same pump in Broad Street. When he took the handle off the pump to prevent its use, the epidemic was virtually stopped in its tracks. The solution to the Philadelphia mystery is not likely to be that simple. Nevertheless, the concentration of cases so far encourages hope that a pin-pointed cause—and not some very contagious disease—is at the root of this ill-

ness. Presumably, too, there is a good chance that the mystery will be unraveled as soon as pathologists' studies are completed. Armed with the rich arsenal of scientific medicine, the investigators are fortunately well equipped to solve the alarming puzzle, to deal with the threat of infectious disease and to prevent panic.

Keep It Clean

The Senate put in a good day's work when it beat back a major assault on one of the key proposals to strengthen the Clean Air Act. Intensive efforts by business and industrial lobbies failed to shake the conviction of roughly two-thirds of the Senate that air still relatively unpolluted should remain that way. New plants that would significantly degrade air quality would have to locate in areas classified by the states themselves as appropriate, the classification depending on how much cleaner an area is to begin with than national standards require.

The concept is not new. Essentially it is already embodied in regulations of the Environmental Protection Agency. What was needed was more specific language, a greater role for the states in doing the classifying and the backing of statutory law. These purposes are well met by the new bill, largely the work of Senator Edmund S. Muskie.

Senator Moss of Utah, normally a supporter of environmental legislation, led the move to eliminate the "non-degradation" provision—no doubt under pressure from utilities and other concerns that would industrialize the Far West to the grave detriment of the air over many national parks and monuments. Unfortunately, his defeat on this point does not mean the end of the effort. Representative Chappell of Florida is trying to eliminate a comparable protection from the companion bill in the House, which is scheduled to go to the floor today or tomorrow.

Following the lead of the Senate, the House should uphold a provision that can make the difference between a country that still preserves some regions of relatively pure air and one uniformly laden with the dirt and chemicals that Americans have been obliged to breathe in too many regions—to their untold cost in health, dollars and pleasure.

The House environmental obligation will only begin with defeat of the Chappell amendment. Equally ominous is the attempt by Representative Dingell of Michigan to wipe out, in effect, the Clean Air Act's painfully established emission standards. Where the Senate bill would tolerably compromise, to the extent of giving the laggard auto manufacturers one more delay, the Dingell amendment would freeze current standards for three years, defer until 1982 statutory standards for hydrocarbons and carbon monoxide and those for nitrogen oxides indefinitely.

Mr. Dingell—like Senator Moss, as a rule a reliable environmentalist—represents Detroit, which may explain much. But for the House as a whole, the continuing physical health of all Americans must surely take precedence over the temporary discomfort of an industry that has too long resisted the plain mandate of Congress.

Letters to the Editor

To Understand Peking's Strategy

To the Editor:

In his July 28 Op-Ed piece "Expanding Our Ties With China," Presidential aspirant Ronald Reagan asserts that the Chinese "share with us and Japan some common and complementary goals in the Pacific," and he purports to discern a present indirect Chinese "message," namely that "they want to explore with us and Japan an expanded relationship." And what would be the common goals fostering closer association between the United States, Japan and the People's Republic of China (P.R.C.)? Well, apart from trade, "All three nations wish to bring stability to the region." Candidate Reagan develops the argument for fitting in with the presumed Chinese scheme of things: "A broadened relationship could also serve to provide a barrier to Soviet expansionism." And he holds that "To take advantage of this Asian opportunity [as conveyed by the Chinese 'signals'], we must regain credibility in Peking's eyes. Paradoxical as it may seem, this means honoring our commitments to South Korea and Taiwan."

This is more than paradox: It is defiance of the historical record; it betrays misinterpretation of Peking's grand strategy. The United States fought the Korean and Vietnam Wars to "contain" the P.R.C. as a foment of Asian revolution, and our treaty alliances with Taiwan and South

Korea are essential elements of that strategic design. So while maintaining intact its West Pacific anti-Communist ties, the United States is to enter into cozy entente with Communist China against the Soviet Union?

What price "credibility"? China's well-advertised strategic concepts deny the Reagan proposition's basic premise that Peking favors stability, i.e. the international status quo, in the Pacific region. The doctrinal Maoist characterization of this era—and it fits the post-Vietnam period in Asia neatly—is that this is a time of "great disorder under Heaven," which is to be viewed as not at all bad, but good, as favoring the revolutionary cause of the third world (of which the P.R.C. claims to be a part) against both the United States and the Soviet Union. This is indeed a time of change for Asia, for China; but there exists no tangible evidence that Peking has renounced Chairman Mao Tse-tung's revolutionary concept of "anti-imperialism" in particular. So, is the implicit proposition that the Chinese leadership now stands ready to collaborate with the "imperialist" United States for the attainment of American political objectives in the Pacific area credible—or incredible?

O. EDMUND CLUBB
U.S. Foreign Service Officer (retiree.)
Palenville, N. Y., July 30, 1976

The Press and Court

To the Editor:

This letter does not relate to trial publicity, which rarely shows restricted. (I agree with the opinion of the United States Supreme in the recent Nebraska case.)

I do propose a procedure to accommodate the sometimes conflicting views of the press and the about reporting trial testimony ferred but not allowed by the to be presented to the jury. The tem seldom occurs in civil cas most often involves confession, prior records which are offered o the presence of the jury but n ceived in evidence.

Criminal defendants fear that reports of their case during trial



A Voter for Ford

To the Editor:

The importance of Governor Reagan's announcement of his choice of Senator Schweiker as his running mate is its revelation of his compulsory, impulsive mental process in making decisions.

Of course, if you could put them both into a blender, the results would be a more balanced appeal to moderate voters. But, as it is, should Ronald Reagan win, the extreme right (his chief supporters) would be in fear and trembling lest something happen to him and result in the very opposite of their aim. And the extreme left will be wishing him dead. A Vice President does not influence policy.

It must be remembered that an actor's chief training is to make us think he is someone other than who he is and to emote to his audience to make them happy or angry. Hence, Ronald Reagan's idea was to give us a dramatic shock, even though he had only talked to Senator Schweiker for six hours.

Republicans take warning and see that our straightforward, courageous President Ford is nominated.

VIRGINIA BACON
Washington, July 29, 1976

The Reagan Choice

To the Editor:

I am dismayed by some conservative Republicans who feel alienated by Ronald Reagan's selection of liberal Senator Richard Schweiker as his running mate.

The Republican convention delegates should be reminded that Gerald Ford himself chose Nelson Rockefeller, an extreme progressive, to be his Vice President two years ago. Bearing this in mind, why do several Reagan dele-

gates feel compelled to defect to the President?

Ford supporters also, such as Hugh Scott, Rogers Morton, E. G. Shuster, and various delegates throughout the nation are guilty of a grave double standard when they generally condemn Reagan's decision as philosophically hypocritical.

Senator Schweiker is Governor Reagan's unforeseen trump card which will lead him to an inevitable victory in Kansas City. MARK DILLON
Yorktown Heights, N. Y., July 28, 1976

Discrimination at Home

To the Editor:

Joel Carlson's July 29 letter on the racial rectitude of the African nations that withdrew from the Olympic Games suggests a one-way vision. It is not necessary to list instances of discrimination from countries north of the Kalahari to see that South Africa has applied such discrimination, but in a more sophisticated and less tribal manner. So why pick on South Africa when no nation is clean in this regard?

Mr. Carlson ironically has found exile from his country in a hemisphere where the South African racial model has been developed several stages further, to the exclusive benefit and security of those of his own ilk. For "Transkei" start reading "Reservations," for Sharpeville and Soweto read Sand Creek and Wounded Knee, and one begins to drop the accusing finger.

Rudyard Kipling put it briefly: "Stand up, stand up, Gebazi, thou model of uprightness . . . a leper white as snow." In other words, criticism and charity together begin at home. Nations as well as individuals should learn this. PAUL MOHR
Winchester, Mass., July 29, 1976

Dealing With Unemployment

To the Editor:

Andrew Levison's ["Jobs at Decent Wages" Op-Ed July 23] solution to the current economic problem of unemployment is both dangerous and naïve. It is dangerous because it appears to be both dangerous and naïve, because it treats only the short-run symptoms of a long-term illness which, under Mr. Levison's prescription, will only worsen.

It is unfortunate that a country as wealthy as ours cannot afford the output of all its citizens. But that is precisely what society is saying to those who are unemployed. At some wage lower than what the unemployed are asking the free market would certainly employ them. However, Mr. Levison suggests that this would create the modern-day version of the medieval workhouse.

Thus he proposes that the government, for the sake of decency, employ these individuals at a higher wage than society is willing to pay. In order to fund this proposal Mr. Levison recommends a "progressive tax increase." Herein lies the danger. Without elaboration, jobs depend on investment, which depends on savings, which depends on how much income is left after taxes.

Fortunately for Mr. Levison there is currently sufficient income to be redistributed to achieve even the most optimistic definition of full employ-

ment. However, let England serve as an example of what happens to an economy driven by income redistribution.

The high rates of tax required to pay for what society can't afford eventually erodes the two things that have created our abundance of material wealth: capital accumulation and incentive. In the long run there simply won't be enough investment in plant and machinery to give the work force the productivity needed to remain competitive. Thus the enterprise that employs them will no longer be able to afford them and will either require government subsidy to keep them or be forced to let them go. In that case fewer people will be productively employed and more taxes will be needed to subsidize those not productively employed.

In the meantime, capital will flow to where it is more efficiently used (less taxed) and with it will go the more productive and industrially creative members of our society. Ultimately instead of having a small percentage of labor force in the workhouse for a short period of time, we will all be together in the poorhouse. But that is the "social advance" promised by Mr. Levison. Equal poverty is not my conception of equity. WILLIAM WEINTRAUB
New York, July 23, 1976

Payout in MAC Bond

To the Editor:

Sporting New Yorkers bet dollars on horse races facilities, and presumably more will be wagered on the N State lottery, once it is revived. Most of the money wagered turned in the form of cash "rings." It seems to me that sporting enough to gamble in place might well be willing to all or part of his winnings in \$1,000 denominations or small posed \$100 "Minimac" issues.

If this option were offered, or state lottery winners, New City might itself come out a too. IRWIN HOFFMAN
Cedarhurst, L.I., July 2

Competitive Bidding

To the Editor:

I read with interest a July 2 article wherein Comptroller H. J. Goldin was demanding competitive bidding and other reforms to New York City's revenue from concessions. Periodically, Comptroller Goldin makes similar pronouncements indicating that he is sincerely to protect the assets of our city to increase the revenues.

On July 22, I appeared at a of Estimate hearing held at City to oppose the Theme Amusement that has been proposed for the shore of Staten Island. If the controller was serious in his desire competitive bidding, he didn't show it that day. One forty-six acres of beautiful cityland was considered for lease amusement park purposes with so restrictive, that they only favored one group. What was shocking to me was that not the members of the Board of Estimate, including the Comptroller, but benefit of an appraisal during deliberations, even though an appraisal is required by the New City Charter.

After a number of citizens demanding such information, a call was placed to a member of Department of Real Estate and very rough figures were being about, and not a single question permitted to be asked concerning such appraisal. It was a shock performance orchestrated by Mayor Stanley Friedman, and Presidents Abrams, Manes and E. The deciding votes, however, were by the very same Harrison J. G. who is now telling us that he advocate of competitive bidding hypocrisy. GUY V. MOHR
Member of the Assembly, 60th Staten Island, N. Y., July 28

The New York Times Company
229 West 43d St., N.Y. 10036

Corporate

ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Chairman and President
JOHN J. McLELL, Senior Vice President
JAMES C. GOODALE, Executive Vice President
MICHAEL E. RYAN, Secretary
RALPH BOWMAN, Treasurer

The New York Times

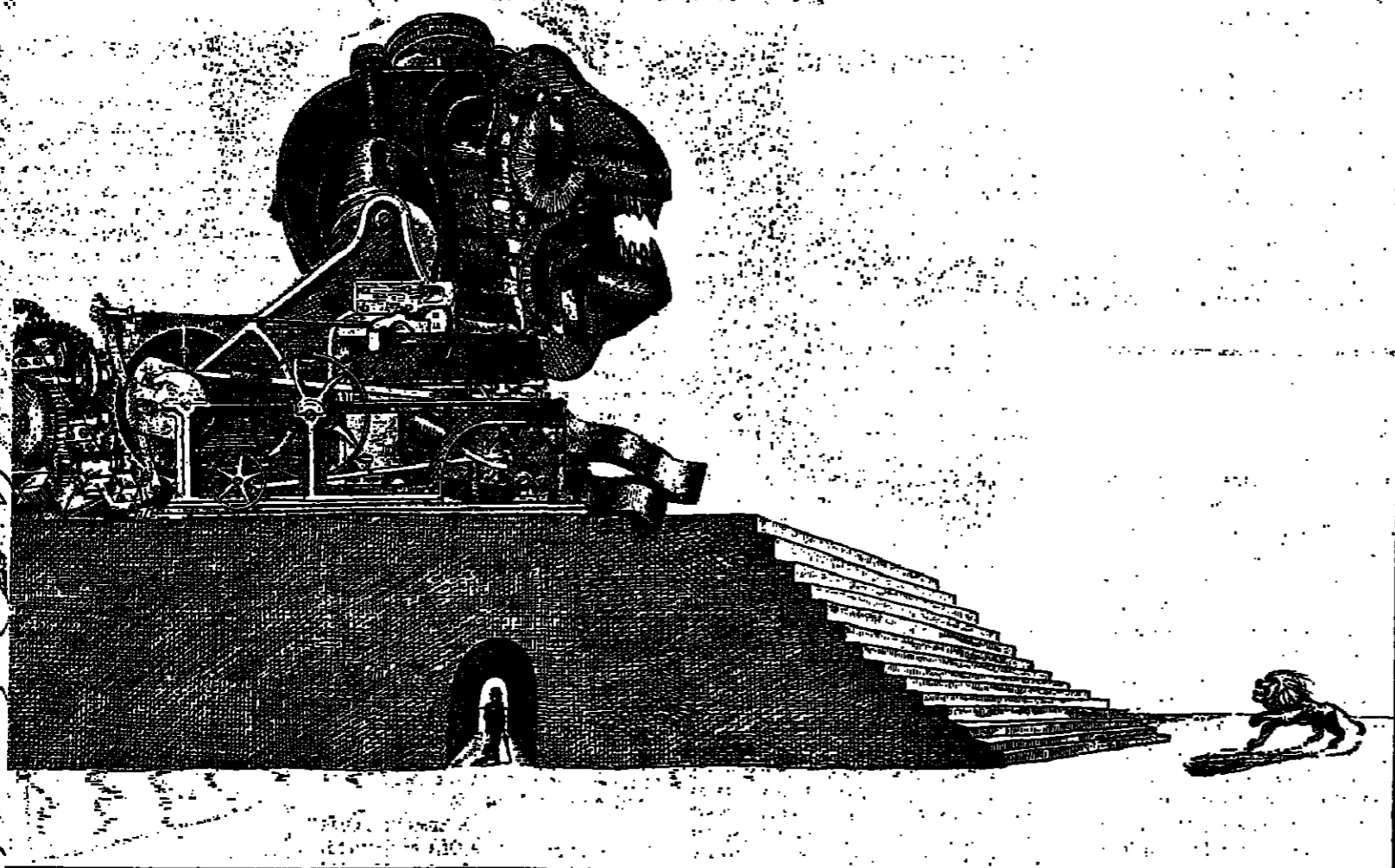
WALTER MATSON, Executive Vice President
JOHN MORTIMER, Senior Vice President
JOHN D. POMERET, Senior Vice President
GUY T. GARRETT, Vice President
DONALD A. NIZEN, Vice President
FRED D. THOMPSON, Vice President

Affiliated Companies

SYDNEY GRISON, Executive Vice President
BENJAMIN HANDELMAN, Senior Vice President
CHARLES B. BRAKEFIELD, Vice President
WILLIAM E. DAVIS, Vice President
JOHN R. HARRISON, Vice President
ROBERT S. NOVEMBER, Vice President
ARNOLD ZORN, Vice President

150 من الالصل

The Press



At the Heart of It All Is the Individual

By Prince Philip

LONDON

Time immemorial there have been arguments about the relative importance of the individual and the state. In most of our desperate national crises a united front, a leader have given up much of their individuality and have achieved great things. But the crucial moment always comes when the people become disenchanted with the inevitable constraints accepted during the crisis while they are inclined to remain, while they are still essential for the nation. And there may also be a difference of opinion about what constitutes the first place.

British democratic system this is resolved by a relatively process, but in other systems tend to lead to tyranny and despotism of dictatorship or violent

one of the great dangers of industrialism is that it is liable to gather some very potent forces against the liberty of the individual. Secularization, generalization and centralization between them could well leave little left of the individual. I believe that this should be the aim of the future of British industry, that matter.

begin with the individual. We must get it firmly fixed in our minds that all the trappings of religion, politics and systems exist for the sole purpose of allowing life to be as civilized as possible for the individual and the family. Only if we here are we likely to get it right.

can be got right for the individual, the rest will follow. The interests of the individual, shall end up with a form which other societies have adopted at various times in the past and foremost important

consideration is this that every individual is unique. The world may confront us with common problems but each individual reacts to the problems in his own way. At the heart of all social structures and political systems is the nature of man. The process of evolution and natural selection has given us various features and instincts which we all share. This is our human nature, and try as we may to sublimate it to rational intellectual argument very few of us will ever succeed in transcending it completely.

So the very first rule of any system or organization is that its whole structure must be compatible with a realistic understanding of human nature, giving full encouragement to its beneficent and creative qualities while providing the necessary restraints on its less admirable characteristics. History provides more than sufficient evidence that crooks can flourish under any system, and they are more likely to do so in a system devised by idealists than in one devised by realists.

No system can work for long, even if it seems to be rationally perfect, which ignores the forces of human nature.

Adam Smith saw this very clearly 200 years ago. He put it this way:

"The man of system... seems to imagine that he can arrange the different members of a great society, with as much ease as the hand arranges the different pieces upon a chess-board. He does not consider that the pieces upon the chess-board have no other principle of motion besides that which the hand impresses upon them; but that, in the great chess-board of human society, every single piece has a principle of motion of its own, altogether different from that which the legislature might choose to impress upon it. If those two principles coincide and act in the same direction, the game of human society will go on easily and harmoniously, and is very likely to be happy and successful. If they are opposite or different, the game will go on miserably, and human society must be at all times in the highest degree of disorder."

It is the principles of motion of the single pieces on the great chess-board of human society which concern me

here. I believe that there is no approach to Britain's industrial future unless these principles are understood.

The force behind all the motions is the need to provide the necessities and satisfactions of life, more usually and simply referred to as making a living.

The purpose of making a living is to live a good life and if possible to do better. It is a means to the end of affording and equipping a home. It is a means to the end of providing for a family, and there can be no more laudable ambition than to bring up and educate children to become responsible and decent citizens.

It is a means to the end of achieving a degree of financial independence and security against a rainy day; against sickness and old age. It is clearly the duty of governments to provide a safety net for those who fall or who are unable to look after themselves, but that is no reason to create obstructions for the more fortunate individual whose prime ambition has always been to provide for family, health and old age, the voluntary support of charities and the personal involvement in cultural activities.

There is much talk about participation in decision-making at work, but work is only one factor in human existence, even if it is a very important factor. Participation as a citizen is far more important, because people have more in common as householders, parents, patients and pensioners than they do as workers, and their need to exercise their responsibilities as citizens is as important, if not more important, than the need to be involved in decisions about their work. Perhaps we should be looking for some way to combine the two—particularly now that Parliament is becoming so directly involved in the management of a considerable sector of the nation's industries.

Any individual or group of people with the power to make decisions also has the responsibility for the consequences of those decisions. Technical and managerial problems are significantly different from decisions about issues which affect people personally as householders and parents, but both are part of human existence.

Of course there will always be a hard core of people who cannot be

responsible. It happens in all walks of life and at all intellectual levels, but it is patently a denial of liberty to allow any social system to develop in a way which withholds from an individual the opportunity of becoming a responsible member of the community.

If people are not trusted they have a way of becoming untrustworthy, if they are not encouraged to be self-reliant they can easily lose their initiative and be satisfied with dependence. If working for a living is a common factor in the lives of most people, working in industry is just one opportunity to make a living. Industry is therefore a means to an end and not an end in itself. This means that industry can only flourish if its component parts are able to flourish, and they can only flourish if the people working in them are allowed to flourish.

His Royal Highness, the Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh, in May delivered an address, "A Place for the Individual," from which this article is excerpted, to the Royal Society for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufacture and Commerce, of which he is president.

Arizona Indian Asks Congress To Enact a Water-Rights Bill

MALE, Ariz. — My people, the Pima Indians of central Arizona, are in the midst of a bitter battle for enough water to survive.

It is the law and it is the American people's duty to protect the rights of the Pima Indians.

5 years the Pimas peaced the Salt and Gila River we prospered. We irrigated of corn, pumpkins and high a vast and complex system of canals constructed in and some tools and a of engineering skill. We sed our famous cotton, and elers prized the silken even from it.

of our abundance generous travelers left our land from Kit Carson offered to from the Pimas, our re "Bread is to eat, not to hat you want." It is est: the Pimas fed, with more an charity." 60,000 suffer- and gold-rushers on the allifornia, according to a ry observer.

ago settlers began divert- that irrigated our farms. n farmland reverted to l by the 1900's Indian d for their prosperity and were starving to death. y depend on welfare to y provisions that we once undantly ourselves.

d the water to which we entitled, we could become ed again.

ed States Supreme Court

By Gerald Anton

In 1908 held that Indian tribes were entitled to enough water to make their reservations viable. However, the Interior Department, charged by law to serve as trustee of Indian water rights, has in the past actively participated in collusion to violate the law and rob the central Arizona tribes of their water. Because of the shameful acts and omissions of the Interior Department, the Pimas and our neighboring tribes today have only enough surface water to farm an average of less than one acre per person.

While it has impoverished the tribes, Interior has been generous in bestowing Indian water on powerful commercial interests. Some large corporate farms irrigated by Federal reclamation projects use more surface water than all the 2,700 Salt River Pima-Maricopa or the 18,000 Papagos.

Having reduced the Indian people of central Arizona from prosperity and abundance to poverty and deprivation, the United States Government now pays out tens of millions of dollars per year to provide welfare and other special services to us. But the real cost is reflected in high rates of unemployment—about five times the current rate in New York City—alcoholism and family disintegration, and in grossly substandard housing, poor nutrition, sickness and shortened lives.

The past and continuing failure of the Interior Department to enforce Indian water rights is ultimately the failure of the office of the President as well. We appeal to President Ford to finally end a century of dishonor

and act expeditiously to bring about a legislative settlement of our water rights.

Congress has before it the Central Arizona Indian Tribal Water Rights Act of 1976, introduced by Senator Edward M. Kennedy at our request. This legislation would restore the lawful water rights of the 30,000 Pima-Maricopas, Papagos and Mohave-Apaches of Arizona, allow our tribes to be self-sufficient again, and relieve the taxpayers of the costs of welfare for our people.

The bill would also eliminate the need to build the \$1 billion Wellton-Mohawk desalting complex in southwestern Arizona—and save the American taxpayer from a staggering subsidy of \$6.6 million per farm to the owners of 151 non-Indian farms.

We petitioned the President to support the bill or to submit legislation of his own, believing that if the President and the Congress acted quickly, there would still be time this year for a water-rights bill to be enacted.

Hearings on the Kennedy bill were scheduled before the Senate Interior and Insular Affairs Committee. The five central Arizona tribes were invited to testify next week. Suddenly everything has been called off. Once more we are denied our constitutionally protected right to petition for redress of grievances. Where can we turn when both the President and Congress fail us? We appeal to our fellow Americans to add their voices to ours, and maybe then we will be heard.

Gerald Anton is president of the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian community.

Britain in Transition: I

By Anthony Lewis

LONDON, Aug. 4—Taking the pulse of a society is a tricky business for journalists. But after two weeks of watching and listening here, I am convinced that Britain is in a better state than she has been for some time: more confident, more unified, more realistic.

Realism may be the most significant aspect of the observed change. Two years ago Britain was living in a cloud of illusion. Unions were demanding, and getting, wage increases of 30 percent a year and more. Inflation was climbing toward the same rate. A prime minister who made Dr. Pangloss look reasonable, Harold Wilson, was assuring his public that everything was just fine.

When those illusions inevitably began to fade, there came a time of dark anxiety. People wondered out loud about the health of Britain's basic institutions, law and parliamentary government. There was talk about some kind of economic or political catastrophe overwhelming this country.

Today many Britons remain worried about their future here, and their children's. The pound is still in trouble. No German or Japanese economic miracle is in sight. But the deepest gloom has lifted. Sensible people mix skepticism with cautious hope.

The main reason for the change is the attitude of the powerful labor unions. They have agreed to a Government policy of holding wage claims to 4.5 percent a year, and the most militant are keeping that promise. Strikes are down to the lowest level in twenty years. The unions even stood still just now, despite anguished cries from the left wing of the Labor Party, for cuts in planned public expenditure.

A cynic would find tactical or personal explanations for the current union policy, but I think something longer-lasting may be involved. It is illustrated by the experience of a Conservative member of Parliament from a manufacturing district near Oxford. Two years ago this M.P. visited a factory in his district that makes automobile heaters. As he walked through, the workers jeered him and shouted about the company's fat profits. This year, a union delegation visited him at the House of Commons and asked him to help get new business for the heater company. The workers were afraid that its profits were not high enough to assure their jobs.

That story suggests that men and women on the assembly line have reacted very much as the middle class has to events of the last year or two. They have sensed the possibility of Weimar inflation and a collapse of authority, and they have been frightened. For the sake of stability, and specifically of jobs in a time of rising

unemployment, they were prepared to exercise a good deal of restraint.

The question is how permanent the new realism is, and how far it goes. And that is both an economic and a political question.

Economically, pressures are going to increase. The fall in the pound's value is pushing up the cost of imported goods. The annual rate of consumer price increases, 29 percent last August, is now below 14 percent. That is a sharp improvement—but still hardly for the family living on the margin to bear. How long can voluntary wage restraint last?

Politically, the question of immediate interest is the price that has to be paid for union cooperation. The Labor Government has pushed through Parliament this session a number of bills that strike outsiders as at best irrelevant to real national concerns: nationalizing aircraft and shipbuilding companies, for example. That kind of legislation is generally viewed as a concession to union and left-wing postures.

The formulas of yesteryear still have a remarkable grip on this coun-

AT HOME ABROAD

try. For example, public housing is so heavily subsidized now that rents cover only \$43 of every \$100 in cost—and those homes are not reserved for the needy. Anyone earning more than \$35,000 a year pays in taxes 83 cents of every dollar he makes over that amount. The marginal tax rate could be cut from 83 to 70 percent with only a trivial loss of Government revenue, but the symbol of soaking the rich is treasured. The question is whether, or when, the unions will allow reform in such areas.

For many years now Britain has been on a long, slow slide in wealth and power. Even an optimist would have a hard time maintaining that the fundamental reasons for that decline—the preference for comfort over competition, the politics of envy, the low investment—have changed. The new Prime Minister, James Callaghan, is a comfortable type who was described by one analyst, Joe Rogaly of The Financial Times, as an Ancient Mariner presiding with an easy smile over the country's decline.

But realism is better than illusions, and those with power tend to become more realistic when they also have responsibility. The tentative beginnings of these recent months could have lasting effects on Britain's unions, and conceivably even on class attitudes. In that sense, and perhaps in more profound ones, British institutions are changing.

William Safire is on vacation.

Divestiture: blueprint for disaster

On different wavelengths—but loud and clear.

A KNBC Channel 4 editorial put it this way:

We were tempted to write it all off as election year politics: the usual hot air that surrounds campaigns for public office. But from the statements flying out of Sacramento and Washington, it's clear the misdirected moves to punish oil companies by breaking them up have to be taken seriously. In spite of all the facts.

The breakup idea is based on three lies.

First lie: that America's oil industry is a big monopoly with no real competition. The fact is that no one company produces or sells more than around eight percent of the total. If that's a monopoly, there's something wrong with my dictionary.

Second lie: oil companies make obscene profits.

The fact is that not many are starving, but the industry average profit is in the same league as all other businesses.

The third lie is that the government can find, refine and deliver oil better.

The fact is government agencies try very hard, sometimes, to do a good job, but around the world government owned oil companies need six times more workers to do the same job.

The overriding fact is that bigness in oil companies isn't necessarily bad, when it takes billions of dollars in risk capital to go get the oil we all seem to want to keep using.

If the politicians who are trying to climb into higher office over the bodies of America's oil companies really want to cut your fuel prices, we think they should stop monkeying around with more regulations and breakup threats, and let the forces of competition decide how big and how integrated an oil company should be.

Broadcast: April 8, 1976 Los Angeles, California

And a KNXT Channel 2 editorial said it like this:

This is a political year, and as usual, some of those running for office are looking for something general of the biggest campaigners have decided to take on the oil companies and preach the gospel that the companies are monopolistic and ought to be broken up. If they're sincere, they're misguided.

The theories are: bigness is bad; a monopoly exists, no one company should be involved in drilling, refining, transportation and retail sales. The public benefit of breaking up the big companies is supposed to be more competition and lower prices.

These ideas could be dismissed as mere campaign hokum, but a recent poll by the Roper organization showed that about a third of the public believes it.

The real problem is a dwindling oil supply, higher production costs, and a cartel of foreign countries who have banded together and quadrupled the price of oil in a couple of years.

The complaint about monopoly is a joke. You can't find much more intense competition anywhere than when the oil companies bid for leases or bid for retail dollars. The customer benefits. The biggest oil company has less than 10% of the market.

It's true that little companies have a hard time competing, but hundreds of millions of dollars are needed just to bid for rights to drill. There can't be hundreds of companies big enough to try. How many dry wells at \$6 million apiece or more can a shoestring operation afford?

The companies around here are not heavily into retail. The great majority of stations are run by private operators who own or lease them. Profits are often mentioned. Big increases of 200% or 300% in the oil shortage. But the starting point was low, and the increase merely brought them up on a par with other industries.

The oil companies are a whipping boy—useful for anyone who wants to get attention. But look behind the complaints, and see if there's any real basis for them. In this case, the claim of oil company monopoly is false, as you can see every day with so many retailers competing to get you to pull up to their gas pumps.

Broadcast: February 19 and 20, 1976. Los Angeles, California



Lord Thomson of Fleet, a Canadian Who Built a Worldwide Publishing Empire, Is Dead in London at

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3
retiring chairman of the Newspaper Publishers Association, paid tribute to "this remarkable man."



Lord Thomson of Fleet

"He exemplified in many ways the best qualities of newspaper proprietorship, a concern for quality, the willingness to leave total freedom to his editors and a business genius that gave employment to many thousands of people." The Times of London, in an editorial in tomorrow's issue, said:

"Roy Thomson's business career was certainly one of the most extraordinary of modern times. He started life in Canada with no advantage except the strong home background provided by a determined and resourceful mother. Unlike most successful businessmen, he had made only limited progress by the time he was 40.

"Between the ages of 40 and 60 he built up a great newspaper business in Canada which he continued to expand by acquisitions both in Canada and the United States. In his 60's and 70's he built up a quite new business in Britain and in his late 70's and early 80's he added up to that business an oil enterprise on a major scale."

"He was obviously in his own field a genius," the newspaper said. "The business achievement cannot quite be paralleled and is unlikely ever to be paralleled."

Lord Thomson, who was known throughout the business and publishing world by his given name, "Roy," built an empire of 148 newspapers and 138 magazines and also had sizable interests in radio, television and publishing companies.

The value of his entire business—which includes journals in Canada, the United States, East, West and Central Africa, Asia and the West Indies—has been estimated to be at least \$100 million (about \$178 million at the current exchange rate). His personal fortune was estimated at more than \$20 million.

There are about 50 Thomson newspapers in the United States, according to the Editor & Publisher's Yearbook, the chief reference work of the newspaper industry. They are scattered across the country and most have relatively small circulations.

A Shrewd Businessman
A cherubic figure, wearing eyeglasses, Lord Thomson was neither a journalist nor a politician but a shrewd, aggressive businessman who had few pretensions about his goals. He spoke bluntly, sometimes to the dismay of his family and colleagues.

"I am in business to make money, and I buy more newspapers to make more money to buy more newspapers," he said once. "I have all the Rolls-Royces I can use. I don't smoke. I drink very little. And it's years since I gave a mink coat to anyone but a member of my own family."

In "Who's Who" he listed his recreations as "who dunits and balance sheets, light music."

He once said that a stake in commercial television was the equivalent of "having a license to print money."

Asked the secret of his success, Lord Thomson said: "No leisure, no pleasure, just work."

"My favorite music," he once said cheerfully, "is the sound of radio commercials at \$10 a whack."

Shortly after making his British base in Edinburgh, where he bought The Scotsman, a leading newspaper, Lord Thomson said acidly: "There must be something wrong with this country when a fellow like me can make money so quick."

Advice for Scots
He later asked some Scots: "Why do you stay here? Why don't you go to Canada and improve yourselves?"

At first appearance, he was disconcertingly gruff, candid, bubbling with enthusiasm and wholly unpretentious. Beyond this, however, Lord Thomson had a razor-sharp business mind, a shrewd psychological sense and a striking talent for talking winning gambles.

"In his everyday life, as in his business life, he was an original," The Times of London said in a full-page obituary article. "The English are a self-conscious race; perhaps one of the reasons why they took to him was that he was supremely un-self-conscious. Dr. Johnson said of Burke that you had only to stand under a shed with him, sheltering from the rain, to apprehend that he was no ordinary man. The same might be said of Roy Thomson."

By all accounts Lord Thomson's purchase of the controlling interest in The Times of London in January 1967 was the pinnacle of his career. He described the event as "the greatest moment in my life."

Although it is a financially floundering newspaper—it is currently losing about £1 million a year and its circulation is only 325,000—acquisition of The Times, with its prestige and tradition, effectively turned Lord Thomson into one of the most powerful publishers in the world.

Public Promise Given
"I am a great admirer of The Times as a newspaper and its special position throughout the world will now be safeguarded for all time, as well as its commercial prosperity," he said. He gave his editors two basic instructions—to tell the truth and to have no regard for his personal interest.

Lord Thomson poured at least £10 million into rescuing The Times, expanding the newspaper's staff, introducing a business supplement, promoting the daily issues, living up to the stolid paper—an editorial in 1967 compared it to institutions such as the Russian monarchy and the Roman Catholic Church—and seeking to give it a new informal style.

But the newspaper itself, now plagued by spiraling newsprint costs coupled with the impact of the stagnating British economy, remains in somber financial shape.

Several years ago Lord Thomson warned that Britain's national press was in peril because there was not enough advertising to support nine newspapers. He prophesied that only four would survive.

He told some foreign correspondents in Hong Kong that he had incurred a £10 million loss on The Times and said that he would not do that for any other newspaper anywhere in the world.

"It's unthinkable that it should just die," he said. "The Times is Britain to many people."

Until his mid-70's, Lord Thomson was at his desk in his sixth-floor office from 8:30 A.M. until 6 or 7 at night. He was easily accessible, and welcomed visitors—both important and unimportant—diplomats, and sometimes charlatans.

When told by a colleague that every impostor in London had passed through his room, Lord Thomson agreed, adding: "But some were worthwhile."

The Times of London, in its obituary, said: "Despite his considerable and continuing financial support of the paper during the difficult years and his own personal views of the condition of Britain and the direction of its affairs, he never interfered. The editorial independence of The Times was absolute and unthreatened when he died."

Lord Thomson himself was not especially politically minded, and one critic termed his politics "naïve." He regarded himself as an independent Tory, having once said, "I've got money so I'm a Conservative."

Lord Thomson was born Roy Herbert Thomson on June 5, 1894. His father, Herbert, was a Toronto barber. His mother, Alice Maude Coombs, who came from Somerset in southwestern England, took in lodgers to support the family.

Roy left school at 13 and went to business college for a year, paying for his tuition by doing part-time domestic work. He studied bookkeeping and shorthand, and worked as a clerk and salesman.

Initial Ventures Failed
His initial business ventures failed. These included a motor-supplies business with his younger brother, Carl, and a farming business that he gave up because he detested living on the prairie.

Brash and confident, he talked a bank into paying off his debts for the motor supply business and started afresh in Ottawa, selling car parts, washing machines and wireless sets. Lord Thomson recalled later that he had had a great deal of confidence in the wireless, she exclaimed. "We can't even pay for the milk."

With the help of a bank loan, Lord Thomson opened a second radio station in Timmins, 200 miles farther north, in 1933. At the same time he took over a small weekly newspaper printed below the radio studio.

His business strategy was simple. He spent as little as possible on himself and his family. Virtually all the money that he made was set aside to pay off bank debts. Because his credit was good, he was able to accomplish one deal after another.

By the late 1940's he was meeting Canada's other newspaper publisher and radio station owners, and had earned a reputation as an aggressive, unpredictable businessman. "Call me Roy," he would begin, and then start a publisher by asking: "Do you want to sell?"

At the end of the discussions, he said: "We're in the big leagues now." He left Toronto, where his son, Ken-

publishers forgot, and many re-sented. But in subsequent years he was often offered the first chance to buy because of it.

In 1950 Lord Thomson bought more television stations in Canada and sought to persuade wealthy Scots to join him in applying for a Scottish television franchise. Few joined him and, almost alone, he applied for the franchise, won it and made a fortune from it.

Lord Thomson was determined to extend his empire. He courted Lord Kemsley, a leading British publisher, and in 1959 acquired from him the ownership of The Sunday Times and two other national Sunday papers, two provincial Sunday papers, 23 provincial dailies and several weeklies.

Characteristically, he made The Sunday Times pre-eminence in its field by adding a color supplement in 1962, a step that was scorned by rivals until its children and a younger generation had become apparent. At the time Lord Thomson

privately acknowledged had only two unfulfilled wishes: a peerage and Street daily newspaper awarded a barony in amid an investigation of monopolies Commission in 1967.

A man without peer he often ate his breakfast at a truck drivers' cafe; Garden—Lord Thomson (theless delighted in age and wealth, in once why he had a plate "RTT 1" for Royce, he snapped a grin: "Vanity."

Lord Thomson's wife in 1951. He is survived by Kenneth, joint chairman Thomson Organization daughter, Audrey, seven children and two grand children. A younger son, Irma Brysden, died

in 1952 Lord Thomson was a Conservative for election to Canada's Parliament. Fortunately, he subsequently said, "I was defeated." He was free to accept an invitation to Edinburgh to discuss the purchase of a majority shareholding in The Scotsman.

At the end of the discussions, he said: "We're in the big leagues now." He left Toronto, where his son, Ken-

At the time Lord Thomson

7,000 leagues above the sea we're open for business

The new Atlantic Marisat satellite is in full operation providing fast, modern communications for the shipping and offshore industries. Night and day.

Low Bail Defended in Slayings Involving Texas Oil Executive

FORT WORTH, Aug. 4 (UPI)—The justice of the peace who set bond at \$80,000 for Cullen Davis, who has been charged with murder, said today the oil executive was drunk when he fatally shot two persons and wounded two others at his mansion and "probably will never hurt anybody again."

The public thinks that when a millionaire kills somebody, their bond ought to be higher than a ditch digger's who does the same thing, said W. W. Matthews. "This man probably will never hurt anybody again. He was just drunk."

COMSAT General's MARISAT services include high-quality telex, telephone and data communications.

Reliable, fast, modern communications via satellite, for the first time linking ships and offshore facilities at sea with the world's telecommunications networks.

The Atlantic MARISAT satellite provides coverage over the entire Atlantic Basin and the western Indian Ocean, more than 60 million square miles.

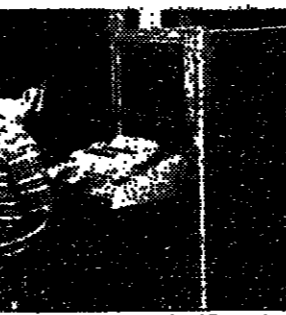
Soon a second MARISAT satellite now on station at 176.5 East Longitude will be in commercial operation

COMSAT General pioneered the MARISAT System. We have the mobile terminals for installation on your ships or offshore facilities available now for sale or lease.

able now for sale or lease. An worldwide network of sales service agents to assist you.

Through better communication MARISAT offers you savings and better management of your marine operations. Ask those who know shipping and offshore companies using COMSAT General's MARISAT services now... night and day.

For information on our full range of MARISAT services call our office today (collect): Washington, D.C.: 202/554-6477 Houston: 713/777-1359 New York: 212/757-6307



Telex: Compact, rugged mobile terminal unit; messages can be received aboard your ship or rig automatically.



Telephone: How you can talk in privacy on a high-quality circuit direct from your office to a ship or rig at sea.

COMSAT GENERAL CORPORATION
850 L'ENFANT PLAZA, SW-WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024

سكدا من الاصل

The Mayor Goes to Harlem to Thank Good Samaritans

EVEN R. WEISMAN visit filled with Mayor Beame and the four injured police went to Harlem yesterday to thank residents for they gave the men and nearly blinded by of lye and ammonia in their faces last...



Mayor Beame works his way through the crowd at 12 Convent Avenue, near 129th Street, where police officers were attacked last Saturday with lye and ammonia. Police officers' wives with him are, from the left: Dolores Reichman, Camille Blackmore, and Pat Mansfield. Another wife, Nancy Bocassi, is comforted by John Beatty, who is her husband's partner.



Electronic Flagpoles Drawing A Congressman's Red Glare

By MOLLY IVINS The United States General Services Administration has been running electronic flagpoles up the flagpole, but Representative William F. Walsh of Syracuse is not saluting. Instead the upstate Republican is demanding a Congressional investigation of why the G.S.A. has ordered at least 107 photosensitive electronic flagpoles at Federal installations around the country. The Congressman says the G.S.A.'s electronic flagpole in front of the new Federal Office Building in Syracuse cost \$10,429. The manufacturer says the pole cost \$3,409. The flagpole there contains a photosensitive cell that causes the flag to be raised when the sun rises, to lower when the sun sets and to fold automatically into a compartment about halfway down the aluminum shaft. It was this flagpole that drove the money-sensitive Mr. Walsh up the wall. But Ted Schmit, vice president of Electronic Flag Poles Inc. of Maywood, Ill., manufacturer of the flagpole, insisted: "There is no way in God's world it could have cost \$10,000." Mr. Schmit said that when the pole left the company plant, the \$3,409 cost included anodizing the pole with a clear coating and freight charges. However, according to the project architects of the Syracuse Federal Office Building the firm of Sargent, Webster, Crenshaw & Foley of Syracuse, the flagpole did indeed wind up costing more than \$10,000. Arthur C. Friedel of Sargent, Webster said the firm's figures had come from the contractor, JGA Construction Corporation of Syracuse. According to the architects figures, when the project was first estimated in March 1971, the plan called for a regular aluminum pole that cost \$3,200. In November 1971, the G.S.A. directed a design change from aluminum to stainless steel—estimated cost, \$10,000. In the spring of 1973, the G.S.A. requested the architects to investigate the cost of an automatic pole. The only automatic poles are aluminum. In fact, Electronic Flag Poles holds a patent on automatic poles. Mr. Schmit calls it a "proprietary item"—no other company makes them. According to the architects' figures, the price of an ordinary aluminum pole had by then risen to \$4,000 and the electronic pole cost \$8,940. The wiring and controls for manual override of the automatic pole cost \$1,489 more, the architects said. The manual override was deemed necessary in case the President were to die, say, and the flag had to be lowered to half-staff. There were apparently some additional wiring expenses in the Syracuse project, since the controls had to be placed in a central maintenance room rather than close to the flagpole. According to Mr. Schmit, the manual override system was part of the initial \$3,409 cost. The G.S.A. has apparently been encouraging the use of electronic flagpoles. In a memorandum of Oct. 21, 1975, headed "Status of Electronically Operated Flagpoles," the agency noted that 107 locations in various G.S.A. regions had ordered them. The memo said: "They [electronic flagpoles] are purchased to replace deteriorated or unsafe flagpoles, to eliminate the raising or lowering of flags in unsafe places or under unsafe conditions and to save money by utilizing operating personnel on other duties, particularly in outlying areas." "On those special nonworking days when the flag is flown by Presidential proclamation or other valid justification, there is a savings in overtime pay." The G.S.A. memo made it clear that the agency did not rush into this proposition with careless abandon. It said: "Prior to using these poles for raising, lowering and storing the flag, the respectfulness and protocol were checked with the Army Institute of Heraldry, the State Department and the American Legion without adverse comment. As a matter of interest, we have installed such a pole at our headquarters building in Indianapolis." Also as a matter of interest, a new flag law signed by President Ford on July 17 makes it legal to fly the flag 24 hours a day and in all kinds of weather.

...ing in front of the yellow-brick tenement on Convent Avenue, near 129th Street, where a barrican had thrown the corrosive liquid on crushing police. Beame heard neighbors screaming in rage. They also told of the nearby residents shed to their aid, water in their faces that nearly blinded them. It comes down to a hot battle. New York is the finest city in the world, the Mayor said, moved by a belief that both the situation for callous and the traditional of tension between police and residents of neighborhoods. Express Thanks. Five of four of the men injured most severely in the bizarre incident. Mr. Beame as he res crowded around, in the bright sun introducing others. The men who had nearby bars, stores hydrants to get the burned men. "Yes, thank you," Bocassi, the wife of Joseph Bocassi, in whom her eyes well tears as she found an overzealous with what she could say. "I've been anything said Gus Thompson, of a store across from the apartment, describing the last Saturday. I was running meaning for help, all them into the get them water. Give it a second.

...husband's spirits are great now, and the doctors say we can be optimistic because of his spirit and courage." The visit by Mr. Beame and top commanders of the police force brought a throng of people greeting them with enthusiasm, and clamoring around the television news personalities busy thrusting microphones at various eyewitnesses to the original incident. Joining the Mayor in his visit were Manhattan's Borough President, Percy E. Sutton, and Councilman Fred Samuel, a Harlem Democrat. They were also greeted with squeals of recognition from residents enjoying the salute to their community.

"Just write that Harlem is not a bunch of hoodlums," said Leroy Griffin, jabbing at a reporter's notebook. "Just write that." Earlier in the day, the Mayor had paid a visit to the new granite and marble Family Court and Office of Probation Building at 60 Lafayette Street, which opened a few weeks ago as a central location for 26 agencies dealing directly with families and children. The two visits proved to be among those rare occurrences serving to buoy the spirits of the mayor, who was otherwise preoccupied during the day with the hospital strike and a meeting of his cabinet to discuss the need for new productivity and management reforms. "Mr. Mayor, I want you to know that this community is working hand in hand with the police on a day-to-day basis," said Winston Burke, president of the St. Nicholas Park Civic Association and a vice president of the 28th Precinct Community Council, during the Harlem visit. "The incident itself was unfortunate, but we're proud of the way the community responded." "I'm at a loss for words," said Mr. Beame as he found himself surrounded by dozens of Harlem residents. "These people are great. Somehow or other it shows this city is going to make it."

Printer of Making \$20 Bills

...L. L. Aug. 4-A Oceanside, L. I., graduate who obtained a printer for district because he was in his printing was strangled in the Brooklyn charge of manufacturing money, a newspaper said. ...of Aversa of Oceanside, N.Y., Sept. 22, was part-time job of industrial arts. ...versity's efficiency went beyond the such mundane not forms on the district office, the ty police and the charged. ...and a companion of Baltimore, 30 years old, were the Nassau County today when they using in a car in it. Field parking at the police said a counterfeiter \$10 were both charged with first degree. ...tion subsequently the counterfeiter agedly been printed district's office, egatives of both 10 and \$20 bills. ...mpson, assistant in charge of the New York of 29 of the \$10 found discarded that three others ed in by banks. ...not attempt made enue currency," said. "I'd say it, I've seen worse

News Summary and Index THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1976

The Major Events of the Day International South African police opened fire at least two when Soweto students challenged a security cordon as they headed for Johannesburg to protest the detention of students arrested seven weeks ago. A Johannesburg newspaper said police bullets caused at least three deaths, but the police commissioner, acknowledging 13 casualties, said the only known fatality was a black man with a broken neck. The students succeeded in barring most of the black suburb's commuters to Johannesburg. [Page 1, Column 1.] The Sudanese Government radio announced the execution of 81 people convicted of taking part in the July 2 attempt to overthrow President Gaafar al-Nimeiry. The court found the accused had received military training "in a foreign state." Both Mr. Nimeiry and President Anwar el-Sadat of Egypt have accused Libya of helping in the coup attempt. Libyan officials have denied the charge against their country. [1:1.] The United States and West Germany have agreed on a common gun and engine for their new main battle tanks, in a major step toward standardizing weapons among the Atlantic allies. Before the United States XM-1 tank goes into production, its turret will be redesigned to handle either a 105-millimeter gun or the 120-millimeter guns developed in West Germany and under development in Britain. [1:2-4.] Lord Thomson of Fleet, who rose from poverty in Canada to build a vast publishing empire, crowned by ownership of both The Times of London and The Sunday Times, died in London at the age of 82. [1:3.] National The Senate Government Operations Committee approved a bill that would end nearly all Government spending programs that fail to win specific approval over a five-year review cycle. The so-called "sunset" bill, whose chief sponsor is Senator Edmund S. Muskie, chairman of the new Senate Budget Committee, corresponds to Jimmy Carter's "zero-based budgeting." Enactment this year is considered doubtful but not impossible. [1:2.] Pennsylvania public health pressed their laboratory search for an unidentified organism whose death rose to 22 persons who

The Other News

International Some Israelis criticize meetings with Lebanese. Page 2 Sadat rules out strikes in Egypt. Page 2 More wounded leave besieged Beirut camp. Page 2 Mining South African gold is no picnic. Page 3 Chinese concern over quakes subsiding. Page 4 Military purges Argentine university faculty. Page 6 Andreotti unveils austerity program for Italy. Page 7 U.S. held talks on Italian loan cutoff. Page 7 Kissinger in London, weighs African trip. Page 8 Industrial harmony prevails in Indian city. Page 8 Priest who became a Communist defrocked. Page 10 School revision bid stirs furor in Ulster. Page 10 Government and Politics C.I.A. reportedly studied big LSD purchase. Page 9 Judge accuses F.B.I. of supplying false data. Page 10 Audit finds Hays hired judge as consultant. Page 11 House gives Ford his 10th veto setback. Page 12 Carter hails new Democratic campaign panel. Page 22 Tennessee to nominate U.S. senator today. Page 22 Michigan Senate race pits Riegle against Esch. Page 23 Delegate switches often a matter of politics. Page 23 Reagan tries to explain Schweiker record. Page 24 Connally assails Carter and defends himself. Page 24 Headstart aides expand fraud charges. Page 63 General Some flood victims face more anguish. Page 14 Howard Hughes's cousin to head Summa. Page 15 4 newsmen get stay in contempt jailing. Page 17 Puzzling portrait of kidnaping suspect. Page 20 Security heavy as abduction suspects go to court. Page 20 Metropolitan Briefs. Page 35 New York weather operators to be placed. Page 35

Quotation of the Day

"I'm at a loss for words. These people are great. Somehow or other it shows this city is going to make it." —Mayor Beame, commenting on Harlem residents who went to the aid of policemen attacked with lye last Saturday. [This page, column 5.] Mrs. Abzug offers program for Northeast. Page 35 City revokes license of noisy discotheque. Page 35 Fear of crime sweeps Highbridge in Bronx. Page 35 Murder trial hears recording of police call. Page 37 Special effort aids plane-crash victim. Page 53 Health and Science Bill on insuring of flu shot makers gains. Page 18 A medical detective takes to the field. Page 19 Engineers study problem with Viking sampler. Page 34 Amusements and the Arts State's Bicentennial barge visits upstate. Page 25 Miss de Lacroix plays Mozart. Page 25 Clint Eastwood in "The Outlaw Josey Wales." Page 26 "Alpha Beta" is a winning movie. Page 26 "Survive" opens at Loews State and Cine. Page 26 Early Wertmüller film on men on screen. Page 27 Marianna Tcherkassky dances as "Giselle." Page 27 Nuclear and spy thrillers are reviewed. Page 29 Going Out Guide Page 26 Family/Style Sun dress is Parisian answer to summer. Page 36 Porsche makes a status-symbol watch. Page 36 Obituaries O. C. Carmichael Jr., headed G.O.P. finances. Page 34 Harry Braverman, writer on economics. Page 34 James M. Symes, headed Pennsylvania Railroad. Page 34 Business and Financial Dow up 1.95 to 992.28 as trading rises. Page 43 Britain seeks stricter rules for banks. Page 43 Anti-bribery unit planned by U.N. Page 43

Officer Recognizes Own Car as Thief Gets Into a Jam

Police Officer Ronald Caccipio walked up to a stalled car that was causing a traffic jam near the Queensboro Bridge in Long Island City yesterday morning, noticed that the blue car looked familiar, and then suddenly realized it was his own. "I couldn't believe my eyes," said the officer. "I checked the license plate number just to be sure." He then arrested the driver, who was frantically trying to get the stalled car going again. The suspect was identified by the police as Tyrone Hamilton, 21 years old, of 1075 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. He was charged with grand larceny and possession of burglar's tools—a set of keys for various makes of cars. Officer Caccipio had driven the car to work yesterday morning and parked it a few blocks from where he was assigned to direct traffic at the intersection of 27th Street and Bridge Plaza South, near the Queensboro Bridge. He is stationed in the 114th Precinct in Astoria. Around 10:30 A.M., he said, traffic began to back up behind a car at the intersection of Crescent Street and Bridge Plaza South. Had the car not stopped, he said, he probably would never have noticed it in the bumper-to-bumper maze of cars and trucks. Officer Caccipio said that he had bought the car five years ago as a wedding present for his wife. Recently, he added, he had been urging her to have it fixed because it would occasionally stall in traffic. Israelis Arrest 25 Arabs TEL AVIV, Aug. 4 (Reuters) —Israeli security forces have detained 25 members of an Arab guerrilla group suspected of attacks in Israel and the occupied West Bank of the Jordan, an army spokesman said today.

James M. Symes, 79, Dies; Chairman of the Pennsy

By ROBERT MCG. THOMAS JR.

James M. Symes, former head of the Pennsylvania Railroad and the man who initiated the line's 1968 merger with the New York Central, died on Tuesday at the Ridgcrest Nursing Home in Feasterville, Pa. He was 79 years old.

Mr. Symes, the son of a one-time Pennsylvania baggage clerk, worked his way up from part-time secretary to board chairman of the country's largest railroad, becoming along the way one of the most popular men in American railroad circles and a sought-after member of corporate and banking boards.

It was while serving as Pennsy's president in 1957 that he conceived the plan that would change the face of the rail industry in the northeast, a merger of the Pennsylvania and the New York Central into one vast network.

With the approval of his board of directors, he discussed the idea with the late Robert R. Young, the Central's financier-board chairman, who agreed that such a combination could help both lines adapt to the changing patterns of regional transportation that threatened each of them.

Mr. Young's death the next year and a reconsideration by the Central's new administration blocked the plan for a while, but it was resurrected after Mr. Symes moved up to chairman of the board in 1959.

When the merger was approved by the directors and stockholders of both companies in 1962, Mr. Symes, who reached the retirement age of 65 that year, was persuaded to remain in the position for another year.

Retired Before the Merger
He never presided over the merged company, however, since the Government review of the complicated merger dragged on for more than four years after his retirement in 1963.

When the merger was finally effected in 1968, he was elected to the board of the new Penn Central Transportation Company, serving for a year.

Mr. Symes opposed the addition of the New Haven Railroad to the Martian plain called Chryse.

Dr. Thomas Mutch, the Brown University geologist who heads the Viking lander imaging team, said that some sharp ledges visible in the sand dunes resembled features in Antarctica in which dust and snow are welded together by high winds.

Dr. Mutch said that the dunes also resembled those which "march" across highways in Peru. Sand trailing off behind each rock in the area of the dunes showed a pronounced wind direction from the upper left toward the lower right of the picture.

Preliminary findings from Viking's instruments, Dr. Mutch noted, indicate very little if any water in the soil at Chryse, so that the resemblance to Antarctic features remains to be explained.

Commenting on the rocks that have been photographed repeatedly by the lander's cameras since July 20, Dr. Mutch said there were two prominent classes.

One of these, in the foreground, seemed to be so-called breccia, or composite rock, similar to those common on the moon, that could have been formed by the impact of meteorites.

The other class, dark rocks farther away from the Viking lander, are fine-grained basalt that would have come from a volcanic interior of the planet. Volcanoes are dotted over large regions of Mars.

Although the geologists on the Viking team are still debating, Dr. Mutch said, the finding about basalt seemed "quite clear" to him.

At a news conference, Mr. Mutch said that the dunes also resembled those which "march" across highways in Peru. Sand trailing off behind each rock in the area of the dunes showed a pronounced wind direction from the upper left toward the lower right of the picture.

Preliminary findings from Viking's instruments, Dr. Mutch noted, indicate very little if any water in the soil at Chryse, so that the resemblance to Antarctic features remains to be explained.

Commenting on the rocks that have been photographed repeatedly by the lander's cameras since July 20, Dr. Mutch said there were two prominent classes.

One of these, in the foreground, seemed to be so-called breccia, or composite rock, similar to those common on the moon, that could have been formed by the impact of meteorites.

The other class, dark rocks farther away from the Viking lander, are fine-grained basalt that would have come from a volcanic interior of the planet. Volcanoes are dotted over large regions of Mars.

Although the geologists on the Viking team are still debating, Dr. Mutch said, the finding about basalt seemed "quite clear" to him.

O. C. Carmichael Jr., 56, Dead; Headed G.O.P. Finance Group



O. C. Carmichael Jr.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Aug. 4 (AP)—O. C. Carmichael Jr., former treasurer and finance committee chairman for the Republican National Committee, died here yesterday after suffering a heart attack while playing tennis. He was 56 years old.

Mr. Carmichael was chairman of the board of the Associates Corporation of North America and the FBT Corporation Inc., a holding company controlling a South Bend bank and finance companies in Indiana and southern Michigan. He has been a behind-the-scenes power in Indiana Republican politics.

He was a Navy commander in the Pacific in World War II. He later earned a law degree from Duke University and a doctorate in public law and government from Columbia University.

In recent years, Mr. Carmichael served as chairman of the Indiana Commission for Higher Education and as a trustee of the University of Notre Dame.

He resigned his national posts with the Republican Party last September in the wake of reports of a squabble between himself and the national chairman, Mary Louise Smith.

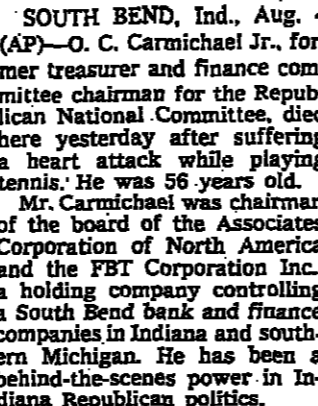
Mr. Carmichael, who had considerable fundraising success with the Indiana Republican Party, accepted the posts at President Ford's invitation.

He held them about a year and a half before resigning. Mr. Carmichael had been elected a delegate to the upcoming Republican National Convention in Kansas City, Mo.

Served As College Head
Special to The New York Times
SOUTH BEND, Ind., Aug. 4 (AP)—O. C. Carmichael Jr. was elected president of Converse College, Spartanburg, S. C., in 1956. He resigned in 1960 to become board chairman of the Associates Corporation, which became a subsidiary of Gulf & Western Industries Inc., and in 1969 was elected to the Gulf & Western board of directors.

Mr. Carmichael is survived by his wife Ernestine, two daughters, Carmen and Ernestine, and two sons, Oliver and Stanley. A funeral service will be held tomorrow at the First Presbyterian Church in South Bend.

Harry Braverman, 56, a Writer On Marxist Economics, Is Dead



Harry Braverman

Harry Braverman, director of the Monthly Review Press and a writer on economic issues, died Monday at his country home in Honesdale, Pa. He was 56 years old and also lived in New York City.

For his book "Labor and Monopoly Capital," published in 1974 by Monthly Review Press, Mr. Braverman was awarded the 1974 C. Wright Mills Award by the Society for the Study of Social Problems.

The economist Robert Heilbroner, writing in the New York Review of Books, said of the work: "Until the appearance of Harry Braverman's remarkable book, there has been no broad view of the labor process as a whole, no full-length examination of the form and feeling of the act of labor."

Mr. Braverman also worked as a steel layout man for Republic Steel. Earlier, during the 1930's he joined the Socialist Workers Party, and became a member of its national committee. He left the party in 1954.

Mr. Braverman founded the American Socialist, an independent journal, in 1954 and was with the journal until 1960. During his stint there, he served as co-editor.

From 1960 until 1967 Mr. Braverman worked for the New York Press, where he was credited with helping to publish "The Autobiography of Malcolm X."

In 1963 he earned his B.A. degree from the New School for Social Research. In 1967 he joined the Monthly Review Press. He was also the author published by Macmillan.

Mr. Braverman is survived by his wife, Miriam; a son, Thomas, a brother and a sister. Funeral services will be held today at 3:30 P.M. at the Frank E. Campbell Chapel, 1076 Madison Avenue.

LETITIA W. BROWN; HISTORY PROFESSOR
Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, Aug. 4—Letitia Woods, Professor of American history at Georgetown University, died of cancer yesterday at her home here. She was 60 years old.

A native of Tuskegee, Ala., where both her parents taught at the Tuskegee Institute, Dr. Brown was graduated from the Institute and later received a Ph.D. from Harvard University.

Before joining the staff of Georgetown University at a full professor in 1971, Dr. Brown taught for nine years at Howard University. In 1961 she and her husband, Theodore E. Brown, a State Department economist, helped train the first group of Peace Corps volunteers. She also taught at Le Moyne College, Georgetown University, and Goucher College. In 1972, her book, "Free Negroes in the District of Columbia, 1790-1846," was published by the Oxford University Press.

She is survived by her husband, a daughter, Lucy Brown Franklin; a son, Theodore Jr.; two sisters and a grandson.

Soil Sampler on Viking Is Balking Again

By VICTOR K. McELHENY

SPECIAL TO THE NEW YORK TIMES
PASADENA, Calif., Aug. 4—The soil-sampling boom on the Viking 1 landing craft stuck again last night, but project engineers said today that the device may have succeeded in delivering a sample to one of the vehicle's chemistry detectors.

The engineers planned to take diagnostic photographs of the boom in an effort to find out what went wrong and if it can be corrected.

A. Thomas Young, the Viking mission director, announced here that an organic analysis instrument used next week on the chryse that it has already received a soil sample.

It was after a collection of soil for this instrument, a combined, miniaturized gas chromatograph mass spectrometer, that the boom stuck while it was retracting yesterday.

While a special team of engineers searched records for evidence of whether the failure was mechanical or electronic, scientists studied a 100-degree, high resolution photograph of sharply defined sand dunes surrounding a 10-foot boulder.

The photograph, which covered 20 degrees from the foreground to the horizon, was the clearest yet returned from the cold, reddish desert surface of Mars.

Marvin C. Pollak, 68, Of New York Law Firm
Marvin C. Pollak, a senior partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers, at 1133 Avenue of the Americas, died Tuesday in his home, 25 Sutton Place, after a short illness. His age was 68.

Mr. Pollak, a graduate of Columbia College and the Columbia Law School, had served from 1941 to 1951 as a special assistant to the United States Attorney General, in the Antitrust Division. Returning to private practice, he specialized in antitrust litigation and trade regulations, appearing before the Supreme Court.

Survivors include his wife, the former Anita Markman; a daughter, Julia Kinzinger; a son, William; and seven grandchildren.

WILLIAM RAYMOND JR.
William Raymond Jr., a retired partner in the stock brokerage firm of Chauncey & Company, 120 Broadway, died in a hospital in Peterboro, N.H., Tuesday. His age was 68.

Mr. Raymond, who had residences in Dublin, N.H., and Cold Spring Harbor, L.I., was a former treasurer of the Long Island Nature Conservancy. Born in Brooklyn, he attended the Groton School in Massachusetts, and graduated from Princeton University in 1930.

His survivors include his wife, Molly Shonk Raymond; two daughters, Elizabeth Raymond Woods and Gertrude Raymond Hoover; a son, William Bronson Raymond; four grandchildren, and two sisters.

Group Effort Helps Air Crash Victim

By MICHAEL KNIGHT

SPECIAL TO THE NEW YORK TIMES
NEW CANAAN, Conn., Aug. 4—The crowded commuter train that crashed here last month was traveling at an average speed of more than twice the posted speed limit at the time of impact, technical experts testified here today at public investigative hearings into the accident.

Other witnesses testified that the track south of the New Canaan station was covered by grease for more than a week before the accident and that railroad officials had known about the potentially hazardous condition for at least nine days.

The New York Times had reported today that the train had entered a grease-covered section of track at improperly high speeds and had then gone into a skid when the engineer jammed on the brakes in an attempt to make an emergency stop.

Two computers died and more than 30 others were injured in the crash on July 13, in which the 5:27 P.M. train slammed into the rear of an earlier train parked on the tracks near the station.

Dr. Ming Chen, an engineer at the United States Department of Transportation's "think tank" in Cambridge, Mass., said he had concluded from evidence gathered at the scene of the crash that the train had been traveling at from 18 to 30 miles per hour in a 15-m.p.h. zone.

He also added that the sequence of events the night of the crash indicated the train had covered 7.9 miles of track between New Canaan and Stamford at an average speed of from 38.4 m.p.h. to 44.8 m.p.h., figures that imply periods of higher speed and periods of lower speed. The fastest speed allowed on the entire line is 45 m.p.h.

Another expert, John Vollmar of Klauder Associates, a rail safety consulting firm, said that his calculations pointed to a speed at the point of impact in the 15 m.p.h. zone of from 28.4 m.p.h. to 34.1 m.p.h.

At the posted limit of 15 m.p.h., the accident would have been far less severe, he said. There would have been damage and injury, he added, but not the kind of awful damage that occurred. That train absorbed a frightful amount of energy.

The engineer of the train, Bryan Egan, has been hospitalized in New Haven with a condition.

Broken Ankle Since the Accident

He has failed to respond to subpoenas issued by the National Transportation Safety Board, the Connecticut Department of Transportation and the hearing agencies holding the hearings here.

Much of the testimony today centered on an automatic lubrication device that normally squirts grease on the side of the rail to cut friction when a train rounds a curve. The lubricator is suspected to be the source of the grease that covered the rail.

Frederick Dray, the assistant superintendent in Stamford, testified that he had inspected the lubricator himself at about 5 P.M. the day of the crash and found it putting out too much grease.

"I intended to have my lubricator foreman fix it bright and early the next day," he said.

He said that despite reports by train crews on July 4, 5, 6, 8, 9 and 13 of excessive grease and skidding on the greased rail, nothing was done about the lubricator until it was shut off after the accident. The track patrolmen, he said, had repeatedly reported that the lubricator was in good working condition.

Deaths

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

Deaths

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

Deaths

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

BECKHARD—Julius, beloved husband of Vera, died at his home, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York City, on August 4, 1976. He was 68 years old. He was a member of the New York City Bar and a former partner in the law firm of Pollak, Swartz, Stark & Amers. He is survived by his wife, Vera; two daughters, Susan and Judith; and three grandchildren.

Frank E. Campbell
"The Funeral Chapel," inc.
1076 Madison Ave. (at 81st Street), N.Y., N.Y.
BU 3-2500

مركز الامم المتحدة

Killed in Recent Slayings 2 Men in Central Park

By EDWARD HUDSON

After her arrest, the police said, the investigation led to several social clubs on the Lower East Side and ultimately to East Third Street, where the two men were picked up.

The police declined to answer questions about the possible method of operation used by the three alleged assailants or about how much money was taken, declaring that to answer might prejudice the case.

The men arrested were identified by the police as Louis Andino, 24, and Hans Betances, 19, both of 311 East Third Street.

Initially, the police believed the slayings were unrelated because they had occurred more than 12 hours and 30 blocks apart. They also said at first that robbery was not likely to have been the motive in the Blair death since the victim's money and jewelry had been left behind.

The murders were the second and third to take place in Central Park in a little more than two weeks. The first murder was a shooting that apparently followed an argument at an evening concert on July 12 at the Wollman Memorial Rink. The victim of that crime was also a man in his 20's.



COLUMBIA HONORS JURISTS: Columbia University honored the leading jurists of Britain as well as the Chief Justice of the United States yesterday with honorary doctorate of laws degrees. From left: Chief Justice Warren E. Burger; William J. McGill, president of Columbia; Frederick Elwyn-Jones, Lord Chancellor of Britain; John Widgery, Lord Chief Justice of England; and Alfred T. Denning, Britain's Master of the Rolls.

Fear of Crime Is Hastening The Decline of Highbridge

By RICHARD J. WEISLIN

The Highbridge section is bordered solidly by the Harlem River on the west, the Edward Grant Highway on the north and east, and Jerome Avenue on the south and east. It runs from about 161st Street to the mid 170's.

The neighborhood has had strong ethnic attachments—to the Irish in the 1800's, the Italians at the turn of the century, and the Jews in the 1920's. Now it is largely black and Hispanic, with a scattering of other ethnic groups.

But it is not the ethnic makeup of the neighborhood that matters, said Assemblyman Seymour Posner, Democrat-Liberal,

Residents of the Highbridge section of the Bronx, who held high hopes for its preservation a few years back, seem now to have succumbed to a sense of resignation, a reluctant conclusion that the community's best days have ended for good.

There are still some well-kept private homes, with small gardens that add a dash of green here and there, and there are solid, though aging, apartment buildings whose major needs seem to be new window frames and fresh coats of paint.

But now there are also gutted, decrepit houses that seem unable to decide whether to keep standing or just to fall down, and there are the huge empty shells of apartment buildings that attest to the flight of many residents and the abandonment of landlords.

"The change in the neighborhood is heartbreaking," said Lillian W. Harmel, a retired schoolteacher who has lived in Highbridge for more than 30 years.

"It used to be so beautiful," she added, her words lingering with the thought, "You went to the parks and the baseball games. Now the parks are empty."

They are empty, in part, because of fear—a fear fed in general by the area's recent drastic increase in crime and by specific incidents, such as the discovery this week of two elderly residents, one dead, one alive, who had been locked in a closet for three days following a robbery.

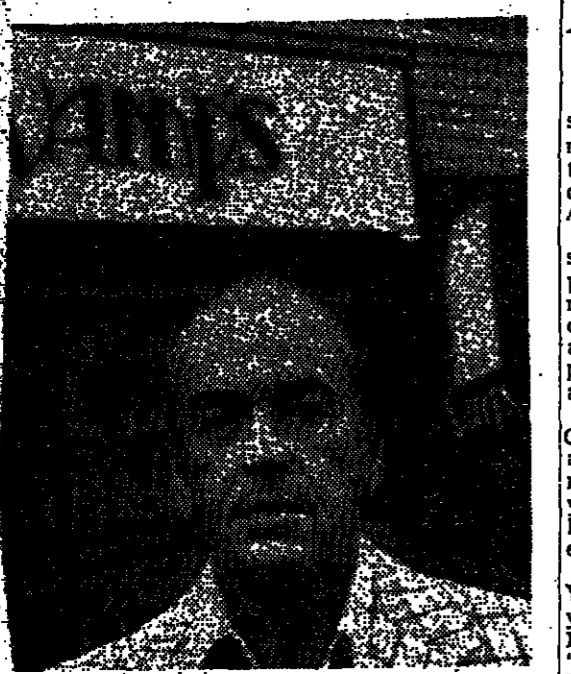
The police have arrested one suspect, 19-year-old Ramiro Velasquez, in that case and are continuing to pursue a second suspect, whose identity they say they know.

They are also investigating a fire in the apartment of Mr. Velasquez's wife Tuesday night that killed their 6-day-old daughter. Fire officials have termed that blaze "highly suspicious," but a police spokesman said yesterday that "at this point, we are not connecting the two incidents."

There are gray steel bars under the sheer white curtains in Ruth C. Tinsley's kitchen. They are there because two weeks ago two men entered through that window, tied a pillowcase over Miss Tinsley's



The New York Times/Carl T. Gossett
Ruth C. Tinsley telling how she was assaulted and robbed two weeks ago.



The New York Times
Kallard, who lives in a third-floor apartment at 68th Street, says the noise from Vamp's discotheque is almost an incurable problem. "The steel beams vibrate even to my pillow," he complains.

to Revoke License 68th St. Discotheque

By MORRIS KAPLAN

The Kallards have lived in the Towers since it opened more than 11 years ago. Vamp's went into operation on April 6 as the bar section of a restaurant. Beefsteak Charlie's at 2005 Broadway.

Almost immediately, the Dorchester Towers Tenants Council acted as complainants were received from people living as high up as the 23d floor. Not only the noise, but fights by patrons outside the discotheque made sleep "impossible," the tenants said.

The police issued 13 summonses between April 21 and May 15 and one on June 9, according to Leonard Kerner, lawyer for the tenants. Some tenants complained that their pictures on the wall "shuddered."

Howard B. Tisch, deputy commissioner of the Consumer Affairs Department, reported that the license had tried to reduce the discomfort caused by the noise. "It would appear, however," he added, "that the premise cannot be sufficiently isolated from the rest of the building to bury the discomfort to a permissible level."

People who elect to live on Broadway cannot expect to have "perfect peace," but he said, they should be protected from "the unreasonable and unforeseen excursions of otherwise tolerable urban activity."

Five tenants have withheld their rent, meanwhile, and will appear in Housing Court next Thursday to explain why.

Kevin Elman, director of the discotheque department for Beefsteak Charlie's restaurant, said that alternatives were being discussed with its lawyers, including the possibility of an appeal to State Supreme Court. The discotheque, he reported, represented an investment of more than \$30,000.

Mrs. Abzug Calls for More U.S. Help for Northeast

Representative Bella S. Abzug said yesterday that without new Federal economic policies, the entire Northeast could become "the new Appalachia of America."

She made the comment in a statement issued, along with a plan for unified economic planning in the Northeast, in Syracuse, where she was opening a headquarters for her campaign for the Democratic Senate nomination in New York.

Paul O'Dwyer, the New York City Council President who is another candidate for the nomination, was also in Syracuse yesterday, for a meeting with his supporters and to attend an evening fund-raising party.

Mr. O'Dwyer's staff in New York City released a statement, yesterday charging the Public Interest Research Group with "arrogant" and "abusive" behavior that it said marked the group's treatment of Mr. O'Dwyer in a press release accompanying the results of a questionnaire sent to all the Northeast candidates.

The research group, run by college students, had said Mr. O'Dwyer was "in contempt of the voters" because he had failed to answer the questions on its questionnaire, which called for "yes" or "no" answers. Mr. O'Dwyer's staff said that he had given the group a broad statement covering his stands on a number of major issues, but that the research group had ignored this in making public its report.

Parties were held for two of the other candidates here yesterday, one for Daniel P. Moynihan as a new volunteer head of the City Council, and another, for national, was also in Syracuse yesterday, for a meeting with his supporters and to attend an evening fund-raising party.

Mr. O'Dwyer's staff in New York City released a statement, yesterday charging the Public Interest Research Group with "arrogant" and "abusive" behavior that it said marked the group's treatment of Mr. O'Dwyer in a press release accompanying the results of a questionnaire sent to all the Northeast candidates.

The research group, run by college students, had said Mr. O'Dwyer was "in contempt of the voters" because he had failed to answer the questions on its questionnaire, which called for "yes" or "no" answers. Mr. O'Dwyer's staff said that he had given the group a broad statement covering his stands on a number of major issues, but that the research group had ignored this in making public its report.

Parties were held for two of the other candidates here yesterday, one for Daniel P. Moynihan as a new volunteer head of the City Council, and another, for national, was also in Syracuse yesterday, for a meeting with his supporters and to attend an evening fund-raising party.

Strikers Return to Work At Chester, Pa., Shipyard

CHESTER, Pa., Aug. 4 (UPI)—More than one-third of the first shift reported to work today at the Sun Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, where 2,700 employees have been on strike since early last week.

The workers had refused to obey a Federal judge's back-to-work order last Wednesday, a day for the duration of the and individual fines were threatened yesterday against 39 shop stewards of the boiler-makers' union if the men did not return.

A company spokesman said more than 600 workers reported today on the first shift and a little more than 20 percent on the second shift last night.

Judge Herbert A. Fogel gave the shop stewards an ultimatum to see that the strikers returned to work by the afternoon shift, or face fines of \$100, work stoppage.

Central Park Night Walk Protests Rapes

Very few women will walk in Central Park after dark. But last night more than 300 women took a walk in the park as a political statement.

The Women's Walk Against Rape, sponsored by a coalition of women's groups, attracted the protesters, who walked from Central Park West to Fifth Avenue at 72nd Street, starting at 8:30 P.M.

"We have the right to use of the world at night," Yolanda Bako had declared earlier.

Before the march started, most of the women sat through three hours of music, speeches, and self-defense demonstrations in the Ethical Culture Society building at 84th Street and Central Park West.

The auditorium there rang with applause several times as the women were shown how to scratch attackers in the eyes, kick them in the shins and knees, and in the groin. There was a distinctly martial feeling in the air as the women made it clear they were tired of being afraid to go out at night.

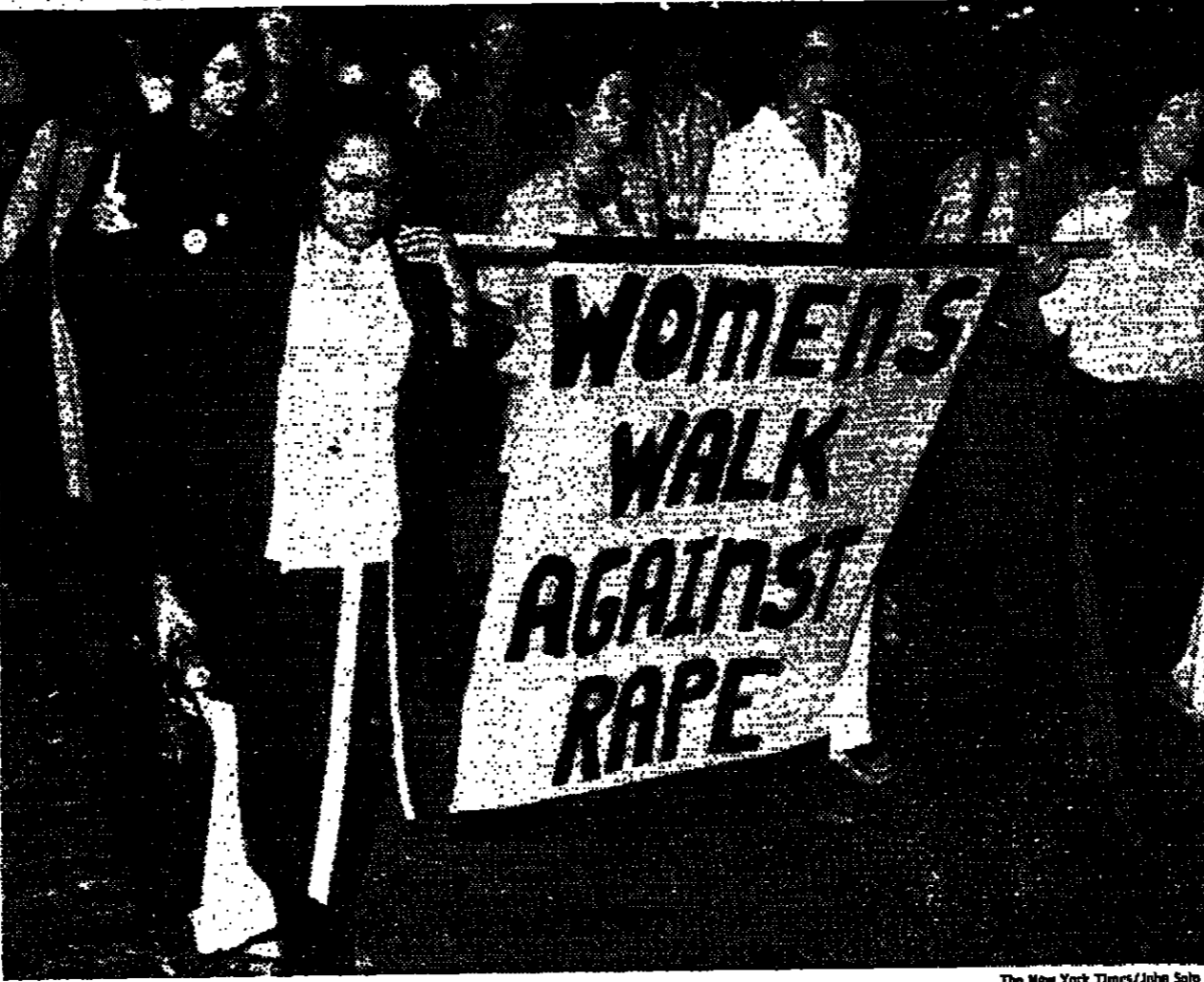
Representative Bella S. Abzug-Ford and Representative Elizabeth Holtzman of Brooklyn sent messages of support to the Women's Walk Against Rape. This is the fifth annual Rape Prevention Month, sponsored by a coalition of women's groups.

Reported rapes usually go unreported because of the stigma attached to them, though the estimated number of rapes for every one reported is three to 10.

The auditorium there rang with applause several times as the women were shown how to scratch attackers in the eyes, kick them in the shins and knees, and in the groin. There was a distinctly martial feeling in the air as the women made it clear they were tired of being afraid to go out at night.

Representative Bella S. Abzug-Ford and Representative Elizabeth Holtzman of Brooklyn sent messages of support to the Women's Walk Against Rape. This is the fifth annual Rape Prevention Month, sponsored by a coalition of women's groups.

Reported rapes usually go unreported because of the stigma attached to them, though the estimated number of rapes for every one reported is three to 10.



Members of a coalition of women's groups starting their Walk Against Rape in Central Park last night

Call WE 6-1212: If a Man Answers, Don't Hang Up

By CHARLES KAISER

The New York weather lady is being replaced by a man in Atlanta.

The New York Telephone Company announced yesterday that the 12 women who have been giving the weather to 100,000 New Yorkers a day are being replaced by three men in Atlanta who will record new forecasts four times a day.

The new system, replacing one that began in 1939, was first heard by some callers July 28. It will be in use in all exchanges using the 212, 516, and 914 area codes by Aug. 15.

According to telephone company officials, the key improvement in the new system—to be supplied by the Audichron Company of Atlanta—is that it will give temperature changes instantaneously, rather than being updated every hour. Such information as the humidity and the temperature-humidity index, however, will be changed only when the forecast is changed.

Every temperature from 40 below to 120 above has been prerecorded on a drum. The drum is attached to a sensing device atop the telephone company's building on East 38th Street, and the correct, but unofficial, temperature will automatically be inserted at the beginning of each forecast. Two other temperature stations will be built in White Plains and Deer Park, L.I.

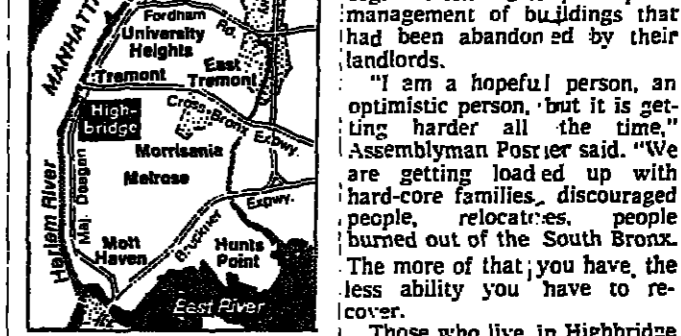
The telephone company assembled a battery of public-relations men and engineers to explain the changes at a news conference yesterday. But no one had bothered to inform the 12 women that they were losing their jobs as weather readers until reporters asked if they could be interviewed.

"It's kind of disappointing," said Rita Keller, an 18-year veteran of the telephone company who, like her colleagues, will keep her job as an operator, but lose her public as a weather reader.

A call to the weather number costs no message unit. The service brings in more than \$200,000 a month, before expenses, for the telephone company.

Telephone cognoscenti have always known that after dialing "WE 6," any four following numbers will connect the caller to the weather number. After Aug. 15, however, only the officially approved WE 6-1212 will complete the call.

A spokesman for the Audichron Company said nothing would betray the origin of the forecasts. "You might pick up some traces of Southern," he said of the reader's accents, "but we try to get rid of that. You want a more neutral inflection."



The New York Times/Aug. 5, 1976

head with an electric cord, bound her hands and feet and looted her apartment.

"When I moved here 10 years ago, this was a very nice area," Miss Tinsley said. "The rental agents used to check you out very carefully. Now they're just anxious to rent—and they rent to most anyone."

Nobody can be certain when the change in the neighborhood occurred.

"This used to be a very community-minded type of neighborhood," said David Kravitz, who has operated a drug store on Ogdan Avenue for 23 years, and I sleep right here," she said, pointing to her living room couch. "And I wonder, what if they try to come back?"

Metropolitan Briefs

Man Convicted of Killing 2 Women

Daniel Foot, 39 years old, of 201 Linden Boulevard in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn, was convicted in State Supreme Court in Brooklyn of murdering two women and assaulting a third in November 1975. In testimony introduced at the 11-day trial, Mr. Foot was said to have fatally shot, stabbed and struck with a hammer Audrey Myers in her apartment at 1460 New York Avenue, and then to have turned on two visitors in the apartment, killing Paulette Virgo and injuring Eileen Hediam. Mr. Foot, who has been placed in custody without bail pending sentencing Sept. 14, allegedly was an acquaintance of Miss Myers who tried to rob her after being let into the apartment.

Stolen Police Walkie-Talkie Found

A police walkie-talkie stolen about four years ago from the Midtown South Precinct turned up early yesterday morning in Bridge Plaza, Queens, in the hands of a man working for a Long Island City toy-car company. According to the arresting officers, John Monteleone and Jeffrey Shore of the 108th Precinct, the walkie-talkie was used to get quick information over police channels so that the company's tow trucks would be first at the scene of an auto accident.

Connecticut Delays New Gambling

The Connecticut Gaming Commission voted to extend until January a moratorium on the licensing of new gambling operations in the state. The commission has withheld consideration of new licenses for about a year. That moratorium began during a state investigation of alleged corruption at the Bridgeport jai-alai arena that was to have expired this month.

can't time yourself in the interval, discs don't help. They lose discs in the us that have solid,

disabled sought as Law Hearing

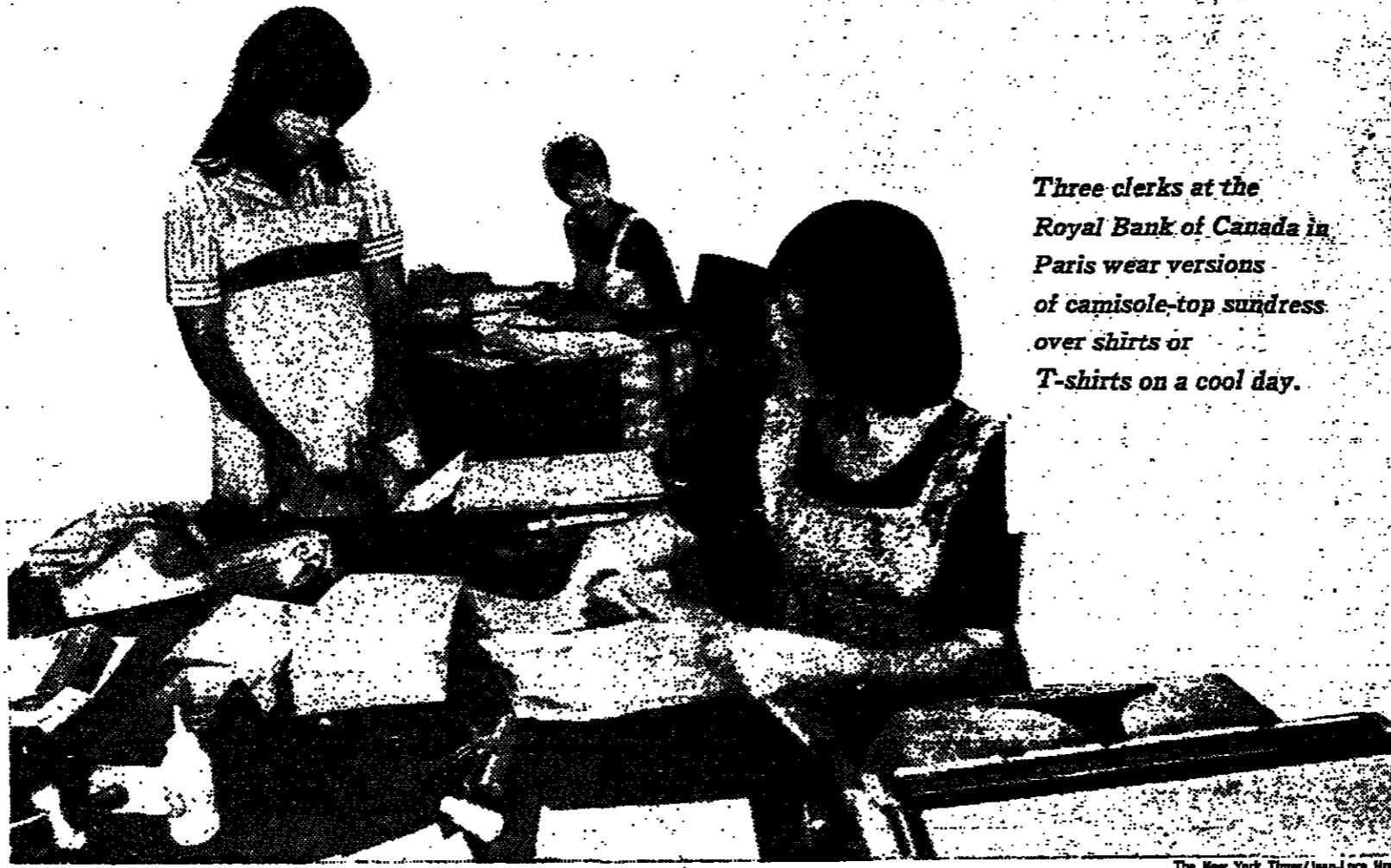
Aug. 4 (UPI)—The of Health, Education and Welfare has held the first of hearings to help disabled persons from disabled will be affected by law barring discrimination against the agencies — all recipients of funds that flow through H.E.W., she said. "In addition, we seek comments from citizens who bear the cost of change."

The Federal law, enacted in 1973, prohibits discrimination against the handicapped and requires the department to consult the public before enacting regulations for facilities receiving Federal funds.

"I believe that every building on a college campus should allow a disabled person to enter on the first floor," said A. J. Small, a Rutgers University Law School student who uses a wheelchair.

Frank E. Carter
The Federal...

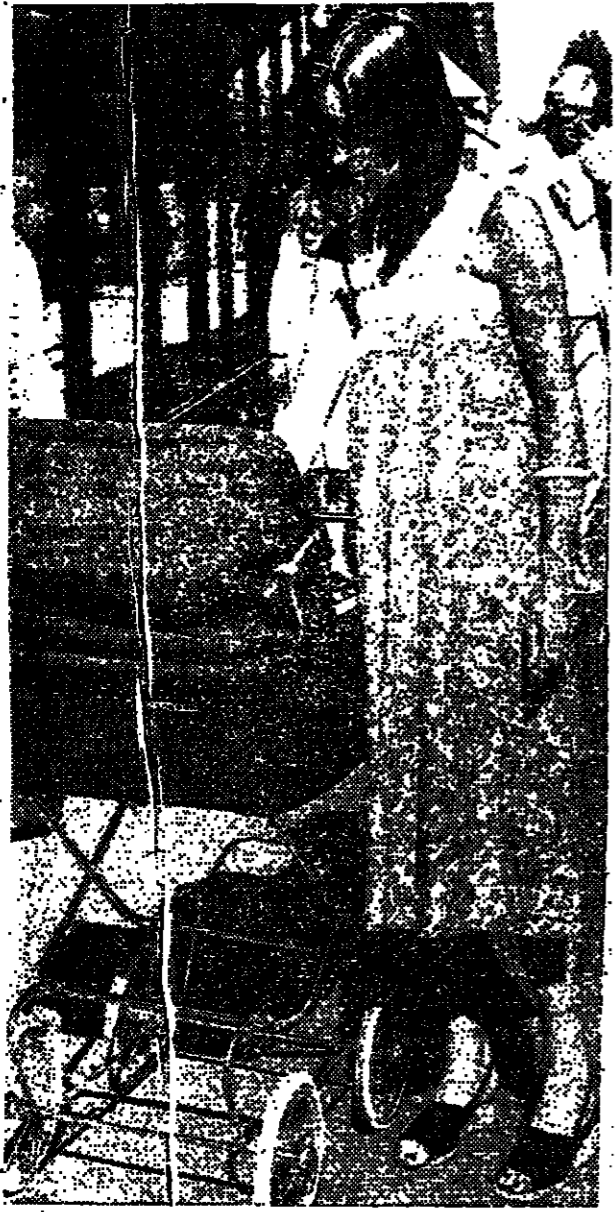
A Parisian Solution for Summer '76



Three clerks at the Royal Bank of Canada in Paris wear versions of camisole-top sundress over shirts or T-shirts on a cool day.



Popularity of the cotton sundress prevails on the Left and Right Banks in Paris this summer. Inspired by the heat wave, the style is being worn by women of all ages, from teen-agers to grandmothers. Sometimes a T-shirt is added underneath, and shoulder bags and espadrilles are the usual accompaniment.



By BERNADINE MORRIS
Special to The New York Times

PARIS—Thanks to the heat wave that turned this city into an inferno through June and the first half of July, the women of Paris are swinging along the streets in the most comfortable, cool easy fashion anyone can remember.

It's a billowing sunback dress, made out of any kind of cotton fabric and instantly dubbed the "bain de soleil"—the sun bath. It requires little or no undergarments. It could double for a maternity dress, and racks of it appeared in the myriad shops of Paris with price tags in the 100-to-200 franc range (about \$20 to \$40).

As for its pedigree, Kenzo did similar loose styles a couple of seasons back, but it is not known who first adapted it for the hot weather. It caught on swiftly, however, and at the peak of the heat wave, many of the shops were sold out. Of course, their stocks were soon replenished. When a fashion catches on like this in Paris, it does so with a vengeance. This one was, atypically, based solely on comfort.

No Bra Needed

The prototype had a taut band at the bustline, thereby eliminating the need for a bra, and was loose everywhere else. Some versions had wide camisole straps at the shoulders and three buttons at the back. Some tied at the shoulders, like children's rompers. Some were open almost

to the waist at the back like a swimsuit, while others came up to the shoulder blades.

The dress was picked up by everyone, from teen-agers to grandmothers. Generally speaking, the younger the wearer, the puffier the dress. Older women tended to wear it fitted more snugly.

Though this one was based more on the exigencies of comfort than on style, many women brought to it a certain chic. There was the young woman out for dinner in a voluminous dress in a white cotton that looked like sheeting. With black sandals and a black handbag, it had acquired style.

"It was so hot in June, I couldn't breathe," a secretary explained. "I just wanted something that didn't cling to me."

Her dress, in purple cotton, had a tiered skirt and looked marvelous with her jet black hair.

"I didn't expect compliments," she said. "But I got them."

Reasonable for Paris

"It was the most practical thing I ever owned," a saleswoman said. She paid the minimum price for hers, about \$20, in a Left Bank boutique, which is reasonable for any kind of apparel in Paris.

"When it was hot, I wore it almost every day for a month," she said.

When it grew cooler, the woman simply put a T-shirt underneath and wore the dress as a jumper; other women added tailored shirts.

In addition to solid color cottons, tiny flower prints are popular, and there are also chambray and denim versions.

In some offices on some days, almost every woman turned up in one version or another. Along the boutique centers on the Left Bank, the dress has all but replaced blue jeans on shoppers and in the cafes. It has also supplanted last year's T-shirt and full skirt.

"Maybe women are ready for dresses," an American observed tentatively. "And maybe they're simply insistent on comfort."

Hardly French Chic

For many American visitors, the look hardly represented French chic at its highest. The cottons had a tendency to get rumpled. The dresses frequently looked tired.

"I don't care what you call it, it looks like a house dress," a buyer for a New York store insisted.

Nevertheless, when freshly pressed, when the colors were clear and the dress fit well, it did acquire a certain charm. It was most often worn with espadrilles and an over-the-shoulder bag.

It was born out of the exigencies of need rather than fashion and it in some ways suggested a uniform that worked.

"It's more interesting than seeing everybody in blue jeans," a visitor observed. "You couldn't wear blue jeans this summer," a young Parisienne volunteered. "It was too hot."

Status on the Wrist

By ENID NEMY

Every so often, an accessory comes along that turns out to be instant status. Occasionally, as difficult as it may be to believe, the item becomes status even before it's arrived.

Let's take the Porsche watch (the verb is used figuratively; it's impossible to take as it isn't yet here). The watch has been around Europe for about two years, circling some of the most chic continental wrists, male and female. It was bound to be only a matter of time before the word spread.

There are a number of attractions to the watch, not the least of which is its name. It was designed by Ferdinand A. Porsche, one of the four sons of the German automobile family, and head of the Porsche Design Studio.

Then there's the fact that the watch face simulates the dashboard of the Porsche automobile, black with red hands and luminous white dots. And although there's no provision for mileage or speed, the watch is self-winding, with a day and date indicator, second, minute and hour counters and tachometer. The strap is made of black ionized steel.

The price is what is considered as modest in circles that care and know about the latest. The women's version is \$325, and the men's \$475, but the latter is waterproof, in case a martini is carelessly sloshed or the chauffeur doesn't deliver the car on time on a rainy day.

Business being what it is, it will not surprise anyone to know that a knockoff of the watch or copy as it is known in polite circles, was made even before the original was imported.

The ersatz version is modestly priced by anyone's standard, it's \$25 for either men or women, has a one-jewel Swiss movement, is shockproof, water resistant, antimagnetic and has a calendar on the face. The strap is black plastic with a webbed effect.

Both watches, the original and the copy, which was designed by John Correo of the Saville Watch Company, are made in Switzerland. And both lend an air of authority to any wrist.

Bonwit Teller, whose chairman, John Schumacher, was instrumental in bringing the watch into this country, will carry both watches on its main floor. The floor is now getting a face-lift but anyone who wanders in after tomorrow should be able to find the right counter and emerge poorer but happier.



Original Porsche watch for men, right, is \$475. Copy, at left, \$25 has square face.



Copy of women's version of watch, at left, is \$25. Original is \$325. All at Bonwit Teller.

Artist Shapes Dough Into Nostalg

By RUTH ROBINSON

Bread may be the staff of life and all that, but it can be put to artistic use as well. Witness those bright little ornaments of bread dough from Ecuador that show up around Christmas time and look so pretty on the tree.

Stephen White uses the same medium, a mixture of flour and salt and water for collages capturing the spirit of the city on a steamy summer's night. When the dough has been baked, he paints it with watercolors and sprays it with a fixative to protect the surface.

The basic scene is invariably the same. A dough checker, cab disappearing down a city street with a full dough moon shining down against a background painted on a piece of plywood, the whole protected by a Lucite box frame.

The number of dough lamp-posts added to give perspective may vary, there may be just one dough brownstone or a group of brownstones, the cab's taillights may be red buttons or simply gobs of dough. For reasons of his own, the license plate is always the same—NYS1.

The artist uses dough in a lighter vein also, for clown faces with mouths open wide enough to hold a mirror. These sell for \$8 and \$12 at My Rich Uncle Henry, 1452 Second Avenue near 76th Street, and do the collages for \$17.50 (5 by 7 inches) and \$30 (11 by 14 inches).

It's hard to keep small fry amused when traveling. Comic books hold the attention only so long, guessing games soon pall and coloring isn't always practicable.

Leisure Learning Products however, is introducing a series of 19 bright plastic games from Israel that it says will keep busy little hands out of mischief and active minds stimulated. They are particularly good for children from 3 to 6 years of age. In addition to being fun they teach mathematics and

spelling and encourage creativity.

Many can be enjoyed by a youngster alone as well as with companions. Some, like Brainy Blocks, also come in advanced versions for 7- and 8-year-olds.

Already popular here are One-Two-Three-Go!, which puts substance into the concept of numbers; Pic-A-Pic, which teaches cross referencing, and Fit It! which deals with color, shape and picture identification.

The games, available at Bloomingdale's, mostly include a playing tray that comes in handy on a plane

or train or at the beach. Prices range from \$4 to \$10.

One of these days, baby, it's going to be cold outside. And when it is, you might want to snuggle your head into the warmest hat you can find.

Because it is colder in Iceland than in most places, Icelandic sheep grow the warmest wool, says Janet Laurentano, who spends her spare time away from her job as an assistant film editor, crocheting watch caps from natural lopli yarn from Iceland.

Besides growing the sheep seem to wide variety of colors, so the ranges from an entire field of grays, deep browns, Mrs. Laurentano's caps with just bright colored yokes.

It takes her a designer, who to crochet a cap arts degree from School of Design also a weaver. 5 caps turn out if they are much of the machine-made del's at the next month.



end of season Sale
A Susan Bennis/Warren Edwards Design
Exclusively for Couture Collection
The Chelsea Cobbler
122 East 55th St
755-43

150 من الاصل

tes on People

Black Admiral Chosen for Fleet Command

Adm. Samuel L. Gravely Jr., a World War II enlisted man and later way postal clerk, became today the first admiral nominated for admiral's three stars command of a United States fleet.

Admiral Gravely has sent confirmation of his appointment as commander of the 3d Fleet, based at Naval Air Station in San Diego, Calif., and consists of 100 warships and 60,000 men and Marines. He is the first black admiral to command a fleet.

Admiral Gravely was commissioned in 1944 and, after serving as a civilian, returned to the Navy in 1949. He was commanding the missile frigate USS Johnston when, in a period of confrontations between the United States and the Soviet Union, he was chosen to be the first black admiral to command a fleet.

There are now three black admirals in the Navy. Admiral Gravely's 22 black general officers are ranked in the Air Force. Gen. J. Robinson Rissner, retiring this week from an eventful 33-year Air Force career that included 88 months as a P.O.W. in North Vietnam — 54 of them in solitary confinement. In 1957 the Oklahoma-born flier set speed records for crossing both the United States and the Atlantic Ocean and he was an early "ace" in the Korean War. Most recently vice-commander of the Technical Fighter Weapons Center at Las Vegas, General Rissner said, "Eventually I want to get into youth work of some kind."

Columbia University awarded honors yesterday to Chief Justice Warren E. Burger of the Supreme Court and Lord Elwyn-Jones, Britain's Lord High Chancellor, the highest jurist. At a Bicentennial ceremony they received honorary law doctorates, as did Britain's Lord Chief Justice Widgery, and the Master of the Rolls, Lord Denning. Noting that Columbia was established as King's College and that its first graduates fought for American independence, Michael I. Sovern, dean of the Columbia Law School, said, "Even more important than nationhood, we are celebrating the system of law and government we inherited from Great Britain."

Although her name had been mentioned little if at all in print, both the father and the coach of Carol Lindner, a University of Indiana diver, denied yesterday that she had had anything to do with the defection of Sergei Nemtsanov, the Olympic diver from the Soviet Union. Miss Lindner finished seventh in the Olympic Trials in June but attended the Montreal games with her father, Richard Lindner, president of an Ohio supermarket chain. He said that Mr. Nemtsanov attended a party the Lindners gave for divers at an international meet at Ft. Lauderdale, Fla., also in June, and that his daughter and a friend spoke with the 17-year-old Russian in Montreal but "only casually."

Said Hobie Billingsley, the Indiana diving coach, "A lot of our kids talked to him — he was a very friendly youngster. I think he was just exposed to a new way of living in Florida and decided to get out."

Earlier this week, Justice Evans prohibited the defense, prosecution, and other court personnel from discussing the case with the press. He has refused to disclose why the order was issued. The defense has objected to this ruling and is expected to submit to the judge today a written request for him to dismiss it. Mr. Dupree is on trial in the fatal shooting of Officer Philip W. Cardillo during a melee and shootout at Muhammad's Mosque No. 7, at 118th Street and Lenox Avenue, on April 14, 1972.

Two Contentions James Harmon, the assistant district attorney in charge of the case, has told the jury that Mr. Dupree took Officer Cardillo's gun and shot him with it. Saad El-Amin, one of Mr. Dupree's attorneys, has contended that Mr. Dupree, who at the time was a teacher and dean of boys at the mosque, is innocent and said that during the course of the trial he would show who was really Officer Cardillo's killer.

The tape recording played at the trial in the Criminal Courts building at 100 Centre Street, included a recording of a "911" call requesting emergency assistance for a police officer at 102 West 116th Street — the address of the mosque. The remainder of the tape is apparently a recording of responses by several police radio cars answering the call. Because of the ruling, by Justice Evans, lawyers would not comment on the significance of the tape recording. However, it appeared that the recording would set a time frame for the violent events that followed the call, which was made at 11:41 o'clock on the morning Officer Cardillo was shot. The defense objected to portions of the tape. Because it was impossible to determine what the voices were saying without a transcript, spectators could not distinguish between its parts. A reporter asked Justice Evans through his law secretary if the press could see a copy of the transcript. The secretary, Robert J. Salzberg, said the judge had told him that the transcript was solely for the jury. The reporter then sent the judge a note requesting the tape transcript on the ground that criminal trials were public and that it was in the public's interest to know what evidence was being considered by a jury. The judge replied through Mr. Salzberg that he had "taken note of the note but you must be satisfied with what has been heard in the open courtroom." The trial is scheduled to resume at 10 A.M. today.

308 Killed by Floods in Nepal KATMANDU, Nepal, Aug. 4 (Agence France-Presse)—A total of 308 people have been killed and 30 were seriously injured in floods and landslides in various parts of Nepal in the last six to seven weeks, Jogi Mehar Shrestha, the Minister of Interior, told the National Assembly today.

AID THE FRESH AIR FUND GIVE REAL GRASS



Rear Adm. Samuel L. Gravely Jr.

Associated Press

it "so fast it was almost unrecognizable."

"I really don't know what I'm going to do with myself now," confessed Brig. Gen. J. Robinson Rissner, retiring this week from an eventful 33-year Air Force career that included 88 months as a P.O.W. in North Vietnam — 54 of them in solitary confinement. In 1957 the Oklahoma-born flier set speed records for crossing both the United States and the Atlantic Ocean and he was an early "ace" in the Korean War. Most recently vice-commander of the Technical Fighter Weapons Center at Las Vegas, General Rissner said, "Eventually I want to get into youth work of some kind."

Columbia University awarded honors yesterday to Chief Justice Warren E. Burger of the Supreme Court and Lord Elwyn-Jones, Britain's Lord High Chancellor, the highest jurist. At a Bicentennial ceremony they received honorary law doctorates, as did Britain's Lord Chief Justice Widgery, and the Master of the Rolls, Lord Denning. Noting that Columbia was established as King's College and that its first graduates fought for American independence, Michael I. Sovern, dean of the Columbia Law School, said, "Even more important than nationhood, we are celebrating the system of law and government we inherited from Great Britain."

Although her name had been mentioned little if at all in print, both the father and the coach of Carol Lindner, a University of Indiana diver, denied yesterday that she had had anything to do with the defection of Sergei Nemtsanov, the Olympic diver from the Soviet Union. Miss Lindner finished seventh in the Olympic Trials in June but attended the Montreal games with her father, Richard Lindner, president of an Ohio supermarket chain. He said that Mr. Nemtsanov attended a party the Lindners gave for divers at an international meet at Ft. Lauderdale, Fla., also in June, and that his daughter and a friend spoke with the 17-year-old Russian in Montreal but "only casually."

Earlier this week, Justice Evans prohibited the defense, prosecution, and other court personnel from discussing the case with the press. He has refused to disclose why the order was issued. The defense has objected to this ruling and is expected to submit to the judge today a written request for him to dismiss it. Mr. Dupree is on trial in the fatal shooting of Officer Philip W. Cardillo during a melee and shootout at Muhammad's Mosque No. 7, at 118th Street and Lenox Avenue, on April 14, 1972.

Two Contentions James Harmon, the assistant district attorney in charge of the case, has told the jury that Mr. Dupree took Officer Cardillo's gun and shot him with it. Saad El-Amin, one of Mr. Dupree's attorneys, has contended that Mr. Dupree, who at the time was a teacher and dean of boys at the mosque, is innocent and said that during the course of the trial he would show who was really Officer Cardillo's killer.

The tape recording played at the trial in the Criminal Courts building at 100 Centre Street, included a recording of a "911" call requesting emergency assistance for a police officer at 102 West 116th Street — the address of the mosque. The remainder of the tape is apparently a recording of responses by several police radio cars answering the call. Because of the ruling, by Justice Evans, lawyers would not comment on the significance of the tape recording. However, it appeared that the recording would set a time frame for the violent events that followed the call, which was made at 11:41 o'clock on the morning Officer Cardillo was shot. The defense objected to portions of the tape. Because it was impossible to determine what the voices were saying without a transcript, spectators could not distinguish between its parts. A reporter asked Justice Evans through his law secretary if the press could see a copy of the transcript. The secretary, Robert J. Salzberg, said the judge had told him that the transcript was solely for the jury. The reporter then sent the judge a note requesting the tape transcript on the ground that criminal trials were public and that it was in the public's interest to know what evidence was being considered by a jury. The judge replied through Mr. Salzberg that he had "taken note of the note but you must be satisfied with what has been heard in the open courtroom." The trial is scheduled to resume at 10 A.M. today.

308 Killed by Floods in Nepal KATMANDU, Nepal, Aug. 4 (Agence France-Presse)—A total of 308 people have been killed and 30 were seriously injured in floods and landslides in various parts of Nepal in the last six to seven weeks, Jogi Mehar Shrestha, the Minister of Interior, told the National Assembly today.

AID THE FRESH AIR FUND GIVE REAL GRASS

POLICE-CALL TAPE IS HEARD IN TRIAL

Mosque Murder Transcript Is Barred to Press

By DENA KLEIMAN

A scratchy and indistinct tape recording of a call summoning the police to what proved to be a fatal shootout in a Black Muslim mosque in Harlem was played yesterday at the murder trial of Lewis 17X Dupree.

Because the tape was for the most part inaudible, the presiding judge, Justice Martin Evans, allowed jurors to consult a transcript as part of the evidence in the case.

But in a move that legal experts outside the courtroom said was unusual but not unprecedented, Justice Evans refused to give the transcript to reporters.

Earlier this week, Justice Evans prohibited the defense, prosecution, and other court personnel from discussing the case with the press. He has refused to disclose why the order was issued. The defense has objected to this ruling and is expected to submit to the judge today a written request for him to dismiss it. Mr. Dupree is on trial in the fatal shooting of Officer Philip W. Cardillo during a melee and shootout at Muhammad's Mosque No. 7, at 118th Street and Lenox Avenue, on April 14, 1972.

Two Contentions James Harmon, the assistant district attorney in charge of the case, has told the jury that Mr. Dupree took Officer Cardillo's gun and shot him with it. Saad El-Amin, one of Mr. Dupree's attorneys, has contended that Mr. Dupree, who at the time was a teacher and dean of boys at the mosque, is innocent and said that during the course of the trial he would show who was really Officer Cardillo's killer.

The tape recording played at the trial in the Criminal Courts building at 100 Centre Street, included a recording of a "911" call requesting emergency assistance for a police officer at 102 West 116th Street — the address of the mosque. The remainder of the tape is apparently a recording of responses by several police radio cars answering the call.

Because of the ruling, by Justice Evans, lawyers would not comment on the significance of the tape recording. However, it appeared that the recording would set a time frame for the violent events that followed the call, which was made at 11:41 o'clock on the morning Officer Cardillo was shot. The defense objected to portions of the tape. Because it was impossible to determine what the voices were saying without a transcript, spectators could not distinguish between its parts. A reporter asked Justice Evans through his law secretary if the press could see a copy of the transcript. The secretary, Robert J. Salzberg, said the judge had told him that the transcript was solely for the jury. The reporter then sent the judge a note requesting the tape transcript on the ground that criminal trials were public and that it was in the public's interest to know what evidence was being considered by a jury. The judge replied through Mr. Salzberg that he had "taken note of the note but you must be satisfied with what has been heard in the open courtroom." The trial is scheduled to resume at 10 A.M. today.

Elizabeth, the Queen celebrated her 76th birthday yesterday at Windsor Castle. She is to be crowned at the Castle of Caithness in her native Scotland.

A near-incognito visit to the United States, Louis Giscard returned to Paris yesterday. The next-to-youngest French President is to be met in Washington by the Democratic Party's vice-presidential pick, Walter Mondale.

re Strike in Ohio WILMINGTON, Ohio, Aug. 4 (AP)—Police and National Guardsmen clashed today in a violent riot during a strike by public safety workers. A meeting of the city council last night to discuss the council's rejection of a proposal for increased wage benefits.

PE... Favorite Sport INECTICUT INIS CAMP & ADULTS 5th successful season School Camps: Torrington, Conn. Mini-Weekend sessions August 1-22 Robin, Pro/Director 1000 Route 100 Torrington, Conn. 06872 203/242-8234

OPEN 'TIL 8 TONIGHT... WHITE PLAINS 'TIL 9.

KNIT ONE... OR PURL TWO

To the last stitch, sweatering is perfect this year... especially when it's slightly rugged. Shown (clockwise from the top), four round-the-clock versions from our autumn European sweater collection:

- The Handmade Fair Isle Pullover with a classic crew neck and raglan sleeves. In mauve or natural shetland wool, sizes S,M,L, 37.00
- The Striped Blanket coat with a throw-back hood. In white, brown and black striped mohair/wool/nylon, one size fits all, 100.00
- The Super Turtle with fold-back cuffs. In brown, camel, black, gray, lavender, gold or blue acrylic/wool knit, sizes S,M,L, 24.00
- The Big Tunic with outsized collar and matching tie-belt. In natural or green mohair/wool/nylon, one size fits all, 37.00

Miss Bergdorf, Fifth Floor

Mail to 754 Fifth Ave., New York 10019 (212) PL3-7300 Please add 1.55 beyond our delivery area.

On the Plaza in New York and White Plains

BERGDORF GOODMAN

Collegiate, \$26.80, Victor As Copano Is Disqualified

OCEANPORT, N. J., Aug. 4—The disqualification of the 6-5 Copano in the \$23,000 first division event of the Eastonwood Handicap on the grass at Monmouth Park today. After moving up in the last race 16th of a mile to regain the lead under Mickey Solomon, Copano finished a nose in front of Collegiate. However, Copano was disqualified and dropped to second for having veered sharply on the Bright View Farm horse, ridden by Jimmy Edwards, in the last stride.

The second division of the mile and one-sixteenth handicap was also marked by a foul claim but this one was not upheld. Theodosia M. Nolan's Stage Luck (\$7.60 for \$2) scored a mild upset, beating Hinterland by two lengths, with the 9-5 Deesse

duVal third, a nose farther back.

Despite having finished a good second in the Philadelphia Turf Handicap in her last start, Collegiate paid \$26.80 to win. She prompted Copano's methodical pace from the outset and took the lead in midstride, only to lose it in the final yards.

It was Collegiate's first victory of the year in four starts.

Deesse duVal's jockey, Eddie Delabousay, charged that his mount had been bothered by both the winner and Hinterland, who set or forced much of the pace.



DRIVER'S RELATIVES VISIT HIM IN HOSPITAL: Marlene Lauda, wife of Niki Lauda, and Florian Lauda, the driver's brother, arrive at a hospital in Mannheim, West Germany. Niki Lauda was injured Sunday at the racing track in Nuerburg when his car hit a fence and was rammed by two competitors. Yesterday, he remained on the critical list but his condition was listed as improved.

Yesterday's Results at Saratoga

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

FIRST-39.00, cl. 3YO and up, (1) 2:30, 3:00; (2) 9:00. Exotic (C-1) 2:40. (C-2) 3:10. (C-3) 3:40. (C-4) 4:10. (C-5) 4:40. (C-6) 5:10. (C-7) 5:40. (C-8) 6:10. (C-9) 6:40. (C-10) 7:10. (C-11) 7:40. (C-12) 8:10. (C-13) 8:40. (C-14) 9:10. (C-15) 9:40. (C-16) 10:10. (C-17) 10:40. (C-18) 11:10. (C-19) 11:40. (C-20) 12:10. (C-21) 12:40. (C-22) 1:10. (C-23) 1:40. (C-24) 2:10. (C-25) 2:40. (C-26) 3:10. (C-27) 3:40. (C-28) 4:10. (C-29) 4:40. (C-30) 5:10. (C-31) 5:40. (C-32) 6:10. (C-33) 6:40. (C-34) 7:10. (C-35) 7:40. (C-36) 8:10. (C-37) 8:40. (C-38) 9:10. (C-39) 9:40. (C-40) 10:10. (C-41) 10:40. (C-42) 11:10. (C-43) 11:40. (C-44) 12:10. (C-45) 12:40. (C-46) 1:10. (C-47) 1:40. (C-48) 2:10. (C-49) 2:40. (C-50) 3:10. (C-51) 3:40. (C-52) 4:10. (C-53) 4:40. (C-54) 5:10. (C-55) 5:40. (C-56) 6:10. (C-57) 6:40. (C-58) 7:10. (C-59) 7:40. (C-60) 8:10. (C-61) 8:40. (C-62) 9:10. (C-63) 9:40. (C-64) 10:10. (C-65) 10:40. (C-66) 11:10. (C-67) 11:40. (C-68) 12:10. (C-69) 12:40. (C-70) 1:10. (C-71) 1:40. (C-72) 2:10. (C-73) 2:40. (C-74) 3:10. (C-75) 3:40. (C-76) 4:10. (C-77) 4:40. (C-78) 5:10. (C-79) 5:40. (C-80) 6:10. (C-81) 6:40. (C-82) 7:10. (C-83) 7:40. (C-84) 8:10. (C-85) 8:40. (C-86) 9:10. (C-87) 9:40. (C-88) 10:10. (C-89) 10:40. (C-90) 11:10. (C-91) 11:40. (C-92) 12:10. (C-93) 12:40. (C-94) 1:10. (C-95) 1:40. (C-96) 2:10. (C-97) 2:40. (C-98) 3:10. (C-99) 3:40. (C-100) 4:10. (C-101) 4:40. (C-102) 5:10. (C-103) 5:40. (C-104) 6:10. (C-105) 6:40. (C-106) 7:10. (C-107) 7:40. (C-108) 8:10. (C-109) 8:40. (C-110) 9:10. (C-111) 9:40. (C-112) 10:10. (C-113) 10:40. (C-114) 11:10. (C-115) 11:40. (C-116) 12:10. (C-117) 12:40. (C-118) 1:10. (C-119) 1:40. (C-120) 2:10. (C-121) 2:40. (C-122) 3:10. (C-123) 3:40. (C-124) 4:10. (C-125) 4:40. (C-126) 5:10. (C-127) 5:40. (C-128) 6:10. (C-129) 6:40. (C-130) 7:10. (C-131) 7:40. (C-132) 8:10. (C-133) 8:40. (C-134) 9:10. (C-135) 9:40. (C-136) 10:10. (C-137) 10:40. (C-138) 11:10. (C-139) 11:40. (C-140) 12:10. (C-141) 12:40. (C-142) 1:10. (C-143) 1:40. (C-144) 2:10. (C-145) 2:40. (C-146) 3:10. (C-147) 3:40. (C-148) 4:10. (C-149) 4:40. (C-150) 5:10. (C-151) 5:40. (C-152) 6:10. (C-153) 6:40. (C-154) 7:10. (C-155) 7:40. (C-156) 8:10. (C-157) 8:40. (C-158) 9:10. (C-159) 9:40. (C-160) 10:10. (C-161) 10:40. (C-162) 11:10. (C-163) 11:40. (C-164) 12:10. (C-165) 12:40. (C-166) 1:10. (C-167) 1:40. (C-168) 2:10. (C-169) 2:40. (C-170) 3:10. (C-171) 3:40. (C-172) 4:10. (C-173) 4:40. (C-174) 5:10. (C-175) 5:40. (C-176) 6:10. (C-177) 6:40. (C-178) 7:10. (C-179) 7:40. (C-180) 8:10. (C-181) 8:40. (C-182) 9:10. (C-183) 9:40. (C-184) 10:10. (C-185) 10:40. (C-186) 11:10. (C-187) 11:40. (C-188) 12:10. (C-189) 12:40. (C-190) 1:10. (C-191) 1:40. (C-192) 2:10. (C-193) 2:40. (C-194) 3:10. (C-195) 3:40. (C-196) 4:10. (C-197) 4:40. (C-198) 5:10. (C-199) 5:40. (C-200) 6:10. (C-201) 6:40. (C-202) 7:10. (C-203) 7:40. (C-204) 8:10. (C-205) 8:40. (C-206) 9:10. (C-207) 9:40. (C-208) 10:10. (C-209) 10:40. (C-210) 11:10. (C-211) 11:40. (C-212) 12:10. (C-213) 12:40. (C-214) 1:10. (C-215) 1:40. (C-216) 2:10. (C-217) 2:40. (C-218) 3:10. (C-219) 3:40. (C-220) 4:10. (C-221) 4:40. (C-222) 5:10. (C-223) 5:40. (C-224) 6:10. (C-225) 6:40. (C-226) 7:10. (C-227) 7:40. (C-228) 8:10. (C-229) 8:40. (C-230) 9:10. (C-231) 9:40. (C-232) 10:10. (C-233) 10:40. (C-234) 11:10. (C-235) 11:40. (C-236) 12:10. (C-237) 12:40. (C-238) 1:10. (C-239) 1:40. (C-240) 2:10. (C-241) 2:40. (C-242) 3:10. (C-243) 3:40. (C-244) 4:10. (C-245) 4:40. (C-246) 5:10. (C-247) 5:40. (C-248) 6:10. (C-249) 6:40. (C-250) 7:10. (C-251) 7:40. (C-252) 8:10. (C-253) 8:40. (C-254) 9:10. (C-255) 9:40. (C-256) 10:10. (C-257) 10:40. (C-258) 11:10. (C-259) 11:40. (C-260) 12:10. (C-261) 12:40. (C-262) 1:10. (C-263) 1:40. (C-264) 2:10. (C-265) 2:40. (C-266) 3:10. (C-267) 3:40. (C-268) 4:10. (C-269) 4:40. (C-270) 5:10. (C-271) 5:40. (C-272) 6:10. (C-273) 6:40. (C-274) 7:10. (C-275) 7:40. (C-276) 8:10. (C-277) 8:40. (C-278) 9:10. (C-279) 9:40. (C-280) 10:10. (C-281) 10:40. (C-282) 11:10. (C-283) 11:40. (C-284) 12:10. (C-285) 12:40. (C-286) 1:10. (C-287) 1:40. (C-288) 2:10. (C-289) 2:40. (C-290) 3:10. (C-291) 3:40. (C-292) 4:10. (C-293) 4:40. (C-294) 5:10. (C-295) 5:40. (C-296) 6:10. (C-297) 6:40. (C-298) 7:10. (C-299) 7:40. (C-300) 8:10. (C-301) 8:40. (C-302) 9:10. (C-303) 9:40. (C-304) 10:10. (C-305) 10:40. (C-306) 11:10. (C-307) 11:40. (C-308) 12:10. (C-309) 12:40. (C-310) 1:10. (C-311) 1:40. (C-312) 2:10. (C-313) 2:40. (C-314) 3:10. (C-315) 3:40. (C-316) 4:10. (C-317) 4:40. (C-318) 5:10. (C-319) 5:40. (C-320) 6:10. (C-321) 6:40. (C-322) 7:10. (C-323) 7:40. (C-324) 8:10. (C-325) 8:40. (C-326) 9:10. (C-327) 9:40. (C-328) 10:10. (C-329) 10:40. (C-330) 11:10. (C-331) 11:40. (C-332) 12:10. (C-333) 12:40. (C-334) 1:10. (C-335) 1:40. (C-336) 2:10. (C-337) 2:40. (C-338) 3:10. (C-339) 3:40. (C-340) 4:10. (C-341) 4:40. (C-342) 5:10. (C-343) 5:40. (C-344) 6:10. (C-345) 6:40. (C-346) 7:10. (C-347) 7:40. (C-348) 8:10. (C-349) 8:40. (C-350) 9:10. (C-351) 9:40. (C-352) 10:10. (C-353) 10:40. (C-354) 11:10. (C-355) 11:40. (C-356) 12:10. (C-357) 12:40. (C-358) 1:10. (C-359) 1:40. (C-360) 2:10. (C-361) 2:40. (C-362) 3:10. (C-363) 3:40. (C-364) 4:10. (C-365) 4:40. (C-366) 5:10. (C-367) 5:40. (C-368) 6:10. (C-369) 6:40. (C-370) 7:10. (C-371) 7:40. (C-372) 8:10. (C-373) 8:40. (C-374) 9:10. (C-375) 9:40. (C-376) 10:10. (C-377) 10:40. (C-378) 11:10. (C-379) 11:40. (C-380) 12:10. (C-381) 12:40. (C-382) 1:10. (C-383) 1:40. (C-384) 2:10. (C-385) 2:40. (C-386) 3:10. (C-387) 3:40. (C-388) 4:10. (C-389) 4:40. (C-390) 5:10. (C-391) 5:40. (C-392) 6:10. (C-393) 6:40. (C-394) 7:10. (C-395) 7:40. (C-396) 8:10. (C-397) 8:40. (C-398) 9:10. (C-399) 9:40. (C-400) 10:10. (C-401) 10:40. (C-402) 11:10. (C-403) 11:40. (C-404) 12:10. (C-405) 12:40. (C-406) 1:10. (C-407) 1:40. (C-408) 2:10. (C-409) 2:40. (C-410) 3:10. (C-411) 3:40. (C-412) 4:10. (C-413) 4:40. (C-414) 5:10. (C-415) 5:40. (C-416) 6:10. (C-417) 6:40. (C-418) 7:10. (C-419) 7:40. (C-420) 8:10. (C-421) 8:40. (C-422) 9:10. (C-423) 9:40. (C-424) 10:10. (C-425) 10:40. (C-426) 11:10. (C-427) 11:40. (C-428) 12:10. (C-429) 12:40. (C-430) 1:10. (C-431) 1:40. (C-432) 2:10. (C-433) 2:40. (C-434) 3:10. (C-435) 3:40. (C-436) 4:10. (C-437) 4:40. (C-438) 5:10. (C-439) 5:40. (C-440) 6:10. (C-441) 6:40. (C-442) 7:10. (C-443) 7:40. (C-444) 8:10. (C-445) 8:40. (C-446) 9:10. (C-447) 9:40. (C-448) 10:10. (C-449) 10:40. (C-450) 11:10. (C-451) 11:40. (C-452) 12:10. (C-453) 12:40. (C-454) 1:10. (C-455) 1:40. (C-456) 2:10. (C-457) 2:40. (C-458) 3:10. (C-459) 3:40. (C-460) 4:10. (C-461) 4:40. (C-462) 5:10. (C-463) 5:40. (C-464) 6:10. (C-465) 6:40. (C-466) 7:10. (C-467) 7:40. (C-468) 8:10. (C-469) 8:40. (C-470) 9:10. (C-471) 9:40. (C-472) 10:10. (C-473) 10:40. (C-474) 11:10. (C-475) 11:40. (C-476) 12:10. (C-477) 12:40. (C-478) 1:10. (C-479) 1:40. (C-480) 2:10. (C-481) 2:40. (C-482) 3:10. (C-483) 3:40. (C-484) 4:10. (C-485) 4:40. (C-486) 5:10. (C-487) 5:40. (C-488) 6:10. (C-489) 6:40. (C-490) 7:10. (C-491) 7:40. (C-492) 8:10. (C-493) 8:40. (C-494) 9:10. (C-495) 9:40. (C-496) 10:10. (C-497) 10:40. (C-498) 11:10. (C-499) 11:40. (C-500) 12:10. (C-501) 12:40. (C-502) 1:10. (C-503) 1:40. (C-504) 2:10. (C-505) 2:40. (C-506) 3:10. (C-507) 3:40. (C-508) 4:10. (C-509) 4:40. (C-510) 5:10. (C-511) 5:40. (C-512) 6:10. (C-513) 6:40. (C-514) 7:10. (C-515) 7:40. (C-516) 8:10. (C-517) 8:40. (C-518) 9:10. (C-519) 9:40. (C-520) 10:10. (C-521) 10:40. (C-522) 11:10. (C-523) 11:40. (C-524) 12:10. (C-525) 12:40. (C-526) 1:10. (C-527) 1:40. (C-528) 2:10. (C-529) 2:40. (C-530) 3:10. (C-531) 3:40. (C-532) 4:10. (C-533) 4:40. (C-534) 5:10. (C-535) 5:40. (C-536) 6:10. (C-537) 6:40. (C-538) 7:10. (C-539) 7:40. (C-540) 8:10. (C-541) 8:40. (C-542) 9:10. (C-543) 9:40. (C-544) 10:10. (C-545) 10:40. (C-546) 11:10. (C-547) 11:40. (C-548) 12:10. (C-549) 12:40. (C-550) 1:10. (C-551) 1:40. (C-552) 2:10. (C-553) 2:40. (C-554) 3:10. (C-555) 3:40. (C-556) 4:10. (C-557) 4:40. (C-558) 5:10. (C-559) 5:40. (C-560) 6:10. (C-561) 6:40. (C-562) 7:10. (C-563) 7:40. (C-564) 8:10. (C-565) 8:40. (C-566) 9:10. (C-567) 9:40. (C-568) 10:10. (C-569) 10:40. (C-570) 11:10. (C-571) 11:40. (C-572) 12:10. (C-573) 12:40. (C-574) 1:10. (C-575) 1:40. (C-576) 2:10. (C-577) 2:40. (C-578) 3:10. (C-579) 3:40. (C-580) 4:10. (C-581) 4:40. (C-582) 5:10. (C-583) 5:40. (C-584) 6:10. (C-585) 6:40. (C-586) 7:10. (C-587) 7:40. (C-588) 8:10. (C-589) 8:40. (C-590) 9:10. (C-591) 9:40. (C-592) 10:10. (C-593) 10:40. (C-594) 11:10. (C-595) 11:40. (C-596) 12:10. (C-597) 12:40. (C-598) 1:10. (C-599) 1:40. (C-600) 2:10. (C-601) 2:40. (C-602) 3:10. (C-603) 3:40. (C-604) 4:10. (C-605) 4:40. (C-606) 5:10. (C-607) 5:40. (C-608) 6:10. (C-609) 6:40. (C-610) 7:10. (C-611) 7:40. (C-612) 8:10. (C-613) 8:40. (C-614) 9:10. (C-615) 9:40. (C-616) 10:10. (C-617) 10:40. (C-618) 11:10. (C-619) 11:40. (C-620) 12:10. (C-621) 12:40. (C-622) 1:10. (C-623) 1:40. (C-624) 2:10. (C-625) 2:40. (C-626) 3:10. (C-627) 3:40. (C-628) 4:10. (C-629) 4:40. (C-630) 5:10. (C-631) 5:40. (C-632) 6:10. (C-633) 6:40. (C-634) 7:10. (C-635) 7:40. (C-636) 8:10. (C-637) 8:40. (C-638) 9:10. (C-639) 9:40. (C-640) 10:10. (C-641) 10:40. (C-642) 11:10. (C-643) 11:40. (C-644) 12:10. (C-645) 12:40. (C-646) 1:10. (C-647) 1:40. (C-648) 2:10. (C-649) 2:40. (C-650) 3:10. (C-651) 3:40. (C-652) 4:10. (C-653) 4:40. (C-654) 5:10. (C-655) 5:40. (C-656) 6:10. (C-657) 6:40. (C-658) 7:10. (C-659) 7:40. (C-660) 8:10. (C-661) 8:40. (C-662) 9:10. (C-663) 9:40. (C-664) 10:10. (C-665) 10:40. (C-666) 11:10. (C-667) 11:40. (C-668) 12:10. (C-669) 12:40. (C-670) 1:10. (C-671) 1:40. (C-672) 2:10. (C-673) 2:40. (C-674) 3:10. (C-675) 3:40. (C-676) 4:10. (C-677) 4:40. (C-678) 5:10. (C-679) 5:40. (C-680) 6:10. (C-681) 6:40. (C-682) 7:10. (C-683) 7:40. (C-684) 8:10. (C-685) 8:40. (C-686) 9:10. (C-687) 9:40. (C-688) 10:10. (C-689) 10:40. (C-690) 11:10. (C-691) 11:40. (C-692) 12:10. (C-693) 12:40. (C-694) 1:10. (C-695) 1:40. (C-696) 2:10. (C-697) 2:40. (C-698) 3:10. (C-699) 3:40. (C-700) 4:10. (C-701) 4:40. (C-702) 5:10. (C-703) 5:40. (C-704) 6:10. (C-705) 6:40. (C-706) 7:10. (C-707) 7:40. (C-708) 8:10. (C-709) 8:40. (C-710) 9:10. (C-711) 9:40. (C-712) 10:10. (C-713) 10:40. (C-714) 11:10. (C-715) 11:40. (C-716) 12:10. (C-717) 12:40. (C-718) 1:10. (C-719) 1:40. (C-720) 2:10. (C-721) 2:40. (C-722) 3:10. (C-723) 3:40. (C-724) 4:10. (C-725) 4:40. (C-726) 5:10. (C-727) 5:40. (C-728) 6:10. (C-729) 6:40. (C-730) 7:10. (C-731) 7:40. (C-732) 8:10. (C-733) 8:40. (C-734) 9:10. (C-735) 9:40. (C-736) 10:10. (C-737) 10:40. (C-738) 11:10. (C-739) 11:40. (C-740) 12:10. (C-741) 12:40. (C-742) 1:10. (C-743) 1:40. (C-744) 2:10. (C-745) 2:40. (C-746) 3:10. (C-747) 3:40. (C-748) 4:10. (C-749) 4:40. (C-750) 5:10. (C-751) 5:40. (C-752) 6:10. (C-753) 6:40. (C-754) 7:10. (C-755) 7:40. (C-756) 8:10. (C-757) 8:40. (C-758) 9:10. (C-759) 9:40. (C-760) 10:10. (C-761) 10:40. (C-762) 11:10. (C-763) 11:40. (C-764) 12:10. (C-765) 12:40. (C-766) 1:10. (C-767) 1:40. (C-768) 2:10. (C-769) 2:40. (C-770) 3:10. (C-771) 3:40. (C-772) 4:10. (C-773) 4:40. (C-774) 5:10. (C-775) 5:40. (C-776) 6:10. (C-777) 6:40. (C-778) 7:10. (C-779) 7:40. (C-780) 8:10. (C-781) 8:40. (C-782) 9:10. (C-783) 9:40. (C-784) 10:10. (C-785) 10:40. (C-786) 11:10. (C-787) 11:40. (C-788) 12:10. (C-789) 12:40. (C-790) 1:10. (C-791) 1:40. (C-792) 2:10. (C-793) 2:40. (C-794) 3:10. (C-795) 3:40. (C-796) 4:10. (C-797) 4:40. (C-798) 5:10. (C-799) 5:40. (C-800) 6:10. (C-801) 6:40. (C-802) 7:10. (C-803) 7:40. (C-804) 8:10. (C-805) 8:40. (C-806) 9:10. (C-807) 9:40. (C-808) 10:10. (C-809) 10:40. (C-810) 11:10. (C-811) 11:40. (C-812) 12:10. (C-813) 12:40. (C-814) 1:10. (C-815) 1:40. (C-816) 2:10. (C-817) 2:40. (C-818) 3:10. (C-819) 3:40. (C-820) 4:10. (C-821) 4:40. (C-822) 5:10. (C-823) 5:40. (C-824) 6:10. (C-825) 6:40. (C-826) 7:10. (C-827) 7:40. (C-828) 8:10. (C-829) 8:40. (C-830) 9:10. (C-831) 9:40. (C-832) 10:10. (C-833) 10:40. (C-834) 11:10. (C-835) 11:40. (C-836) 12:10. (C-837) 12:40. (C-838) 1:10. (C-839) 1:40. (C-840) 2:10. (C-841) 2:40. (C-842) 3:10. (C-843) 3:40. (C-844) 4:10. (C-845) 4:40. (C-846) 5:10. (C-847) 5:40. (C-848) 6:10. (C-849) 6:40. (C-850) 7:10. (C-851) 7:40. (C-852) 8:10. (C-853) 8:40. (C-854) 9:10. (C-855) 9:40. (C-856) 10:10. (C-857) 10:40. (C-858) 11:10. (C-859) 11:40. (C-860) 12:10. (C-861) 12:40. (C-862) 1:10. (C-863) 1:40. (C-864) 2:10. (C-865) 2:40. (C-866) 3:10. (C-867) 3:40. (C-868) 4:10. (C-869) 4:40. (C-870) 5:10. (C-871) 5:40. (C-872) 6:10. (C-873) 6:40. (C-874) 7:10. (C-875) 7:40. (C-876) 8:10. (C-877) 8:40. (C-878) 9:10. (C-879) 9:



Muhammad Ali greets admirers as he returns to his hotel after a boxing exhibition at the Wollman Rink

re Anderson

Ali 'Workin' On' a Stevenson Bout

Through the leafy trees of Central Park, people were ag toward the Wollman Rink where a familiar voice boxing ring was shouting, "I might call the exact the clown will go down!"

Fidel Castro were to permit Teofilo Stevenson to challenge Muhammad Ali for the world heavyweight title.

"I do not want to turn professional," he said in Montreal last week.

Teofilo Stevenson repeats the party line—that "boxing in Cuba is being supported by our revolution and our leaders."

"I am sure Fidel Castro will never ask me to become a professional," Stevenson said.

Two Losses to Soviet Boxer

Teofilo Stevenson also might know his limitations. He isn't as invincible as he appeared in the Olympics last week and four years ago.

That right hand represents the mystique of a title fight with Ali—if the Cuban connected, would Ali fall?

And if Fidel Castro believes that Teofilo Stevenson can win the world heavyweight championship, a title bout may be arranged, presumably with the Cuban Government collecting Teofilo Stevenson's share.

"My leg's all right," Ali was saying now. "I been running three miles every day for the last week."

His leg must be all right. He had been standing for half an hour when he had the opportunity to sit.

"I'm the first athlete," he continued, "to address the Congress in Washington—Kissinger will be there, Ford will be there, Rockefeller will be there, either the 27th or the 28th of August. My topic will be, 'The Real Cause of Man's Distress.'"

Nearby, somebody poured a glass of water and handed it to the champion.

"Just another nigger," Muhammad Ali said, smiling, "tryin' to get bigger."

"Can't tell until they say, 'Round seven'... 'Round eight'... 'Round nine'... 'Round 10.'"

'He Wasn't Hittin' Me'

As an amateur, Teofilo Stevenson, the 24-year-old, is limited to three-round bouts.

He saw him get a little tired in round three against the guy he fought," Ali said.

"I've been impressed with his punch," he said.

"I'll ever fight him?" he said.

"I'm going to fight me, we're workin' on it," Muhammad Ali said.

"We got to check him out," he said.

"Nothin' except mystique, but that's enough if you're a man who talked about it, we don't know about it."

"I've been consistent, and that's been my goal this year," the left-hander said.

"Last year I walked 96 guys and that was very embarrassing to me because I have better control than that. My goal this year was to have good control and still throw hard."

"Kooz, who didn't walk anyone yesterday, won 19 games as a rookie in 1968 and 17 the next season but hasn't surpassed 15 since."

"I don't think Kooz has the physical makeup to be a relief pitcher," the manager said yesterday.

"I don't know him that well. We were just pondering with it. It really wasn't my idea. I didn't think much of it."

"Frazier didn't think much either of the injuries to Milan (X-rays were negative) and Kranepool (he was to keep ice on the elbow overnight)."

"The manager can use all the help he can get. Mike Phillips took over second base for Milan and Bruce Boisclair finished up in left field."

"Torre helped yesterday with three hits and made himself look more attractive to the Yankees, if indeed they are considering trying to buy him."

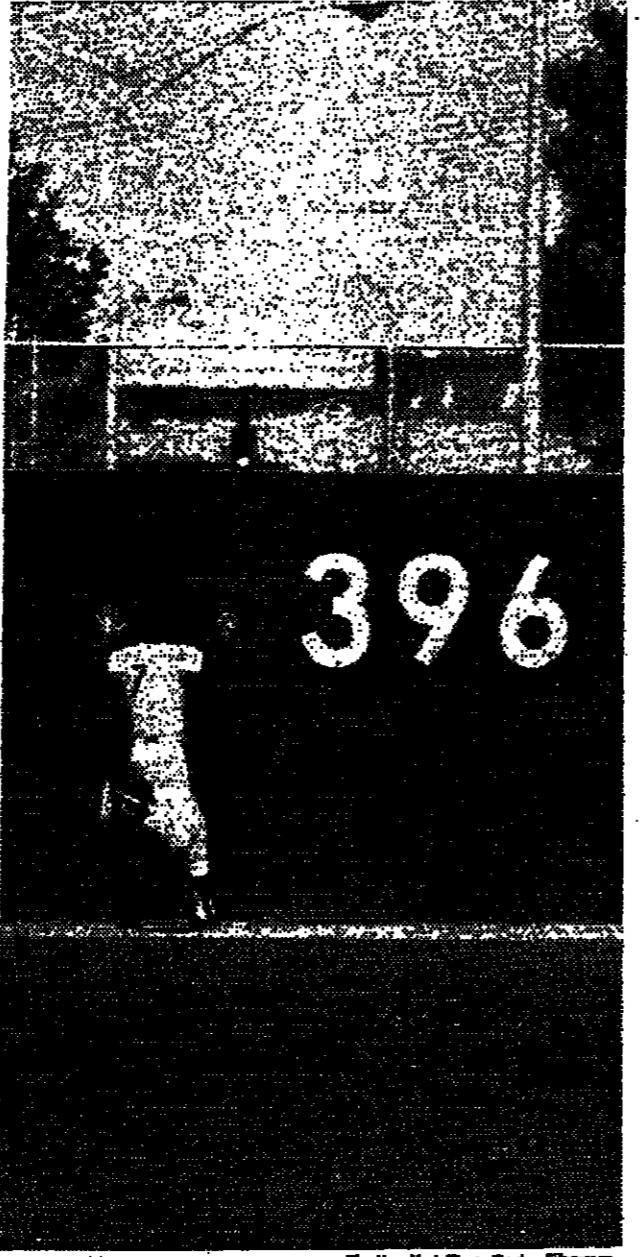
"Torre helped yesterday with three hits and made himself look more attractive to the Yankees, if indeed they are considering trying to buy him."

"Torre helped yesterday with three hits and made himself look more attractive to the Yankees, if indeed they are considering trying to buy him."

"Torre helped yesterday with three hits and made himself look more attractive to the Yankees, if indeed they are considering trying to buy him."

"Torre helped yesterday with three hits and made himself look more attractive to the Yankees, if indeed they are considering trying to buy him."

"Torre helped yesterday with three hits and made himself look more attractive to the Yankees, if indeed they are considering trying to buy him."



Ed Kranepool of the Mets runs into the center-field wall, pursuing ground-rule double by Expos' Earl Williams.

base for Milan and Bruce Boisclair finished up in left field.

Torre helped yesterday with three hits and made himself look more attractive to the Yankees, if indeed they are considering trying to buy him.

Continued on Page 40, Column 7

Yankees' Stones Raises Mark In High Jump to 7-7 1/4

By PARTON KEESE

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 4—Sixto Lezcano powered a two-run homer off Catfish Hunter that enabled the Milwaukee Brewers to beat the New York Yankees, 4-3, tonight in the first game of a doubleheader.

In the second game the Yanks led, 7-1, in the top of the eighth inning.

It was also Hunter's third loss in a row, matching his worst stretch as a Yankee last year, when he dropped his first three starts.

He lost a chance to reach the 3,000-inning plateau when the Brewers did not have to bat in the last of the ninth.

Catfish is two-thirds of an inning away from the mark, which 42 major league hurlers have attained.

After Lezcano's clout in the third, Hunter became almost untouchable as he allowed only two singles the rest of the way.

When Thurman Munson, the designated hitter, cracked a three-run homer off Bill Travers in the sixth, the Yankees were back in the game.

But Travers also grew stronger and gave up only one more hit.

Travers had only one bad inning as he gained his 13th victory, the most on the Brewer staff.

Munson's homer, his 11th, followed Fred Stanley's single and Roy White's double.

Except for Mickey Rivers' leadoff single to short in the first and Chris Chambliss' single to right in the seventh, the 24-year-old left-hander was nearly as good as when he beat New York 1-0, on May 25 and lost to New York, 1-0, on June 25.

His fastball was hopping, causing the Yankees to fly out 17 times in 31 at-bats. He struck out two men.

It won't show in the record book, but a short fly by Von Joshua to left in the third was badly misjudged by White.

He went back for the ball, which landed about at the position he had vacated.

Joshua then scored from first when Robin Yount doubled to left-center, and that proved to be the run that beat the Yankees.

Yount went to third on the throw to the plate, and scored on George Scott's sacrifice fly.

Mike Hegan, the Brewer designated hitter, singled just before Lezcano's home run, continuing his feast on Yankee pitching.

With two singles tonight, he went into the second game batting .416 against New York.

Ironically, Manager Alex Grammas of Milwaukee had switched his outfielders to get Gorman Thomas into the lineup.

Lezcano went from left to right and Joshua from center to left, not without complaint.

But Joshua and Lezcano got the big hits. Thomas struck out three times against Hunter.

Hegan remained the designated hitter in the second game against Ken Holtzman, the Yankee left-hander, because Henry Aaron who usually faces southpaws, had a swollen knee.

He was hurt a week ago on a pickoff play. The Brewers sent Jim Slayton, their second biggest winner at 12-8, against Holtzman.

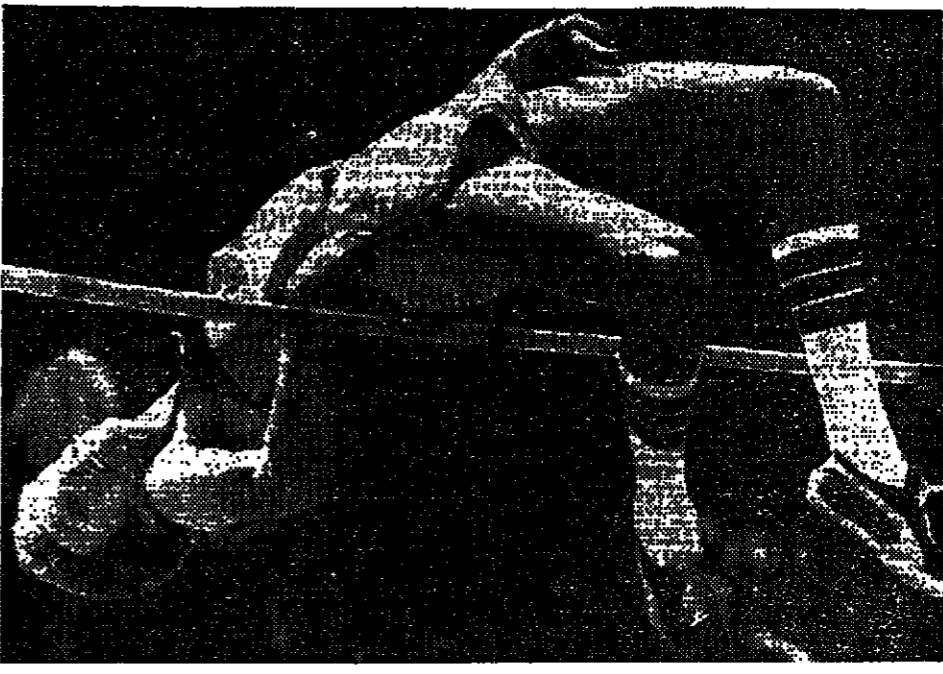
Strike Is Averted The union representing 200 groundskeepers and other service employees at Yankee Stadium reached a contract agreement Wednesday, averting a strike threatened for later in the week.

Howard Chaiken, secretary treasurer of Local 54, Theater and Amusement Services Employees, said the union "basically got everything we wanted" during a mediation session that ended shortly before 3 P.M.

Talks between the union and the Allied Maintenance Corporation, which contracts with the union and the Yankees to provide cleanup and ground crews at the Stadium, had broken off last Friday with the union threatening a walkout "at least one day this week."

The key issue, Chaiken said, was an attempt by the Yankees to reduce the number of full-time offseason personnel from 17 to 12.

FIRST GAME YANKEES (A) MILWAUKEE (A)



Dwight Stones jumping 7 feet 7 inches in June, a mark he broke last night

Rookie Linebacker Impresses Giants

By GERALD ESKENAZI

PLEASANTVILLE, N.Y., Aug. 4—The way the Giants' offense and defense treat each other, this town is more like Peyton Place than the pastorally named home of the Reader's Digest.

Moans, yells, curses and screams punctuated the air this morning during another brief fist fight.

But beyond the brawling is the realization that the New Yorkers look sharp.

"The last two years, it was a question of dropping the worse player when it came time to make cuts," explained one Giant-watcher.

"Now it's a question of the Giants keeping the better player."

One of the better ones, Coach Arnsperger believes, is the huge Harry Carson.

"I hope he'll play against the Jets," said Arnsperger. "He is so strong."

And fast. For Carson, who weighs 240 pounds and stands 6 feet 2 inches, is perhaps the fastest linebacker in the National Football League.

He has been timed in 4.6 seconds for the 40-yard run from a standing start.

"The Jets probably never heard of me," said Carson as he put away his portable cassette recorder, the football player's off-the-field standard equipment.

"I'm not one of those guys who came from Notre Dame and who got a lot of publicity."

They knew about him in South Carolina, though. At South Carolina State his accomplishments included a game in which he sacked the quarterback 12 times.

"If I had to bet on it," said Carson, warming to the subject, "I'd bet that I'll sack Joe Namath at least once on Monday."

The Giants and Jets square off next Monday night at Yankee Stadium.

In college Carson was a defensive lineman. Now the Giants are trying to make him a middle linebacker and they think so much of his chances that he spent the month of June here as the

Continued on Page 40, Column 8

Stones cleared the height on his first attempt. The crossbar quivered slightly as he flopped across; he then turned and looked incredulously at the bar as if to say, "Who couldn't tonight have been last Saturday?"

The crowd of 13,772 gave Stones a standing ovation. He jumped out of the pit, raised his arms and then pointed back at the bar, shaking his head at the bizarre turn of events.

Stones' performance highlighted a meet that also saw John Walker of New Zealand, the Olympic 1,500-meter champion, shake off a three-day siege of flu and win the mile in 3 minutes, 56.16 seconds.

Four other runners also broke 4 minutes, although a slow early pace (58.5, 2:01.8, 3:01.6) nullified the promise of a world record.

A collision on the first turn of the final lap knocked out Marty Liguori and Thomas Weesinense of West Germany. Walker, who had been content to run from the back for most of the race, overtook Eamonn Coghlan of Ireland on the final backstretch, and then held off Paul-Heinz Wellmann of West Germany.

Continued on Page 42, Column 1

Tickets Still Available

The annual midsummer exhibition game between the Giants and the Jets will be played on Monday night at Yankee Stadium, but there does not seem to be the interest in the event as in the past.

The Jets, the host team, reported yesterday there were still about 14,000 seats unsold for the game, all at \$9 each.

This will be the first football game in the refurbished stadium, which now has 54,300 seats and was the home of the Giants from 1956 to 1973.

Of the seats available, the Jet season-ticket holders were given first preference this year. Giant fans will have first choice next year when the game is played in their new stadium at East Rutherford, N.J.

The first five Giant-Jet preseason games were played before capacity audiences of 70,874 in the Yale Bowl from 1969 to 1973. The last two years rain fell there and the crowds dropped to 35,741 and 33,779. Tickets for Monday night's game are on sale at Giant and Jet offices in Manhattan and also at Ticketron outlets.

Advertisement for Seagram's V.O. Canadian Whisky, featuring a bottle image and the text 'New York's Favorite Canadian' and 'Only V.O. is V.O. The First Canadian'.

Score Hitter Koosman... Japanese leads by Stroke

INGDALE, England, (AP)—Chako Higuchi carded a six-under today and took a one-lead after the first of the European golf championship.

United States of 51 professional only manage to sur in the top 10 behind Miss Palmer, were Laura Baug, y Beach, Fla., and idley of Westford, omie Lauer of Palm Calif., in her first a professional, had

Mrs. Rankin, of Mid- s, the top United money-winner this d Mrs. Young of Los who won here last sted 74's Mrs. Cair- et Worth, Tex., was

Uziell of Britain, n't even played in up competition, came a 72 to join Miss Miss Bradley, Joco- urassa of Canada, tile of South Africa Stephenson of Aus- fourth place.

Higuchi opened with on the par-5 first flected with birdie- next three, and an- the ninth.

ly 11 broke Par Higuchi set the pace, s Palmer also turned then faded coming I had to struggle hard wasn't pleased with r my start," she said, missing too many its.

Palmer started off rior of birdies for a r on the first nine, ed with 5's on each two par-4 holes. I women broke par, n equaled it in the

second round the field will be best 60 scores for two rounds, to be y-and Saturday, if ound ends in a tie, be a sudden-death

ADING SCORES... Gains Semifinal... DSVILLE, N. J. dy Ferno of Forest

FE IN THE UN Bradley... TO HOLD KEWAY... rough Saturday a.m. from NYC ited Terminal 41st Street



Chako Higuchi of Japan playing off the fifth tee in Colgate European Women's L.P.G.A. tourney in Sunningdale, England. She shot a 68 to lead after the opening round.

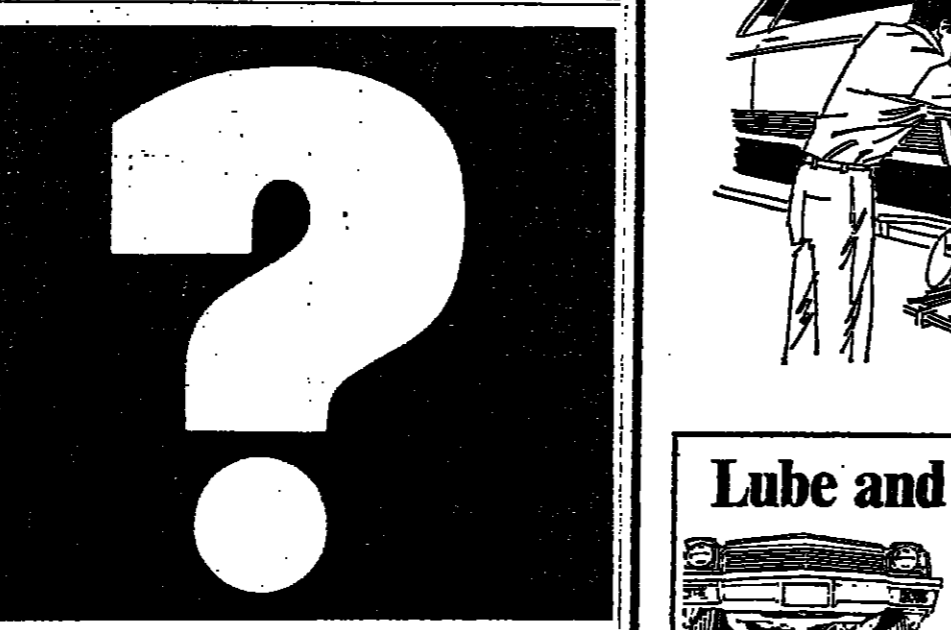
Luck Helps in Buying Show Dog

By WALTER R. FLETCHER Sometimes one just has to be lucky when buying a show dog. Take Vanda Aguinaga Cardoso Santos. "When my husband and I decided to get a Doberman pin-

schar, we looked around for the cheapest one we could buy," said the Rio de Janeiro fancier. "We found one for \$40. Niche de Canis not only finished quickly, but she has been our foundation bitch and has produced three lit-

ters." Mrs. Santos, virtually a commuter between Rio and New York, has flown here six times to attend shows and buy dogs. She was at Westminster in Madison Square Garden last year and again in February.

"The Dobermans in the United States are outstanding," said the Brazilian. And they are shown so much better than in my country. We have only a handful of N.C.A.A. Trial Date Set BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 4 (UPI)—The trial of a suit brought by two University of Alabama assistant coaches challenging a national collegiate regulation limiting the size of coaching staffs has been set for Aug. 30, United States District Court Judge Sam Pointer set the date after meeting with lawyers for the N.C.A.A. and the two coaches, Duke Hennessey and Wendell Hudson.



Will Sports Phone's Quickie Quiz stump you? Call 999-1313 and find out.

Try Sports Phone's Quickie Quizzes Monday through Friday starting at 11:30 AM, 3:30 PM, and 7:30 PM. If you're quick with the right answer, you may be interviewed on Sports Phone. Dial 999-1313 for features like these quizzes, scores or other sports news on specially recorded 60 second tapes. Sports Phone. It's more than just scores. When calling New York Telephone's Sports Phone from the five boroughs and most of Nassau and Southern Westchester, it is a one message unit call. Outside these areas, multi-message unit or regular toll rates apply.

New York Telephone

ONLY THOROUGHBRED RACING IN MET AREA Special Train to Monmouth Park Every Saturday thru Sept. 11 and Labor Day (Returning after last race) Depart Penn Station, N.Y. 12:05 (Con Rail) Newark 12:20, Elizabeth 12:28. Stops at Rahway and Amboys. Racing continues thru Nov. 13 MONMOUTH PARK, Oceanport, N.J., 2 miles from Garden St. Parkway, Exit 105 SPECIAL BUSES, Garden St. Parkway: Lv. Port Aulth. Term., 3 Ave. & 41 St., 10:40 12:20 Daily Lv. T.H.A. Term., Pine St. Newark, Noon Daily EXACTAS · TRIFECTA · DAILY DOUBLE

Ramirez, Dibbs Reach 3d Round at Net

NORTH CONWAY, N.E., Aug. 4 (AP)—Raul Ramirez of Mexico and Eddie Dibbs of Miami advanced to the third round of a \$100,000 international pro tennis tournament today.

Ramirez had to scramble to overcome Jaime Velasco of Colombia, 6-7, 6-3, 6-3. Velasco, a Davis Cup player with a tenacious backcourt game, was tough on the slow, red clay courts at the Mount Cranmore tennis club.

Dibbs, showing no effects of the flu and tendonitis that kept him bedridden for five days last week, breezed past a Swedish Davis Cup player, Rolf Norberg, 6-1, 6-2.

Jimmy Connors of Belleville, Ill., who won his second-round match yesterday, had a day off in singles. But he teamed with Arthur Ashe of Miami for a 4-6, 6-3, 6-2 victory over Norberg and Jeff Borowiak of Berkeley, Calif., in a first-round doubles match. Ashe and Connors are playing doubles together for only the second time.

Dibbs, who is third in the international grand prix standing behind Adriano Panatta of Italy and Ramirez, was a late entry here. He is seeking the 80 grand prix points that go to the singles winner, along with the \$16,000 first prize.

"I need the points even though the doctor told me I should take this week off," said Dibbs, alluding to his bout with the flu. "I was worried about getting through the first couple of rounds because I felt so weak before I got here. But I'm not playing doubles here, I'm saving myself for the singles. I think if I get to the quarterfinals, I'll be ready to go."

In other second-round matches, Brian Gottfried of Fort Lauderdale, Fla., eliminated Jorge Andrew of Venezuela, 7-5, 6-2, and Buster Mottram of Britain, defeated Pat Dupre of Birmingham, Ala., 6-3, 6-3.

Test For U.S. Open Dr. Renee Richards, the former male tennis player, said yesterday she would

pursue her right to play in the United States Open at Forest Hills next month "in whatever way necessary."

The 41-year-old California ophthalmologist, who reportedly underwent sex change surgery a year ago and has legally changed her name from Richard Raskind to Renee Richards, didn't actually threaten court action. But she left no doubt that she would take such action if the United States Tennis Association did not accept her entry.

The only comment from a U.S.T.A. spokesman yesterday was: "The tournament committee has the application under consideration."

Dr. Richards, of Newport Beach, Calif., was a nationally ranked singles player as a man and, as Dr. Raskind, played in the 35-years-and-over division at Forest Hills two years ago. Earlier this summer, as Dr. Richards, she won a women's title in a tourney at La Jolla, Calif. She says she now is recognized as a woman "in the eyes of the law."

In her statement, issued here yesterday through World Tennis magazine, the

doctor said she had the "same right to play" at Forest Hills "as any other woman—more than most because I have already won a major singles event . . . and I have been training for that tournament all summer."

She said her entry had already been accepted for a tourney starting later this month at Orange, N.J., the last major tuneup for Forest Hills.

The only seeded player beaten today was Ray Moore of South Africa, No. 10, who fell to 20-year-old Victor Pecci of Paraguay, 7-5, 6-2.

Vijay Amritraj Gains COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 4 (AP)—Vijay Amritraj of India led the advance today in the second round of the \$87,500 Buckeye tennis tournament.

Amritraj, last year's winner and seeded second in the 48-player field, advanced with a 6-4, 7-6 triumph over Denis Nassegien of France. Amritraj had 13 aces.

Dick Stockton of Carrollton, Tex., posted a 6-2, 6-0 decision over an Australian, John James, and Tom Goran of Seattle notched a 6-4, 7-6 triumph over Brian Fair-

lie of New Zealand. In other matches: SECOND ROUND—Brain Teacher, San Diego, defeated John Casabari, Argentina, 6-1, 6-3; Anand Amritraj, India, defeated Hank Pfister of Bakerfield, Calif., 4-6, 6-3, 7-6; Gail Dwyer, Australia, defeated Suzi Mann, India, 6-2, 6-2; Lito Alvarez, Argentina, defeated Alvaro Ffietl, Chile, 3-6, 6-3.

FIRST ROUND—Byron Bertram, South Africa, defeated Fred McNeil, Chevy Chase, Md., 6-1, 4-6, 6-3.

Joubert, Guerry Advance KIAMESHA LAKE, N. Y., Aug. 4 (AP)—Top-seeded Deon Joubert of South Africa and Zan Guerry of Houston advanced to the third round of the \$10,000 Concord open tennis tournament today.

Joubert, who has played on the South African Davis Cup team, defeated Adrian Clark of New York, 6-1, 6-3. Guerry beat Ismael Saeue of Venezuela, 6-3, 6-2.

Bill Lloyd, Australia, defeated Geoffrey Harrison, San Pedro, Calif., 6-1, 6-2; John Hladky, La Jolla, Calif., defeated Bill Sessano, Fort Lauderdale, Fla., 6-2, 6-4; Eric Friedler, Evansville, Ill., defeated Bob Rouse, Hurdle, 7-5, 6-2; Michael Wayman, Britain, defeated Horbertus Hoyt, Newbury, 6-3, 6-4; Rick Adelman, Roslyn, N.Y., defeated Munson Ielski, Fort Washington, L.I., 6-4, 7-6; John Austin, Rollins College, defeated Steve Seival, Teaneck, N.J., 2-6, 6-2, 6-1.

Tuesday's Fight North Providence, R.I.—Tony Petroni, 142 pounds, Brockton, Mass., knocked out Charlie Beaton, 142, Hartford, 4 rounds.

Aug. 6, N.Y. Sets vs. Navratilova. Aug. 9, vs. Ion Tiriac.

Friday night Martina Navratilova leads the Cleveland Nets in an effort to stop the 1st place Sets. As a special event, Billie Jean King will play "Howard the Cab Driver" in a challenge match. Many surprise celebrities will be on hand, so don't miss the action and the fun.

Monday night, see Ion Tiriac and John Alexander as the Boston Lobsters come to face the Sets. During halftime, N.Y. Islander stars will play an exhibition match, and Fred Stolle will conduct a pre-game clinic at 7PM. It's two big nights of World Team Tennis. Get your tickets now!

Coming up: Fri., Aug. 13 vs. Phoenix with Chris Evert. Sat., Aug. 14 vs. Indiana with Mona Schallau. Free Elmhurst T-Shirt to 1st 1000 youths. 1/2 price admission for all children under 16.

Playoff tickets now on sale. Game #1, Aug. 17. Tickets now on sale at the Coliseum box office and Ticketron outlets. For information call (516) 794-9300 or (212) 581-6622. Matches start at 8PM.

Our Service Promise 1. We do professional work 2. We do only the work you authorize 3. We return worn-out parts Front-End Alignment \$1188 Any U.S. made car - parts extra if needed Excludes front-wheel drive cars Complete analysis and alignment correction - to increase tire mileage and improve steering • Precision equipment, used by experienced mechanics, helps ensure a precision alignment Lube and Oil Change \$488 Up to 5 qts. of major brand 10W/30 grade oil. Complete chassis lubrication & oil change • Helps ensure long wearing parts & smooth, quiet performance • Please phone for appointment • Includes light trucks Ask for our Free Battery Power Check Engine Tune-Up \$36.95 5 cyl. - Add \$4 for 6 cyl., \$2 for air cool. \$4 Less for cars with electronic ignition. Our mechanics electronically fine-tune your engine • New points, plugs & condenser • Test charging/starting systems, adjust carburetor • Helps maintain a smooth running engine • Includes Datsun, Toyota, VW & light trucks. SUMMER VALUE This Goodyear Polyester Cord Tire Is Our Very Best Buy In Bias Ply \$17 878-13 'All Weather' Blackwall plus \$1.82 F.E.T. and old tire \$21 878-13 'All Weather' Whitewall plus \$1.82 F.E.T. and old tire

Table listing Goodyear service stores across various New York City boroughs and surrounding areas like Nassau, Westchester, and Suffolk. Includes store names, addresses, and phone numbers.

FE IN THE UN Bradley... TO HOLD KEWAY... rough Saturday a.m. from NYC ited Terminal 41st Street

Stones Raises Record

Continued From Page 39

and Rod Dixon, a New Zealand countryman.

Wellman finished second, five feet behind, in 3:56.26, with Dixon third at 3:56.44.

Liquori said the accident occurred after Walker tried to move out of a box.

"I had Walker boxed in real good," Liquori said.

"Walker tapped me out the shoulder. I ignored him. Then I think he tried to go back and go around. Wessinghage stepped on him and he stepped on me. It was like a high school race."

Stones appeared in rare form despite his Montreal setback, perhaps buoyed by the good weather and the knowledge that he had done well here before.

He cleared 6-10, 7-0, 7-2 and 7-3 on his first attempts, 7-2 1/4 on his second jump and 7-5 1/4 on his first attempt.

He was so confident at 7-7 1/4 that he signed an autograph with the numbers "7-7 1/4" even before he attempted the jump.

"The Astroturf on the infield is very quick and downhill, and the surface right in front of the pit was very quick and stable," Stones said.

"Everything is fast. It takes very little effort to get speed here, and I had energy at the end."

M-I-C-K-E-Y

Stones acknowledged that the meet "was a good place for me to get mental things out of my system."

Any mental depression didn't last long, however, for Stones quickly donned a familiar Mickey Mouse T-shirt as he addressed the crowd over the public-address system.

The shirt read "Stones and Mickey Mouse R #1."

Steve Riddick, who anchored the victorious United States 400-meter relay team in Montreal, won the 100-meter dash in 10.24 seconds, four feet ahead of Guy Abrahams of Panama.

"I had one bad race in Montreal and it cost me," said Riddick, who failed to reach the final in the open 100. "Tonight, I was off good all the way."

Much of the drama was lost in the race with the inability of Steve Williams and Houston McTear to show any return to form after recent injuries.

Besides Stones, several other Olympians also got belated opportunities to display their talents.

Boit Beats Belger

Mike Boit, who was denied a chance to compete in Montreal because of Kenya's withdrawal, led from start to finish in the 800 and beat Mark Belger, the Villanova half-miler, by two yards in 1:46.06.

"I just wanted to have a good race," said Boit, who competed in a Pacific Coast Club jersey. "I haven't run in such a long time. And there was all that pressure in Montreal."

Belger was astonished with his time, 1:46.30, considering that he had been an Olympic finalist in Montreal and had not worked out seriously in almost three weeks.

"This is unbelievable," said the North Bellmore, L. I. resident, who just missed making the American team. "I wish I had done some speed work."

Dick Quax of New Zealand, who lacked the finishing kick to catch Lasse Viren in the Olympic 5,000-meter final, overtook The Flying Finn, tonight with 300 yards left in the two-mile.

Quax outran Duncan McDonald, the United States Olympian, by 10 yards in 8:17.08. But considering Viren's Olympic schedule of two 10,000 races, two more in the 5,000 and last Saturday's fifth-place finish in the marathon, his 8:21.47 time tonight was remarkable.

The 100-meter dash was supposed to be a post-Olympic showdown of what might have been in Montreal. Nothing happened, however, because none of the sprinters were sufficiently recovered from injuries that had originally sidetracked their Olympic plans.

McTear was forced to withdraw from the United States team shortly before the games opened after pulling a hamstring muscle in his left leg crossing the finish line of the 100. He barely left the starting blocks tonight before pulling up.

MEN'S TRACK EVENTS

400-Meter Hurdles—1, Jim Bolden, Pacific Coast Club, 6:41.2; 2, Mike Saline, Cornell, 6:49.89; 3, Harold Schwab, D.C. Striders, 6:51.84.

800-Meter Run—1, Herman Prezler, Philadelphia Pioneer Club, 1:46.72; 2, Mark Belger, Villanova, 1:46.06; 3, Fred Somerville, D.C. Striders, 1:47.59; 4, Steve Riddick, New York Pioneer Club, 1:48.17; 5, Alfred Dufay, Philadelphia Pioneer Club, 1:48.24.

1,500-Meter Run—1, Steve Riddick, Philadelphia Pioneer Club, 4:10.24; 2, Adamo Panama, 4:10.42; 3, James Gilley, Guyana, 4:11.29; 4, Steve Williams, Florida T.C., 4:11.39.

5,000-Meter Run—1, Mike Boit, Kenya and Pacific Coast Club, 16:36.2; 2, Mark Belger, Villanova, 1:46.30; 3, Tom McLenn, Bucknell, 1:48.81; 4, Bill Harris, Boston College, 1:49.84; 5, Rick Brown, Towson Striders, 1:51.14; 6, Mark Robinson, Catholic U., 1:51.32.

10,000-Meter Run—1, Francis Luytrow, Pacific Coast Club, 38:21.2; 2, Ulfer Weidner, West Germany, 38:56.67; 3, Karl Jones, Albion, 39:09.13; 4, Donna Gardner, Club Kentucky, 39:16.64.

WOMEN'S TRACK EVENTS

400-Meter Run—1, Lorna Ferde, Barbados and Albion, 1:10.21; 2, Sheryl Delaney, Philadelphia Pioneer Club, 1:11.31; 3, Fay Higgs, Club Kentucky, 1:12.79; 4, Chris Mullin, Greater Falmouth T.C., 1:13.56.

800-Meter Run—1, Francis Luytrow, Pacific Coast Club, 2:14.21; 2, Ulfer Weidner, West Germany, 2:16.67; 3, Karl Jones, Albion, 2:18.03; 4, Donna Gardner, Club Kentucky, 2:18.64.

Wider U.S. Role Urged to Prevent Cities From Being Exploited by Owners

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 (UPI)—The Federal Government should give more leverage to communities threatened with abandonment by owners of professional sports teams, a Buffalo city attorney told a House committee today.

Leslie G. Foschio, Buffalo's corporation counsel, told the Select Committee on Professional Sports that Buffalo offered a good example of actions by some sports owners that required giving city officials more negotiation power.

Representative John W. Wyder of New York went even further and wondered if cities should become owners of sports franchises in some cases since municipal stadiums and other fac-

tors give them an important financial stake in sports.

"I don't see any reason the Buffalo Braves couldn't be owned by the City of Buffalo," he said of the basketball team. "I can see why they wouldn't operate the team. That would cause problems."

Later he suggested that since sports franchises enjoyed a special legal status, a price for that status might be full disclosure of team finances.

Equal Footing Sought

Foschio said: "In addition to the remedies provided by the Federal antitrust statutes, the Federal Government should provide municipalities conciliation and mediation services in an effort to keep municipalities on at least an

equal footing with the owners of professional sporting teams at the negotiating table."

As examples of Buffalo's problems, he cited its "happening of fire" in 1964 when Ralph Wilson, owner of the American Football League's Buffalo Bills, demanded about 1.5 million in improvements at the city's old stadium.

Later, threatened with loss of the Bills, a new stadium was built with public funds in a Buffalo suburb. Foschio also cited lease considerations given to the Buffalo Sabres of the National Hockey League and last winter's problems in negotiating a new lease for the National Basketball Association Braves.

"Finally, all matters were resolved between the Braves and the city in a contract that went as far as humanly possible to grant literal parity to the Braves and the Sabres," he said, adding that city officials then were surprised to hear that the Braves would move to Hollywood, Fla.

The Braves' owner, Paul Snyder, eventually agreed to keep the club in Buffalo, at least temporarily, but only after the city filed a multi-million-dollar antitrust suit.

Status Is Different

"The relationship of a community, especially where its local government also owns the sports facility to be used for production of the event, is not an ordinary commercial relationship because of

the unique psychological impact upon the community as reinforced by the media," Foschio said.

"This is true because there is a desire of the community to enable the franchise to operate a first-class team. Secondly, there is the constant concern that the provisions deemed onerous by the franchise owners will cause them to leave town."

"The cities have investments in their teams and there is heavy public involvement. Right now the leagues have great leverage and there is a need for Federal involvement to equalize positions in the negotiations."

Another witness, William J. Connick, secretary-treasur-

er of the Louisiana State Authority, said group would make cant lease concessions tract-a major league team even though facility's annual would run from \$5 to \$7 million for several years.

Connick also Louisiana's taxpayers happy with the \$16 lion Superdome. B statement was disp Representative Gil Long.

"That deficit has a bad taste in many mouth, but it's there have to make the he Long said of the which costs \$26,000 run.

High Tides Around New York

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
Sandy Hook	10.25	10.24	10.25	10.24	-0.01
Wills	10.25	10.24	10.25	10.24	-0.01
Shimco	10.25	10.24	10.25	10.24	-0.01
Pire	10.25	10.24	10.25	10.24	-0.01
Island	10.25	10.24	10.25	10.24	-0.01
Montreal	10.25	10.24	10.25	10.24	-0.01
New	10.25	10.24	10.25	10.24	-0.01
London	10.25	10.24	10.25	10.24	-0.01

For high tide of Atlantic City (Small Pier), deduct 26 min. from Sandy Hook time. For high tide of Jersey Park and Belmar, deduct 24 min. from Sandy Hook time.

The strength of Salomon.

Our partnership capital

Salomon Brothers has over \$140 million* in capital. More than any other New York Stock Exchange member partnership. More than any publicly owned securities firm, except one.

Why? Salomon has just 10 offices. Only 1200 employees. The answer lies in the Firm's primary objective established in 1910: To risk our partners' capital daily in providing services to our customers. Our six-month daily average inventory, \$2.4 billion, is probably the largest of any member firm.

- Continuous liquidity for institutional investors:** Salomon makes bids and offers to customers in great size and in all kinds of markets — weak or strong.
- Strong financing capability:** Salomon manages and participates in the widest range of financings and strives to provide an effective market for all securities we underwrite.
- Our customers are our market:** Our largest inventories usually occur when markets have reached their peak and customers start to liquidate positions. When markets have bottomed out, we usually carry our smallest inventories. The opposite of what a firm utilizing its capital only to maximize profits would endeavor to do.
- Our partnership demands involvement:** All 49 of our partners are active, making on-the-spot decisions throughout each trading day. Virtually all our general partners' capital is in the Firm. It must remain there, together with their profits, many years longer than New York Stock Exchange regulations require. This capital is at risk every day.

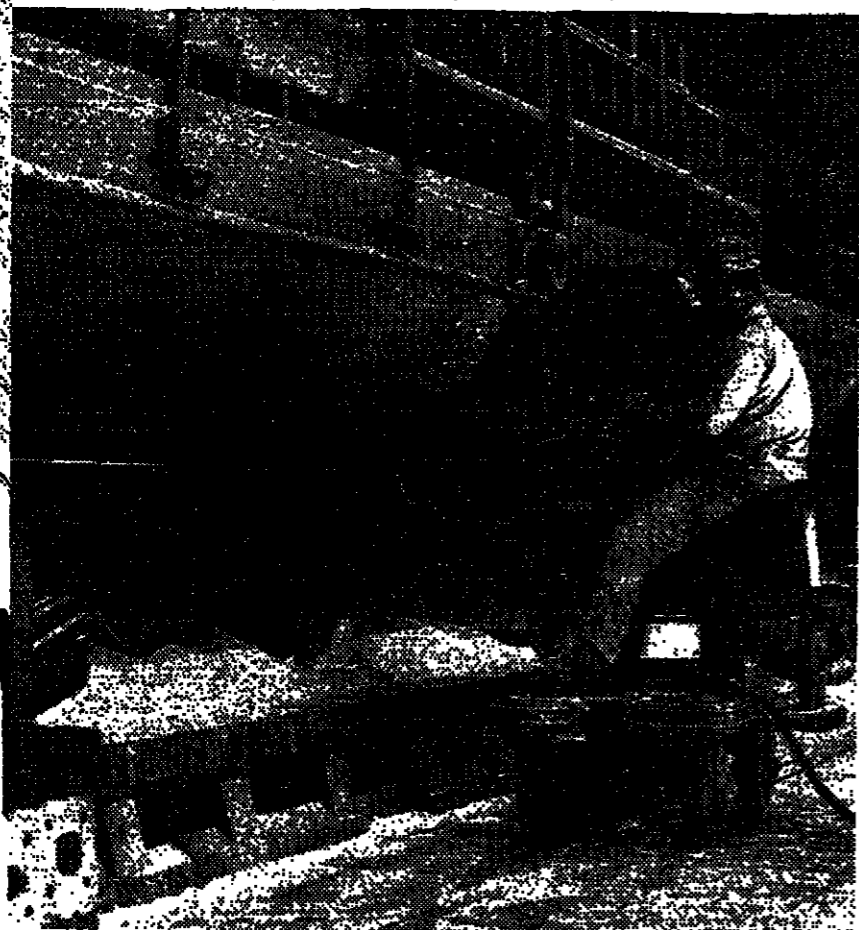
This combination of strong capital and the rapid decision-making flexibility of a partnership enables Salomon Brothers to act quickly and decisively for the institutional, corporate and governmental clients we serve. If Salomon's strength can assist you, call us.

Salomon Brothers. Market Makers and Investment Bankers. Members of Major Securities Exchanges. Offices: New York, Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Dallas, London, Los Angeles, Philadelphia, San Francisco.

*Including \$29,750,000 in subordinated debentures.

Salomon Brother

150 من الاصل



Worker breaking crust on a pot where alumina is transformed into molten aluminum yesterday, Alcoa raised domestic price of unalloyed aluminum by 4 cents a pound.

Alcoa Lifts Prices; Raiser Acts Abroad

By GENE SMITH
The nation's top aluminum producer, the Aluminum Company of America, has raised the domestic price of unalloyed aluminum by 4 cents a pound, to 48 cents, effective today.

The company said yesterday that its adjustments would also apply on prices of its primary ingot product and to approximately 45 percent of its mill product line, or an average of approximately 7 percent.

The Kaiser Aluminum and Chemical Corporation, the third major producer, coincidentally announced that it would raise the international price of primary aluminum sold on a cost-plus basis to 50 cents a pound, effective with shipments as of Aug. 16.

A spokesman for Kaiser said late in the afternoon that there had been no chance to study the Alcoa pricing action. He noted that published prices for primary aluminum ingot delivered to users in major world markets, when converted to United States dollars, ranged from 48 cents a pound in the United States to 75 cents in Japan.

No Reynolds Comment
The nation's No. 2 aluminum producer, the Reynolds Metals Company, said it would have "no comment on either domestic or international aluminum pricing."

The Council on Wage and Price Stability, which does not have authority to prohibit price changes, said it would have "no specific comment" on yesterday's aluminum pricing actions.

However, William Lileay 3d, the acting director of the council, pointed out that on April 30 his agency had announced a "separate, longer-term comparative study of recent price behavior of a number of metals-producing industries including steel, copper, aluminum, lead, zinc and manganese."

It was indicated at the time that the survey would analyze recent trends in production, shipments, inventories, orders, gross margins, imports and export prices to determine if price increases were "consistent with the price movements."

Continued on Page 46, Column 4



The New York Times/Aug. 5, 1976

BANKS IN BRITAIN FACE NEW RULES

Government Seeks Deposit Insurance and Licensing—Financial Center Calm

By PETER T. KILBORN
Special to The New York Times
LONDON, Aug. 4—The British Government took a small but precedent-setting step yesterday toward bringing its international banking community, the world's biggest and probably the least regulated under legislative control.

For a country where banking can be free-wheeling enough for a financial entrepreneur to enter the business by doing little more than hanging out a shingle, the changes that the Government has proposed are close to revolutionary.

The proposals, which could become law in the autumn, would require:
1. That most institutions accepting deposits from the public be licensed.
2. That the licenses be subject to frequent review.

3. That the institutions maintain minimum reserves, capital and deposit-to-loan ratios.
4. That the use of the word "bank" in institutions' names and their advertising be severely restricted.

White Paper Issued
Also, for the first time in Britain, banks and similar institutions would have to insure their customers' deposits, a practice that is well established in the United States through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation but is unknown here.

The proposals appeared in a British Treasury white paper, "The Licensing and Supervision of Deposit-Taking Institutions." The publication of a white paper begins the law-making process.

Opposition to the deposit insurance proposal promptly erupted among the country's big clearing banks. But London's tradition-bound financial center, known as the City, seems unperturbed by the regulatory proposals.

The reason is that while the ultimate enforcer would be Parliament, the effective enforcer would be the Government-owned Bank of England. Over the centuries, the central bank and the City have developed a special relationship of trust and understanding that is unlikely to be changed by the proposed legislation.

Formality Shunned
"The Bank of England," said the vice president of one of the many American banks with branches here, "operates with a wink and a nod kind of approach to things."

Such bankers like to deal with the central bank and not just because it is flexible. It also avoids bureaucratic paper work. Decisions are often based on nothing more formal than agreements over the telephone.

The Bank of England's special rapport with the financial community is the reason most often cited here for London's emergence as the world's leading banking center. The rapport has helped make the City an island of strength in Britain's troubled economy. For that reason, the Government is unlikely to try to interfere.

Nevertheless, the central bank, the City and Parliament want to avoid excesses of the sort that occurred during the boom of the early 1970's. In that period, several firms that had helped finance the development of real estate banks got so big.

It is easy for a small company to give on percent of its income, but for a giant, the same percentage can amount to millions of dollars. To give away that much money intelligently, Mrs. Klepper said, "requires a good deal of thought, structure, and direction."

Telecommunications and utilities companies also tend to give less than the average, she explained. "It's because the

Continued on Page 46, Column 1

Cut-Rate Brokerage Service Is Proposed by Chemical Bank

But Plan Runs Into Opposition From U.S. Officials

By ROBERT D. HERSHEY JR.
Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, Aug. 4—The Chemical Bank unveiled today its long-hinted-at plan to offer customers a cut-rate stock brokerage service, but the idea quickly ran into opposition among Government officials responsible for investor protection.

As outlined by W. Perry Neff, executive vice president, Chemical's plan involves three separate investment services—order execution, safekeeping and portfolio valuation—that could save a typical investor up to 90 percent on his brokerage transactions.

"It is designed to bring to the small investor who trades for the most part in round lots the benefit of a commercial bank's ability to command substantially more attractive commission rates on small transactions than the individual investor could generally hope to achieve on his own," Mr. Neff told a Senate Securities subcommittee.

The subcommittee, which is headed by Senator Harrison A. Williams Jr., Democrat of New Jersey, was conducting the first of a new round of hearings on the rapidly growing securities activities of commercial banks.

This has become a particularly sore point with the brokerage and investment banking community, which asserts it is being invaded by giant banks that are virtually free of regulation by securities authorities—the Securities and Exchange Commission and the stock exchanges.

Donald T. Regan, chairman of Merrill Lynch & Company, argued today that "to the extent that banks are permitted to engage in broker-dealer activities, all offers of brokerage service must be put on an equal footing."

The debate arises in part because of technological advances since the Glass-Steagall Act was written during the Depression to separate commercial and investment banking.

With the aid of computers, services undreamed of then and dividend re-investment and dividend re-investment plans could become attractive

Continued on Page 48, Column 2



W. Perry Neff



Harrison A. Williams Jr.

NEW-CAR SALES ADVANCE BY 19.1%

Industry Sells 304,314 Cars in July 21-31 Span, Up From 255,600 in 1975

MONTH GAIN IS 15.7%
But Base Level Is Off 11% From June, Worse Than Normal Decline of 9%

Special to The New York Times
DETROIT, Aug. 4—New-car sales climbed 19.1 percent in the final third of July from last year, the four domestic auto companies reported today.

The industry sold 304,314 cars, compared with 255,600 in the July 21-31 period of 1975. The sales were up from 255,600 in the July 21-31 period of 1975. The sales were up from 255,600 in the July 21-31 period of 1975.

The performance pushed total sales for the month to 738,780, up 15.7 percent from 636,666 last July. But the sales base was off 11 percent from June, worse than the normal decline of 9 percent.

The annual selling rate dropped to 8.7 million from June's 8.9 million as a result of shortages cut deliveries.

"Deliveries were off even more than we expected because of shortages," an analyst said. He said he believed the domestic industry could have sold 790,000 cars last month if it had had unlimited availability.

The industry ended the month with 1.67 million cars on hand, equal to about a 53-day supply. Many plants ended 1976 model production for changeover to 1977's last month.

Thus, the backlog of unsold 1976 models dropped by 205,000 to 1.46 million last month, equal to a 51-day supply, analysts said.

Some intermediate cars in short supply include the Oldsmobile Cutlass with 15 days on hand, and the Chevrolet Monte Carlo with 29 days, according to analysts.

Some full-size cars that are difficult to find include the Mercury with about 29 days on hand and the Plymouth Gran Fury with 25 days.

Cars in these classes are taking a larger share of total sales than last year while subcompact cars are taking a smaller share.

Compacts in oversupply
Thus, there is an oversupply of some subcompact models like the Ford Pinto at 95 days, the Chevrolet Vega at 131, the Chevrolet at 134 and the Mercury Bobcat at 118.

Ward's Automotive Reports, the industry's statistical service, says full-size cars are accounting for only 27.08 percent of domestic sales this year versus 26.14 last year, while intermediates are up to 32.17 percent from 29.04 percent.

On the other hand, subcompact cars are taking only 13.15 percent of sales versus 18.19 percent last year. Compacts are also up to 26.11 percent from 25.07 while vans are off slightly to 1.49 from 1.56.

The big three auto companies
Continued on Page 46, Column 1

IS OFFERED CAR STATIONS

id to Sell Power raises Sensitive Questions

H. FARNSWORTH
Special to The New York Times
The French is negotiating the sale of a sixth nuclear power plant to South Korea and has already granted credits to units as part of an agreement with Asian nation and markets.

ment was announced a trip to Seoul Minister for Raymond Barre. It is a political question of tensions between Korea and South French moves Korea a nuclear facility that yields that many fear used in nuclear

South Korea nuclear nonproliferation in March 1975, assure from Washington Paris and Seoul

Page 46, Column 4

1/2% FREE INT YIELD
of our investments
1-800-223-3433
Milton
& Co.
Investment Securities
GREEN PLACE
EAST ORANGE, N.J. 07018

about tremendous potential risks in
NDON MODITY IONS.
For more information,
call 212-644-3232

ANTI-BRIBE UNIT PLANNED BY U.N.

Economic and Social Council Seeks Accord to Prevent Multinational Corruption

Special to The New York Times
GENEVA, Aug. 4—The United Nations Economic and Social Council agreed today to set up an intergovernmental group that would prepare an accord designed to prevent bribery and other corrupt practices by multinational companies.

Acting on a United States initiative, the 54-nation council adopted by consensus at a meeting of its economic committee a resolution calling for the special working group of 18 nations to complete its task by next summer.

The accord would be submitted to the council at its annual session here. If approved, it would be forwarded to the General Assembly for final action.

The resolution was adopted after protracted informal negotiations in which the "Group of 77," a caucus of developing countries, played a major role. These countries sought to emphasize that corrupt practices that had helped finance the development of real estate

survey, philanthropic contributions were even lower, standing at 0.69 percent, compared with 0.73 percent in 1972.

According to Anne Klepper, one of the authors of the survey, this was because the companies in the sample were much larger than the corporate average, and the biggest companies tend to give much less of their income to charity.

The reason is simple, she explained: "It's because the

Continued on Page 48, Column 4

Survey Finds Company Gifts to Charity Dipped as Profits Rose Between 1972-74

By ANN CRITTENDEN
Corporate contributions to charitable causes declined between 1972 and 1974 as a percentage of domestic pretax net income, according to the latest survey by the Conference Board, even though profits in the same period rose by 37.3 percent.

At the same time, contributions to culture and art increased substantially among the 799 companies reporting to the survey, conducted jointly by the board and the Council for Financial Aid to Education.

The cultural beneficiaries, primarily museums and public TV and radio, gained at the expense of the more traditional giving to health and welfare through federated drives.

For all United States corporations, philanthropic contributions amounted to 0.95 percent of pretax net profits, compared with 1.05 percent in 1972 and a roughly 1.1 percent average since 1961.

The Conference Board could not explain the decline, in view of record corporate profits in 1974, except to note that an unprecedented one-third of those profits were so-called inventory profits, which are nonrecurring and not indicative of a company's long-term financial health.

For a group of 479 companies reporting fully to the

Dow Up by 1.95 to 992.28 As Turnover Shows Rise

By ALEXANDER R. HAMMER
The stock market registered a modest gain yesterday in accelerated trading.

Although there was little economic news to account for the market's second consecutive advance, the Dow Jones industrial average closed ahead 1.95 points to 992.28.

Analysts said that the small upswing may have been spurred by the rally on Tuesday, which saw the Dow finish up 8.07, its best advance since July 20, when it rose by 8.81.

Advances on the New York Stock Exchange outnumbered declines by 826 to 558. A total of 69 stocks made new 1976 highs while 14 dropped to new lows.

Turnover on the Big Board climbed to 20.65 million shares from 18.5 million. Yesterday's volume was the largest since July 14, when it amounted to 23.84 million shares.

Consolidated trading on stocks listed on the Big Board climbed to 24.28 million shares from 21.49 million on Tuesday. Analysts said that some of yesterday's advance was helped by increased foreign buying, encouraged by the market's advance on Tuesday. Tuesday's rally was set in motion by gains in the nation's two most widely held stocks, American Telephone and General Motors.

Commenting on yesterday's performance, Charles Jensen, chief technical analyst of Merrill & Company, said that the "market's gain was in large measure an overflow of enthusiasm from Tuesday's upsurge."

"Quick to Hop Aboard"
Mr. Jensen said that traders discouraged by recent stock declines "were quick to hop aboard when volume increased on the up side."

Two stocks in the Dow average yesterday, Allied Chemical and Exxon, accounted for most of the gain in the key average. Allied rose 1 3/4 to 40 3/4 while Exxon added 1 to 54 1/4.

The volume leader was American Airlines, which fell 1/2 to 15 1/2 on 352,400 shares, including a cross of 259,800 shares by Salomon Brothers. Seven of the 15 most actively traded issues fell, seven rose and one was unchanged.

One of the larger losers was Iowa Beef Processors, which dropped 3 to 27. The company

MALAYSIA SEEKS HIGHER OIL RETURN

Deadline Set for Companies to Turn Over More Profits—If Not, Nationalization

By DAVID A. ANDELMAN
Special to The New York Times
BANGKOK, Thailand, Aug. 4—The state oil companies of Indonesia and Malaysia, backed by their governments' threats of nationalization, have begun to apply heavy pressure on international oil companies.

In Indonesia, the Union Oil Company of California and the Atlantic Richfield Company both bowed to a July 31 deadline for new agreements giving Indonesia 85 percent of that country's oil profits.

In Malaysia, Prime Minister Datuk Hussein Onn threatened that if agreements on production sharing were not reached by Nov. 15, Malaysia would nationalize oil production. Talks with Shell and Exxon, the two principal international oil companies in Indonesia, resumed Monday.

At stake are hundreds of millions of dollars in oil revenues that the two governments want to squeeze from the major oil companies in increasingly favorably exploration contracts. But beyond this are the huge investments most of these companies have in the refining, marketing and distribution networks they have established as well.

"It's an expensive game of chicken," said one senior Western oil company executive in Kuala Lumpur, "and it's beginning to look like the Government's winning."

The threats and the negotiations have followed remarkably similar patterns by the two largest oil producing countries in Southeast Asia, primarily because the far younger state oil company, Petronas in Malaysia, was patterned so closely to its neighbor, Pertamina of Indonesia.

And both countries apparently have been receiving whispered advice from Middle East oil powers, particularly Saudi Arabia.

The timing of much of the latest round of muscle flexing in the Southeast Asian oil business.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 (AP)—The Federal Energy Administration has concluded that at least five viable alternatives are available to supply the northern United States with oil as Canada cuts off its exports of the fuel.

The agency did not favor any one of the alternatives over the others in a study but did recommend that the Federal Government not become involved in solving the supply problem.

Private industry, the agency said, should be left alone to provide petroleum supplies to the Northern tier area. The states most affected by the Canadian cutoff are Washington, Montana, North Dakota, Minnesota, Michigan and Wisconsin, the F.E.A. said.

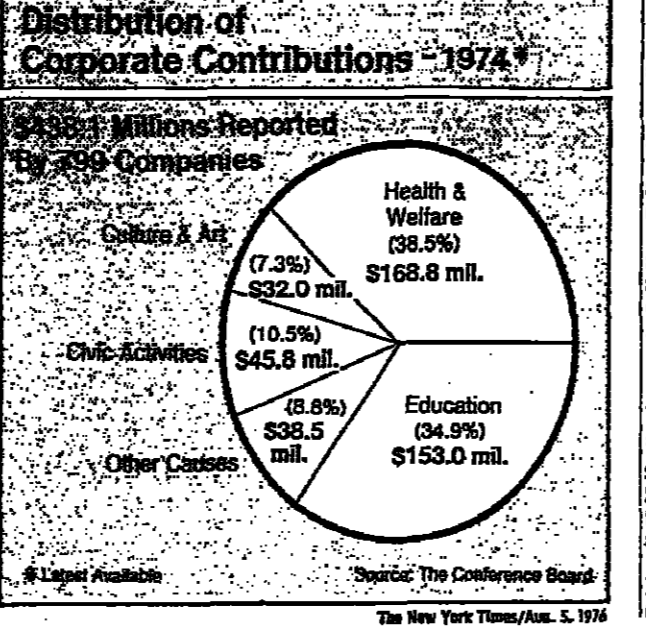
The five alternatives the F.E.A. described as economically feasible are:
1. A transprovincial pipeline taking oil from a new deep-

water port at Kitimat, British Columbia, to transport oil both to Canada and the Northern tier states. The F.E.A. said this possibility had the backing of two Canadian pipeline companies, a Canadian oil company and seven United States oil companies.

2. A Northern tier pipeline. This would be a new 1,500-mile pipeline from Port Angeles, Wash., to Clearbrook, Minn., where it would connect to the Minnesota Pipeline and the Lakehead Pipeline.

3. The Sohio-Plus alternative. This proposal involves constructing a new tanker terminal in San Pedro Harbor, Calif., and connecting it to an existing natural gas line that would be modified to carry oil to Midland, Tex., and then into a pipeline system that branches out and upwards from west Texas. The F.E.A. said this proposal was not only a solution to the

Continued on Page 45, Column 5



Source: The Conference Board

Manage an office building?
Individual and corporate owners gain protective peace of mind from lobby to rooftop with our exclusive
BUSINESS OWNER'S POLICY
See your broker or contact your Key Agent.

The Home Insurance Company
AA Rated / N.Y.S. HFA's
8.50% Tax Free Yield
ONLY 4 YEARS TO MATURITY
On Thursday we're open all day and evening from 9 AM to 8:30 PM.
Call us - you should get to know us.

MIS
Multi-Vest Securities, Inc.
Municipal Bond Specialists
79 Wall Street, New York, N.Y. 10005
212-425-0266
313 Wood End Rd., Westfield, N.J. 07090
201-643-1551
Members: NASD & SIPC

Other U.S. Stock Exchanges

Table with columns for Midwest, Pacific, and Ontario stock exchanges, listing various stocks and their prices.

Foreign Stock Exchanges

Table listing foreign stock exchanges including London, Milan, Tokyo, Paris, Sydney, Frankfurt, and others, with columns for stock names and prices.

SOYBEANS LEAD RISE IN FUTURES

Commercial Interests Add to Heavy Buying Wave

By ELIZABETH M. FOWLER
The pacesetter for higher prices on the Chicago Board of Trade continued to be soybeans yesterday, and they were bolstered by buying interest in soybean meal and soybean oil.

November-delivery soybeans jumped the 20-cents-a-bushel daily limit to \$6.32, from \$6.12 a bushel. The gain for the recent low prices in the last two days has been about 30 cents a bushel. Soybeans still remain well below the contract high of \$7.74 on July 7.

One commodity expert commented yesterday, "Traders apparently thought that the market was oversold and that beans were a worthwhile buy at these levels." Much of the buying came from commercial sources, such as crushers (who grind beans into soybean meal and soybean oil) and by exporters.

Wheat and corn prices also climbed, with buyers attracted by the rally in soybean prices.

The Agriculture Department issued a report indicating that world grain production in the crop year beginning July 1 would be 4.5 billion metric tons, less than was estimated in late June. The figures showed that the Government now thinks the Soviet Union will import only 15 million tons instead of 17 million tons as projected about six weeks ago.

However, drought has seriously hurt crops in Western Europe, and the Government expects more imports there.

"Traders did not think these figures had much effect on prices yesterday."

Open Interest

Table showing open interest for various commodities like Wheat, Soybeans, Corn, etc.

MALAYSIA SEEKS MORE OIL PROFITS

Continued From Page 43

ness has struck a number of diplomats and oil executives in both countries as barely coincidental.

Late in May, Saudi Arabia's powerful oil minister, Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani, stopped in Kuala Lumpur on his way to the annual meeting of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. The Sheikh had been taking some strong positions with respect to the need for controlling oil pricing policies by OPEC. He agreed to take several senior Petronas executives along to the Bali OPEC meeting as official members of the Saudi delegation, though Malaysia is not an OPEC member.

The Bali senior Indonesian Oil Ministry and Pertamina officials also reportedly consulted with the sheik on how to solve Pertamina's financial problems. Within three weeks after the sessions, pressures in the two countries began to build.

On July 14, Malaysia's prime minister announced that several oil companies had agreed "in principle" to allow Petronas to have the majority control of their refining, marketing and distribution operations through the purchase of the companies' ordinary shares.

The same day, Gen. Piet Erago, the president of Pertamina announced in Jakarta that although foreign oil companies had "threatened" a substantial slowdown or cessation of further investment in that country, the principal producers were being given until July 31 to agree to a change in the profit split from 65-35 to 85-15.

Refineries in the Northern tier area now have no alternative sources of crude oil.

The F.E.A. said the effects of the phaseout would be felt as early as next year in the region "unless crude shortfalls and product shipments are filled by crude exchanges and product shipments from other regions."

5 OPTIONS LISTED AS OIL CUTS LOOM

Continued From Page 43

Northern tier problem but also would move Alaskan crude oil into the Gulf Coast, Midwest and Great Lakes areas.

The LOOP, an acronym for Louisiana Offshore Oil Port, is through St. James, La., through the Capline system to the Great Lakes region.

Seadock. This proposal would move crude oil from the Houston area through Texas, Seaway and Explorer pipelines to Tulsa, Okla., and into Chicago. From Tulsa, crude would be moved into Minneapolis, Minn.

The study of alternatives was ordered by the Senate Appropriations Committee when it approved an F.E.A. budget request.

It was prompted by the decision of Canada in late 1974 to curtail exports to the United States from its average at a time of 800,000 barrels a day until a complete shutdown was reached in 1982.

Refineries in the Northern tier area now have no alternative sources of crude oil.

The F.E.A. said the effects of the phaseout would be felt as early as next year in the region "unless crude shortfalls and product shipments are filled by crude exchanges and product shipments from other regions."

Cash Prices

Table showing cash prices for various commodities like Wheat, Soybeans, Corn, etc.

Crude Oil Imports A Record in Week; Gasoline Stock Up

Crude oil imports reached a record of 6.29 million barrels a day in the week ended July 30, the American Petroleum Institute reported yesterday. This compared with 5.31 million barrels a week earlier and 5.10 million barrels a day in the week ended Aug. 1, 1975. The previous high for any single week was 6.23 million barrels a day brought into the country in the week ended June 11, 1976.

The nation's refineries were operating at 92.6 percent of capacity in the most recent week against 91.6 percent a week earlier and 90.5 percent a year ago.

Gasoline stocks rose to 224.48 million barrels from 223.06 million barrels in the preceding week, which would indicate a slowdown in the nation's driving. A year earlier these stocks stood at 207.56 million barrels.

John F. Lichtblau, executive director of the Petroleum Industry Research Foundation, commenting on the week's results, said that the increase in crude imports was "an unusually high amount" but added that "one week does not a summer make."

Mr. Lichtblau added that the level of 6.29 million barrel, was "substantially ahead of estimates for the year, which are now running at between 5.1 million to 5.3 million barrels a day through the first seven months." He indicated his belief that the annual average for this year would "probably be around the 5.2 million level," which would compare with the average of 4.1 million to 4.2 million barrels a day imported in the 1975 period.

Distillate production increased in the July 30 week, rising to 3.03 million barrels from 2.81 million a week ago and 2.69 million in the 1975 week. As a result distillate stocks increased to 187.78 million barrels from 184.15 million a week ago and 184.06 million a year earlier.

Foreign Stock Index

Table showing foreign stock index for various countries like Amsterdam, London, Tokyo, etc.

AMSTERDAM

Table listing Amsterdam stock market data.

ZURICH

Table listing Zurich stock market data.

BRUSSELS

Table listing Brussels stock market data.

JOHANNESBURG

Table listing Johannesburg stock market data.

BUENOS AIRES

Table listing Buenos Aires stock market data.

FRANKFURT

Table listing Frankfurt stock market data.

PARIS

Table listing Paris stock market data.

TOKYO

Table listing Tokyo stock market data.

MILAN

Table listing Milan stock market data.

LONDON

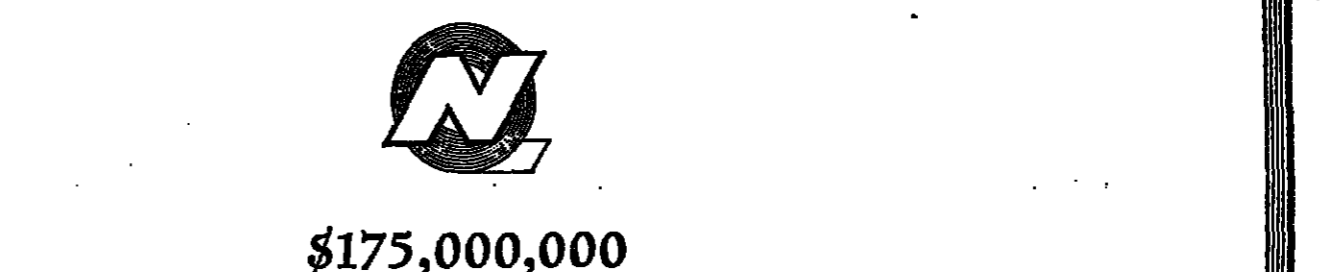
Table listing London stock market data.

SYDNEY

Table listing Sydney stock market data.

This announcement is under no circumstances to be construed as an offer to sell or as a solicitation of an offer to buy any of these securities. The offering is made only by the Prospectus.

August 5, 1976



National Steel Corporation

First Mortgage Bonds, 8 3/8% Series Due 2006

Interest payable February 1 and August 1

Price 100% (Plus accrued interest from August 1, 1976.)

Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained in any State in which this announcement is circulated from only such of the undersigned or other dealers or brokers as may lawfully offer these securities in such State.

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated

The First Boston Corporation

Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

Salomon Brothers

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. Goldman, Sachs & Co. Bache Halsey Stuart Inc. Blyth Eastman Dillon & Co. Incorporated

Drexel Burnham & Co. Hornblower & Weeks-Hemphill, Noyes E. F. Hutton & Company Inc. Kidder, Peabody & Co. Incorporated

Lazard Freres & Co. Lehman Brothers Loeb, Rhoades & Co. Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis Reynolds Securities Inc. Incorporated

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Wertheim & Co., Inc. White, Weld & Co. Dean Witter & Co. Incorporated

Bear, Stearns & Co. L.F. Rothschild & Co. Shearson Hayden Stone Inc. Warburg Paribas Becker Inc. Werden & Co. Incorporated

Alex. Brown & Sons Shields Model Roland Securities Thomson & McKinnon Auchincloss Kohlmeier Inc. Incorporated

ABD Securities Corporation A. E. Ames & Co. Robert W. Baird & Co. Baker, Weeks & Co., Inc. Incorporated

Basle Securities Corporation Bateman Eichler, Hill Richards William Blair & Company Dain, Kalman & Quail Incorporated

Daiwa Securities America Inc. Dominion Securities Harris & Partners Inc. Eppler, Guerin & Turner, Inc. Incorporated

EuroPartners Securities Corporation Faulkner, Dawkins & Sullivan, Inc. Robert Fleming Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. Incorporated

Kleinwort, Benson Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. Inc. McDonald & Company Moseley, Hallgarten & Estabrook Inc. Incorporated

New Court Securities Corporation The Nikko Securities Co. Nomura Securities International, Inc. Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood Incorporated

Wm. E. Pollack & Co., Inc. Prescott, Ball & Turben R. W. Pressprich & Co. The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc. Incorporated

SoGen-Swiss International Corporation Spencer Trask & Co. Tucker, Anthony & R. L. Day, Inc. Incorporated

UBS-DB Corporation Wood Gundy Wood, Struthers & Winthrop Inc. Yamaichi International (America), Inc. Incorporated

for N.Y.S.E.

Corporation Affairs Northern Tier Pipeline Ready to Push Project

The Northern Tier Pipeline Company of Billings, Mont., announced yesterday the completion of a study showing the feasibility of its proposed pipeline system for transporting Alaskan crude oil to the Great Lakes area. The company has retained Kidder Peabody & Company as investment banker for the project, which is expected to cost \$1.1 billion and take two years to build.

Northern Tier, a joint undertaking by seven transportation, oil and engineering concerns, has been developing plans for two years to build the pipeline system, which would run from Port Angeles, Wash., to Clearbrook, Minn. Port Angeles is to be the tanker terminal for oil that will be brought to the terminus of the Trans-Alaska Pipeline near Anchorage.

Pechiney to Join Zirconium Venture

The Pechiney Ugine Kuhlmann Corporation, the United States arm of the large French metal and chemical producer, said it agreed in principle with Western Zirconium on a joint venture for zirconium production in Washington state. Western Zirconium, a privately held company, is based in Salem, Ore.

The Pechiney unit, with headquarters in Greenwich, Conn., said it expected construction of the integrated facility (costing \$30 million) to \$40 million) to begin next year on a 113-acre site at Dallesport, Wash.

RCA Contemplates Selling New Shares

The RCA Corporation is contemplating the sale of an additional 5 million shares of its common stock "late in the summer," Anthony L. Conrad, chairman and president, said.

He commented that "RCA's leading position in electronics, communications and other businesses with great potentialities for growth and profitability makes it advisable to consider increasing our equity base."

The company now has about 75 million shares of common stock outstanding. Yesterday, RCA common closed on the New York Stock Exchange at 28, down 1%.

Iron Mining in Brazil

Companhia Vale do Rio Doce, the Brazilian Government's iron ore company, and the Kawasaki Steel Company of Japan have signed an agreement for a joint development of the Capanema iron ore range in the Brazilian state of Minas Gerais. The total investment for the project, which is expected to produce 11 million tons of ore annually by 1980, is estimated at \$102 million.

Maple Leaf Mills Plans Edible Oil Unit

Maple Leaf Mills Ltd. of Toronto said it was exercising an option to buy a 40-acre site in Windsor, Ontario, for construction of a \$37 million vegetable oil mill and edible oil refinery by the Maple Leaf Monarch Company.

Maple Leaf Monarch was formed early this year as a joint venture by Maple Leaf Mills and Lever Brothers Ltd. Construction is scheduled to start in November. Maple Leaf Mills produces vegetable oil flour, feeds, poultry and grocery and bakery products.

Dividend Omitted

Directors of the American Motors Corporation voted yesterday to again omit payment of a semiannual dividend. The company instituted a 10-cent semiannual cash dividend in February 1974. But after a second payment, in August 1974, it was discontinued.

Stockholdings Of Insiders

The New York and American stock exchange issued yesterday their latest reports of changes in stockholdings by leading stockholders, directors and officers of their listed companies. The reports include the following:

NEW YORK EXCHANGE
ALBERTSON'S INC.—Barbara J. Rasmussen, a director, sold 10,000 shares for \$1,200,000, leaving 141,800 shares.
BASIC INC.—Max Miller, president, exercised an option for 10,000 shares for \$1,200,000, leaving 141,800 shares.
MEDICAL CONCEPTS—James J. O'Connell, president, sold 20,000 shares for \$2,400,000, leaving 141,800 shares.
BIG DADDY'S LUNGES INC.—Joseph G. Flannery, president, sold 10,000 shares for \$1,200,000, leaving 141,800 shares.
REYNOLDS—Robert L. Reynolds, president, sold 10,000 shares for \$1,200,000, leaving 141,800 shares.

South Africa Is Spending Over Budget, Bank Warns

JOHANNESBURG, AUG. 4 (AP)—The Government of South Africa's largest private banks warned the Government today it had overspent by \$784 million in the first three months of the present fiscal year.

Economists of the Standard Bank, reviewing South Africa's annual economic survey, said government spending from April 1 to June 30 soared to \$2.59 billion, well over the budgeted spending of \$1.81 billion.

Finance Minister Owen Horwood promised earlier this year to hold increases in Government spending to 10.5 percent for the year as a whole.

NEW-CAR SALES ADVANCE BY 19.1%

are all reporting sales gains with the increasing demand for larger cars, while the small-car specialist, the American Motors Corporation, has reported a steady decline in sales this year.

For the full month of July, A.M.C. sales were off 41 percent while the General Motors Corporation had a 22 percent gain, the Chrysler Corporation a 15 percent improvement and the Ford Motor Company a 14 percent increase.

G.M.'s oldsmobile division set a sales record for the final third of July and for the full month

Company	1976	1975
G.M.	18,766	15,342
Ford	16,748	14,621
Chrysler	12,429	10,782
A.M.C.	7,248	8,782
Totals	55,191	49,527

Money

NEW YORK (AP)— Money rates for Wednesday.

Prime rate 7.75%
Discount rate 5%
Federal funds market rate 5 1/2%
Low, 5 1/4%
Dealer's commercial paper 30-180 days 5 1/2-5 3/4%
Commercial paper placed by financial companies 30-270 days 5 1/4-5 1/2%
Bankers' acceptance rates—dealer indications 30-90 days 5 1/4-5 1/2%
5-30 days 5 1/4-5 1/2%
180-270 days 5 1/2-5 3/4%
Certificates of deposit 30-90 days 4 1/2-5 1/4%
60-90 days 4 1/4-5 1/4%
90-180 days 4 1/2-5 1/4%
180-270 days 4 1/2-5 1/4%
Telerate money market index 5.32, up .01 from Tuesday.

GOLD
By The Associated Press
Selected world gold prices Wednesday.
London: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20; afternoon gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Paris: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Frankfurt: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Zurich: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
New York: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Harrisburg: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Baltimore: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Philadelphia: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Pittsburgh: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Cincinnati: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
St. Louis: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Kansas City: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Denver: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Chicago: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Minneapolis: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
St. Paul: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Portland: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Seattle: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
San Francisco: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Los Angeles: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Houston: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Dallas: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Phoenix: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
San Diego: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
San Jose: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.
Honolulu: Morning gold \$128.80, up \$1.20.

ALCOA AND KAISER INCREASE PRICES

Continued From Page 43

which occurred during earlier recoveries."

Mr. Lilley said yesterday that a long report on the aluminum industry "was nearing completion" or \$4 a share.

Through the foods division, Coca-Cola processes and packages roasted coffee, sells tea, hot chocolate and coffee freezing equipment. It also markets grapefruit juice and cans fruit flavored drinks sold under the Minute Maid, Snow Crop, Hi-C and Real Gold labels.

Int'l Minerals & Chemical

The International Minerals and Chemical Corporation said its earnings fell 32.3 percent in the fiscal fourth quarter ended June 30 and 16.3 percent for the full fiscal year.

The results reflected a return from inflated to more normal demand and lower prices for fertilizer materials, R. A. Lenon, president, said. He pointed to a positive note in the company's improved chemicals business during the last six months, due primarily to production gains in ammonia and nitropraffins.

Sales for the June quarter were \$28.4 million, or \$1.65 a share, down from \$44 million, or \$2.64 a share, a year ago. The year-ago quarter included an extraordinary tax credit of \$600,000, or 3 cents a share.

COMPANY REPORTS

Company	1976	1975
ALLIED MAINTENANCE	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
AMSTAR CORP.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
ARMSTRONG RUBBER	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
BALDOR ELECTRIC CO.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
BASIC INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
BILLY THE KID INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CANADA PACKERS	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CELLULOSE-CRAFT INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
COCA-COLA COMPANY	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
COLONIAL PENN CORP.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CONNELLY CONTAINERS	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CONRAC INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CONRAC INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CUNNINGHAM DRUG STORES	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
LANE BRYANT, INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000

Coca-Cola Earnings Climb 15.6%; Revenues Up 4.5%; Others Rep

Company	1976	1975
ALCOA	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
AMSTAR CORP.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
ARMSTRONG RUBBER	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
BALDOR ELECTRIC CO.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
BASIC INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
BILLY THE KID INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CANADA PACKERS	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CELLULOSE-CRAFT INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
COCA-COLA COMPANY	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
COLONIAL PENN CORP.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CONNELLY CONTAINERS	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CONRAC INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CONRAC INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
CUNNINGHAM DRUG STORES	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
LANE BRYANT, INC.	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000

Virginia National Bankshares, Inc.

8 1/2% Notes Due 1986
Interest payable February 1 and August 1

Price 100% and accrued interest from August 1, 1976

Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained in any State in which this announcement is circulated only from such of the undersigned as may legally offer these securities in such State.

Salomon Brothers Investment Corporation of Virginia
Bache Halsey Stuart Inc. The First Boston Corporation
Goldman, Sachs & Co. Hornblower & Weeks-Hemphill, Noyes
Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. Kidder, Peabody & Co.
Loeb, Rhoades & Co. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith
Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis Reynolds Securities Inc.
Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Dean Witter & Co.
American Securities Corporation Wheat, First Securities
J. C. Bradford & Co. A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.
Moseley, Hallgarten & Estabrook Inc. The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc.
Shields Model Roland Securities Thomson & McKinnon Auchincloss Kohlmeier & Fahnestock & Co.

150

TREASURY NOTES STR BIG DEMAND

Results on 8's Due Today—Bond Prices Extend Rise

By JOHN H. ALLAN
Bond prices continued to rise yesterday as the Treasury wound up its offering of 8 percent 10-year notes, the "center-piece" of its big three-part financing this week.

When the Treasury announced its new offering of 8 percent notes last week, it said it would sell at least \$4 billion and might raise the amount by \$2 billion or more if demand warranted.

Some dealers compared their current order books with the new bond issues. The Treasury said it intended to fill all orders for \$500,000 or less that were accompanied with a down payment of 20 percent.

The Treasury said it intended to fill all orders for \$500,000 or less that were accompanied with a down payment of 20 percent, but it said it might reduce the cutoff to less than that figure if the number of orders was so large that it would produce an unwieldy issue.

On Tuesday the Treasury sold \$2 billion of three-year notes at an average interest rate of 6.91 percent in the first installment of its three-part financing this week. Tomorrow it will sell \$1 billion of 25-year bonds.

The credit markets continued to move toward higher prices and lower interest rates yesterday as traders and investors remained optimistic about the outlook for slightly lower interest rates.

Corporate bond dealers reported that institutional investors were buying corporate bonds even though their yields, as one man put it, "are right on top of Governments."

The money supply is expected to show relatively little growth this month. That, too, has helped the bond market outlook.

The only factor that caused some concern yesterday was the rise in the interest rate on Federal funds—reserves that banks lend one another. Yesterday the Federal funds rate rose above 5 1/2 percent, and the Federal Reserve injected money temporarily into the banking system to nudge the rate back down.

In the corporate market, an underwriting network led by Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith offered the \$175 million issue of National Steel Corporation bonds that had been priced late Tuesday afternoon to yield 8 3/4 percent.

This yield was only about 35 basis points (hundredths of a percentage point) higher than the return on long-term Government bonds, the narrowest spread between these two types of securities for the last year.

Personal Finance

Lenders Apply Complicated Formula If Loans Are Repaid Before Maturity

By LEONARD SLOANE
Anyone who has ever received a consumer loan from a bank—and has bothered to read the application—has probably seen the words "rule of 78" on the form.

Even the most simplified consumer loan note of Citibank, which converts the typical jargon of loan applications into easy-to-read language, contains this term. Yet few borrowers understand what it means or the circumstances under which it will be applied by a lender.

Contrary to the expectation of many who borrow money, if a 12-month installment loan is repaid within six months, there is no refund of half the interest, or finance charge. The reason is that the borrower had use of most of the funds and is expected to pay more interest in the first six months than the last.

The designation rule of 78 is derived from the way a bank makes a 12-month loan. It considers that there are 12 units of principal outstanding the first month, 11 the second month and so on down to the last month with one unit outstanding. The sum of the digits from one to 12 is 78. Since the total charge for the loan is divided into 78 parts, the borrower pays off 12/78ths of the interest in the first month, 11/78ths in the second, etc.

If the loan is repaid after six months, the borrower will have paid back 58/78ths of the interest, since 12, 11, 10, 9, 8 and 7 equal 57. As a result, 21/78ths—or approximately 27 percent—of the interest is still outstanding and will be charged to the customer, even though the loan was repaid in half of the time agreed upon.

Here is how the rule works: when a bank makes a personal loan, it usually takes the entire interest at the beginning, in the form of discount.

CHEMICAL OFFERS STOCK SERVICE

Continued From Page 43
to banks and they are pressing into this gray area that is not expressly barred under the law.

Mr. Neff noted that Chemical had not yet made a final decision to launch its novel plan. A pilot program involving six of Chemical's 260 branches would be used to test its acceptance with the public.

All transactions would be run through a customer's regular checking account. Under the plan, an investor who wanted only execution of his orders would pay a \$30 annual fee plus a transaction charge based on the number of shares. For one to 500 shares this would be \$35; for 501 to 1,000 shares it would be \$55.

The per-transaction fee would be negotiated for an order for a large number of shares. For the safekeeping service, which would hold securities, collect dividends and forward proxy material, the charge would be \$10 per security, with a minimum of \$30 a year.

Portfolio valuation, the third element, would provide income information and summarize the allocation of assets to the account. There would be no investment advice given with this service, which would cost \$100 a year.

The National Steel bonds are rated A- by Moody's and A- by Standard & Poor's. They carry an 8 3/4 percent interest rate, are priced at face value and will mature in 2006.

A syndicate managed by Salomon Brothers marketed \$30 million of Virginia National Bankshares 8 1/2 percent 10-year notes priced at 100. The bank-holding company is based in Norfolk, Va., and has assets of \$1.85 billion.

SEOL IS OFFERED NUCLEAR STATIONS

Continued From Page 43

resulted in suspension last January of the negotiations to build the reprocessing plant. French officials characterized the latest activity in South Korea as strictly commercial, noting that both the United States and Canada had also been called upon by South Korea to supply nuclear power stations.

France will meet her international obligations in the control procedures to be applied, an official of the Foreign Trade Ministry stressed. The French agreed with six other nuclear exporters last January to harmonize sales policies to try to prevent the spread of nuclear weapons.

No official figure was placed on the value of the two power stations, but French sources said the South Korean Government had asked for a loan of \$500 million. The two plants together, according to industry sources, are worth more than \$1 billion.

Spurred by the higher cost of oil, South Korea has a program under way to get 40 percent of its energy from atomic generation by 1986. South Korea invited French offers to participate in the program after the visit here in June 1975 of Nam Duk Woo, a Vice Premier and Minister for Economic Planning.

At that time a number of American and Canadian politicians were voicing some opposition to sales to South Korea by their nuclear industries. Mr. Woo returned to Paris last week, according to industry sources, with France's Finance Minister, Jean Pierre Fourcade, about the credits. An agreement in principle was initiated in Seoul last Monday by Mr. Barre, the first French minister in many years to visit Seoul.

The French have sought to build up their commercial relations with South Korea at a time when that country, following the example of Japan, is apparently enjoying an export-led pickup in business activity. Its plan, according to French sources, is to sell \$6 billion worth of goods overseas this year, mainly electronic products. It is also rapidly developing an automobile industry, which by 1980 is expected to be producing 300,000 cars, mostly for export.

ANTI-BRIBE UNIT PLANNED BY U.N.

Continued From Page 43

concern over the conduct of multinational corporations. Nevertheless, the text that emerged from the negotiations covered the substance of what the United States had sought when it initiated the discussion by presenting a resolution against bribery.

For this reason the American Representative, Robert W. Kitchen, announced that the resolution in favor of the committee's chairman, Ladislav Smid of Czechoslovakia. Mr. Kitchen also stressed that in deciding to tackle the question of bribery separately "we in no way denigrate the interest of us all in a projected code of conduct that is to be drafted by the United Nations Commission on Transnational Corporations."

The approved resolution reaffirmed the council's concern that the formulation of the code should have the "highest priority" and that this should not be delayed in any way by the work on the pact covering bribery.

The United States resolution had expressed the hope that the pact would take the form of a convention on "measures to combat illicit payments to government officials in connection with international transactions" that the General Assembly would open for signature at its regular 1977 session.

The council's resolution, however, does not specify the form the accord on bribery should take or what "final action" will be expected of the General Assembly. This leaves open the possibility that the accord could be left to be incorporated into the wider code of conduct as some developing countries would prefer.

New York Stock Exchange Bond Trading

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1970

Table with columns: INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK, U.S. Gov. Bonds, Other Dom. Bonds, Foreign Bonds, Total All Bonds. Includes current sales and yield information.

Table with columns: WORLD BANK, Current Sales in Millions of Dollars, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: CORPORATION BONDS, Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

BANK IN JERSEY SUES F.D.I.C. OVER LOSSES

NEWARK, Aug. 4 (UPI)—A Jersey City bank sued the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation today, charging the F.D.I.C. was negligent because it did not discover that its former bank president misappropriated more than \$1.75 million in bank money.

The First State Bank of Hudson County said the F.D.I.C. which insures banks, discovered irregularities when it audited the bank in 1972 and 1973. The suit charged that the F.D.I.C. officers were negligent in a careless and negligent manner and should be held liable for the losses.

The suit charged that the F.D.I.C. officers were negligent in a careless and negligent manner and should be held liable for the losses. The suit was filed in Federal court on charges that the bank's president, Joseph P. Palladino, a Jersey City lawyer, and concealed the loans from bank officials.

BANKS IN BRITAIN FACE NEW RULES

Continued From Page 43
collapsed when the property market collapsed. They had been able to operate outside the sphere of the Bank of England. Most of their depositors' accounts survived, but only because the Bank of England urged the clearing banks to support them.

The clearing banks, which would be exempt from the licensing and should be able to propose the insurance proposal on competitive grounds. Depositors, one clearing bank officer said, would reduce their funds in clearing-bank accounts and spread them among smaller institutions paying higher interest because they could then do so without fear of loss.

The big, established banks also feel that such insurance is unnecessary for them. There are only eight full-service commercial banks in Britain—not thousands as in the United States. "The primary banks here," said John Montgomery, chief general manager of Lloyds Bank, "have always shown that they conduct their affairs prudently and that their customers do not need deposit insurance."

AMERICAN EXCHANGE BOND TRAC

Table with columns: Bonds, Yield, High, Low, Last Close.

American Stock Exchange Transactions: Consolidated Summary of Yesterday's Trading

Main table of stock transactions with columns for stock name, price, volume, and change. Includes sub-sections for 'High Low' and 'M-O-P'.

Results of Trading in Stock Options

Table of stock options trading results, organized by exchange (American Stock Exchange, Chicago Board, Philadelphia Options) and stock symbol.

Foreign Exchange

Table of foreign exchange rates for various countries and currencies.

Business Records

Table of business records, including bankruptcy proceedings and other financial data.

Over-the-Counter Quotations

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1976

Quotations supplied through NASDAQ as of 4:00 P.M. Quotes do not include retail markup, markdown or commissions. Volume represents shares that changed ownership during the day. Figures include only transactions effected by NASDAQ market-makers but may include some duplication where market-makers traded with each other.

Symbol	100s Bid	100s Asked	Chg.
AA	100.00	100.00	
AAA	100.00	100.00	
AAAB	100.00	100.00	
AAAC	100.00	100.00	
AAAD	100.00	100.00	
AAAE	100.00	100.00	
AAAF	100.00	100.00	
AAAG	100.00	100.00	
AAAH	100.00	100.00	
AAAI	100.00	100.00	
AAAJ	100.00	100.00	
AAAK	100.00	100.00	
AAAL	100.00	100.00	
AAAM	100.00	100.00	
AAAN	100.00	100.00	
AAAO	100.00	100.00	
AAAP	100.00	100.00	
AAAQ	100.00	100.00	
AAAR	100.00	100.00	
AAAS	100.00	100.00	
AAAT	100.00	100.00	
AAAU	100.00	100.00	
AAAV	100.00	100.00	
AAAW	100.00	100.00	
AAAX	100.00	100.00	
AAAY	100.00	100.00	
AAAZ	100.00	100.00	
AABA	100.00	100.00	
AABB	100.00	100.00	
AABC	100.00	100.00	
AABD	100.00	100.00	
AABE	100.00	100.00	
AABF	100.00	100.00	
AABG	100.00	100.00	
AABH	100.00	100.00	
AABI	100.00	100.00	
AABJ	100.00	100.00	
AABK	100.00	100.00	
AABL	100.00	100.00	
AABM	100.00	100.00	
AABN	100.00	100.00	
AABO	100.00	100.00	
AABP	100.00	100.00	
AABQ	100.00	100.00	
AABR	100.00	100.00	
AABS	100.00	100.00	
AABT	100.00	100.00	
AABU	100.00	100.00	
AABV	100.00	100.00	
AABW	100.00	100.00	
AABX	100.00	100.00	
AABY	100.00	100.00	
AABZ	100.00	100.00	
AACA	100.00	100.00	
AACB	100.00	100.00	
AACC	100.00	100.00	
AACD	100.00	100.00	
AACE	100.00	100.00	
AACF	100.00	100.00	
AACG	100.00	100.00	
AACH	100.00	100.00	
AACI	100.00	100.00	
AA CJ	100.00	100.00	
AA CK	100.00	100.00	
AA CL	100.00	100.00	
AA CM	100.00	100.00	
AA CN	100.00	100.00	
AA CO	100.00	100.00	
AA CP	100.00	100.00	
AA CQ	100.00	100.00	
AA CR	100.00	100.00	
AA CS	100.00	100.00	
AA CT	100.00	100.00	
AA CU	100.00	100.00	
AA CV	100.00	100.00	
AA CW	100.00	100.00	
AA CX	100.00	100.00	
AA CY	100.00	100.00	
AA CZ	100.00	100.00	
AA DA	100.00	100.00	
AA DB	100.00	100.00	
AA DC	100.00	100.00	
AA DD	100.00	100.00	
AA DE	100.00	100.00	
AA DF	100.00	100.00	
AA DG	100.00	100.00	
AA DH	100.00	100.00	
AA DI	100.00	100.00	
AA DJ	100.00	100.00	
AA DK	100.00	100.00	
AA DL	100.00	100.00	
AA DM	100.00	100.00	
AA DN	100.00	100.00	
AA DO	100.00	100.00	
AA DP	100.00	100.00	
AA DQ	100.00	100.00	
AA DR	100.00	100.00	
AA DS	100.00	100.00	
AA DT	100.00	100.00	
AA DU	100.00	100.00	
AA DV	100.00	100.00	
AA DW	100.00	100.00	
AA DX	100.00	100.00	
AA DY	100.00	100.00	
AA DZ	100.00	100.00	
AA EA	100.00	100.00	
AA EB	100.00	100.00	
AA EC	100.00	100.00	
AA ED	100.00	100.00	
AA EE	100.00	100.00	
AA EF	100.00	100.00	
AA EG	100.00	100.00	
AA EH	100.00	100.00	
AA EI	100.00	100.00	
AA EJ	100.00	100.00	
AA EK	100.00	100.00	
AA EL	100.00	100.00	
AA EM	100.00	100.00	
AA EN	100.00	100.00	
AA EO	100.00	100.00	
AA EP	100.00	100.00	
AA EQ	100.00	100.00	
AA ER	100.00	100.00	
AA ES	100.00	100.00	
AA ET	100.00	100.00	
AA EU	100.00	100.00	
AA EV	100.00	100.00	
AA EW	100.00	100.00	
AA EX	100.00	100.00	
AA EY	100.00	100.00	
AA EZ	100.00	100.00	
AA FA	100.00	100.00	
AA FB	100.00	100.00	
AA FC	100.00	100.00	
AA FD	100.00	100.00	
AA FE	100.00	100.00	
AA FF	100.00	100.00	
AA FG	100.00	100.00	
AA FH	100.00	100.00	
AA FI	100.00	100.00	
AA FJ	100.00	100.00	
AA FK	100.00	100.00	
AA FL	100.00	100.00	
AA FM	100.00	100.00	
AA FN	100.00	100.00	
AA FO	100.00	100.00	
AA FP	100.00	100.00	
AA FQ	100.00	100.00	
AA FR	100.00	100.00	
AA FS	100.00	100.00	
AA FT	100.00	100.00	
AA FU	100.00	100.00	
AA FV	100.00	100.00	
AA FW	100.00	100.00	
AA FX	100.00	100.00	
AA FY	100.00	100.00	
AA FZ	100.00	100.00	
AA GA	100.00	100.00	
AA GB	100.00	100.00	
AA GC	100.00	100.00	
AA GD	100.00	100.00	
AA GE	100.00	100.00	
AA GF	100.00	100.00	
AA GG	100.00	100.00	
AA GH	100.00	100.00	
AA GI	100.00	100.00	
AA GJ	100.00	100.00	
AA GK	100.00	100.00	
AA GL	100.00	100.00	
AA GM	100.00	100.00	
AA GN	100.00	100.00	
AA GO	100.00	100.00	
AA GP	100.00	100.00	
AA GQ	100.00	100.00	
AA GR	100.00	100.00	
AA GS	100.00	100.00	
AA GT	100.00	100.00	
AA GU	100.00	100.00	
AA GV	100.00	100.00	
AA GW	100.00	100.00	
AA GX	100.00	100.00	
AA GY	100.00	100.00	
AA GZ	100.00	100.00	
AA HA	100.00	100.00	
AA HB	100.00	100.00	
AA HC	100.00	100.00	
AA HD	100.00	100.00	
AA HE	100.00	100.00	
AA HF	100.00	100.00	
AA HG	100.00	100.00	
AA HH	100.00	100.00	
AA HI	100.00	100.00	
AA HJ	100.00	100.00	
AA HK	100.00	100.00	
AA HL	100.00	100.00	
AA HM	100.00	100.00	
AA HN	100.00	100.00	
AA HO	100.00	100.00	
AA HP	100.00	100.00	
AA HQ	100.00	100.00	
AA HR	100.00	100.00	
AA HS	100.00	100.00	
AA HT	100.00	100.00	
AA HU	100.00	100.00	
AA HV	100.00	100.00	
AA HW	100.00	100.00	
AA HX	100.00	100.00	
AA HY	100.00	100.00	
AA HZ	100.00	100.00	
AA IA	100.00	100.00	
AA IB	100.00	100.00	
AA IC	100.00	100.00	
AA ID	100.00	100.00	
AA IE	100.00	100.00	
AA IF	100.00	100.00	
AA IG	100.00	100.00	
AA IH	100.00	100.00	
AA II	100.00	100.00	
AA IJ	100.00	100.00	
AA IK	100.00	100.00	
AA IL	100.00	100.00	
AA IM	100.00	100.00	
AA IN	100.00	100.00	
AA IO	100.00	100.00	
AA IP	100.00	100.00	
AA IQ	100.00	100.00	
AA IR	100.00	100.00	
AA IS	100.00	100.00	
AA IT	100.00	100.00	
AA IU	100.00	100.00	
AA IV	100.00	100.00	
AA IW	100.00	100.00	
AA IX	100.00	100.00	
AA IY	100.00	100.00	
AA IZ	100.00	100.00	
AA JA	100.00	100.00	
AA JB	100.00	100.00	
AA JC	100.00	100.00	
AA JD	100.00	100.00	
AA JE	100.00	100.00	
AA JF	100.00	100.00	
AA JG	100.00	100.00	
AA JH	100.00	100.00	
AA JI	100.00	100.00	
AA JJ	100.00	100.00	
AA JK	100.00	100.00	
AA JL	100.00	100.00	
AA JM	100.00	100.00	
AA JN	100.00	100.00	
AA JO	100.00	100.00	
AA JP	100.00	100.00	
AA JQ	100.00	100.00	
AA JR	100.00	100.00	
AA JS	100.00	100.00	
AA JT	100.00	100.00	
AA JU	100.00	100.00	
AA JV	100.00	100.00	
AA JW	100.00	100.00	
AA JX	100.00	100.00	
AA JY	100.00	100.00	
AA JZ	100.00	100.00	
AA KA	100.00	100.00	
AA KB	100.00	100.00	
AA KC	100.00	100.00	
AA KD	100.00	100.00	
AA KE	100.00	100.00	
AA KF	100.00	100.00	
AA KG	100.00	100.00	
AA KH	100.00	100.00	
AA KI	100.00	100.00	
AA KJ	100.00	100.00	
AA KK	100.00	100.00	
AA KL	100.00	100.00	
AA KM	100.00	100.00	
AA KN	100.00	100.00	
AA KO	100.00	100.00	
AA KP	100.00	100.00	
AA KQ	100.00	100.00	
AA KR	100.00	100.00	
AA KS	100.00	100.00	
AA KT	100.00	100.00	
AA KU	100.00	100.00	
AA KV	100.00	100.00	
AA KW	100.00	100.00	
AA KX	100.00	100.00	
AA KY	100.00	100.00	
AA KZ	100.00	100.00	
AA LA	100.00	100.00	
AA LB	100.00	100.00	
AA LC	100.00	100.00	
AA LD	100.00	100.00	
AA LE	100.00	100.00	
AA LF	100.00	100.00	
AA LG	100.00	100.00	
AA LH	100.00	100.00	
AA LI	100.00	100.00	
AA LJ	100.00	100.00	
AA LK	100.00	100.00	
AA LL	100.00	100.00	
AA LM	100.00	100.00	
AA LN	100.00	100.00	
AA LO	100.00	100.00	
AA LP	100.00	100.00	
AA LQ	100.00	100.00	
AA LR	100.00	100.00	
AA LS	100.00	100.00	
AA LT	100.00	100.00	
AA LU	100.00	100.00	
AA LV	100.00	100.00	
AA LW	100.00	100.00	
AA LX	100.00	100.00	
AA LY	100.00	100.00	
AA LZ	100.00	100.00	
AA MA	100.00	100.00	
AA MB	100.00	100.00	
AA MC	100.00		

Flexibility:

Our regional editions are available. TV spot time isn't.

Woman's Day offers sixty-one regional editions which enable you to advertise in selected markets. That's particularly important this fall when TV spot time is sold out. We're like TV, only better.

Woman's Day Like TV, only better.



One of the reasons... it's the most popular airline with members of the Airline Passengers Association is that it provides its passengers with the best in-flight reading. It's the best because it's the American Way.



The New York Times will change its column widths on Tuesday, September 7



News will be set columns-to-the-page... advertising columns-to-the-page

new 9-column advertising format in the size "C" category of the Advertising Dimension Standards recommended by the American Newspaper Publishers' Association Format Committee.

information on measurements and specifications; write or call George Nunn, director of advertising production, The New York Times, 229 E. 43d Street, New York, N.Y. 10017. Telephone: (212) 556-7138.

The New York Times

Advertising

Savage Comes Back to NCK

By PHILIP H. DOUGHERTY
John C. Savage, 44 years old, who quit Norman, Craig & Kummel-New York in 1970 as an executive vice president, is returning there as president. Thomas K. Myers, also 44, moves up to chairman, having been president for three years.



John C. Savage

The announcement of the executive changes was made by Norman B. Norman, 61, president of the NCK Organization, a worldwide operation. It was made through a simple news release and not at the champagne, strawberries and whipped cream breakfast that has marked previous new-president announcements.

In the release, Mr. Norman made it plain that he was still chairman of the finance committee of the New York company "and will continue to play the role of editor in two important areas: marketing and creativity."

NCK is one of those rare agencies that has more overseas business than domestic. Its worldwide billings last year were \$202.2 million, which put it in 15th place internationally among United States agencies, while its domestic billings—out of New York—were \$78.6 million, ranking the agency 29th in the country.

Mr. Savage, a St. John's University graduate and former Marine Corps officer, started in the agency business with Foots, Cone & Belding, joining NCK in 1962.

Since leaving the agency he has been a marketing vice president on the Whitehall Division of American Home Products, one of the country's toughest marketing organizations.

Mr. Norman, who founded NCK out of the William Weintraub & Company, is one of the more aggressive, dynamic and outspoken members of the marketing community. He first gave up his presidency in 1968 to William E. Chambers Jr., a Harvard man who had resigned from Foots, Cone & Belding, where he had been general manager when the agency lost the Trans World Airlines account.

Mr. Chambers left NCK the next year citing "basic differences on various internal policy and administrative problems." Mr. Savage also left soon thereafter.

In 1971 Walter V. Bregman, another Harvard man, was brought back from Europe to take over the presidency, at the same time Mr. Myers, a Dartmouth graduate, was named executive vice president. Mr. Myers became president in 1973 when Mr. Bregman left.

NCK is the creator of the

White Knight campaign for Ajax, and currently does the ads for such diverse products as Channel No. 5, Cold Power, Dow Oven Cleaner, Lark and Chesterfield cigarettes and Lavoris. Recently it picked up the Saab automobile account with \$2.5 million in billings.

Walter Thompson Joy
There was joy at the J. Walter Thompson Company yesterday when the agency filled its vacant liquor category with \$4.5 million in billings from the W. A. Taylor Company. This fills a vacancy created early this year by the departure of Publicker Distillers Products and its Inver House Scotch, with about half the Taylor billings.

Taylor is a subsidiary of Hiram Walker Inc., and the brands involved are Courvoisier cognac, Drambuie, Tia Maria, Booth's High and Dry gin, House of Lords, gin, Peter (formerly Cherry) Hering, Maraca rum and Li-Quore Sciarada. That great punch recipe has been handled by Rumrill-Hoyt.

According to Ronald K. Sherman, executive vice president and general manager of J.W.T., New York, the agency got the business because of the good work it did on a small project Taylor assigned it on Peter Hering. "It was a classic case," said Mr. Sherman, "of showing what you can do on something small and maybe they'll give you something big."

Here's mud in your eye. And if that's your problem—mud in the eye, that is—the J.W.T. Chicago office is now in a position to help. Abbott Laboratories has assigned the shop its Murine eye lotion product, which is currently at S. R. Leon in

New York. Murine had been a Thompson account from 1955 to 1970.

Gaynor & Ducas New Men

John H. Thomas, president of Gaynor & Ducas, announced yesterday that he was bringing in two men as executive vice presidents in order to give the agency additional strength in serving present clients and in pursuing new ones.

They are Allen C. Falcone, 41, who will be in charge of management services, and Michael Schiffrin, 36, creative director. Mr. Falcone most recently was executive vice president of Wasey-Campbell-Ewald, London. Mr. Schiffrin left G. & D. a year ago to work on the Ford business at J. Walter Thompson.

Ogilvy Picks Up on Smoke

Ogilvy & Mather, which had a long-standing policy against handling cigarette advertising in the United States, reversed that policy about two years ago. The move came to light yesterday when R. J. Reynolds Tobacco announced that it was assigning the agency a new cigarette brand still under development.

In addition, Reynolds is adding to its agency list Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn, until recently, and for many years, a major agency of American Tobacco. E.B.D.O. is getting Doral, a brand that has been handled by the William Esty Company.

The Ogilvy ban, by the way, applied only to its domestic operation and not internationally.

Playboy's New Tact

Playboy magazine, which last October said it was getting out of the explicit-sex race, is now trying to increase its single-copy sales through what it calls an "open display, cover program."

What this means, the magazine explained, is that while future covers might be "sexy" there won't be outright nudity. In an ad in Impact, a trade magazine for magazine and book distributors, it says, "That's right. Look for future issues of Playboy to eliminate any reason to blinder, band or sell-from-under-the-counter America's favorite magazine for men."

Penthouse, which started the explicit covers, is now outselling Playboy on newsstands. Playboy is hoping to get out from under the counter and into new outlets—primarily some of the supermarket chains.

Coffee Contracts
Scall, McCabe, Sloves, which already serves S. A. Schonbrunn Company's Savarin brand coffee, has also been named agency for its Medaglia d'Oro espresso. The previous agency was Brandwynne Burr Giordano. Lord Publishes A.D.

Roy A. Lord, once national advertising sales manager of Life and later publisher of the short-lived World and Sports, has now become publisher of A.D. Publications, whose magazine, A.D., serves members of the United Presbyterian Church and the United Church of Christ. It has a circulation of 426,000. From Life to after life, as it were.

Buy 2, Get 1 Free

Cahners Publishing, one of the giants of the trade press, is launching a new title in October, Foodservice Distributor Salesman, a four-color, monthly tabloid with a 11,000 controlled circulation, serving a \$75 billion industry. Although the regular black and white and four-color ad page rate will be \$1,250 and \$1,800, respectively, charter advertisers who advertise at a reduced rate in October and November will get December free. Thank you Santa.

Business Briefs

Dollar Off in Europe; Gold Over \$113

BRUSSELS, Aug. 4 (UPI)—The dollar declined on most European money markets today while the price of gold showed a substantial increase. Gold rose in Zurich from \$111.65 an ounce to \$113.35 and in London from \$111.925 to \$113.375. Dealers in London said gold was supported by an overall firmer trend in other commodity prices.

The dollar's decline began more than a week ago as a result of upward pressures on stronger European currencies, especially the German mark. Both the German and Belgian central banks intervened in the market today as the joint European float continued under pressure with the mark near the top and the Belgian franc near the floor.

In London, the pound closed firm, buying \$1.795 against \$1.78875 yesterday. The dollar dropped in Frankfurt from 2.542 to 2.536 marks, in Zurich, from 2.4838 to 2.4733 Swiss francs, in Paris from 4.921 to 4.919 French francs, in Brussels from 40.385 to 40.365 Belgian francs and in Amsterdam from 2.7027 to 2.6945 guilders.

In Tokyo, the dollar rose against the yen for the first time in over a week, closing at 283.2 yen, up 0.5 yen from Tuesday's close.

F.P.C. Seeks Gas Suit Dismissal

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 (UPI)—The Federal Power Commission, in arguments filed for a court hearing tomorrow, said there was no urgent need to delay putting new gas rates into effect because it would be three months before consumers felt the impact.

In its reply to a Federal circuit court suit, the F.P.C. said a coalition of consumer, union and state government groups seeking to block the rates had overstated effects of the price increases and failed to go to its appeal the right way. The commission asked the court to dismiss the suit.

The F.P.C. announced July 27 it would allow producers to charge sharply increased prices for certain types of natural gas, but the consumers coalition won a delay. For gas dedicated to interstate sales after Jan. 1, 1973, a price of \$1.01 per thousand cubic feet could be charged, compared with the current ceiling of 52 cents. For gas dedicated after Jan. 1, 1975, a price of \$1.42 could be charged.

E.E.C. Has 35% of Britain's Exports

LONDON, Aug. 4 (UPI)—The Common Market's share of British exports increased in the first six months of this year compared with the year-earlier period, the London Chamber of Commerce and Industry said today.

An analysis of British exports published in the Chamber's latest economic report shows that the European Economic Community now accounts for 35 percent of the total exports, compared with 31.7 percent in the first half of 1975.

Other trends include a slowing in the rise in exports to the Middle East despite an increase from \$1.65 billion in the first six months of 1975 to \$2.28 billion in the first half of this year. The Middle East's share of total exports rose 0.2 percent to 9.9 percent and five countries there are in Britain's top 30 export markets. Other areas to increase their share of total British exports include tropical Africa and North America.

Italy Told to Seek L.M.F. Credit

ROME, Aug. 4 (Reuters)—Italian Prime Minister Giulio Andreotti told Parliament today it seemed indispensable for Italy to resume negotiations next month with the International Monetary Fund for a \$500 million standby credit.

Italy must also start negotiating immediately with West Germany for renewal of the \$2 billion gold-linked loan that falls due in September, he said.

The long and short of it.

PRIMARY MEN		
PUBLICATION	READING TIME (MINUTES)	ADULT MALE READERS (000)
PLAYBOY	152	6,738
Time	105	3,652
Newsweek	102	2,553
U.S. News	135	1,710
Sports Illustrated	103	2,524

The new Simmons report confirms it: PLAYBOY enjoys far greater reading time by far more primary adult male readers than Time, Newsweek, U.S. News or Sports Illustrated.

THE PLAYBOY DIFFERENCE

Special Offer

Save 20% on a three-month subscription to The New York Times Large Type Weekly

Pay only \$8.80

Just call toll-free 800-325-6400

Hasselblad-Nikon

RENT

The finest photographic systems in the world available at low rental rates. 100% of rental fee applied to PURCHASE PRICE. Come and SAVE at... **OLDEN CAMERA** 1285 Broadway (at 52nd St) NYC 212-725-1234

LOOKING FOR A BUSINESS?

PLAN NOW TO ATTEND THE OWN YOUR OWN BUSINESS SHOW

August 6, 7, 8 Holiday Inn 80 Clinton St. Hempstead, L.I.

Browse for Ideas Get Free Literature

ADMISSION \$3.00 PRODUCED BY MAIN LINE MARKETING (212) 266-7230

WHOLESALE ONLY BUYERS WANTS

WE BUY clothing, lab kits & accessories. All types of garments. 60-75-787 or 60-75-787. Contract Work Wtd. - Blvd 3501

Well established factory

In Puerto Rico looking for contract work. All types of garments. 60-75-787 or 60-75-787.

WHOLESALE ONLY OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

T SHIRTS TRANSFERS

ALL QUALITY ALL TYPES OF GARMENTS LARGE GENERAL INTEREST GROUP

77 all wholesale quantities. Send for complete listing call 713-250-2022 or 676-2166 Pacoan Transfer, P.O. Box 607 So. Houston, Pa. 15408

Royal Pro-Keds

1st Quality, most colors in stock, all sizes, \$3.25 Wholesale only shoe retail \$5.95-6.95

LED WATCHES

3-4 & 5 function, reliable, time-lease delivery. Available only in large quantities. Call (212) 751-2297

BUTTONS

Over 15,000 boxes of assorted fashion buttons. 2 1/2" x 1 1/2". 200-220-2200

LADIES BOOTS

7.000 of the best leather boots. Entries tel only, 207-6414

PAINE D.L.A. 100 pairs of shoes. HOWARD BROS. 100 pairs of shoes. more new line credit 212-948-0221

Over 5,000 leather handbags. 10 winter coats. First come first served. 212-770-3042

To order by mail, write The New York Times P.O. 2570, Boulder, Colo. 80302.

Refrain at Hospitals Is 'No Trouble' So Far

By JOYCE MAYNARD

Migdalia Hernandez, a staff nurse in the 15th floor surgery ward at Bellevue Hospital, usually goes to work alone, but yesterday morning she took pains to be accompanied by three friends who also work at the hospital.

"We expected trouble, crossing the picket lines," she said, "but we just walked right in. No trouble."

"No trouble" was the refrain of the day, as the city's 16 municipal hospitals began the first day of the strike, with children at Metropolitan Hospital Center being fed by their own mothers, plenty of beds still available at the city's voluntary hospitals and hospital workers throughout the city walking generally orderly picket lines.

Behind a fairly superfluous row of police barricades at Bellevue yesterday, strikers rattled their tin cans more like a rhythm band made up of first-graders than angry protesters, with a striking orderly clearing the way at one point for a pregnant woman to get by.

Inside, Bellevue volunteer attendants continued to wheel out a few of the last patients to be discharged—one of them carrying an African violet on her lap as she headed toward an ambulance that would take her to a nursing home until the strike is over.

In the hospital's volunteer office the telephones kept ringing, with callers offering to help out. "We've had 50 people come in so far this morning," said Mrs. Luise David, the director of Volunteer Services.

Upstairs, in the cafeteria, a large group of doctors, nurses and hospital volunteers seemed in no particular hurry to get back to work. "If anything, it's easier today," said Dr. Michael Segarra, from the pediatrics clinic, which has temporarily closed down and sent its staff to the wards. There are fewer patients, because we've discharged a lot, and more volunteers.

A Linen Shortage

Even patients on the wards seemed not much bothered, yet, by the absence of orderlies and nurses' aides. A linen shortage left some beds unchanged, but the rooms looked clean, and an intern reported that at least one patient had offered to get out of bed and mop the floors.

A few blocks away, New York University Medical Center (which is not a municipal hospital) seemed virtually unaffected by the strike, with only one or two patients admitted who would not otherwise have been there. The Medical Center's only problem, in fact, was an unrelated strike of 100 maintenance workers, three of

whom ambled through the parking lot, wearing signs and occasionally waving to friends entering the building.

At the Presbyterian Hospital, on Broadway and 168th Street (where hospital workers are back on the job, after a strike last month), spokesmen said it was just an average Wednesday in the emergency room — which, for unexplained reasons, always seems especially busy at midweek. No patients from municipal hospitals had been admitted there, and a spokesman for the hospital said no immediate plans were being formulated in response to the strike.

Irritations Lie Ahead

But if the hospitals seemed under control yesterday, and the remaining staff calm, there was an indication, at least, that the situation might not stay that way too long, if the strike continues.

"Next week when we haven't had a paycheck for a while, and the weather gets hot, we won't look so happy," said one striking orderly, leaning on a police barricade outside Bellevue.

And upstairs, in a 16th-floor medicine ward, Dr. Harvey Waxman surveyed a row of nearly empty rooms and shook his head.

"I hate to think what it's going to be like around here in a few days," he said, "when the wards start filling up again. I'll be mopping floors and changing bedpans, because someone's got to. But I didn't go to medical school to learn how to do that."

"We can stand this crisis for a couple of days," said Cesar Galarraga, the administrator of Lincoln Hospital. After that, it's going to be tough.

"While they are outside," he continued, referring to the demonstrators, "patients may die inside because of lack of services."

But while at least one man, coughing up blood in the hospital's emergency room yesterday, had to wait 6 hours for a blood test, such waits are nothing new at Lincoln and may not be directly related to the strike. Last week, before the strike began, doctors and others in the hospital charged that morbidity had increased, due to lack of services, in the four months since the facility opened.

Striking hospital workers, yesterday, had charges of their own. "I have a wife and two daughters and a foster child, and I make \$355 every two weeks," said a man at Lincoln who has worked for the hospital system for 18½ years.



The Rev. John Ruff, left, and the Rev. Carter N. Pope, chaplains at Kings County Hospital, wrapped sandwiches in the kitchen. With them is a dietitian, Octavia Brantley.

Hospitals Open in Strike; Services Pared

Continued From Page 1, Col. 8

green picket-captain ribbon pinned to her dress. "We built this city and all we want is a fair share. I refused welfare. I want to work. We're not bums, we're working people."

Others on strike are dietary and janitorial workers. Many hospital administrators said that while it might be easy to get by for a few days the situation could become progressively worse if routine maintenance was not kept up.

"It's a little too early to judge the full impact," said Dr. John L. S. Holloman Jr., the president of the Hospitals Corporation. "We're running on momentum now. The first day is not so bad."

Inside Bellevue, all non-emergency clinics had been canceled and their staffs diverted to the emergency room or to duty on the floors with bed patients.

But even the emergency room was quieter than normal. "It's almost boring it's so quiet," said Frances Saponaro, a nurse in charge of making sure patients get the right emergency care.

Ambulance workers, who are members of the striking local, remained on duty yesterday, but mostly they were taking patients to voluntary hospitals rather than cross picket lines.

In some cases reassigned staff members at Bellevue waited around for something to do.

Diane Page, normally a nurse in the pediatric clinic, had been reassigned to the pediatric inpatient wing, on the eighth floor.

"I'm just waiting for something to happen and I expect it will soon," she said as she sipped a cup of coffee.

A spokesman for the hospitals corporation said the pattern of the walkout varied from hospital to hospital, with some losing as much as half of their normal staffs.

"I guess we were lucky," said Anthony Constantine, the executive director of the Metropolitan Hospital Center at First Avenue and 97th Street. "We thought we'd get maybe 50 percent of our staff but about 85 percent showed up."

With the help of volunteers and 100 students from the New York Medical College, Mr. Constantine decided to keep open his 60 outpatient clinics. But like the other municipal institutions, he moved to reduce the number of bed patients by sending home those who were not too sick.

"Our occupancy is regularly about 85 percent of capacity but it's down to about 70 percent now," he said.

Jack Koretsky, the Hospital Corporation's executive vice president, said the number of bed patients in the municipal hospitals had been reduced from 9,000 on Tuesday to 7,500 yesterday. The reduction was accomplished mainly by restricting admissions to emergency cases and speeding up discharges. Mr. Koretsky said, with only a few patients being sent on to the voluntary hospitals, where no strike was going on.



Elnor Bohle, a volunteer, collects trash at Bellevue

Although the voluntary institutions went through their own strikes by similar nonmedical workers just last month, leaders of the voluntary hospital said yesterday that the current municipal strike was having only a minimal impact on their institutions. They reported beds available and no significant extra demands on their emergency rooms.

Many persons with minor ailments who might normally go to a hospital probably just stayed home when they heard there was a strike, several hospital administrators reasoned.

While strikers generally let doctors and nurses through picket lines without harassment yesterday, there were indications that the restrictions might be tightened.

"We let the nurses through today," said Robert Polite, a picket captain at Cumberland Hospital in Brooklyn's Fort Greene section, "but tomorrow it will be a different story."

Victor Gotbaum, the executive director of District Council 37, denied that there were any plans to keep out nurses, but he said that "if a strike this size there are bound to be different situations at different institutions."

In some cases yesterday, trucks bearing essential supplies were stopped by pickets and even sanitation trucks bearing emergency certificates signed by Health Commissioner Lowell E. Bellin were blocked until they received police escorts.

Sanitation Truck Stopped

At Harlem Hospital, a Sanitation Department officer riding a white garbage truck showed pickets his emergency certificate.

"Look, we're not doing your work—we're only here to take the stuff that's outside," the supervisor said, pointing to a pile of bulging plastic garbage bags on a loading platform.

He was greeted with shouts of "scab" and "strikebreaker," and the truck could not get through until a cordon of 25 policemen held off the pickets and other policemen rode the truck's running boards.

A truck carrying sterilized baby formulas was stopped briefly by strikers until a policeman said: "For God's sake, this is baby food. Babies have to eat."

There were hopes, at least in the city, that state aid might help to solve the dispute. But state officials remained firm in saying they had no more to offer. New Medicaid rates, which reimburse the hospitals for caring for the poor, are in the process of being set. There are indications that new restricted rates now under review by the Governor's office would result in the necessity of even more layoffs.

City officials, and union officials as well, are seeking to remove that threat of additional layoffs.

Director of Hospital Walkout

Lillian Roberts

By JUDY KLEMESRUD

Lillian Roberts, the former nurse's aide who is directing the hospital worker's strike here, spent most of her first day yesterday in her orange and brown, plaid-filled office at 140 Park Place, Women answering telephone calls from reporters who always seemed to ask the same question:

"How can you justify a strike in which the poor [hospital workers] are hurting the poor [the patients who use the municipal hospitals]?"

The 48-year-old Mrs. Roberts, normally a soft-spoken person, eventually grew tired of the question and began to answer it in the same fiery voice she reserves for union meetings and picket-line pep talks.

"It's not just the poor patients who are suffering, the union leader shouted. "Our members are suffering, too. They're angry. They feel they've been washed out of the system. In the short-run the strike may be hard on the patients, but in the long run it will all be for the best. Because if the situation in the hospitals isn't corrected, the hospitals will become morgues and our members will just become pallbearers."

Mrs. Roberts, who is associate director of District Council 37, American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, arrived at her office around 7 A.M. yesterday after only two hours of sleep.

She spent the morning conferring with her mentor, Victor Gotbaum, head of District Council 37, who described her as "a natural to this business, just like Babe Ruth was to baseball and Joe Louis was to boxing," and answering telephone calls from reporters and strike captains at the 16 struck hospitals.

"Don't be discouraged," she kept telling them. "The strike is 90 percent effective."

After an office lunch of steak and salad, and a glass of California chablis, Mrs. Roberts got into a red Ford LTD and visited picket lines around the city.

"People are going in on us," an angry young striker told her in front of Bellevue Hospital. "The strike's not effective if they keep going in. We could be out here for two months."

Mrs. Roberts told him: "You may not have 100 percent, but you have 85 to 90 percent, and that's effective."



"A natural to this business, just like Babe Ruth to baseball and Joe Louis was to boxing."

Talk to them as they come in and out, and try to convince them not to go in. Believe me, the strike is effective."

Mrs. Roberts was born Lillian Davis on Jan. 2, 1928, on Chicago's South Side, to parents who she said were "on welfare all their lives."

She was the second of five children, two of whom, she said, were "victims of the ghetto." One brother, a drug addict, died of sickle-cell anemia and a sister was killed by her husband.

"I made it out of the ghetto because I had a very religious mother," she said. "We used to go to the Baptist church every chance we had, or else we had a prayer service at home. That gave me a sense of values that I'll never lose."

She graduated from high school with honors in 1944 and won a scholarship to the University of Illinois, but had to quit after a year because she had no money for living expenses.

During that year she met William Roberts, a Coast-guardian who eventually became her husband for 20 years. They were divorced in 1968 because, she says, "I think I'm more married to the union members than I could be to anybody."

She first became active in the union movement while working as a nurse's aide at Lying-in Hospital, where in 1945 she became the first black woman to be hired for that job.

After winning a job against a head nurse had forced her staff in long hours of a Mrs. Roberts came to the attention of Mr. Gotbaum, was then the only one of the union's Chicago quarters.

He asked her to come to time for him as when he moved to New York in 1964, he asked her to join him at District Council 37.

Mrs. Roberts, who is 34,000 a year, has three sons, a sister in a two-family in Cambria Heights. Her 73-year-old mother lives with the family.

The 5-foot, 3½-inch woman mouthed about her life, saying only to a friend. "She also frequent visits to the races, where she \$1,000 betting on at Roosevelt Race track. She also likes to play Dirty Hearts with her family.

Has it been difficult for a black woman in union movement? "Been tough," she said. "There is a stereotype that you're black when you're black with you and talk you, and that kind makes me reach up the hell out of the

Judge Orders Albany to Finance Erie Relief, but Ruling Is Stayed

BUFFALO, Aug. 4 (UPI)—In an unprecedented move, Justice Gilbert H. King of State Supreme Court today ordered New York State to provide temporary financing for Erie County's welfare system until September.

In Albany the State Social Services Commissioner, Philip Toia, said the state had filed an appeal with the Appellate Division of State Supreme Court and had received a temporary stay of Justice King's ruling.

The justice turned down a preliminary restraining order sought by the state to force the County Legislature to transfer \$5.5 million to keep the county's welfare programs operating.

The justice ruled that the state must supply the funds at least until Sept. 6, when another hearing has been scheduled.

He said he had issued the order to assure that welfare programs would not be halted because of a lack of sufficient funds.

15,000 Affected

"It's a major victory," County Executive Edward Regan said. "The taxpayers of Erie County are the worst treated by the state government of any taxpayers in New York."

Mr. Regan said he would seek an Appellate Division order removing the stay.

The order immediately affects some 300 home-relief recipients in the county and an additional 15,000 people in the aid-to-dependent-children category whose payments are due Sept. 1, according to county social service officials.

Commissioner Toia said he would attempt to work out a compromise tomorrow with Mr. Regan under which the recipients could receive their checks.

"I'm willing to sit down with Mr. Regan to see if we can work out a lending procedure," the Commissioner said, through which the county would later reimburse the state.

But Mr. Regan said such a procedure would do nothing to help the county's tight fiscal situation.

"I think by Monday this thing will be cleared up," Commissioner Toia said. He called the recipients "the pawns in this."

caught in the middle," he said. He called Justice King's decision "a very dangerous precedent." "We don't have the funds to pick up the county's share" of welfare expenses, he said.

The County Legislature has failed in three bids to approve transfer of the welfare funds, calling the appropriation request excessive. The County Legislature is not scheduled to meet again until Sept. 9.

Mr. Regan flew to Albany after the order was issued to meet with Commissioner Toia and aides to Governor Carey. He urged that a special legislative session take up the issue of statewide welfare reform.

"Our claim is very simple—that it's a state function, period," Mr. Regan said. He asserted that the current state-financing of welfare violated both the state and Federal Constitutions.

A spokesman for Mr. Carey said there were no plans to add welfare reform to the current special session's agenda or to call another session to deal with the issue.

Issues in Hospital Strike

PARTICIPANTS: About 18,000 nonprofessional hospital workers, members of Local 420, American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, are on strike against New York City's Health and Hospitals Corporation, which runs the 16 municipal hospitals. Most of the employees are nurses' aides and dietary and janitorial workers.

ISSUES: The union is protesting the city's plan to lay off 1,350 workers as recommended last week by a task force appointed to study the dispute. Last October the city laid off 3,000 hospital workers and the union did not protest. But then plans to dismiss 3,150 more were announced in May, the union threatened to strike, arguing that improved management by the Health and Hospitals Corporation would save the necessary money.

A compromise was worked out whereby the union would agree to 832 of the first 1,450 layoffs, but that left 1,700 still in dispute.

In June an ad hoc panel, headed by Basil A. Paterson, said it could not sort through "the welter of conflicting claims" and recommended that a tripartite task force seek "to determine potential alternatives to layoffs."

The task force was headed by Martin Horowitz, a business executive, and included Deputy Mayor Paul Gibson Jr. and John L. S. Holloman, president of the Health and Hospitals Corporation. Meantime, the city argued that because of the delays it now had to dismiss 1,210 people instead of 1,700. The task force recommended the 1,350 dismissals, which the union now is striking against, in an action that violates a state law prohibiting strikes by public employees.

Notice who gets the highest marks

Here's how the current Simmons report ranks upscale magazine audiences in the key education category.

Magazine	Total Colleg Graduate Rf
The New York Times Magazine	1,862,000
The Wall Street Journal	1,785,000
The New Yorker	1,332,000
Business Week	1,163,000
Fortune	965,000
Harper's/Atlantic	760,000
New York Magazine	664,000

The New York Times Magazine So special it leads a life of its own... all week long.

سكرا من الاصل

SALES MANAGER
MECHANICAL FASTENERS

Manufacturers of a complete range of mechanical fasteners and related products. Sales Manager with 10 years experience in the fastener industry. Will manage sales and marketing programs. Salary commensurate with experience. Send resume to: **SALES MANAGER**, 100 West 125th St., New York, N.Y. 10032.

TELEPHONE SALES
THIS IS IT!
BEST PHONE JOB AROUND
PART/FULL TIME

We need 200 salespersons to sell our products in the New York area. This is a great opportunity for you to earn a good salary and benefits. We offer a comprehensive training program and a supportive work environment. **541-8042**

TOP OFFICE HELP
NO FEE TO EMPLOYER
Parke, 184-1, 679-4020, agcy

NO CHARGE TO EMPLOYER
SECRETARY
BOOKKEEPERS UNLIMITED
ASSISTANT SECRETARY
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER

HOUSEHOLD EMPLOYMENT
HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
HOUSEKEEPER/LIVE-IN
HOUSEKEEPER/SLEEP-IN

HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
Household help, 2 or 3 days a week. Must be experienced. Salary commensurate with experience. **3182**

FOX AGENCY
14 EAST 68 ST.
PL-32688
INFANT & CHILD CARE

MARRIED COUPLE
HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
HOUSEKEEPER/LIVE-IN
HOUSEKEEPER/SLEEP-IN

MISS DIXIE
MOVED TO
181 EAST 41 ST.

MRS. FRANCES
CARE FOR THE AGED
HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
HOUSEKEEPER/LIVE-IN

HOUSEHOLD HELP
HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
HOUSEKEEPER/LIVE-IN
HOUSEKEEPER/SLEEP-IN

HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
Household help, 2 or 3 days a week. Must be experienced. Salary commensurate with experience. **3182**

HOUSEHOLD HELP
HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
HOUSEKEEPER/LIVE-IN
HOUSEKEEPER/SLEEP-IN

HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
Household help, 2 or 3 days a week. Must be experienced. Salary commensurate with experience. **3182**

HOUSEHOLD HELP
HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
HOUSEKEEPER/LIVE-IN
HOUSEKEEPER/SLEEP-IN

HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
Household help, 2 or 3 days a week. Must be experienced. Salary commensurate with experience. **3182**

HOUSEHOLD HELP
HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
HOUSEKEEPER/LIVE-IN
HOUSEKEEPER/SLEEP-IN

HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
Household help, 2 or 3 days a week. Must be experienced. Salary commensurate with experience. **3182**

HOUSEHOLD HELP
HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
HOUSEKEEPER/LIVE-IN
HOUSEKEEPER/SLEEP-IN

HOUSEKEEPER/COOK
Household help, 2 or 3 days a week. Must be experienced. Salary commensurate with experience. **3182**

REER SALES
MANAGEMENT
PORTUNITY

LES, INSURANCE
REER SALES
MANAGEMENT
PORTUNITY

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

TELEPHONE SALES
STATIONERY & LIGHT BULBS

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Capital Wanted 3482

Partner w/\$150,000 reqd
1 year exp. in retail store
with 10-15 employees. Seeking
investor for expansion. Call
for info. **318-2345**

Business Connections 3418

MANUFACTURER'S REP
You are invited to join our
team. We are seeking
experienced salespeople for
our products. **318-2345**

Lunches & Study Stores 3424

LUNCHEONETTE
Stationary luncheonette 7:30 PM
close. 2000 sq. ft. year lease. **318-2345**

Restaurants, Bars & Drills 3440

Waterfront Rest & Marina
Established waterfront restaurant
with 100 seats. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrecking Yard 3454

Wrecking yard with 1000 sq. ft.
of storage space. **318-2345**

Wrangle Over Court Changes

By TOM GOLDSTEIN
Special to The New York Times

ALBANY, Aug. 4—Of all the changes in the New York State court system that the Legislature considered tonight, the one that would most fundamentally alter the way the courts actually operate was the proposal dealing with the reorganization of the court system.

Analysis of the proposal dealing with the reorganization of the court system is the subject of a court administration. This proposal has been all but forgotten in the wrangle over the date when an amendment proposing the appointment of judges to the Court of Appeals would take effect—a dispute that ended early this morning when Governor Carey and political and judicial leaders agreed to combine three components of the court package into a single amendment, leaving the date for the next Legislature to decide.

But the Court of Appeals proposal—while establishing the principle of appointment rather than election, at least for the state's highest court—has little to do with the day-to-day operations of the sprawling and unwieldy court system.

Discipline Procedure

A second component to the package would simplify judicial disciplinary proceedings by abolishing the Court of Judicial Discipline, the special disciplinary court, and by making the Court of Appeals ultimately responsible for removing and censuring errant judges. This change might have some minimal effect on how judges behave on the bench, but as one top court official said: "The court system won't collapse if we don't have it."

The third proposal, providing for centrally supervised court administration under a chief court administrator, would change things, but there is less than full agreement among judges and political leaders that the change would be for the better.

Since January 1974, there has been a statewide court administrator, Richard J. Bartlett. His authority rests not on a constitutional amendment but rather on a precarious agreement among the presiding justices of the four departments that the state has been split into for the purposes of dividing jurisdiction and administration of the courts.

To create the administrator job, Chief Justice Charles D. Breitler, who had just taken office, persuaded the four presiding justices to delegate some, but not all, of their administrative powers to Justice Bartlett.

Under the proposal under consideration tonight, the presiding justices would give up all administrative and patronage powers and retain only the responsibility of running the Appellate Division, the state's intermediate appellate court.

For the last two and one-half years, the existence of Justice Bartlett's office has depended

Neglected in Albany Is Daily Operation of the Tribunals

on the continued acquiescence of the four presiding justices in whom the administrative function of the courts is constitutionally vested.

In the last year or so, Justice Bartlett's office has ranked several trial judges who felt their autonomy was being challenged, and the presiding justices have become more assertive of their power, especially since last November, when in a referendum the voters narrowly rejected a court administration amendment similar to the proposal now being considered.

"It is unwise to place too much power in the hands of a single individual," Frank Gulotta, the presiding justice of the Second Department, said this week. He said a single appointed administrator could not match the combined expertise and experience of the four presiding justices "nor the familiarity with local conditions and needs."

Echoing Justice Gulotta's misgivings, Stanley Steingut, the Assembly Speaker, and Manfred Ohrenstein, the Senate minority leader, have ques-

tioned whether this proposal was "wise."

"We want an efficient judicial system, and there has not been enough consideration given to whether the central administration is the best way to accomplish this goal," the two legislative leaders said in a joint statement last week.

In the official memorandum accompanying the proposed amendment, Governor Carey said: "Its implementation will relieve busy appellate judges of the administrative burden of managing the trial courts, and make more judges available for judicial business."

Those who favor a centralized administrator—and these supporters include most bar associations and "good government" groups, including Chief Judge Breitler and Governor Carey, also argued that an administrator could be sensitive to local needs and differences. Moreover, they argued, gains in efficiency and in the quality of justice would result from one centralized office coordinating court policies and rules, appointments and promotions of nonjudicial personnel and the assignment of judges to where they are most needed.

Not long ago, the chief judge pondered why "the East River is as big as the Atlantic Ocean" for purposes of court administration.

While Brooklyn and Queens

are in the Second Judicial Department, Manhattan and the Bronx are in the First Department, where Harold Stevens, the presiding justice, has said he fears "the potential for abuse in having a single administrator."

Under the proposal considered tonight, the four presiding justices would have to provide their "advice and consent" before the chief judge could appoint a chief administrator.

Supporters of the current proposal point to Justice Bartlett's initiative in establishing budget priorities and standards that would cut delays in the court system and limit the political activity of judges.

With enhanced power and a unified court budget, the supporters of the proposal feel that more than cosmetic changes can be made in the court system.

A bill now before the Legislature, providing for state takeover of all local court costs, would give the chief court administrator the responsibility of preparing the budget for all but town and village courts.

State Takeover Backed

In recent years calls for the state takeover of local court costs have intensified, reflecting a general feeling that courts are more properly a state rather than local function. And now there is no disagreement among political leaders that this should be done.

There has been disagreement, however, as to how soon this should take place. The bill under consideration tonight settles on a four-year timetable, starting for the fiscal year beginning next April 1.

Among the arguments advanced for a state takeover are the following: It would improve efficiency and management of the courts, eliminate the wide variation in court services throughout the state



In Albany, Assembly Speaker Stanley Steingut, at left, talks with Perry B. Duryea, Assembly minority leader, during a recess in the special session of the legislature.

Lobbyists Flock to Albany, Just in Case

By RONALD SMOTHERS
Special to The New York Times

ALBANY, Aug. 4—In spite of the expectation in most quarters that the special session of the Legislature would deal with the issue of court reorganization alone, it still drew lobbyists representing interests ranging from uniformed services in the state to telephone companies.

It appeared to many that these fixtures of the political system in the state might be harboring some dim hope of rescuing their clients' projects or programs on a lobbyist's terms.

Not so insisted one veteran lobbyist. Experience has taught lobbyists that Albany politics are rife with sleight of hand, last-minute deals that upset other deals, hidden agendas and legislators who in an election year might choose a lobbyist's client to pick on. Any one of these factors could turn the last two victories of a session into costly defeats.

"Frankly," said the veteran lobbyist, "we're here because we just don't trust the Legislature. They might add something to the agenda."

One of the lobbyists who was quite busy was Stephen Shestakovsky, director of Citizens Union, which has long pressed restructuring of the state's courts. One observer noted that Mr. Shestakovsky did not have to impress upon the re-election-conscious legislators that Citizens Union is currently preparing its election-year ratings of candidates for public office.

There were rumors, some Republican staff aides said, that Assembly speaker Stanley Steingut and Albert H. Blumenthal, the majority leader, would not be able to summon enough Democrats to the special session to have the 76 votes needed for passage on their own.

In that event, the aide said, they would have to turn to Mr. Duryea for help, a role that the Republican from Suffolk County has turned to his advantage in the past.

"Why should he let on how many are leaning toward the package," said the aide. "If they don't know how many votes they can count on, they have to turn to him. But then he makes a mental note that

they owe him something for the future."

It came as no surprise to many in the Legislature that there were few lobbyists summoned for the special session. At 4 P.M. 80 of the 130 members had reported to the Capitol and leaders fairly sure that they would eventually shape the session, which was for noon.

On the Senate side, the 60 members were bany by early afternoon. The session, which was for noon.

On the Senate side, the 60 members were bany by early afternoon. The session, which was for noon.

"These guys are in a war after the 13 of nearly continuous beginning last year in the last month," said Nathan Shapiro, council assembly Speaker, in charge of calling the special session.

"They just say O.K. up their things and he said, noting that with past years when sessions were rare, a grating angry response.

Last year, when a session was called, it was the same kind of an Assemblyman. Roy of Jamestown and Hoyt of Buffalo, who had gone camping and in the wilds of Cay to be tracked down by Royal Canadian Mounted Police to be informed session.

Court Package Highlights

Special to The New York Times

ALBANY, Aug. 4—Following are the highlights of the court reorganization package before the Legislature tonight:

Court of Appeals. Future members of the seven-judge Court of Appeals, the state's highest court, would be appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of a 12-member Commission of Judicial Nomination, and subject to Senate confirmation. The members of the commission would be appointed by the Governor, the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals and the leadership of the Legislature. The procedure this screening panel would use—whether, for example, it would accept a specific number of names from which the Governor could choose—is to be determined by subsequent legislation.

Court Administration. A centrally supervised court administration would be created under a chief court administrator, to be named by the chief judge subject to the approval of the presiding justices of the four Appellate Departments. The administrator would carry out policies established by the Court of Appeals.

Judicial Discipline. This would streamline the procedure for removing judges who are found unfit to serve on the bench by eliminating the Court of Judicial Discipline, the state's special disciplinary court, and placing ultimate disciplinary authority in the Court of Appeals. It also would create an expanded Commission on Judicial Conduct—with 11 members—to receive, initiate and investigate complaints about judges' fitness and performance.

Court Financing. This bill would require the state takeover of local court costs by the fiscal year 1980-81. It is the only provision in the court package that could go into effect next year without a constitutional amendment. Starting next April 1 the state would pick up one-quarter of the court costs now borne by cities and counties—a figure which this year is \$180 million. The state would pick up another one-quarter of the burden in each of the following three years. The bill also would turn 11,000 local court employees into state employees next April 1, with their pension benefits unimpaired and with their local courts continuing to pick up a proportionate share of their salaries.

and relieve the financial burden of local units of government.

In New York City, which spent more than \$100 million this year for its courts, Donald R. Kummerfeld, the city's Budget Director, said the anticipated state funds would be used to ease costs in the budget for the fiscal year beginning next July, the third and last year of the city's financial plan.

Earlier this year, in proposing an \$821 million budget-cutting plan, Mayor Beame served notice on the Governor that he expected all court probation and correction costs to be taken over by the state.

and relieve the financial burden of local units of government.

In New York City, which spent more than \$100 million this year for its courts, Donald R. Kummerfeld, the city's Budget Director, said the anticipated state funds would be used to ease costs in the budget for the fiscal year beginning next July, the third and last year of the city's financial plan.

and relieve the financial burden of local units of government.

In New York City, which spent more than \$100 million this year for its courts, Donald R. Kummerfeld, the city's Budget Director, said the anticipated state funds would be used to ease costs in the budget for the fiscal year beginning next July, the third and last year of the city's financial plan.

and relieve the financial burden of local units of government.

In New York City, which spent more than \$100 million this year for its courts, Donald R. Kummerfeld, the city's Budget Director, said the anticipated state funds would be used to ease costs in the budget for the fiscal year beginning next July, the third and last year of the city's financial plan.

and relieve the financial burden of local units of government.

In New York City, which spent more than \$100 million this year for its courts, Donald R. Kummerfeld, the city's Budget Director, said the anticipated state funds would be used to ease costs in the budget for the fiscal year beginning next July, the third and last year of the city's financial plan.

and relieve the financial burden of local units of government.

In New York City, which spent more than \$100 million this year for its courts, Donald R. Kummerfeld, the city's Budget Director, said the anticipated state funds would be used to ease costs in the budget for the fiscal year beginning next July, the third and last year of the city's financial plan.

Weather Reports and Forecast

Summary

Sunny skies will continue today throughout the Northeast and Middle Atlantic States. Showers and thundershowers will occur in the southernmost sections of the Eastern Seaboard, and from western portions of the Ohio Valley and lake region into the northern half of the Mississippi Valley; other showers and thundershowers will extend from the northern Rockies to Oregon. Clear to partly cloudy skies will occur elsewhere. It will be warmer in southern New England, the northern Appalachians and from the middle to the southern Valley into Oklahoma. Cooler weather is expected from the upper lake region into the northern Rockies, although it will be mild across the northern border states and along the Pacific Coast; temperatures will be limited to the southern edges of the country.

Forecast

National Weather Service (As of 11 P.M.)

NEW YORK CITY—Sunny today, high in the upper 80's but cooler along the shore and lower in the mid-80's. Partly sunny and very warm tomorrow with chance of afternoon shower or thundershowers. Precipitation probable near today evening.

NEW JERSEY AND ROCKLAND AND WESTCHESTER COUNTIES—Sunny today, high in the upper 80's but cooler along the shore; fair tonight, low in the 60's and in the 70's along the shore. Partly sunny and very warm tomorrow with chance of afternoon shower or thundershowers. Precipitation probable near today evening.

LONG ISLAND AND LONG ISLAND SOUND—Sunny today, high in the mid-80's but cooler along the shore and eastern end in the mid-80's. Partly sunny and very warm tomorrow with chance of afternoon shower or thundershowers. Precipitation probable near today evening.

SOUTH JERSEY—Sunny today, high in the upper 80's but cooler along the shore; fair tonight, low in the 60's and in the 70's along the shore. Partly sunny and very warm tomorrow with chance of afternoon shower or thundershowers. Precipitation probable near today evening.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA—Sunny to clear today, high in the upper 80's but cooler along the shore and lower in the mid-80's. Partly sunny and very warm tomorrow with chance of afternoon shower or thundershowers. Precipitation probable near today evening.

INTERIOR EASTERN NEW YORK AND

Extended Forecast

(Saturday through Monday)

METROPOLITAN NEW YORK, LONG ISLAND AND NORTH JERSEY—Fair and pleasant throughout the period; dewy nights will average in the low 60's, while overnight lows average in the 40's.

Yesterday's Records

Station	Temp.	Hum.	Wind	Bar.
Albany	69	68	SW 3	30.28
Buffalo	66	65	W 4	30.28
Chenango	65	64	W 4	30.28
Columbia	64	63	W 4	30.28
Delaware	63	62	W 4	30.28
Essex	62	61	W 4	30.28
Hamilton	61	60	W 4	30.28
Montgomery	60	59	W 4	30.28
Saratoga	59	58	W 4	30.28
Schoharie	58	57	W 4	30.28
Ulster	57	56	W 4	30.28
Warren	56	55	W 4	30.28
Westchester	55	54	W 4	30.28
Yates	54	53	W 4	30.28

U.S. Cities

City	Low	High	Wind	Bar.
Albany	69	82	SW 3	30.28
Albuquerque	68	81	SW 3	30.28
Anchorage	67	80	SW 3	30.28
Atlanta	66	79	SW 3	30.28
Austin	65	78	SW 3	30.28
Baltimore	64	77	SW 3	30.28
Birmingham	63	76	SW 3	30.28
Boise	62	75	SW 3	30.28
Boston	61	74	SW 3	30.28
Butte	60	73	SW 3	30.28
Charlotte	59	72	SW 3	30.28
Chicago	58	71	SW 3	30.28
Cincinnati	57	70	SW 3	30.28
Cleveland	56	69	SW 3	30.28
Columbus	55	68	SW 3	30.28
Dallas	54	67	SW 3	30.28
Dayton	53	66	SW 3	30.28
Denver	52	65	SW 3	30.28
Des Moines	51	64	SW 3	30.28
Detroit	50	63	SW 3	30.28
El Paso	49	62	SW 3	30.28
Evansville	48	61	SW 3	30.28
Fort Worth	47	60	SW 3	30.28
Grand Rapids	46	59	SW 3	30.28
Greenville	45	58	SW 3	30.28
Hartford	44	57	SW 3	30.28
Houston	43	56	SW 3	30.28
Indianapolis	42	55	SW 3	30.28
Jackson	41	54	SW 3	30.28
Jacksonville	40	53	SW 3	30.28
Jessup	39	52	SW 3	30.28
Juneau	38	51	SW 3	30.28
Kansas City	37	50	SW 3	30.28
Las Vegas	36	49	SW 3	30.28
Little Rock	35	48	SW 3	30.28
Los Angeles	34	47	SW 3	30.28
Louisville	33	46	SW 3	30.28
Madison	32	45	SW 3	30.28
Memphis	31	44	SW 3	30.28
Miami Beach	30	43	SW 3	30.28
Midland-Odessa	29	42	SW 3	30.28
Minneapolis	28	41	SW 3	30.28
Mobile	27	40	SW 3	30.28
Montgomery	26	39	SW 3	30.28
Myrtle Beach	25	38	SW 3	30.28
Nashville	24	37	SW 3	30.28
New Orleans	23	36	SW 3	30.28
New York	22	35	SW 3	30.28
North Platte	21	34	SW 3	30.28
Omaha	20	33	SW 3	30.28
Oklahoma City	19	32	SW 3	30.28
Philadelphia	18	31	SW 3	30.28
Pittsburgh	17	30	SW 3	30.28
Portland	16	29	SW 3	30.28
Portland, Ore.	15	28	SW 3	30.28
Providence	14	27	SW 3	30.28
Raleigh	13	26	SW 3	30.28
San Antonio	12	25	SW 3	30.28
San Diego	11	24	SW 3	30.28
San Francisco	10	23	SW 3	30.28
Salt Lake City	9	22	SW 3	30.28
Seattle	8	21	SW 3	30.28
Spokane	7	20	SW 3	30.28
St. Louis	6	19	SW 3	30.28
St. Paul	5	18	SW 3	30.28
Stockton	4	17	SW 3	30.28
Tampa	3	16	SW 3	30.28
Tucson	2	15	SW 3	30.28
Washington	1	14	SW 3	30.28
Wichita	0	13	SW 3	30.28

Abroad

City	Local Time	Temp.	Wind	Bar.
Aberdeen	1 P.M.	77	SW 3	30.28
Amsterdam	1 P.M.	76	SW 3	30.28
Antwerp	1 P.M.	75	SW 3	30.28
Ankara	1 P.M.	74	SW 3	30.28
Asmara	1 P.M.	73	SW 3	30.28
Athens	1 P.M.	72	SW 3	30.28
Auckland	1 P.M.	71	SW 3	30.28
Berlin	1 P.M.	70	SW 3	30.28
Birmingham	1 P.M.	69	SW 3	30.28
Bombay	1 P.M.	68	SW 3	30.28
Buenos Aires	1 P.M.	67	SW 3	30.28
Calcutta	1 P.M.	66	SW 3	30.28
Cardiff	1 P.M.	65	SW 3	30.28
Canton	1 P.M.	64	SW 3	30.28
Cebu	1 P.M.	63	SW 3	30.28
Chicago	1 P.M.	62	SW 3	30.28
Copenhagen	1 P.M.	61	SW 3	30.28
Dakar	1 P.M.	60	SW 3	30.28
Dallas	1 P.M.	59	SW 3	30.28
Delhi	1 P.M.	58	SW 3	30.28
Denver	1 P.M.	57	SW 3	30.28
Detroit	1 P.M.	56	SW 3	30.28
Frankfurt	1 P.M.	55	SW 3	30.28
Geneva	1 P.M.	54	SW 3	30.28
Hankow	1 P.M.	53	SW 3	30.28
Hong Kong	1 P.M.	52	SW 3	30.28
Houston	1 P.M.	51	SW 3	30.28
London	1 P.M.	50	SW 3	30.28
Los Angeles	1 P.M.	49	SW 3	30.28
Lyons	1 P.M.	48	SW 3	30.28
Madrid	1 P.M.	47	SW 3	30.28
Manila	1 P.M.	46	SW 3	30.28
Memphis	1 P.M.	45	SW 3	30.28
Montevideo	1 P.M.	44	SW 3	30.28
Moscow	1 P.M.	43	SW 3	30.28
New Delhi	1 P.M.	42	SW 3	30.28
New York	1 P.M.	41	SW 3	30.28
Osaka	1 P.M.	40	SW 3	30.28
Paris	1 P.M.	39	SW 3	30.28
San Francisco	1 P.M.	38	SW 3	30.28
Seattle	1 P.M.	37	SW 3	30.28
Shanghai	1 P.M.	36	SW 3	30.28
Singapore	1 P.M.	35	SW 3	30.28</

adstart Community Chiefs Expand Fraud Charges to Consultants' Pacts

MARY BREASTED, a community director of a preschool program, is charged with fraud and mismanagement of their renovation.

Headstart directors are on, trying to block the contract, which was approved by the Agency for Child Development, to a concern Social Inc. The would allow Social to take close to 50 per cent of Federal grant...

The New York State Department of Social Services has complained that the Agency for Child Development to an annual bill, Vito & Robinson filed Headstart directors for work they did not perform.

Headstart directors might not be full share of the \$85-million Social Service program. Massenburg, the 10 Headstart program, said in a review that Brooklyn that were to share the grant had...

Headstart directors about were awarded last year by the Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare, earmarked for...

Headstart directors about were awarded last year by the Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare, earmarked for...

Headstart directors about were awarded last year by the Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare, earmarked for...

Headstart directors about were awarded last year by the Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare, earmarked for...

Headstart directors about were awarded last year by the Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare, earmarked for...

Headstart directors about were awarded last year by the Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare, earmarked for...

Headstart directors about were awarded last year by the Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare, earmarked for...

services to handicapped children in Headstart centers. The Rev. Donald S. Gonyor, the president of Social Consultants' Pacts...

What especially upset the directors was an account from Father Gonyor of his own budget, which he confirmed that gives his concern \$12,210 for administering the grant...

Father Gonyor, a Roman Catholic priest from the Diocese of Worcester, Mass., who has not been active in the priesthood for at least eight years, became testy during an interview when he was asked about the nature of his work...

"Listen, this is a bloodthirsty business," he said at one point. "I don't want to let other people know where the blueberry patches are."

It was not clear where Father Gonyor did his work. His letterhead listed the address 507 Fifth Avenue for Social Consultants' Pacts, but the concern had no office in that building.

When asked about the address on the letterhead, Father Gonyor said, "Oh, that's just an answering service and a mail drop." But when asked where the main office of Social Consultants' Pacts was, Father Gonyor said it was at 507 Fifth Avenue.

He declined to say exactly where he lived except to state that it was in a suburb outside of Philadelphia.

Beth Whaley, the former commissioner of the Agency for Child Development, said that she had known Father Gonyor for several years and was familiar with his work on other Government consultant contracts when she signed him up to administer the grants for handicapped children's services.

She said that she had decided to use his concern because it was much easier to move money out to the delegate agencies on supplemental grants if you use a contractor.

At least \$7,000 owed the...

agencies under the grant has not gone out to them, said Karen Berger and several Headstart community directors.

What especially upset the directors was an account from Father Gonyor of his own budget, which he confirmed that gives his concern \$12,210 for administering the grant...

Father Gonyor, a Roman Catholic priest from the Diocese of Worcester, Mass., who has not been active in the priesthood for at least eight years, became testy during an interview when he was asked about the nature of his work...

"Listen, this is a bloodthirsty business," he said at one point. "I don't want to let other people know where the blueberry patches are."

It was not clear where Father Gonyor did his work. His letterhead listed the address 507 Fifth Avenue for Social Consultants' Pacts, but the concern had no office in that building.

When asked about the address on the letterhead, Father Gonyor said, "Oh, that's just an answering service and a mail drop." But when asked where the main office of Social Consultants' Pacts was, Father Gonyor said it was at 507 Fifth Avenue.

He declined to say exactly where he lived except to state that it was in a suburb outside of Philadelphia.

Beth Whaley, the former commissioner of the Agency for Child Development, said that she had known Father Gonyor for several years and was familiar with his work on other Government consultant contracts when she signed him up to administer the grants for handicapped children's services.

She said that she had decided to use his concern because it was much easier to move money out to the delegate agencies on supplemental grants if you use a contractor.

At least \$7,000 owed the...

agencies under the grant has not gone out to them, said Karen Berger and several Headstart community directors.

What especially upset the directors was an account from Father Gonyor of his own budget, which he confirmed that gives his concern \$12,210 for administering the grant...

Father Gonyor, a Roman Catholic priest from the Diocese of Worcester, Mass., who has not been active in the priesthood for at least eight years, became testy during an interview when he was asked about the nature of his work...

"Listen, this is a bloodthirsty business," he said at one point. "I don't want to let other people know where the blueberry patches are."

It was not clear where Father Gonyor did his work. His letterhead listed the address 507 Fifth Avenue for Social Consultants' Pacts, but the concern had no office in that building.

When asked about the address on the letterhead, Father Gonyor said, "Oh, that's just an answering service and a mail drop." But when asked where the main office of Social Consultants' Pacts was, Father Gonyor said it was at 507 Fifth Avenue.

He declined to say exactly where he lived except to state that it was in a suburb outside of Philadelphia.

Beth Whaley, the former commissioner of the Agency for Child Development, said that she had known Father Gonyor for several years and was familiar with his work on other Government consultant contracts when she signed him up to administer the grants for handicapped children's services.

She said that she had decided to use his concern because it was much easier to move money out to the delegate agencies on supplemental grants if you use a contractor.

At least \$7,000 owed the...

WNBC-TV PLANS NEW TALK SHOW

Series, Would Replace 'Not for Women Only'

By LES BROWN - "Not for Women Only," the daily syndicated series with Barbara Walters that has been in reruns since Miss Walters left NBC in the spring, will probably be replaced by a similar topical talk program in September, with Polly Bergen and Dr. Frank Field as hosts.

WNBC-TV, the home station for "Not for Women Only," is in negotiations this week with Grey Advertising for the production and syndication of the new series, which may also take a new title, "Society's Life."

An official of WNBC-TV said the business arrangements with the advertising agency, which will be handling the distribution to other stations, were still to be set, but indicated that he expected the negotiations to be concluded by the weekend.

Meanwhile, Syndicat Services, the distributor of the original "Not for Women Only" series, has replaced it on its fall list with "The Good Day," a daily program produced by WCVB-TV in Boston and carried on a new England regional network for the last year.

Review Is Sought On Bias Rules - A group of religious and civil rights organizations have jointly filed a petition in the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit asking for a review of the Federal Communications Commission's recently adopted rules for the implementation of Equal Employment Opportunity programs by television and radio stations.

The petition contends that the F.C.C., in exempting the stations with 10 or fewer employees from filing equal-opportunity rules, have effectively relieved 66 percent of the broadcast stations in the United States from the necessity of maintaining nondiscriminatory employment standards.

Before the commission's rules were amended on July 26, only stations with five or fewer employees had been exempted. The petition was entered in behalf of the Urban League, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, the office of communication of the United Church of Christ, the communication commission of the National Council of the Churches of Christ in the U.S.A., and the communications organization of the Roman Catholic Church.

In seeking a court action to stop the F.C.C. from putting the new rules into force, they argued that the rules would deprive women and minority groups of equal employment in broadcasting, because the small stations that are now exempted are the ones at which people normally get their first experience in radio and television work.

The petitioners estimated that 6,000 broadcast stations would qualify for exemptions. These stations would be on a list of 100,000 stations, which would be broken down into 10,000 groups of 10 stations each. The commission said that its rules would still walk two miles to a highway, she added.

Morning

- 6:10 (2) News
- 6:15 (2) News
- 6:20 (2) News
- 6:25 (2) News
- 6:30 (2) News
- 6:35 (2) News
- 6:40 (2) News
- 6:45 (2) News
- 6:50 (2) News
- 6:55 (2) News
- 7:00 (2) News
- 7:05 (2) News
- 7:10 (2) News
- 7:15 (2) News
- 7:20 (2) News
- 7:25 (2) News
- 7:30 (2) News
- 7:35 (2) News
- 7:40 (2) News
- 7:45 (2) News
- 7:50 (2) News
- 7:55 (2) News
- 8:00 (2) News

- 8:00 P.M. Lovejoy's Nuclear War (13)
- 8:30 P.M. What's Happening (P) (7)
- 9:00 P.M. The Real World (13)
- 10:00 P.M. Nuclear Waste in the Irish Sea (13)
- 10:30 P.M. The Threat of Nuclear War (13)

- (5) Movie: "Monkey on My Back" (1957), Cameron Mitchell, George Foster, Eric Roberts, Susan Sarandon, James Caan, Robert Redford, John Wood, Steve Baker, Kathleen Lloyd, Tom Mahal, (4) Robert Young, Family Doctor (R)
- (19) Movie: "The Black Shield of Falworth" (1954), Tony Curtis, Janet Leigh, David Farrar, Barbara Rush, Nips through ruse, no nonsense, plumes flying.
- (12) The Little Rascals (R)
- (13) The Monkees (R)
- (14) The Birdman of Alcatraz (Part II) (1962), Burt Lancaster, Karl Malden, Thelma Ritter, Excellent, sensitive drama of a union convict, splendidly played by Lancaster.
- (11) The Lone Ranger (R)
- (12) The Long Riders (R)
- (13) Mike Douglas: Pat Cooper, co-host, James Caan, Michael Caine, Elton John, John Lennon, Mark Rydell, Rex Reed, Fratt and McLain

- 6:00 (2) News
- 6:05 (2) News
- 6:10 (2) News
- 6:15 (2) News
- 6:20 (2) News
- 6:25 (2) News
- 6:30 (2) News
- 6:35 (2) News
- 6:40 (2) News
- 6:45 (2) News
- 6:50 (2) News
- 6:55 (2) News
- 7:00 (2) News
- 7:05 (2) News
- 7:10 (2) News
- 7:15 (2) News
- 7:20 (2) News
- 7:25 (2) News
- 7:30 (2) News
- 7:35 (2) News
- 7:40 (2) News
- 7:45 (2) News
- 7:50 (2) News
- 7:55 (2) News
- 8:00 (2) News

- 8:00 (2) News
- 8:05 (2) News
- 8:10 (2) News
- 8:15 (2) News
- 8:20 (2) News
- 8:25 (2) News
- 8:30 (2) News
- 8:35 (2) News
- 8:40 (2) News
- 8:45 (2) News
- 8:50 (2) News
- 8:55 (2) News
- 9:00 (2) News
- 9:05 (2) News
- 9:10 (2) News
- 9:15 (2) News
- 9:20 (2) News
- 9:25 (2) News
- 9:30 (2) News
- 9:35 (2) News
- 9:40 (2) News
- 9:45 (2) News
- 9:50 (2) News
- 9:55 (2) News
- 10:00 (2) News

- 10:00 (2) News
- 10:05 (2) News
- 10:10 (2) News
- 10:15 (2) News
- 10:20 (2) News
- 10:25 (2) News
- 10:30 (2) News
- 10:35 (2) News
- 10:40 (2) News
- 10:45 (2) News
- 10:50 (2) News
- 10:55 (2) News
- 11:00 (2) News
- 11:05 (2) News
- 11:10 (2) News
- 11:15 (2) News
- 11:20 (2) News
- 11:25 (2) News
- 11:30 (2) News
- 11:35 (2) News
- 11:40 (2) News
- 11:45 (2) News
- 11:50 (2) News
- 11:55 (2) News
- 12:00 (2) News

- 12:00 (2) News
- 12:05 (2) News
- 12:10 (2) News
- 12:15 (2) News
- 12:20 (2) News
- 12:25 (2) News
- 12:30 (2) News
- 12:35 (2) News
- 12:40 (2) News
- 12:45 (2) News
- 12:50 (2) News
- 12:55 (2) News
- 1:00 (2) News
- 1:05 (2) News
- 1:10 (2) News
- 1:15 (2) News
- 1:20 (2) News
- 1:25 (2) News
- 1:30 (2) News
- 1:35 (2) News
- 1:40 (2) News
- 1:45 (2) News
- 1:50 (2) News
- 1:55 (2) News
- 2:00 (2) News

- 2:00 (2) News
- 2:05 (2) News
- 2:10 (2) News
- 2:15 (2) News
- 2:20 (2) News
- 2:25 (2) News
- 2:30 (2) News
- 2:35 (2) News
- 2:40 (2) News
- 2:45 (2) News
- 2:50 (2) News
- 2:55 (2) News
- 3:00 (2) News
- 3:05 (2) News
- 3:10 (2) News
- 3:15 (2) News
- 3:20 (2) News
- 3:25 (2) News
- 3:30 (2) News
- 3:35 (2) News
- 3:40 (2) News
- 3:45 (2) News
- 3:50 (2) News
- 3:55 (2) News
- 4:00 (2) News

- 4:00 (2) News
- 4:05 (2) News
- 4:10 (2) News
- 4:15 (2) News
- 4:20 (2) News
- 4:25 (2) News
- 4:30 (2) News
- 4:35 (2) News
- 4:40 (2) News
- 4:45 (2) News
- 4:50 (2) News
- 4:55 (2) News
- 5:00 (2) News
- 5:05 (2) News
- 5:10 (2) News
- 5:15 (2) News
- 5:20 (2) News
- 5:25 (2) News
- 5:30 (2) News
- 5:35 (2) News
- 5:40 (2) News
- 5:45 (2) News
- 5:50 (2) News
- 5:55 (2) News
- 6:00 (2) News

Television



Mike Love, lead singer of The Beach Boys, listens for the audience reaction at a live concert filmed for special, "The Beach Boys," Ch. 4, 8 P.M.

- 8:00 P.M. Lovejoy's Nuclear War (13)
- 8:30 P.M. What's Happening (P) (7)
- 9:00 P.M. The Real World (13)
- 10:00 P.M. Nuclear Waste in the Irish Sea (13)
- 10:30 P.M. The Threat of Nuclear War (13)

- (5) Movie: "Monkey on My Back" (1957), Cameron Mitchell, George Foster, Eric Roberts, Susan Sarandon, James Caan, Robert Redford, John Wood, Steve Baker, Kathleen Lloyd, Tom Mahal, (4) Robert Young, Family Doctor (R)
- (19) Movie: "The Black Shield of Falworth" (1954), Tony Curtis, Janet Leigh, David Farrar, Barbara Rush, Nips through ruse, no nonsense, plumes flying.
- (12) The Little Rascals (R)
- (13) The Monkees (R)
- (14) The Birdman of Alcatraz (Part II) (1962), Burt Lancaster, Karl Malden, Thelma Ritter, Excellent, sensitive drama of a union convict, splendidly played by Lancaster.
- (11) The Lone Ranger (R)
- (12) The Long Riders (R)
- (13) Mike Douglas: Pat Cooper, co-host, James Caan, Michael Caine, Elton John, John Lennon, Mark Rydell, Rex Reed, Fratt and McLain

- 6:00 (2) News
- 6:05 (2) News
- 6:10 (2) News
- 6:15 (2) News
- 6:20 (2) News
- 6:25 (2) News
- 6:30 (2) News
- 6:35 (2) News
- 6:40 (2) News
- 6:45 (2) News
- 6:50 (2) News
- 6:55 (2) News
- 7:00 (2) News
- 7:05 (2) News
- 7:10 (2) News
- 7:15 (2) News
- 7:20 (2) News
- 7:25 (2) News
- 7:30 (2) News
- 7:35 (2) News
- 7:40 (2) News
- 7:45 (2) News
- 7:50 (2) News
- 7:55 (2) News
- 8:00 (2) News

- 8:00 (2) News
- 8:05 (2) News
- 8:10 (2) News
- 8:15 (2) News
- 8:20 (2) News
- 8:25 (2) News
- 8:30 (2) News
- 8:35 (2) News
- 8:40 (2) News
- 8:45 (2) News
- 8:50 (2) News
- 8:55 (2) News
- 9:00 (2) News
- 9:05 (2) News
- 9:10 (2) News
- 9:15 (2) News
- 9:20 (2) News
- 9:25 (2) News
- 9:30 (2) News
- 9:35 (2) News
- 9:40 (2) News
- 9:45 (2) News
- 9:50 (2) News
- 9:55 (2) News
- 10:00 (2) News

- 10:00 (2) News
- 10:05 (2) News
- 10:10 (2) News
- 10:15 (2) News
- 10:20 (2) News
- 10:25 (2) News
- 10:30 (2) News
- 10:35 (2) News
- 10:40 (2) News
- 10:45 (2) News
- 10:50 (2) News
- 10:55 (2) News
- 11:00 (2) News
- 11:05 (2) News
- 11:10 (2) News
- 11:15 (2) News
- 11:20 (2) News
- 11:25 (2) News
- 11:30 (2) News
- 11:35 (2) News
- 11:40 (2) News
- 11:45 (2) News
- 11:50 (2) News
- 11:55 (2) News
- 12:00 (2) News

- 12:00 (2) News
- 12:05 (2) News
- 12:10 (2) News
- 12:15 (2) News
- 12:20 (2) News
- 12:25 (2) News
- 12:30 (2) News
- 12:35 (2) News
- 12:40 (2) News
- 12:45 (2) News
- 12:50 (2) News
- 12:55 (2) News
- 1:00 (2) News
- 1:05 (2) News
- 1:10 (2) News
- 1:15 (2) News
- 1:20 (2) News
- 1:25 (2) News
- 1:30 (2) News
- 1:35 (2) News
- 1:40 (2) News
- 1:45 (2) News
- 1:50 (2) News
- 1:55 (2) News
- 2:00 (2) News

- 2:00 (2) News
- 2:05 (2) News
- 2:10 (2) News
- 2:15 (2) News
- 2:20 (2) News
- 2:25 (2) News
- 2:30 (2) News
- 2:35 (2) News
- 2:40 (2) News
- 2:45 (2) News
- 2:50 (2) News
- 2:55 (2) News
- 3:00 (2) News
- 3:05 (2) News
- 3:10 (2) News
- 3:15 (2) News
- 3:20 (2) News
- 3:25 (2) News
- 3:30 (2) News
- 3:35 (2) News
- 3:40 (2) News
- 3:45 (2) News
- 3:50 (2) News
- 3:55 (2) News
- 4:00 (2) News

- 4:00 (2) News
- 4:05 (2) News
- 4:10 (2) News
- 4:15 (2) News
- 4:20 (2) News
- 4:25 (2) News
- 4:30 (2) News
- 4:35 (2) News
- 4:40 (2) News
- 4:45 (2) News
- 4:50 (2) News
- 4:55 (2) News
- 5:00 (2) News
- 5:05 (2) News
- 5:10 (2) News
- 5:15 (2) News
- 5:20 (2) News
- 5:25 (2) News
- 5:30 (2) News
- 5:35 (2) News
- 5:40 (2) News
- 5:45 (2) News
- 5:50 (2) News
- 5:55 (2) News
- 6:00 (2) News

Evening

- 6:00 (2) News
- 6:05 (2) News
- 6:10 (2) News
- 6:15 (2) News
- 6:20 (2) News
- 6:25 (2) News
- 6:30 (2) News
- 6:35 (2) News
- 6:40 (2) News
- 6:45 (2) News
- 6:50 (2) News
- 6:55 (2) News
- 7:00 (2) News
- 7:05 (2) News
- 7:10 (2) News
- 7:15 (2) News
- 7:20 (2) News
- 7:25 (2) News
- 7:30 (2) News
- 7:35 (2) News
- 7:40 (2) News
- 7:45 (2) News
- 7:50 (2) News
- 7:55 (2) News
- 8:00 (2) News

- 8:00 (2) News
- 8:05 (2) News
- 8:10 (2) News
- 8:15 (2) News
- 8:20 (2) News
- 8:25 (2) News
- 8:30 (2) News
- 8:35 (2) News
- 8:40 (2) News
- 8:45 (2) News
- 8:50 (2) News
- 8:55 (2) News
- 9:00 (2) News
- 9:05 (2) News
- 9:10 (2) News
- 9:15 (2) News
- 9:20 (2) News
- 9:25 (2) News
- 9:30 (2) News
- 9:35 (2) News
- 9:40 (2) News
- 9:45 (2) News
- 9:50 (2) News
- 9:55 (2) News
- 10:00 (2) News

- 10:00 (2) News
- 10:05 (2) News
- 10:10 (2) News
- 10:15 (2) News
- 10:20 (2) News
- 10:25 (2) News
- 10:30 (2) News
- 10:35 (2) News
- 10:40 (2) News
- 10:45 (2) News
- 10:50 (2) News
- 10:55 (2) News
- 11:00 (2) News
- 11:05 (2) News
- 11:10 (2) News
- 11:15 (2) News
- 11:20 (2) News
- 11:25 (2) News
- 11:30 (2) News
- 11:35 (2) News
- 11:40 (2) News
- 11:45 (2) News
- 11:50 (2) News
- 11:55 (2) News
- 12:00 (2) News

- 12:00 (2) News
- 12:05 (2) News
- 12:10 (2) News
- 12:15 (2) News
- 12:20 (2) News
- 12:25 (2) News
- 12:30 (2) News
- 12:35 (2) News
- 12:40 (2) News
- 12:45 (2) News
- 12:50 (2) News
- 12:55 (2) News
- 1:00 (2) News
- 1:05 (2) News
- 1:10 (2) News
- 1:15 (2) News
- 1:20 (2) News
- 1:25 (2) News
- 1:30 (2) News
- 1:35 (2) News
- 1:40 (2) News
- 1:45 (2) News
- 1:50 (2) News
- 1:55 (2) News
- 2:00 (2) News

- 2:00 (2) News
- 2:05 (2) News
- 2:10 (2) News
- 2:15 (2) News
- 2:20 (2) News
- 2:25 (2) News
- 2:30 (2) News
- 2:35 (2) News
- 2:40 (2) News
- 2:45 (2) News
- 2:50 (2) News
- 2:55 (2) News
- 3:00 (2) News
- 3:05 (2) News
- 3:10 (2) News
- 3:15 (2) News
- 3:20 (2) News
- 3:25 (2) News
- 3:30 (2) News
- 3:35 (2) News
- 3:40 (2) News
- 3:45 (2) News
- 3:50 (2) News
- 3:55 (2) News
- 4:00 (2) News

- 4:00 (2) News
- 4:05 (2) News
- 4:10 (2) News
- 4:15 (2) News
- 4:20 (2) News
- 4:25 (2) News
- 4:30 (2) News
- 4:35 (2) News
- 4:40 (2) News
- 4:45 (2) News
- 4:50 (2) News
- 4:55 (2) News
- 5:00 (2) News
- 5:05 (2) News

West Point Cadets at House 'Hearing' Ask End of Ouster for Code Violators

By JAMES FERON
Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 — West Point cadets and lawyers castigated the United States Military Academy today for its handling of the current cheating investigation, and called for a change in the policy of expelling all violators of its honor code.

They testified at an "informal hearing" in the chamber ordinarily used by the House Armed Services Committee before more than 40 Representatives, some of whom said they found the allegations "credible" and "frightening."

The meeting was sponsored by Representative Thomas J. Downey, Democrat of Long Is-

land, and nearly two dozen other Congressmen, some of whom had expressed unhappiness with Senate hearings that adjourned after calling only the military academy superintendents and other officers supporting their views.

Today they heard first from four Army lawyers, two of them West Point graduates, who described the Academy's investigation as apparently calculated to find "only a small number" of those who actually cheated.

Capt. Daniel Sharporn, one of the lawyers, said: "It is reasonable to estimate that 50 percent of the junior class of 875 cadets collaborated on the take-home examination last March." Using current investi-

gatory tools, he said, probably 100 of the 400 will be separated.

In a separate action, 20 West Point lawyers have asked the Secretary of Defense for a "complete and open inquiry" of the Academy's honor and academic systems. The request is similar to one by 10 lawyers that was rejected three months ago by Army Secretary Martin R. Hoffmann.

Allegations in the original petition, which sought an investigation of West Point's handling of the cheating situation, "have been fully substantiated by intervening events," the lawyers said in the new request, "and now cause the very roots of the honor and academic systems to be

called into question." Of the 183 cadets implicated so far, 12 have resigned and 15 cases were dismissed before they reached trial. Of the remainder, 58 cadets have been found guilty, 28 were cleared by the boards and the other are awaiting trial before officers' boards.

Captain Sharporn asked that Congress encourage the Army to "do away with separation as a form of punishment" because of the cost in human, financial and military terms, and especially in this case "because of the Academy's share of the blame."

Capt. Arthur Lincoln, another lawyer, and a West Point graduate, said the Academy used the honor code, which states that

"a cadet will not lie, cheat or steal, nor tolerate those who do," as a disciplinary measure and an academic shortcut.

"I've seen gradual deterioration in the way cadets feel toward the code," he said, adding that implementation was "process and double jeopardy."

"In moments of confusion, cadets tend to ignore it," he said.

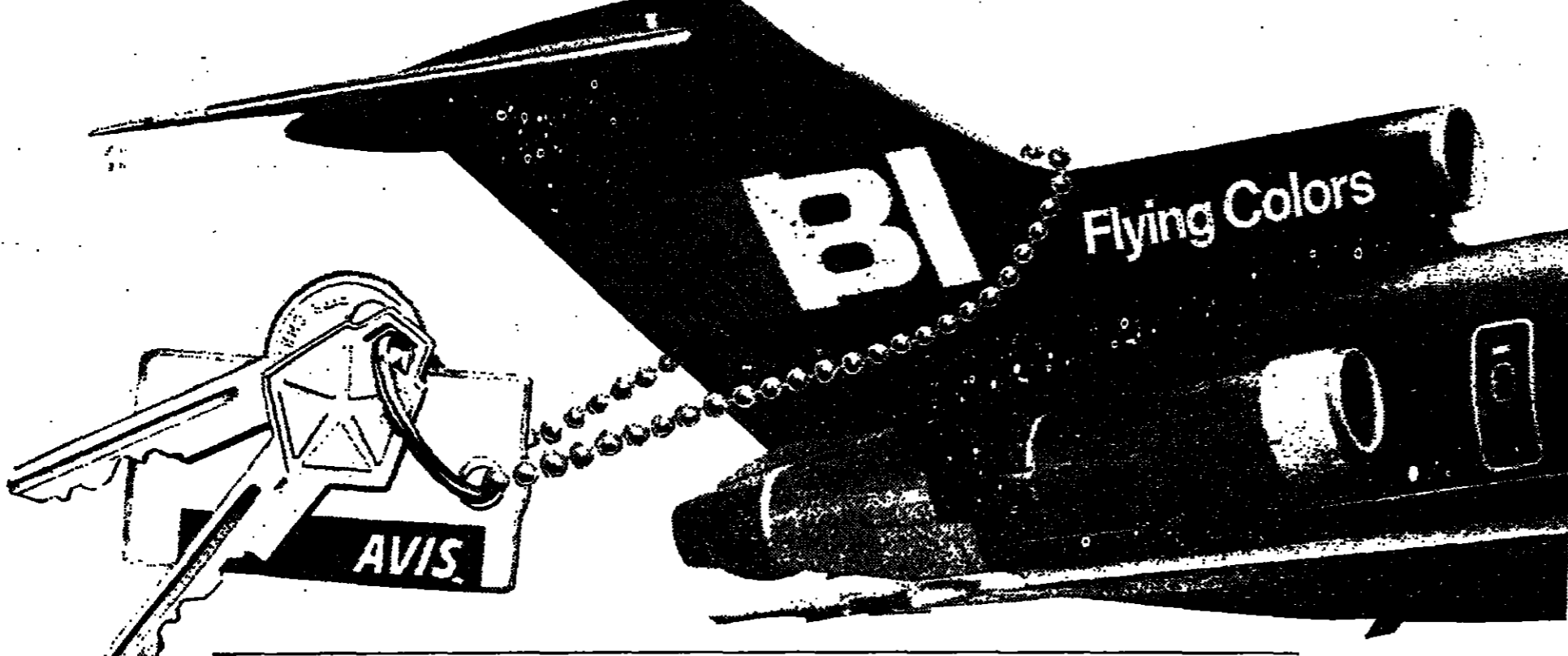
"You could deprive cadets of rank, suspend leave, invoke punishment tours (marching in the barracks area)," one of the lawyers said, "and all this could be levied by panels of cadets who would assess real culpability with minor mistakes."

Capt. Lincoln said the Academy also consider previous records.

Six cadets, dressed in summer white uniforms and including military and academic leaders at the Academy, described such experiences as alleged cases of intimidation. Lack of due process and double jeopardy. Three of the six indicated they had not been found guilty of any honor violations.

One described being accused of "tolerating" cheating because he had told an Army official in an informal discussion that it was more widespread than the Academy would acknowledge. Another said a military advisor, had told a board of officers in his case that the cadet had declined to testify at his own trial.

BRANIFF & AVIS INTRODUCE THE 10 HOUR, \$9⁹⁵ SPECIAL



ONLY A BRANIFF AIRLINE TICKET CAN GET YOU AN AVIS RENTAL CAR FOR 10 HOURS FOR ONLY \$9.95. THAT'S DRIVING WITH FLYING COLORS.

HERE'S THE WAY IT WORKS: Ask for your rental car when you call Braniff to make your flight reservations. When you arrive at your destination, show your Braniff ticket at the Avis counter. Your car will be waiting. This offer applies in all Braniff U.S. mainland cities, except New York/Newark and Miami/Fort Lauderdale.

HERE'S WHAT YOU GET: An Avis Colt or similar car...or if none are available...a bigger car at no extra cost. The special 10 hour rate of \$9.95 is guaranteed, with no charge for mileage. You pay for the gas. You must return the car to the same Avis office.

Offer expires December 31, 1976.

DALLAS-FORT WORTH MOST NON-STOP			HOUSTON 12 DEPARTURES		
10 BRANIFF NON-STOP EVERY BUSINESS DAY.			... EVERY BUSINESS DAY. INCLUDES 6 THRU FLIGHTS.		
LEAVE	ARRIVE	SERVICE	LEAVE	ARRIVE	SERVICE
From LaGuardia			From LaGuardia		
9:00 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	Non-stop	9:00 a.m.	12:50 p.m.	Connect
11:00 a.m.	1:20 p.m.	Non-stop	11:00 a.m.	2:50 p.m.	One-stop
2:00 p.m.	4:20 p.m.	Non-stop	2:00 p.m.	5:50 p.m.	Connect
5:00 p.m.	7:20 p.m.	Non-stop	5:00 p.m.	8:50 p.m.	Connect
From Kennedy			From Kennedy		
8:15 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	One-stop	8:15 a.m.	12:50 p.m.	Connect
3:00 p.m.	6:58 p.m.	Two-stop	3:00 p.m. (Ex. Sat.)	8:20 p.m.	Three-stop
5:40 p.m.	8:10 p.m.	Non-stop	3:00 p.m.	8:50 p.m.	Connect
7:30 p.m.	10:05 p.m.	Non-stop	5:40 p.m.	9:50 p.m.	Connect
From Newark			From Newark		
7:00 a.m.	10:50 a.m.	Two-stop	7:30 p.m.	11:25 p.m.	Connect
9:00 a.m.	11:25 a.m.	Non-stop	9:00 a.m.	12:50 p.m.	One-stop
1:00 p.m. (Ex. Sat.)	3:25 p.m.	Non-stop	1:00 p.m. (Ex. Sat.)	4:50 p.m.	One-stop
4:00 p.m.	6:30 p.m.	Non-stop	4:00 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	One-stop
5:55 p.m.	8:25 p.m.	Non-stop	5:55 p.m.	9:50 p.m.	One-stop

FOR RESERVATIONS AND DISCOUNT FARES CALL YOUR TRAVEL AGENT OR BRANIFF AT 687-8200 IN NEW YORK CITY. 621-6411 IN NEWARK. ALL OTHER CITIES CALL TOLL FREE (800) 527-4000...24 HOURS A DAY. THERE ARE NO LOWER DAYTIME DISCOUNT FARES THAN BRANIFF'S. ASK FOR DETAILS.

LET'S SHOW THE FLYING COLORS OF THE UNITED STATES.

To carry on the spirit of the Bicentennial Year, many travel agencies have supplies of the Flying Colors of 1776-1976 in the form of a lapel emblem and a T-shirt "Iron-on." They are yours for the asking to wear and take home to your family, friends, and neighbors. They do not have airline or travel agent identification. As you travel this year at home or abroad, join us — "Let's show the Flying Colors of the United States!"



BRANIFF

Find out where the fun is in
Weekend
tomorrow in
The New York Times

- Start visiting the place the restaurant critic says are his all-time favorite
- Go to a dusk-to-dawn concert with Ravi Shankar, and find out what else he's up to these days
- Visit some beautiful formal gardens in the metropolitan area
- Take a walk from Turtle Bay to Sutton Place and discover some things you may never have noticed before
- Sink your teeth into New York's best bialy and find out how to duplicate it for yourself

It's the two and a half best days of the week. A this is a way to make them better. Find out who go, what to see, who to watch for. Find out about books, television, art, theater, dance, movies. I happening in New York, New Jersey or Connecticut. On Friday, Saturday or Sunday, catch it first on Friday morning in the Weekend Section in your of The New York Times.

There's so much going on there's only one sure way to keep up with all of it.

Weekend
tomorrow in
The New York Times

سكرا من الاصل